BEFORE THE BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Accusation; Statement of Issues; and Statement of Issues Against:

OLYMPIA PHARMACY, MARCO LOLEIT, CEO/SECRETARY/TREASURER/CFO, Nonresident Pharmacy Permit No. NRP 1525, Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit No. NSC 100818;

OLYMPIA PHARMACY,

Applicant for Renewal of Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit No. NSC 100818;

and

OPS INTERNATIONAL INCORPORATED, dba OLYMPIA PHARMACY, MARCO LOLEIT, CEO AND OWNER, Nonresident Pharmacy Permit Applicant, Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit Applicant,

Respondents.

Agency Case No. 7088, 7089 & 7384

OAH Nos. 2022110620, 2022110622 & 2022110624

DECISION AND ORDER AS TO CASE Nos. 7088, 7089 & 7384 Page 1

DECISION AND ORDER

The attached Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby adopted by the

Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs, as its Decision in this matter.

This Decision shall become effective at 5:00 p.m. on May 23, 2024.

It is so ORDERED on April 23, 2024.

BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

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Seung W. Oh, Pharm.D. Board President

By

1	ROB BONTA	
2	Attorney General of California KAREN R. DENVIR	
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General STEPHANIE ALAMO-LATIF	
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 283580	
5	1300 I Street, Suite 125 P.O. Box 944255	
6	Sacramento, CA 94244-2550 Telephone: (916) 210-6112	
7	Facsimile: (916) 327-8643 Attorneys for Complainant	
8		
9	BEFORE BOARD OF PE	
10	DEPARTMENT OF CO STATE OF CA	NSUMER AFFAIRS
11	STATE OF CA	LIFURNIA
12	In the Matters of the Accusation; Statement of	Case Nos. 7088, 7089, and 7384
13	Issues; and Statement of Issues Against:	OAH Nos. 2022110620, 2022110622, and
14	OLYMPIA PHARMACY MARCO LOLEIT,	2022110624
15	CEO/SECRETARY/TREASURER/CFO 6700 Conroy Road, Suite 155	STIPULATED SETTLEMENT AND
16	Orlando, FL 32835 Nonresident Pharmacy Permit No. NRP 1525	DISCIPLINARY ORDER
17	Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit No. NSC 100818	
18	And	
19	OLYMPIA PHARMACY	
20	Applicant for Renewal of Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit No NSC100818	
21	And	
22	OPS INTERNATIONAL INCORPORATED,	
23 24	DBA OLYMPIA PHARMACY; MARCO LOLEIT, CEO AND OWNER Nonresident Pharmacy Permit Applicant	
24 25	Nonresident Fnarmacy Fernit Applicant Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit Applicant	
26		
20	Respondents.	
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	S^	TIPULATED SETTLEMENT (7088, 7089, and 7384)

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IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED by and between the parties to the aboveentitled proceedings that the following matters are true:

PARTIES

 Anne Sodergren (Complainant) is the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy (Board). She brought this action solely in her official capacity and is represented in this matter by Rob Bonta, Attorney General of the State of California, by Stephanie Alamo-Latif, Deputy Attorney General.

8 2. Respondent Olympia Pharmacy (Respondent) is represented in this proceeding by
9 attorney Joe LaMagna, Hooper, Lundy & Bookman, P.C.

On or about November 12, 2015, the Board issued Nonresident Pharmacy Permit No.
 NRP 1525 to Respondent. The Nonresident Pharmacy Permit was in full force and effect at all
 times relevant to the charges brought in Accusation No. 7088, and will expire on November 1,
 2024, unless renewed.

On or about December 15, 2015, the Board issued Nonresident Sterile Compounding
 Permit No. NSC 100818 to Respondent. The Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit was in
 full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in Accusation No. 7088, and
 expired on November 1, 2022. Prior to its expiration, Respondent applied for the renewal of
 Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit No. NSC 100818. On or about September 16, 2022,
 Respondent's application for renewal was denied. On or about September 21, 2022, Respondent
 timely appealed the renewal denial.

- 5. On or about March 23, 2020, the Board received applications for a Nonresident
 Pharmacy Permit and a Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit from OPS International
 Incorporated, doing business as Olympia Pharmacy, with Marco Loleit as its Chief Executive
 Officer and 100% stockholder (Respondent). The Board denied the applications on or about
 December 22, 2020. On or about December 29, 2020, Respondent timely appealed the application
 denials.
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1	JURISDICTION
2	6. Third Amended Accusation No. 7088 was filed before the Board, and is currently
3	pending against Respondent. The parties have agree to file a Third Amended Accusation upon
4	signing of this agreement, which will be the operative pleading in this matter. The Accusation
5	and all other statutorily required documents were properly served on Respondent on December
6	15, 2022. Respondent timely filed its Notice of Defense contesting the Accusation.
7	7. A copy of Third Amended Accusation No. 7088 is attached as exhibit A and
8	incorporated herein by reference.
9	8. Second Amended Statement of Issues Number 7089 was filed before the Board, and
10	is currently pending against Respondent. The Second Amended Statement of Issues and all other
11	statutorily required documents were properly served on Respondent on March 8, 2024.
12	Respondent timely filed a request for hearing.
13	9. A copy of Second Amended Statement of Issues No. 7089 is attached as exhibit B
14	and incorporated herein by reference.
15	10. First Amended Statement of Issues Number 7384 was filed before the Board, and is
16	currently pending against Respondent. The First Amended Statement of Issues and all other
17	statutorily required documents were properly served on Respondent on December 16, 2022.
18	Respondent timely filed a request for hearing.
19	11. A copy of First Amended Statement of Issues No. 7384 is attached as exhibit C and
20	incorporated herein by reference.
21	ADVISEMENT AND WAIVERS
22	12. Respondent has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the
23	charges and allegations in Third Amended Accusation No. 7088, Second Amended Statement of
24	Issues No. 7089, and First Amended Statement of Issues No. 7384. Respondent has also carefully
25	read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Settlement and
26	Disciplinary Order.
27	13. Respondent is fully aware of its legal rights in this matter, including the right to a
28	hearing on the charges and allegations in the Third Amended Accusation No. 7088, Second
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	STIPULATED SETTLEMENT (7088, 7089, and 7384)

Amended Statement of Issues No. 7089, and First Amended Statement of Issues No. 7384; the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against them; the right to present evidence and to testify on its own behalf; the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision; and all other rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws.

7 14. Respondent voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waives and gives up each and
8 every right set forth above.

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CULPABILITY

15. Respondent understands and agrees that the charges and allegations in Third
 Amended Accusation No. 7088, Second Amended Statement of Issues No. 7089, and First
 Amended Statement of Issues No. 7384, if proven at hearing, constitute cause for imposing
 discipline upon its Nonresident Pharmacy Permit NRP 1525 and Nonresident Sterile
 Compounding Permit No. NSC 100818, and denial of its application for its renewal of
 Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit No. NSC 100818, and denial of its applications for a
 new Nonresident Pharmacy Permit and Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit.

16. For the purpose of resolving Third Amended Accusation No. 7088, Second Amended
Statement of Issues No. 7089, and First Amended Statement of Issues No. 7384, without the
expense and uncertainty of further proceedings, Respondent agrees that, at hearing, Complainant
could establish a factual basis for the charges against it in Third Amended Accusation No. 7088,
Second Amended Statement of Issues No. 7089, and First Amended Statement of Issues No.
7384, and that Respondent hereby gives up its right to contest those charges.

