BUSINESS, CONSUMER SERVICES AND HOUSING AGENCY
DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS
GAVIN NEWSOM, GOVERNOR

COMPOUNDING SELF-ASSESSMENT

The California Code of Regulations section 1735.2 requires the pharmacist-in-charge of each pharmacy licensed under section 4037 or 4029 of the Business and Professions Code that compounds drug process to complete a self-assessment of the pharmacy's compliance with federal and state pharmacy law. The assess that shall be performed before July 1 of every odd-numbered year. The pharmacist-in-charge must also complete a self-assessment within 30 days whenever; (1) a new pharmacy permit has be prissued, or (2) there is change in the pharmacist-in-charge; or (3) there is a change in the licensed location that the property purpose of the self-assessment is to promote compliance through self-exametric and the pharmacy permit has because of the self-assessment is to promote compliance through self-exametric and the pharmacy permit has because of the self-assessment is to promote compliance through self-exametric and the pharmacy permit has been proposed to the self-assessment is to promote compliance through self-exametric and the pharmacy permit has been proposed to the self-assessment is to promote compliance through self-exametric and the pharmacy permit has been proposed to the self-assessment is to promote compliance through self-exametric and the pharmacy permit has been proposed to the self-assessment is to promote compliance through self-exametric and the pharmacy permit has been proposed to the self-assessment in the pharmacy permit has been proposed to the pharmacy permit has been propo

The self-assessment must be competed in entirety and may be completed online winted a retained the pharmacy. Do not copy a previous assessment.

Each self-assessment must be kept on file in the phase cy for three as after it is formed.

Pharmacy Nar	me:			
Address:			hone:	
Ownership:	Sole Owner □ P	artnershi	Corporation	□ LLC □
	Non-License Owner	the ease speci	fy) 🛘	
Permit #:	Exp. Date:	Other	Permit #:	Exp. Date:
Licensed Steri	le counding mit #		Expiration:	
	'ited by:		From:	To:
EA Registrat	#:	Exp. Date:	Date	of DEA Inventory:
rs: "ly	Sat		Sun	24 Hours
PIC:			KPH #	Exp. Date:

Pharmacy Staff (pharmacists, intern pharmacists, pharmacy technicians assigned to compounding duties): (Please use an additional sheet if necessary)

2	RPH#	Exp. Date:	
3	RPH#	Ехр. Ь	
4	RPH #	Exp. Date:	
5.	RPH #	Exp. D-	
6	RPH	p. Date:	
7		Ex Date:	
8.	INT#	Exp. Date:	
9.	NT#	Exp. Date:	
10.	TCH#	Exp. Date:	
11.	TCH#	Exp. Date:	
12	TCH#	Exp. Date:	
13.	TCH#	Exp. Date:	
X	TCH #	Exp. Date:	
15.	TCH #	Exp. Date:	
16.	TCH #	Exp. Date:	

COMPOUNDING SELF-ASSESSMENT

All references to the California Code of Regulations (CCR) are to Title 16 unless otherwise noted.

Please mark the appropriate box for each question. If "NO", enter an explanation on "CORRECTIVE ACTION OR ACTION PLAN" lines at the end of the section. If more space is needed, you may add additional sheets.

ALL COMPOUNDING Complete Sections 1 through 8.