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17. Respondent agrees that in any future disciplinary proceeding before the Board the allegations set forth in Third Amended Accusation No. 7088, Second Amended Statement of Issues No. 7089, and First Amended Statement of Issues No. 7384, shall be deemed admitted.

18. Respondent agrees that its Nonresident Pharmacy Permit NRP 1525 and Nonresident
Sterile Compounding Permit No. NSC 100818 are subject to discipline, the application for
renewal of its Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit No. NSC 100818 is subject to denial, and

the applications for a new Nonresident Pharmacy Permit and Nonresident Sterile Compounding
 Permit are subject to denial (Statement of Issues Case Number 7089) and it agrees to be bound by
 the Board's Disciplinary Orders and the probationary terms as set forth in the Disciplinary Order
 below.

CONTINGENCY

19. This stipulation shall be subject to approval by the Board of Pharmacy. Respondent 6 understands and agrees that counsel for Complainant and the staff of the Board of Pharmacy may 7 communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation and settlement, without notice to 8 9 or participation by Respondent or its counsel. By signing the stipulation, Respondent understands and agrees that they may not withdraw its agreement or seek to rescind the stipulation prior to the 10 time the Board considers and acts upon it. If the Board fails to adopt this stipulation as its 11 Decision and Order, the Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order shall be of no force or 12 effect, except for this paragraph, it shall be inadmissible in any legal action between the parties, 13 14 and the Board shall not be disqualified from further action by having considered this matter.

20. The parties understand and agree that Portable Document Format (PDF), facsimile,
and/or electronic copies of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order, including PDF,
facsimile, and/or electronic signatures thereto, shall have the same force and effect as the
originals.

19 21. This Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is intended by the parties to be an
20 integrated writing representing the complete, final, and exclusive embodiment of their agreement.
21 It supersedes any and all prior or contemporaneous agreements, understandings, discussions,
22 negotiations, and commitments (written or oral). This Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary
23 Order may not be altered, amended, modified, supplemented, or otherwise changed except by a
24 writing executed by an authorized representative of each of the parties.

25 22. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that
26 the Board may, without further notice or formal proceeding, issue and enter the following
27 Stipulation and Disciplinary Orders:

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1	STIPULATION- First Amended Statement of Issues No. 7384 Only
2	Respondent hereby withdraws its appeal and request for hearing on the denial of its renewal
3	application for a Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit, because a new Nonresident Sterile
4	Compounding Permit may be granted pursuant to the below Disciplinary Order related to the Third
5	Amended Accusation No. 7089.
6	DISCIPLINARY ORDER- Third Amended Accusation No. 7088 Only
7	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Nonresident Pharmacy Permit No. NRP 1525, and
8	Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit No. NSC 100818 issued to Respondent Olympia
9	Pharmacy, shall be publicly reproved by the Board of Pharmacy under Business and Professions
10	Code section 495 in resolution of Third Amended Accusation No. 7088.
11	This stipulation constitutes a record of the discipline and shall become a part of
12	Respondent's license history with the Board.
13	1. Cost Recovery. Respondent shall pay \$153,676.75 to the Board for its costs
14	associated with the investigation and enforcement of this matter pursuant to Business and
15	Professions Code Section 125.3, prior to issuance of a new or reinstated license.
16	2. Cancellation of Permits. Nonresident Pharmacy Permit No. NRP 1525, and
17	Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit No. NSC 100818, shall be immediately cancelled, due
18	to the new applications filed by Respondent and the settlement in Second Amended Statement of
19	Issues No. 7089, subject to the following terms:
20	Respondent shall cause to be delivered to the Board its pocket licenses and, if were issued,
21	its wall certificates on or before the effective date of the Decision and Order.
22	If Respondent ever applies for licensure or petitions for reinstatement in the State of
23	California, the Board shall treat it as a new application for licensure. Respondent must comply
24	with all the laws, regulations and procedures for licensure in effect at the time the application or
25	petition is filed, and all of the charges and allegations contained in Third Amended Accusation
26	No. 7088 shall be deemed to be true, correct and admitted by Respondent when the Board
27	determines whether to grant or deny the application or petition. The Board shall not deny any
28	future applications for licensure or petitions for reinstatement based solely on the charges and
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	STIPULATED SETTLEMENT (7088, 7089, and 7384)

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DISCIPLINARY ORDER - Second Amended Statement of Issues No. 7089 Only

allegations contained in the Third Amended Accusation No. 7088, but the Board may consider the

allegations during its review of any future applications for licensure or petitions for reinstatement.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that upon satisfaction of all statutory and regulatory requirements for issuance of a Nonresident Pharmacy Permit and Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit, including passing the required inspection as a condition precedent to licensure, a Nonresident Pharmacy Permit and Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit shall be issued to Respondent and immediately revoked; the order of revocation is stayed and Respondent is placed on probation for four (4) years upon the following terms and conditions.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that if Respondent fails to pass the required pre-licensure
 inspection, then Respondent's applications shall be denied.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that as a condition precedent to licensure, Respondent shall
pay the agency its costs of investigation and enforcement in the amount of \$153,676.75 prior to
issuance of a new or reinstated license, pursuant to the Order in Third Amended Accusation No.
7088.

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1. **Definition: Respondent**

For the purposes of these terms and conditions, "respondent" shall refer to Olympia 17 Pharmacy, and OPS International Incorporated, doing business as Olympia Pharmacy. All terms 18 and conditions stated herein shall bind and be applicable to the licensed premises and to all 19 owners, managers, officers, administrators, members, directors, trustees, associates, or partners 20thereof. For purposes of compliance with any term or condition, any report, submission, filing, 21 payment, or appearance required to be made by respondent to or before the board or its designee 22 shall be made by an owner or executive officer with authority to act on behalf of and legally bind 23 24 the licensed entity.

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2.

Obey All Laws

Respondent shall obey all state and federal laws and regulations.

27 Respondent shall report any of the following occurrences to the board, in writing, within
28 seventy-two (72) hours of such occurrence:

1	• an arrest or issuance of a criminal complaint for violation of any provision of the	
2	Pharmacy Law, state and federal food and drug laws, or state and federal controlled	
3	substances laws;	
4	• a plea of guilty, or nolo contendere, no contest, or similar, in any state or federal criminal	
5	proceeding to any criminal complaint, information or indictment;	
6	• a conviction of any crime; or	
7	• discipline, citation, or other administrative action filed by any state or federal agency	
8	which involves respondent's Nonresident Pharmacy Permit and Nonresident Sterile	
9	Compounding Permit or which is related to the practice of pharmacy or the	
10	manufacturing, obtaining, handling or distributing, billing, or charging for any dangerous	
11	drug, and/or dangerous device or controlled substance.	
12	Failure to timely report any such occurrence shall be considered a violation of probation.	
13	3. Report to the Board	
14	Respondent shall report to the board quarterly, on a schedule as directed by the board or its	
15	designee. The report shall be made either in person or in writing, as directed. Among other	
16	requirements, respondent shall state in each report under penalty of perjury whether there has	
17	been compliance with all the terms and conditions of probation. Failure to submit timely reports	
18	in a form as directed shall be considered a violation of probation. Any period(s) of delinquency	
19	in submission of reports as directed may be added to the total period of probation. Moreover, if	
20	the final probation report is not made as directed, probation shall be automatically extended until	
21	such time as the final report is made and accepted by the board.	
22	4. Interview with the Board	
23	Upon receipt of reasonable prior notice, respondent shall appear in person, via	
24	teleconference, or via video conference, for interviews with the board or its designee, at such	
25	intervals and locations as are determined by the board or its designee. Failure to appear for any	
26	scheduled interview without prior notification to board staff, or failure to appear for two (2) or	
27	more scheduled interviews with the board or its designee during the period of probation, shall be	
28	considered a violation of probation.	
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	STIPULATED SETTLEMENT (7088, 7089, and 7384)	

Cooperate with Board Staff

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Respondent shall timely cooperate with the board's inspection program and with the board's monitoring and investigation of respondent's compliance with the terms and conditions of the probation, including but not limited to: timely responses to requests for information by board staff; timely compliance with directives from board staff regarding requirements of any term or condition of probation; and timely completion of documentation pertaining to a term or condition of probation. Failure to timely cooperate shall be considered a violation of probation.

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Probation Monitoring Costs

9 Respondent shall pay any costs associated with probation monitoring as determined by the
10 board each and every year of probation. These costs will include travel costs for Board inspectors
11 to inspect Respondent's physical facility on a quarterly basis or lesser frequency as determined by
12 the Board or its designee. Such costs shall be payable to the board on a schedule as directed by
13 the board or its designee. Failure to pay such costs by the deadline(s) as directed shall be
14 considered a violation of probation.

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7. Status of License/Permit

16 Respondent shall, at all times while on probation, maintain a current Nonresident Pharmacy
17 Permit and Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit with the board. Failure to maintain current
18 licensure shall be considered a violation of probation.

If respondent's permit(s) expires or is cancelled by operation of law or otherwise at any
time during the period of probation, including any extensions thereof or otherwise, upon renewal
or reapplication respondent's license shall be subject to all terms and conditions of this probation
not previously satisfied.

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8.

License Surrender While on Probation/Suspension

Following the effective date of this decision, should respondent wish to discontinue business, respondent may tender the premises license to the board for surrender. The board or its designee shall have the discretion whether to grant the request for surrender or take any other action it deems appropriate and reasonable. Upon formal acceptance of the surrender of the license, respondent will no longer be subject to the terms and conditions of probation.

Upon acceptance of the surrender, respondent shall relinquish the premises wall and renewal license to the board within ten (10) days of notification by the board that the surrender is accepted. Respondent shall further submit a completed Discontinuance of Business form according to board guidelines and shall notify the board of the records inventory transfer within five (5) days. Respondent shall further arrange for the transfer of all records of acquisition and disposition of dangerous drugs and/or devices to premises licensed and approved by the board.

Respondent shall also, by the effective date of the discontinuation of business in California, 7 arrange for the continuation of care for ongoing California patients of the pharmacy by, at 8 minimum, providing a written notice to ongoing patients that specifies the anticipated closing 9 date of the pharmacy, or discontinuation of business in California, and that identifies one or more 10 California licensed pharmacies capable of taking up the patients' care, and by cooperating as may 11 be necessary in the transfer of records or prescriptions for ongoing patients. Within five days of 12 its provision to the pharmacy's ongoing patients, Respondent shall provide a copy of the written 13 notice to the board. For the purposes of this provision, "ongoing patients" means those California 14 patients for whom the pharmacy has on file a prescription with one or more refills outstanding, or 15 for whom the pharmacy has filled a prescription within the preceding sixty (60) days. 16

17 Respondent may not apply for any new license from the board for three (3) years from the
18 effective date of the surrender, and should any future license be granted, Respondent will be
19 required to complete its probation term set forth in this Decision and Order. Respondent shall
20 meet all requirements applicable to the license sought as of the date the application for that
21 license is submitted to the board.

Respondent further stipulates that it shall reimburse the board for its costs of investigation
and prosecution prior to the acceptance of the surrender.

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Sale or Discontinuance of Business

During the period of probation, should respondent sell, trade or transfer all or part of the
ownership of the licensed entity, discontinue doing business under the license issued to
respondent, or should practice at that location be assumed by another full or partial owner,
person, firm, business, or entity, under the same or a different premises license number, the board

or its designee shall have the sole discretion to determine whether to exercise continuing
 jurisdiction over the licensed location, under the current or new premises license number, and/or
 carry the remaining period of probation forward to be applicable to the current or new premises
 license number of the new owner.

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10. Notice to Employees

Respondent shall, upon or before the effective date of this decision, ensure that all 6 employees involved in permit operations are made aware of all the terms and conditions of 7 probation, either by posting a notice of the terms and conditions, circulating such notice, or both. 8 If the notice required by this provision is posted, it shall be posted in a prominent place and shall 9 remain posted throughout the probation period. Respondent shall ensure that any employees hired 10 or used after the effective date of this decision are made aware of the terms and conditions of 11 probation by posting a notice, circulating a notice, or both. Additionally, respondent shall submit 12 written notification to the board, within fifteen (15) days of the effective date of this decision, that 13 this term has been satisfied. Failure to timely provide such notification to employees, or to timely 14 submit such notification to the board shall be considered a violation of probation. 15

16 "Employees" as used in this provision includes all full-time, part-time, volunteer, temporary
17 and relief employees and independent contractors employed or hired at any time during
18 probation.

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11. Owners and Officers: Knowledge of the Law

Respondent shall provide, within thirty (30) days after the effective date of this decision, signed and dated statements from its owners, including any owner or holder of ten percent (10%) or more of the interest in respondent or respondent's stock, and all of its officer, stating under penalty of perjury that said individuals have read and are familiar with state and federal laws and regulations governing the practice of pharmacy. The failure to timely provide said statements under penalty of perjury shall be considered a violation of probation.

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12. Premises Open for Business

2 Respondent shall remain open and engaged in its ordinary business as a Nonresident Pharmacy and Nonresident Sterile Compounding pharmacy licensed in California for a minimum 3 of 100 hours per calendar month. Any month during which this minimum is not met shall toll the 4 period of probation, i.e., the period of probation shall be extended by one month for each month 5 during with this minimum is not met. During any such period of tolling of probation, respondent 6 must nonetheless comply with all terms and conditions of probation, unless respondent is 7 informed otherwise in writing by the board or its designee. If respondent is not open and engaged 8 9 in its ordinary business as a Nonresident Pharmacy and Nonresident Sterile Compounding pharmacy licensed for a minimum of 100 hours in any calendar month, for any reason (including 10 vacation), respondent shall notify the board in writing within ten (10) days of the conclusion of 11 that calendar month. This notification shall include at minimum all of the following: the date(s) 12 and hours respondent was open; the reason(s) for the interruption or why business was not 13 14 conducted; and the anticipated date(s) on which respondent will resume business as required. Respondent shall further notify the board in writing with ten (10) days following the next 15 calendar month during which respondent is open and engaged in its ordinary business as a 16 Nonresident Pharmacy and Nonresident Sterile Compounding pharmacy licensed in California for 17 a minimum of 100 hours. Any failure to timely provide such notification(s) shall be considered a 18 violation of probation. 19

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13. **Posted Notice of Probation**

Respondent shall prominently post a probation notice provided by the board or its designee in a place conspicuous to and readable by the public within two (2) days of receipt thereof from the board or its designee. Failure to timely post such notice, or to maintain the posting during the entire period of probation, shall be considered a violation of probation.