1. <u>Defi</u>	Initions (CCR 1735 and 1735.1)
Yes No N/A	1.4. The phormacy company de procedintions as defined in CCR.
	1.1. The pharmacy compounds prescriptions as defined in CCR 1
	1.2. The compounding pharmacist understands the definitions of equation, in grity, p. , quality and strength as defined in CCR 1735.1.
2. <u>Con</u>	npounded Limitations and Requirement (CCR 1735)
	The pharmacy does not compound drespoduct price of receipt of a value prescription unless under the following conditions. (CCR 1735.2[a],
Yes No N/A	2.1. The pharmacy prepares to a stores mited query of a comounded drug product in advance of receipt of a patient specific prescription of care of an identific patient popular in as defined. R 1735.2[b])
	2.2. The pharmacy companies a reasonable quantity of drug product that is furnished to a prescriber for office upon pressor as allowed in CCR 1735.2 (c) that:
	☐ 2.2 Les sufficient for acceptation or application to patients in the prescriber's office or for distribution of not more a 22-hour supply, (CCR 1735.2[c][1])
	2.2.2. Is reasonable considering the intended use of the compounded medication and the nature time prescriber's practice, (CCR 1735.2[c][2]) AND
	amount, which de pharmacy is capable of compounding in compliance with maceutical strends for integrity, potency, quality and strength for any individual plants of the prescribers taken as a whole. (CCR 1735.2[c][3])
.40	2. The pharmacy proof compound medication until it has prepared a written master formula that includes the following elements (CCR 1735.2[d][1-6]):
	re ingredients used.
	☐ 2.3.2. Equipment to be used.
	☐ 2.3.3. Expiration dating requirements.
	☐ 2.3.4. Inactive ingredients used.
	2.3.5. Process and/or procedure used to prepare the drug.
	2.3.6. Quality reviews required at each step in the preparation of the drug.
	☐ 2.3.7. Post-compounding process or procedures if required.

Yes No N/A	
	2.4. The master formula for a drug product that is not routinely compounded by the pharmacy is recorded on the prescription document itself. (CCR 1735.2 [e])
	2.5. All chemicals, bulk drug substances, drug products and other components for compounding are stored and used according to compendia and other applicable requirements to maintain their integrity, potency, quality and labeled strength. (CCR 1735.2 [g])
	2.6. Compounded drug products are given an expiration date representing the surbeyond which, in the professional judgment of the pharmacist performing or supervising the controlling, it should not be used. The "beyond use date" of the compounded drug product does not sured 180 days from preparation or the shortest expiration date of any component in the compounding product, unless a longer date is supported by stability studies and the drugs or controlled drug products using the same components and packaging. The latest may be used deemed appropriate in the professional judgment of the response le phase (CCR 173s 2.1)
CORRECT	TIVE ACTION OR ACTION PLAN:
3. <u>Rec</u>	ords of Compounded Drug Products R 1735
Yes No N/A	
	3.1. A record for each composition and roduct in the less the following (CCR 1735.3[a][1-10]):
	☐ 3.1.1. The master mula record
	☐ 3.1.2. The date of drug product as compounded.
	☐ 3.1.3. The identity the photoacy personnel who compounded the drug product.
	☐ 3.1 The identity of the armacist reviewing the final drug product.
	☐ S. The quantity of each apponent used in compounding the drug product.
	3.1.6. The magneturer or supply, expiration date and lot number of each component. Exemption this requirement are sterile drug products compounded on a one-time basis for ministration with seventy-two (72) hours and stored in accordance with standards redispensed Course found in Chapter 797 of the United States Pharmacopeia — onal Formula (USP-NF) (35 th Revision, Effective May 1, 2012), to an inpatient in a hear sare facilities and under section 1250 of the Health and Safety Code.
	3.1.7. The accy assigned reference or lot number for the compounded drug product.
	3.1.8. The expiration date of the final compounded drug product.
	quantity or amount of drug product compounded.
	3.2. The pharmacy maintains records of the proper acquisition, storage, and destruction of chemicals, bulk drug substances, drug products and components used in compounding. (CCR 1735.3 [b])
	Chemicals, bulk drug substances, drug products, and components used to compound drug products are obtained from reliable suppliers. (CCR 1735.3 [c])

Yes No N/A	
	3.4. The pharmacy acquires and retains any available certificates of purity or analysis for chemicals, bulk drug substances, drug products and components used in compounding. (This is not a requirement for drug products approved by the FDA.) (CCR 1735.3 [c])
	3.5. The pharmacy maintains and retains all records required in the pharmacy in a readily retrievable form for at least three years (CCR 1735.3 [d]).
4. <u>Lab</u>	eling of Compounded Drug Products (CCR 1735.4)
Yes No N/A	
	4.1. The label of the compounded drug product contains the general product
	4.2. The prescription label contains all the information required in B& 4076 as formation accordance with CCR 1707.5. (CCR 1735.4[a])
	4.3. If requested by the patient, the prescription of left is printed in 12-poly (peface. (CCR 1707.5[a])
	4.4. The pharmacy is exempt from the proportion label recements in C (B&PC 4076.5[d])
	Exemption approved by the board from to
	4.5. The container or receipt (contains a tement to the drug by seen compounded by the pharmacy. (CCR 173 (contains))
	4.6. Drug products conjunded into unit cose containers that are too small or otherwise impractical for full compliance with requirem of [a] and [b] are labeled with at least the name(s) of the active ingrepant(s), conjuntation of strength, volume or weight, pharmacy reference or lot number. Expiration of CR 1735.4[c])
CORRECT	TIVE ACT IN OR ACTION PLAN:
_	
5.	unding Lories and Procedures (CCR 1735.5)
√o N/A	
	The pharmacy had ains a written policy and procedure manual for compounding that establishes belowing (CCR 1735.5 [a]):
	5.1.1. curement procedures.
	☐ 5.1.2. Methodologies for the formulation and compounding of drugs.
	☐ 5.1.3. Facilities and equipment cleaning, maintenance and operations.
	5.1.4. Other standard operating procedures related to compounding.
	5.2. The policy and procedure manual is reviewed on an annual basis by the pharmacist-in-charge and is updated whenever changes in process are implemented. (CCR 1735.5 [b])

PIC 17M-39 (Rev. 02/12) 5 of 15 Initials

Yes No N/A	5.3. The policy and procedure manual includes procedures for notifying staff assigned to compounding duties of any changes in process or to the policy and procedure manual. (CCR 1735.5[c][1])
	5.4. The manual includes documentation of a plan for recall of a dispensed compounded drug product where subsequent verification demonstrates the potential for adverse effects with continued use of a compounded drug product. (CCR 1735.5[c][2])
	5.5. The manual includes procedures for maintaining, storing, calibrating, clean, and disinfecting equipment used in compounding and for training on these procedures. (CCR 5[c][3])
	5.6. The manual includes documentation on the methodology used to test integrity, potentially and labeled strength of compounded drug products. (CCR 1 [14])
	5.7. The manual includes documentation of the methodology used determine propriate expection dates for compounded drug products. (CCR 1735.5[c][5])
CORRECT	TIVE ACTION OR ACTION PLAN:
6. <u>Com</u>	apounding Facilities and Equipment (C. 1735
Yes No N/A	6.1. The pharmacy maintain anten do entation ording to acilities and equipment necessary for safe and accurate an pounded dequipment, if applicate. (CCR 1735)
	6.2. All equipment used to appoun ag products is stored, used and maintained in accordance with manufacture specific. CR 1735.6[b])
	6.3. All exament used to composite drug products is calibrated prior to use to ensure accuracy. (C 1735.6[c])
	6.4. Tumentation each calibration is recorded in writing and maintained and retained in the photocy. R 1735.6[c])
СОР	CTION C CTION PY
Ţr	iding Staff (CCR 1735.7)
Yes A	7.1. The pharmacy maintains written documentation sufficient to demonstrate that pharmacy personnel have the skills and training required to properly and accurately perform assigned responsibilities relating to compounding. (CCR 1735.7[a])
	7.2. The pharmacy develops and maintains an on-going competency evaluation process for pharmacy personnel involved in compounding. (CCR 1735.7[b])