Respondent shall prominently post a probation notice on its website. Posting on the website
shall be on Respondent's homepage may be through the use of a banner with a link labeled
"Notice to California Patients," which shall be in a font size of at least 12 point and takes you to
the Board's probation notice. The probation notice shall be provided by the Board or its designee

and must be posted on Respondent's website's homepage within thirty (30) days after receipt. As 1 2 an alternative to posting the probation notice on its website, Respondent may provide a copy of the notice of probation in all drug or device shipments to California. Respondent shall notify the 3 Board or its designee in writing whether the posting is on its website or in all drug or device 4 shipments to California and may not switch the method of posting without providing the same 5 notice in writing to the Board. Failure to timely post or provide such notice, or to maintain the 6 posting or provide the notice during the entire period of probation, shall be considered a violation 7 of probation. 8

9 Respondent shall not, directly or indirectly, engage in any conduct or make any statement
10 which is intended to mislead or is likely to have the effect of misleading any patient, customer,
11 member of the public, or other person(s) as to the nature of and reason for the probation of the
12 licensed entity.

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14. Violation of Probation

If a respondent has not complied with any term or condition of probation, the board shall
have continuing jurisdiction over respondent, and probation shall be automatically extended, until
all terms and conditions have been satisfied or the board has taken other action as deemed
appropriate to treat the failure to comply as a violation of probation, to terminate probation, and
to impose the penalty that was stayed.

If respondent violates probation in any respect, the board, after giving respondent notice
and an opportunity to be heard, may revoke probation and carry out the disciplinary order that
was stayed. If a petition to revoke probation or an accusation is filed against respondent during
probation, the board shall have continuing jurisdiction and the period of probation shall be
automatically extended until the petition to revoke probation or accusation is heard and decided.

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15. Completion of Probation

Upon written notice by the board or its designee indicating successful completion of
probation, respondent's permits will be fully restored.

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16. Consultant

2 Within 90 days of the effective date of this Decision and Order, Respondent shall submit to the board the name of an expert familiar with sterile compounding to act as an expert consultant 3 subject to the prior approval of the board or its designee. The consultant shall be a California 4 licensed pharmacist and not on probation with the Board or any other professional organization. 5 The consultant shall be responsible for conducting quarterly inspections, or lesser frequency as 6 determined by the Board or its designee, of the facility for compliance with the provisions of 7 California and federal law and the terms and conditions of probation. The consultant shall provide 8 9 the board with an inspection agenda for approval prior to conducting the inspection. Any inspection conducted without prior approval of the inspection agenda shall not be accepted. The 10 consultant shall also provide the board with reports documenting their inspection. The consultant 11 shall provide the written reports directly to the board, and receive confirmation of receipt from 12 the board, prior to providing the report to the respondent. Should the board or its designee 13 14 determine that the consultant is not appropriately assessing the operations of respondent, or providing the appropriate written reports, the board or its designee shall require respondent to 15 obtain a different consultant through the same process outlined above, by submitting a new expert 16 for approval within 60 days of Respondent being notified of the need for a new consultant. 17

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17. Pharmacist In Charge licensed in California

Within 60 days of the effective date of this Decision and Order, Respondent shall employ a
Pharmacist-in-Charge (PIC) specific to California and who maintains a pharmacist license issued
by the California State Board of Pharmacy, with the designation process set forth in Business and
Profession Code section 4113.

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ACCEPTANCE

I, Marco Loleit, have been authorized to act on Respondent's behalf in this matter, and have
carefully read the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order and have fully discussed it
with Respondent's attorney, Joe LaMagna. I understand the stipulation and the effect it will have
Respondent's Nonresident Pharmacy Permit No. NRP 1525, Nonresident Sterile Compounding
Permit No. NSC 100818, application for renewal of Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit No.

1	NSC 100818, and new applications for a Nonresident Pharmacy Permit and a Nonresident Sterile
2	Compounding Permit. I enter into this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order voluntarily,
3	knowingly, and intelligently, and Respondent Olympia agrees to be bound by the Decision and
4	Order of the Board of Pharmacy.
5	DATED:
6 7	OLYMPIA PHARMACY By Marco Loleit Respondent
8	I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Olympia Pharmacy the terms and
9	conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order.
10	I approve its form and content.
11	DATED: JOE LAMAGNA
12	Attorney for Respondent
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16	<u>ENDORSEMENT</u>
17	The foregoing Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby respectfully
18	submitted for consideration by the Board of Pharmacy.
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20	DATED: Respectfully submitted,
21	ROB BONTA Attorney General of California KAREN R. DENVIR
22	KAREN R. DENVIR Supervising Deputy Attorney General
23	
24	Stephanie Alamo-Latif
25	Deputy Attorney General Attorneys for Complainant
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I	STIPULATED SETTLEMENT (7088, 7089, and 7384)

1	NSC 100818, and new applications for a Nonresident Pharmacy Permit and a Nonresident Sterile
2	Compounding Permit. I enter into this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order voluntarily,
3	knowingly, and intelligently, and Respondent Olympia agrees to be bound by the Decision and
4	Order of the Board of Pharmacy.
5	DATED: $3/5/24$ OLYMPIA PHARMACY
6	By Marco Loleit
7	<i>Respondent</i> I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Olympia Pharmacy the terms and
8	conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order.
9	I approve its form and content.
10	DATED: March 15, 2024
11	JOE LAMAGNA Attorney for Respondent
12 13	
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15	
16	ENDORSEMENT
17	The foregoing Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby respectfully
18	submitted for consideration by the Board of Pharmacy.
19	
20	DATED: Respectfully submitted,
21	ROB BONTA Attorney General of California
22	KAREN R. DENVIR Supervising Deputy Attorney General
23	
24	STEPHANIE ALAMO-LATIF
25	Deputy Attorney General Attorneys for Complainant
26	
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28	37938189.docx
	15 STIPULATED SETTLEMENT (7088, 7089, and 7384)

1	NSC 100818, and new applications for a Nonresident Pharmacy Permit and a Nonresident Sterile
2	Compounding Permit. I enter into this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order voluntarily,
3	knowingly, and intelligently, and Respondent Olympia agrees to be bound by the Decision and
4	Order of the Board of Pharmacy.
5	DATED:
6 7	OLYMPIA PHARMACY By Marco Loleit Respondent
8	I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Olympia Pharmacy the terms and
9	conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order.
10	I approve its form and content.
11	DATED:
12	JOE LAMAGNA Attorney for Respondent
13	
14	
15	
16	<u>ENDORSEMENT</u>
17	The foregoing Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby respectfully
18	submitted for consideration by the Board of Pharmacy.
19	
20	DATED: Respectfully submitted,
21	ROB BONTA Attorney General of California
22	KAREN R. DENVIR Supervising Deputy Attorney General
23	Stephanie Digitally signed by
24	Alamo-Latif ^{Date: 2024.03.15} 14:45:15-07'00' STEPHANIE ALAMO-LATIF
25	Deputy Attorney General Attorneys for Complainant
26	Auorneys jor Complumuni
27	SA2021300248
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	15
	STIPULATED SETTLEMENT (7088, 7089, and 7384)