Yes No N/A	7.3. Documentation on any and all such training for pharmacy personnel is maintained. (CCR 1735.7[b])
	7.4. Pharmacy personnel assigned to compounding duties demonstrate knowledge about processes and procedures used in compounding prior to compounding any drug product. (CCR 1735.7[c])
CORRECT	TIVE ACTION OR ACTION PLAN:
8. <u>Com</u> Yes No N/A	npounding Quality Assurance (CCR 1735.8)
	8.1. The pharmacy maintains as part of its written policies and processes, a year que surance plan to monitor and ensure the integrity, potency chality and labe strength of compounded drug products. (CCR 1735.8[a])
	8.2.1. Verification, monitoring and is a w of the caequacy of the compounding processes as well as documentation of review a consciousness by quite ed pharmacy personnel. (CCR 1735.8[b]) 8.2.2. Qualitative are identitative tegrity, particle, and labeled strength analysis of compounder ag products. CR 1735.8[c] 8.2.3. Such receive are retained with pharmacy and collated with the compounding record and master is real. (CCC 735.8[c]) 8.2.4. Reduled active a event any compounded drug product is ever discovered to be a winnimum state and so for integrity, potency, quality or labeled strength. (CCR 1735.8[d])
	(Continued on Next Page)

COMPOUNDING STERILE INJECTABLE DRUGS

Does the	e pharmacy compound sterile injectable drugs?		Yes		No	
If	yes, complete Sections 9 through 19.					
9. FO	R PHARMACIES THAT COMPOUND STERILE INJECTAR	BLE DRU	GS: Pern	nit or A	ditatio	n
Yes No N/A	The pharmacy has a board issued Licensed Sterile Confrom the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthca accreditation agency. (B&PC 4127.1[a] and 4127.1[d]) LSC #OR	•		er has cu	urrent acc	tatic
	Name of accreditation agency					
10. <u>Co</u> Yes No N/A		parenteral	the		3) It to a presc	rintion
	for delivery to another pha	arenterar	die ,	pursuar	it to a preso	приоп,
	☐ 10.1.1. The contract of arranger at is report that comporting.	the	ard withi	in 30 day	s of comme	encing
11. <u>Ste</u>	erile Injectable Compounding Area	(CCR 1	<u>751)</u>			
Yes No N/A	11.1. If the marmacy compounds the injectable drug					
	11.1.1. Argue class 5 laminar arflow hood with precede differential in the cleanroom that is					
	☐ 11. An ISO class (canroom (B&PC 4127.	.7[b])				
	11.1.3. Prrier is a dor that provides an ISO c (B&P (c])	lass 5 env	/ironmen	t for com	npounding.	
	The cleanroom walls, ceiling and floors are made ntilated (CCR 1751)	of non-po	rous, cle	anable s	urfaces and	I the
	☐ 11.2.1. The laminar airflow hoods and clean roo	om are ce	rtified anı	nually; (0	CCR 1751)	
	☐ 11.2.2. Supplies are stored in a manner, which (CCR 1751)	maintains	integrity	of an as	septic enviro	onment;
	11.2.3. A sink with hot and cold running water;	(CCR 175	1)			
	11.2.4. A refrigerator of sufficient capacity to me requiring refrigeration. (CCR 1751)	eet the sto	orage req	uiremen	ts for all ma	ıterial

PIC Initials

17M-39 (Rev. 02/12)

CORRECT	IVE ACTION OR ACTION PLAN:
12. <u>Ster</u>	ile Injectable Recordkeeping Requirements. (CCR 1751.1)
Yes No N/A	12.1. Pharmacy records are made and kept for sterile injectable products produces of future use (pursuant to section 1735.2), in addition to record requirements of section 1735.3, train the name, lot number, amount, and date on which the products were provided to a press (CCR 1751.1[a])
	 12.2. Records for sterile products compounded from one or more resterile in the are many and kept and contain the following: (CCR 1751.1[b][1-6]) 12.2.1. The training and competency evaluation of employees ast product procedures;
	 □ 12.2.2. Refrigerator and freezer temperatures; □ 12.2.3. Certification of the sterile combunding environment; □ 12.2.4. Other facility quality continuous specification are pharmacy's procedures
	 (e.g., cleaning logs for facilities to equir to it); □ 12.2.5. Inspection for explanation cords inchange the many work start, the preparation work sheet, and records of explanation oduct evaluation results.
	12.3. The pharmacy in a readily retrievable form for at least three criss from date the record was created. (CCR 1751.1[c])
CORRECT	IVE ACTION ACTION PLAN.
13. <u>Ster</u>	ile Inject Seling Requirements (CCR 1751.2)
	In addition to the ring information required under Business and Professions Code ection 4076 and PR 1735.4, the pharmacy's compounded sterile injectable product labels contain: (CCR 1751.2[a-d])
X	 lephone number of the pharmacy, unless dispensed for a hospital in-patient; 13.1.2. Name and concentrations of ingredients contained in the product; 13.1.3. Instructions for storage and handling; and
	13.1.4. A special label that states "Chemotherapy—Dispose of Properly" or "Cytotoxic – Dispose of Properly" for all cytotoxic agents.

CORRECT	TIVE ACTION OR ACTION PLAN:
	ile Injectable Policies and Procedures (CCR 1751.3)
Yes No N/A	14.1. The pharmacy has a written manual documenting the policies and proced associated with the preparation and dispensing of sterile injectable products and, in addition to the pents required by section 1735.5, includes: (CCR 1751.2[a][1-7])
	☐ 14.1.1. Compounding, filling, and labeling of sterile injector compounds;
	☐ 14.1.2. Labeling of the sterile injectable product based or a line route of administration;
	☐ 14.1.3. Equipment and supplies;
	☐ 14.1.4. Training of staff in preparation of state injectable prod
	☐ 14.1.5. Training of patient and/or care in the administration compounded sterile injectable products;
	☐ 14.1.6. Procedures for the handle and disposal cytotoxic agent
	☐ 14.1.7. Quality assurance program; a
	☐ 14.1.8. Record keeping ants.
	14.2. Ingredients and corporation for each particles and service services determined in writing and reviewed by a pharmacist beautiful compounding gins. (CCR 1 solph)
	14.3. Policies and process address the disposal of infectious materials and/or materials containing cytotoxic requires and in the sanup of spills in conformance with local health jurisdictions. (CCR 17 3 [c])
	14.4. If a repounding storile injectals products from one or more non-sterile ingredients, the pharmacy written policies and procedure at comply with the following: (CCR 1751.3[d][1-3])
	1.4.1. Process and procedures are immediately available to all compounding personnel and inspectors (Co. 751.3[d][1]); and
	14.2 Ill compound personnel have read the policies and procedures, any additions, relicions, and etions before compounding. (CCR 1751.3 [d][2])
	Policies and pures address the following: (CCR 1751.3 [d][3] [A-K])
	Competency evaluation;
	☐ 14.5.2. Storage and handling of products and supplies;
	☐ 14.5.3. Storage and delivery of final products;
	☐ 14.5.4. Process validation;
	14.5.5. Personnel access and movement of materials into and near the controlled area;
	14.5.6. Use and maintenance of environmental control devices used to create the critical area for manipulation of sterile products (e.g., laminar-airflow workstations, biological safety cabinets, class 100 cleanrooms, and barrier isolator workstations;

	14.5.7. A regular cleaning schedule for the controlled area and any equipment in the controlled area and the alternation of disinfectants. Pharmacies subject to an institutional infection control policy may follow that policy as it relates to cleaning schedules;
	14.5.8. Disposal of packaging materials, used syringes, containers, and needles to enhance sanitation and avoid accumulation in the controlled area;
	14.5.9. For sterile batch compounding, written policies and procedures for the use of master formulas and work sheets and for appropriate documentation;
	☐ 14.5.10. Sterilization; and
	☐ 14.5.11. End-product evaluation and testing.
CORRECT	TIVE ACTION OR ACTION PLAN:
15. <u>Faci</u> Yes No N/A	lity & Equipment Standards for Sterile Injector le Compoundit CR 1751.4)
	15.1. The compounding environment mechanical specific of the pharma is written policies and procedures for safe compounding of the injectable ags. (CCR 175 (a])
	15.2. Only those who are properly attired pursuance CR 1751.5) and allowed in the cleanroom during the preparation of state of the properly attired pursuance (CR 1751.5) and allowed in the cleanroom during the preparation of state of the properly attired pursuance (CR 1751.5).
	15.3. All equipment used to be designated rea or clean processing made of easily cleaned and disinfected material CR 1751.4[c]
	15.4. Exterior workbench, places are the hard surfaces in the designated area, such as walls, floors, ceiling, shelves, the standard distools are disinfected weekly and after any unanticipated event that course crease risk of mination (CCR 1751.4[d])
	15.5. The preparation of parenteral actoxic agents is done in accordance with Section 505.5.1 of 24, Chapter of the California de of Regulations and includes: (CCR 1751.4[e])
	5.5.1. A mar airflow hood, which is certified annually.
	☐ 1 Pertification registration are maintained for at least three years.
RECT	TIVE CTION OR SOME AN:
	ile Injectable Compounding Attire (CCR 1751.5)
Yes Nu	6.1. When preparing cytotoxic agents, gowns and gloves are worn. (CCR 1751.5[a])
	16.2. When compounding sterile products from one or more non-sterile ingredients and a barrier isolator is not used: (CCR 1751.5[b][1-5])

	 16.2.1. Cleanroom garb is donned and removed outside the designated area; (CCR 1751.5[b][2])
	☐ 16.2.2. Individuals in the cleanroom wear a low-shedding coverall, head cover, face mask, and shoe covers; (CCR 1751.5[b][1])
	16.2.3. No hand, finger, or wrist jewelry is worn or if the jewelry cannot be removed, it is cleaned and covered with a sterile glove; (CCR 1751.5[b][3])
	☐ 16.2.4. Head and facial hair is kept out of critical area or covered (CC 1.5[b][4]); and
	☐ 16.2.5. Gloves of low-shedding material are worn. (CCR 1751.5[b][5])
CORRECT	TIVE ACTION OR ACTION PLAN:
17. <u>Trai</u>	ning of Sterile Injectable Compounding Staff ient, and C giv (CCR 1751.6)
Yes No N/A	
	17.1. Consultation is available to the patient of or primary chegiver corruning proper use of sterile injectable products and related supplied arnished by the narmacy. (Consultation is available to the patient of primary chegiver corruning proper use of sterile injectable products and related supplied arnished by the narmacy. (Consultation is available to the patient of primary chegiver corrunning proper use of sterile injectable products and related supplied arnished by the narmacy.
	17.2. The pharmacist-in-charge ensures that pharmacy personnel entaging in compounding sterile injectable drug products has training and or products, including cytotoxic to the pharmacy compound and agents. (CCR 1751.6[b])
	17.3. Records of training demonstrate competent the mable for each individual and are retained for three states beyond the group of the competent of the compet
	17.4. The pharmacist-in-term energy of the continuing competence of pharmacy personnel engaged in compound a sterile injury of ducts. (CCR 1751.6[d])
	17.5. When compounding sterile a flucts from one or more non-sterile ingredients, the pharmacy compes with the following train an equirements: (CCR 1751.6[e])
	17. The pharmacy clows a written program of training and performance evaluation designed to ence that the person working in the designated area has the knowledge and skills necessary to perform assigned task operly. This program of training and performance evaluation address the following: R 1751.6[e][1][A-J])
	17.6.1. tic to rique;
	17.6.2. Phase eutical calculations and terminology;
	Sterile product compounding documentation;
	☐ 17.6.4. Quality assurance procedures;
X	☐ 17.6.5. Aseptic preparation procedures;
	☐ 17.6.6. Proper gowning and gloving technique;
	17.6.7. General conduct in the controlled area;
	☐ 17.6.8. Cleaning, sanitizing, and maintaining equipment used in the controlled area;
	☐ 17.6.9. Sterilization techniques; and

	☐ 17.6.10. Container, equipment, and closure system selection.
Yes No N/A	17.7. Each person assigned to the controlled area successfully completes practical skills training in aseptic technique and aseptic area practices. (CCR 1751.6[e][2])
	 17.7.1. checks involving adherence to aseptic area policies and procedures. (CCR 1751.6[e][2])
	☐ 17.7.2. Each person's proficiency and continuing training is reassessed by 12 months. (CCR 1751.6[e][2])
	☐ 17.7.3. Results of these assessments are documented and retained in the photosylvars. (CCR 1751.6[e][2])
CORRECT	TIVE ACTION OR ACTION PLAN:
	ile Injectable Compounding Quality Assurate and Process Valide on (CCR 1751.7)
Yes No N/A	18.1. There is a written, documented, ong a quality at cance program nontained by the pharmacy that monitors personnel performance, equality at cance program nontained by the pharmacy that monitors personnel performance, equality at cance program nontained by the pharmacy that monitors personnel performance, equality at cance program nontained by the pharmacy that monitors personnel performance, equality at cance program nontained by the pharmacy assures that the end-product monts the required periodic sampling. (CCR 1751.7[a])
	18.2. The Quality Assurate Program counts at least the rung: (CCR 1751.7[a][1-4])
	☐ 18.2.1. Clear and sanitization the parenteral Medication preparation area;
	☐ 18.2.2. The storage compareded sterile injectable products in the pharmacy and periodic distribution contact temperature;
	☐ 15 3. Actions to be take the event of a drug recall; and
	3.2.4. Writter stification of chosen expiration dates for compounded sterile injectable product accordance with CR 1735.2[h]).
	18.3. Explodit stal involved in a preparation of sterile injectable products successfully completes a validation ocess on technologie before being allowed to prepare sterile injectable products. (CCR 17 %)])
	18.3.1. The place on process is carried out in the same manner as normal production, except that an expriate microbiological growth medium is used in place of the actual product used during sterile preparation. (CCR 1751.7[b])
	batch sizes the individual is expected to prepare. (CCR 1751.7[b])
	18.3.3. The same personnel, procedures, equipment, and materials are involved. (CCR 1751.7[b])
	18.3.4. Completed medium samples are incubated. (CCR 1751.7[b])
	☐ 18.3.5. If microbial growth is detected, the sterile preparation process is evaluated, corrective action taken, and the validation process is repeated. (CCR 1751.7[b])

	18.3.6. Personnel competency is revalidated and documented at least every 12 months, whenever the quality assurance program yields an unacceptable result, when the compounding process changes, equipment used in the compounding of sterile injectable drug products is repaired or replaced, the facility is modified in a manner that affects airflow or traffic patterns, or whenever aseptic techniques are observed. (CCR 1751.7[b])
Yes No N/A	8.4. Batch produced sterile injectable drug products compounded from one or more non-sterile ingredients are subject to documented end product testing for sterility and acceptable level pyrogens. (CCR 1751.7[c])
CORRECTIV	E ACTION OR ACTION PLAN:
19. <u>Sterile</u> Yes No N/A	Current and appropriate reference matrix as regarding the compound of sterile injectable products are maintained or immediate available to the narmacy. (C. 1751.8)
CORRECTIV	E ACTION OR ACTION PLAN:
	(Continue of on next page.)

PHARMACIST-IN-CHARGE CERTIFICATION:
I, (Please print), RPH # hereby certify that I have completed the self-assessment of this pharmacy of which I am the pharmacist-in-charge. Any deficiency identified herein will be corrected. I understand that all responses are subject to verification the Board of Pharmacy. I further state under penalty of perjury of the laws of the State of California that the provided in this self-assessment form is true and correct.
Signature
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT BY OWNER OR HOSPITAL ADM/ (RATOR:
I, (please print) lereby certify the penalty perjury of the laws of the State of California that I have read and reviewed this correct any deficiency identified in this self-assessment of the please system. I under the please system is sued by the California State Board of Pharmacy.
Signature(Pharmacist narge)