Exhibit A

Third Amended Accusation No. 7088

1	ROB BONTA	
2	Attorney General of California KAREN R. DENVIR	
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General STEPHANIE ALAMO-LATIF	
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 283580	
5	1300 I Street, Suite 125 P.O. Box 944255 Secrements CA 04244 2550	
6	Sacramento, CA 94244-2550 Telephone: (916) 210-6112 Facsimile: (916) 327-8643	
7	Attorneys for Complainant	
8		
9	BEFORE THE	
10	BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFI	FAIRS
11	STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
12		
13	In the Matter of the Third Amended Accusation Against:	Case No. 7088
14	OLYMPIA PHARMACY MARCO LOLEIT,	
15	CEO/SECRETARY/TREASURER/CFO 6700 Conroy Road, Suite 155	THIRD AMENDED ACCUSATION
16	Orlando, FL 32835	
17	Nonresident Pharmacy Permit No. NRP 1525 Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit No. NSC 100818	
18	Respondent.	
19		
20	PARTIES	
21	1. Anne Sodergren (Complainant) brings this Third Amer	nded Accusation solely in her
22	official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy	y (Board), Department of
23	Consumer Affairs.	
24	Nonresident Pharmacy Permit	
25	2. On or about November 12, 2015, the Board issued Nor	nresident Pharmacy Permit
26	Number NRP 1525 to Olympia Pharmacy, with Marco Loleit, as it	s Chief Executive Officer,
27	Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer (Respondent). Th	ne Nonresident Pharmacy
28	///	
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY)	THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	Permit was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will	
2	expire on November 1, 2023, unless renewed.	
3	Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit	
4	3. On or about December 15, 2015, the Board issued Nonresident Sterile Compounding	
5	Permit Number NSC 100818 to Respondent. The Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit was	
6	in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein, expired on November 1,	
7	2022, and was cancelled, the circumstances of which are set forth below.	
8	JURISDICTION	
9	4. This Third Amended Accusation is brought before the Board under the authority of	
10	the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code (Code)	
11	unless otherwise indicated.	
12	5. Section 4300 of the Code states in pertinent part:	
13	(a) Every license issued may be suspended or revoked.	
14	(b) The board shall discipline the holder of any license issued by the board,	
15	whose default has been entered or whose case has been heard by the board and found guilty, by any of the following methods:	
16	(1) Suspending judgment.	
17	(2) Placing him or her upon probation.	
18	(3) Suspending his or her right to practice for a period not exceeding one	
19	year. (4) Revoking his or her license.	
20		
21	(5) Taking any other action in relation to disciplining him or her as the board in its discretion may deem proper	
22	(e) The proceedings under this article shall be conducted in accordance with Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of the	
23	Government Code, and the board shall have all the powers granted therein. The action shall be final, except that the propriety of the action is subject to review by	
24	the superior court pursuant to Section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure.	
25	6. Code section 4300.1 states:	
26	The expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the	
27	placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed	
28	///	
	2	
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION	

1	with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license.
2	
3	STATUTORY PROVISIONS
4	7. Code section 4301 states, in pertinent part:
5	The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been issued by mistake. Unprofessional
6	conduct includes, but is not limited to, any of the following:
7 8	(c) Gross negligence.
9	(g) Knowingly making or signing any certificate or other document that falsely represents the existence or nonexistence of a state of facts.
10	
11	(j) The violation of any of the statutes of this state, of any other state, or of the United States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.
12	
13	(o) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or
14 15	abetting the violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter or of the applicable federal and state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, including regulations established by the board or by any other state or federal regulatory agency.
16	8. Code section 4307 states, in pertinent part:
17	(a) Any person who has been denied a license or whose license has been
18	revoked or is under suspension, or who has failed to renew his or her license while it was under suspension, or who has been a manager, administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate, partner, or any other person with management
19	or control of any partnership, corporation, trust, firm, or association whose application for a license has been denied or revoked, is under suspension or has
20	been placed on probation, and while acting as the manager, administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate, partner, or any other person with management
21 22	or control had knowledge of or knowingly participated in any conduct for which the license was denied, revoked, suspended, or placed on probation, shall be
22	prohibited from serving as a manager, administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate, partner, or in any other position with management or control of a licensee as follows:
24	(1) Where a probationary license is issued or where an existing license is
25	placed on probation, this prohibition shall remain in effect for a period not to exceed five years.
26	(2) Where the license is denied or revoked, the prohibition shall continue
27	until the license is issued or reinstated ///
28	///
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSA

(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	9. Code section 4022 states, in pertinent part:
2	"Dangerous drug" or "dangerous device" means any drug or device unsafe for self-use in humans or animals, and includes the following:
3 4	(a) Any drug that bears the legend: "Caution: federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription," "Rx only," or words of similar import.
5	(b) Any device that bears the statement: "Caution: federal law restricts this
6	device to sale by or on the order of a ," "Rx only," or words of similar import, the blank to be filled in with the designation of the practitioner licensed to use or order use of the device.
7 8	(c) Any other drug or device that by federal or state law can be lawfully dispensed only on prescription or furnished pursuant to Section 4006.
9	10. Code section 4076 states, in pertinent part:
10	(a) A pharmacist shall not dispense any prescription except in a container that
11	meets the requirements of state and federal law and is correctly labeled with all of the following:
12	(1) Except when the prescriber or the certified nurse-midwife who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure or protocol described in Section
13	2746.51, the nurse practitioner who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure described in Section 2836.1 or protocol, the physician assistant who functions
14	pursuant to Section 3502.1, the naturopathic doctor who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure or protocol described in Section 3640.5, or the pharmacist
15 16	who functions pursuant to a policy, procedure, or protocol pursuant to Section 4052.1, 4052.2, or 4052.6 orders otherwise, either the manufacturer's trade name of the drug or the generic name and the name of the manufacturer. Commonly used abbreviations may be used. Preparations containing two or more active
17 18	ingredients may be identified by the manufacturer's trade name or the commonly used name or the principal active ingredients.
18 19	(2) The directions for the use of the drug.
20	(3) The name of the patient or patients.
20	(4) The name of the prescriber or, if applicable, the name of the certified nurse-midwife who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure or protocol
22	described in Section 2746.51, the nurse practitioner who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure described in Section 2836.1 or protocol, the physician
23	assistant who functions pursuant to Section 3502.1, the naturopathic doctor who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure or protocol described in Section 3640.5, or the pharmacist who functions pursuant to a policy, procedure, or
24	protocol pursuant to Section 4052.1, 4052.2, or 4052.6.
25 26	(A) Commencing January 1, 2006, the physical description of the dispensed medication, including its color, shape, and any identification code that appears on the tablets or capsules, except as follows:
27	(i) Prescriptions dispensed by a veterinarian.
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSAT

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2	(ii) An exemption from the requirements of this paragraph shall be granted to a new drug for the first 120 days that the drug is on the market and for the 90 days during which the national reference file has no description on file.
3	(iii) Dispensed medications for which no physical description exists
4	in any commercially available database.
5	(B) This paragraph applies to outpatient pharmacies only.
6 7	(C) The information required by this paragraph may be printed on an auxiliary label that is affixed to the prescription container.
8 9	(D) This paragraph shall not become operative if the board, prior to January 1, 2006, adopts regulations that mandate the same labeling requirements set forth in this paragraph.
10	11. Code section 4123 states, in pertinent part:
11	Any pharmacy that contracts to compound a drug for parenteral therapy,
12	pursuant to a prescription, for delivery to another pharmacy shall report that contractual arrangement to the board. That information shall be reported by the pharmacy performing the compounding services within 30 days of commending
13	that compounding.
14	12. Code section 4126.8 states,
15	The compounding of drug preparations by a pharmacy for furnishing, distribution,
16 17	or use in this state shall be consistent with standards established in the pharmacy compounding chapters of the current version of the United States Pharmacopeia-National Formulary, including relevant testing and quality assurance. The board may adopt regulations to impose additional standards for compounding drug preparations.
18	13. Code section 4127.2 states, in pertinent part:
19	
20	(e) A pharmacy licensed pursuant to this section shall do all of the following:
21	(3) Provide to the board, within 12 hours, any recall notice issued by the pharmacy for sterile drug products it has compounded that have been shipped into,
22	or dispensed in, California.
23	
24	(f) Adverse effects reported or potentially attributable to a nonresident pharmacy's sterile compounded drug product shall be reported to the board within
25	12 hours and immediately reported to the MedWatch program of the federal Food and Drug Administration
26	14. Code section 4129, subdivision (a), states,
27 28	A facility licensed as an outsourcing facility with the federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA) shall be concurrently licensed with the board as an outsourcing
	5
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1 2	facility if it compounds sterile medication or nonsterile medication for non-patient-specific distribution within or into California
3	15. Code section 4129.2 states, in pertinent part:
4	(a) An outsourcing facility that is licensed with the federal Food and Drug
5	Administration (FDA) as an outsourcing facility and has an address outside of this state but in the United States of America is a nonresident outsourcing facility. A
6	nonresident outsourcing facility shall not compound sterile drug products or nonsterile drug products for distribution or use into this state without an outsourcing
7	license issued by the board pursuant to this section. The license shall be renewed annually and shall not be transferable.
8	(b) A nonresident outsourcing facility shall compound all sterile products and
9 10	nonsterile products to be distributed or used in this state in compliance with regulations of the board and with federal current good manufacturing practices applicable to outsourcing facilities.
11	16. Code section 4169, subdivision (a), states, in pertinent part:
12	A person or entity shall not do any of the following:
13	
14	(2) Purchase, trade, sell, or transfer dangerous drugs that the person knew or reasonably should have known were adulterated, as set forth in Article 2
15	(commencing with Section 111250) of Chapter 6 of Part 5 of Division 104 of the Health and Safety Code.
16 17	(3) Purchase, trade, sell, or transfer dangerous drugs that the person knew or reasonably should have known were misbranded, as defined in Section 111335 of the Health and Safety Code
18	HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE
19	17. California Health and Safety Code (Health & Saf. Code), section 111250, states,
20	"Any drug or device is adulterated if it consists, in whole or in part, of any filthy, putrid, or
21	decomposed substance."
22	18. Health & Saf. Code, section 111255, states, "Any drug or device is adulterated if it
23	has been produced, prepared, packed, or held under conditions whereby it may have been
24	contaminated with filth, or whereby it may have been rendered injurious to health."
25	19. Health & Saf. Code, section 111295, states, "It is unlawful for any person to
26	manufacture, sell, deliver, hold, or offer for sale any drug or device that is adulterated."
27	20. Health and Saf. Code, section 111330, states, "Any drug or device is misbranded if its
28	labeling is false or misleading in any particular."
	6
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	21. Health and Saf. Code, section 111335, states, "Any drug or device is misbranded if its	
2	labeling or packaging does not conform to the requirements of Chapter 4 (commencing with	
3	Section 110290)."	
4	22. Health and Saf. Code section 111430 states, "A drug or device is misbranded if it was	
5	manufactured in an establishment not duly registered with the Secretary of Health, Education, and	L
6	Welfare of the United States."	
7	23. Health and Saf. Code section 111440 states, "It is unlawful for any person to	
8	manufacture, sell, deliver, hold, or offer for sale any drug or device that is misbranded."	
9	24. Health and Saf. Code section 111445 states, "It is unlawful for any person to	
10	misbrand any drug or device."	
11	25. Health and Saf. Code section 111445 states, "It is unlawful for any person to	
12	misbrand any drug or device."	
13	CALIFORNIA REGULATIONS	
14	26. California Code of Regulations, title 16 (CCR), section 1707.2, states, in pertinent	
15	part:	
16	(b)	
17	(1) When the patient or patient's agent is not present (including, but not	
18	limited to, a prescription drug that was shipped by mail or delivery), a pharmacy shall ensure that:	
19	(A) the patient receives written notice of his or her right to request	
20	consultation;	
21	(B) the patient receives written notice of the hours of availability and the telephone number from which the patient may obtain oral consultation from a	
22	pharmacist who has ready access to the patient's record; and	
23	(C) a pharmacist shall be available (i) to speak to the patient or patient's agent during any regular hours of operation, within an average of ten (10) minutes or	
24	less, unless a return call is scheduled to occur within one business hour, (ii) for no less than six days per week, and (iii) for a minimum of 40 hours per week	
25		
26	27. CCR section 1707.5, states, in pertinent part:	
27	(a) Labels on drug containers dispensed to patients in California shall conform to the following format:	
28		
	7	_
I	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION	1

1 2 3	(1) Each of the following items, and only these four items, shall be clustered into one area of the label that comprises at least 50 percent of the label. Each item shall be printed in at least a 12-point sans serif typeface, and listed in the following order:
4	(C) The directions for the use of the drug.
5	(3) The remaining required elements for the label specified in section 4076
6 7	of the Business and Professions Code, as well as any other items of information appearing on the label or the container, shall be printed so as not to interfere with the legibility or emphasis of the primary elements specified in paragraph (1) of
8	subdivision (a). These additional elements may appear in any style, font, and size typeface.
9	28. CCR section 1714, subdivision (b), states, "Each pharmacy licensed by the board
10	shall maintain its facilities, space, fixtures, and equipment so that drugs are safely and properly
11	prepared, maintained, secured and distributed. The pharmacy shall be of sufficient size and
12	unobstructed area to accommodate the safe practice of pharmacy.
13	29. CCR section 1735.1, subdivision (ae), states, "Quality' means the absence of
14	harmful levels of contaminants, including filth, putrid, or decomposed substances, the absence of
15	active ingredients other than those listed on the label, and the absence of inactive ingredients
16	other than those listed on the master formula document."
17	30. CCR section 1735.2 states, in pertinent part:
18	(a) Except as specified in (b) and (c), no drug preparation shall be
19	compounded prior to receipt by a pharmacy of a valid prescription for an individual patient where the prescriber has approved use of a compounded drug propagation either erally or in writing. Where approval is given or ally that
20	preparation either orally or in writing. Where approval is given orally, that approval shall be noted on the prescription prior to compounding.
21	(b) A pharmacy may prepare and store a limited quantity of a compounded drug preparation in advance of receipt of a patient-specific prescription where and
22	solely in such quantity as is necessary to ensure continuity of care for an identified population of patients of the pharmacy based on a documented history of
23	prescriptions for that patient population.
24	(c) "A reasonable quantity" that may be furnished to a prescriber for office use by the prescriber as authorized by Business and Professions Code section 4052,
25	subdivision (a)(1), means that amount of compounded drug preparation that:
26	(1) Is ordered by the prescriber or the prescriber's agent using a purchase order or other documentation received by the pharmacy prior to furnishing that
27 28	lists the number of patients seen or to be seen in the prescriber's office for whom the drug is needed or anticipated, and the quantity for each patient that is sufficient for office administration; and
	8
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	(2) Is delivered to the prescriber's office and signed for by the prescriber or the prescriber's agent; and
2 3	(3) Is sufficient for administration or application to patients solely in the prescriber's office, or for furnishing of not more than a 120-hour supply for
4	veterinary medical practices, solely to the prescriber's own veterinary patients seen as part of regular treatment in the prescriber's office, as fairly estimated by the
5	prescriber and documented on the purchase order or other documentation submitted to the pharmacy prior to furnishing; and
6	
7	(4) That the pharmacist has a credible basis for concluding it is a reasonable quantity for office use considering the intended use of the compounded medication and the nature of the prescriber's practice; and
8	(5) With regard to any individual prescriber to whom the pharmacy
9 10	furnishes, and with regard to all prescribers to whom the pharmacy furnishes, is an amount which the pharmacy is capable of compounding in compliance with pharmaceutical standards for integrity, potency, quality and strength of the
11	compounded drug preparation; and
11	(6) Does not exceed an amount the pharmacy can reasonably and safely compound.
13	(d) No pharmacy or pharmacist shall compound a drug preparation that:
14	
15	(3) Is a copy or essentially a copy of one or more commercially available drug products, unless that drug product appears on an ASHP (American Society of Health-System Pharmacists) or FDA list of drugs that are in short supply at the
16	time of compounding and at the time of dispense, and the compounding of that drug preparation is justified by a specific, documented medical need made known
17 18	to the pharmacist prior to compounding. The pharmacy shall retain a copy of the documentation of the shortage and the specific medical need in the pharmacy records for three years from the date of receipt of the documentation.
19	
20	(e) A drug preparation shall not be compounded until the pharmacy has first prepared a written master formula documents that includes at least the following
21	elements:
22	(5) Specific and essential compounding steps used to prepare the drug.
23	
24	(i) Every compounded drug preparation shall be given a beyond use date representing the date or date and time beyond which the compounded drug
25	preparation should not be used, stored, transported or administered, and determined based on the professional judgment of the pharmacist performing or
26	supervising the compounding.
27	(3) For sterile compounded drug preparations, extension of a beyond use
28	date is only allowable when supported by the following:
	9
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSA

(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	(A) Method Suitability Test,(B) Container Closure Integrity Test, and
2	(C) Stability Studies
3	
4	31. CCR section 1735.3 states, in pertinent part:
5	
6	(c) Active ingredients shall be obtained from a supplier registered with the Food and Drug Administration (FDA). All other chemicals, bulk drug substances,
7	and drug products used to compound drug preparations shall be obtained, whenever possible, from FDA-registered suppliers. The pharmacy shall acquire
8	and retain certificates of purity or analysis, either written in English or translated into English, for chemicals, bulk drug substances, and drug products used in
9	compounding. Certificates of purity or analysis are not required for drug products that are approved by the FDA. Any certificates of purity or analysis acquired by
10	the pharmacy shall be matched to the corresponding chemical, bulk drug substance, or drug products received.
11	(d) Pharmacies shall maintain and retain all records required by this article in
12	the pharmacy in a readily retrievable form for at least three years from the date the record was last in effect. If only recorded and stored electronically, on magnetic
13	media, or in any other computerized form, the records shall be maintained as specified by Business and Professions Code section 4070 subsection (c).
14 15	(e) A drug preparation shall not be compounded until the pharmacy has first prepared a written master formula document that includes at least the following elements:
16	(1) Active ingredients to be used.
17	(2) Equipment to be used.
18 19	(3) The maximum allowable beyond use date for the preparation, and the
	rationale or reference source justifying its determination.
20	(4) Inactive ingredients to be used.
21	(5) Specific and essential compounding steps used to prepare the drug.
22	(6) Quality reviews required at each step in preparation of the drug.
23	(7) Post-compounding process or procedures required, if any.
24	(8) Instructions for storage and handling of the compounded drug preparation
25	(i) Every compounded drug preparation shall be given a beyond use date representing the date or date and time beyond which the compounded drug
26	preparation should not be used, stored, transported or administered, and determined based on the professional judgment of the pharmacist performing or
27	supervising the compounding.
28	
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSA

1	(3) For sterile compounded drug preparations, extension of a beyond use date
2	is only allowable when supported by the following:
3	(C) Stability Studies
4	32. CCR section 1735.4 states, in pertinent part:
5	(a) Each compounded drug preparation shall be affixed with a container label
6	prior to dispensing that contains at least:
7	(3) Instructions for storage, handling, and administration. For admixed IV
8	solutions, the rate of infusion shall be included;
9	(b) Any compounded drug preparation dispensed to a patient or readied for
10	dispensing to a patient shall also include on the label the information required under Business and Professions Code section 4076 and California Code of Business title 16 proteins 1707.5
11	Regulations, title 16, section 1707.5.
12	33. CCR section 1735.5 states, in pertinent part:
13	(a) Any pharmacy engaged in compounding shall maintain written policies and procedures for compounding that establishes procurement procedures,
14	methodologies for the formulation and compounding of drugs, facilities and equipment cleaning, maintenance, operation, and other standard operating
15	procedures related to compounding. Any material failure to follow the pharmacy's written polies and procedures shall constitute a basis for disciplinary action.
16	
17	34. CCR section 1735.8 states, in pertinent part:
18	
19	(d) The quality assurance plan shall include a written procedure for scheduled action in the event any compounded drug preparation is ever discovered to be
20	outside minimum standards for integrity, potency, quality, or labeled strength
21	35. CCR section 1751.2 states, in pertinent part:
22	In addition to the labeling information required under Business and Professions Code section 4076 and California Code of Regulations, title 16,
23	sections 1707.5 and 1735.4, a pharmacy that compounds sterile drug preparations shall include the following information on the label for each such preparation:
24	(b) Instructions for storage, handling, and administration
25	
26	///
27	///
28	///
	11
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	36. CCR section 1751.4 states, in pertinent part:
2	(a) No sterile drug preparation shall be compounded if it is known, or
3	reasonably should be known, that the compounding environment fails to meet criteria specified in the pharmacy's written policies and procedures for the safe
4	compounding of sterile drug preparations.
5	(e) Disinfection, using a suitable sterile agent, shall also occur on all surfaces
6	in the ISAO Class 5 PEC frequently, including:
7	(1) At the beginning of each shift;
8	(2) At least every 30 minutes when compounding involving human staff is occurring or before each lot;
9	(3) After each spill; and
10	(4) When surface contamination is known or suspected
11	37. CCR section 1751.6, subdivision (e), states, in pertinent part:
12	Pharmacies that compound sterile drug preparations must comply with the
13	following training requirements:
14 15	(1) The pharmacy must establish and follow a written program of training and performance evaluation designed to ensure that each person working in the designated area has the knowledge and skills necessary to perform their assigned tasks properly. This program of training and performance evaluation must address at
16	least the following:
17	(F) Proper hand hygiene, gowning and gloving technique
18	38. CCR section 1751.8 states, in pertinent part:
19	In conformity with and in addition to the requirements and limitations of
20	section 1735.2, subdivision (h), every sterile compounded drug preparation shall be given and labeled with a beyond use date that does not exceed the shortest every sterile compounded drug
21	expiration date or beyond use date of any ingredient in sterile compounded drug preparation, nor the chemical stability of any one ingredient in the sterile compounded drug preparation, nor the chemical stability of the combination
22	of all ingredients in the sterile compounded drug preparation
23	FEDERAL STATUTES AND REGULATIONS
24	39. United States Code Annotated, title 21 (21 USCA) section 321 states, in pertinent
25	part:
26	
27	(ff) The term "dietary supplement" –
28	(1) Means a product (other than tobacco) intended to supplement the diet that bears or contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients:
	12
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATIO

1	(A) a vitamin;
2	(B) a mineral;
3	(C) an herb or other botanical;
4	(D) an amino acid;
5	(E) a dietary substance for use by man to supplement the diet by increasing the total dietary intake; or
6 7	(F) a concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient described in clause (A), (B), (C), (D), or (E);
8	(2) Means a product that –
9	(A)
10	(i) is intended for ingestion in a form described in section 350(c)(1)(B)(i) of this title; or
11	(ii) complies with section 350(c)(1)(B)(ii) of this title
12	(B) is not represented for use as a conventional food or as a sole item of
13	a meal or the diet; and
14	(C) is labeled as a dietary supplement; and
15	(3) does-
16	(A) Include an article that is approved as a new drug under section 355 of this title or licensed as a biologic under section 262 of title 42 and was, prior to
17	such approval, certification, or license, marketed as a dietary supplement or as a food unless the Secretary has issued a regulation, after notice and comment,
18 19	finding that the article, when used as or in a dietary supplement under the conditions of use and dosages set forth in the labeling for such dietary supplement, is unlawful under section 342(f) of this title; and
20	(B) not include-
21	(i) an article that is approved as a new drug under section 355 of
22	this title, certified as an antibiotic under section 357 of this title, or licensed as a biologic under section 262 of title 42, or
23	(ii) an article authorized for investigation as a new drug, antibiotic,
24	or biological for which substantial clinical investigations have been instituted and for which the existence of such investigations has been made public, which was
25	not before such approval, certification, licensing, or authorization marketed as a dietary supplement or as a food unless the Secretary, in the Secretary's discretion,
26	has issued a regulation, after notice and comment, finding that the article would be unlawful under this chapter.
27	Except for purposes of paragraph (g) and section 350f of this title, a dietary supplement shall be deemed to be a food within the meaning of this chapter.
28	12
	13 (OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	40. 21 USCA section 331 states, in pertinent part:
2	The following acts and the causing thereof are hereby prohibited:
3	(a) The introduction or delivery for introduction into interstate commerce of
4	any food, drug, device, tobacco product, or cosmetic that is adulterated or misbranded
5	41. 21 USCA section 350 states, in pertinent part:
6	(a) Definitions
7	(c) Definitions
8	(1) For purposes of this section, the term "food to which this section applies" means a food for humans which is a food for special dietary use-
9	(A) which is or contains any natural or synthetic vitamin or mineral, and
10	(B) which-
11	(i) is intended for ingestion in table, capsule, powder, softgel, gelcap, or liquid form, or
12	(ii) if not intended for ingestion in such a form, is not represented as
13	conventional food and is not represented for use as a sole item of a meal or of the diet.
14	
15	42. 21 USCA section 351 states, in pertinent part:
16	A drug or device shall be deemed to be adulterated –
17	(a) Poisonous, insanitary, etc., ingredients; adequate controls in manufacture.
18	(1) If it consists in whole or in part of any filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance; or
19	(2)(A) if it has been prepared, packed, or held under insanitary conditions
20	whereby it may have been contaminated with filth, or whereby it may have been rendered injurious to health; or (B) if it is a drug and the methods used in, or the
21	facilities or controls used for, its manufacture, processing, packing, or holding do not conform to or are not operated or administered in conformity with current good
22	manufacturing practice to assure that such drug meets the requirements of this Act [21 USCA §§ 301 et seq.] as to safety and has the identity and strength, and meets
23	the quality and purity characteristics, which it purports or is represented to possess; or (C) if it is a compounded positron emission tomography drug and the methods
24	used in, or the facilities and controls used for, its compounding, processing, packing, or holding do not conform to or are not operated or administered in
25	conformity with the positron emission tomography compounding standards and the official monographs of the United States Pharmacopoeia to assure that such
26	drug meets the requirements of this Act [21 USCA §§ 301 et seq.] as to safety and has the identity and strength, and meets the quality and purity characteristics, that it numerts or is numerated to necessary or (2) if its container is composed in whole
27 28	it purports or is represented to possess; or (3) if its container is composed, in whole or in part, of any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render the contents injurious to health: or (4) if (A) it hears or contains, for purposes of
20	contents injurious to health; or (4) if (A) it bears or contains, for purposes of 14
	14 (OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSAT

1	coloring only, a color additive which is unsafe within the meaning of section
2	721(a) [21 USCA § 379e(a)], or (B) it is a color additive the intended use of which in or on drugs or devices is for purposes of coloring only and is unsafe within the
3	meaning of section 721(a) [21 USCA § 379e(a)]; or (5) if it is a new animal drug which is unsafe within the meaning of section 512 [21 USCA § 360b]; or (6) if it
4	is an animal feed bearing or contaminating a new animal drug, and such animal feed is unsafe within the meaning of section 512 [21 USCA § 360f].
5	(b) Strength, quality, or purity differing from official compendium. If it
6	purports to be or is represented as a drug the name of which is recognized in an official compendium, and its strength differs from, or its quality or purity falls
7	below, the standard set forth in such compendium Whenever a drug is recognized in both the United States Pharmacopoeia and the Homoeopathic Pharmacapacia of the United States it shall be subject to the requirements of the
8	Pharmacopoeia of the United States it shall be subject to the requirements of the United States Pharmacopoeia unless it is labeled and offered for sale as a homoeopathic drug, in which case it shall be subject to the provisions of the
9	Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States and not to those of the United States Pharmacopoeia
10	
11	43. 21 USCA section 352 states, in pertinent part:
12	A drug or device shall be deemed to be misbranded—
13	
14	(o) Drugs or devices from nonregistered establishments. If it was manufactured, prepared, propagated, compounded, or processed in an
15 16	establishment not duly registered under section 510 [21 USCA § 360], if it is a drug and was imported or offered for import by a commercial importer of drugs not duly registered under section 801(s) [21 USCA § 381(s)], if it was not included
17	in a list required by section 510(j) [21 USCA § 360(j)], if a notice or other information respecting it was not provided as required by such section or section
18	510(k) [21 USCA § 360(k)], or if it does not bear such symbols from the uniform system for identification of devices prescribed under section 510(e) [21 USCA § 360(e)] as the Secretary by regulation requires
19	500(c)] us the Secretary by regulation requires
20	44. 21 USCA section 353a states, in pertinent part:
21	(a) In general. Sections $501(a)(2)(B)$, $502(f)(1)$, and 505 [21 USCA §§ $351(a)(2)(B)$, $352(f)(1)$, and 355] shall not apply to a drug product if the drug
22	product is compounded for an identified individual patient based on the receipt of a valid prescription order or a notation, approved by the prescribing practitioner, on
23	the prescription order that a compounded product is necessary for the identified patient, if the drug product meets the requirements of this section, and if the
24	compounding
25	(1) is by—
26	(A) a licensed pharmacist in a State licensed pharmacy or a Federal facility, or
27 28	(B) a licensed physician, on the prescription order for such individual patient made by a licensed physician or other licensed practitioner authorized by State law to prescribe drugs; or
	15
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSA

1	(2)
2	(A) is by a licensed pharmacist or licensed physician in limited quantities before the receipt of a valid prescription order for such individual patient; and
3 4	(B) is based on a history of the licensed pharmacist or licensed physician receiving valid prescription orders for the compounding of the drug product, which
5	orders have been generated solely within an established relationship between—
6	(i) the licensed pharmacist or licensed physician; and
7	(ii)
8	(I) such individual patient for whom the prescription order will be provided; or
9	(II) the physician or other licensed practitioner who will write such prescription order.
0	(b) Compounded drug.
1	(1) Licensed pharmacist and licensed physician. A drug product may be compounded under subsection (a) if the licensed pharmacist or licensed physician—
12	(A) compounds the drug product using bulk drug substances, as defined in regulations of the Secretary published at section 207.3(a)(4) of title 21 of the Code of Faderal Pagulations
14	of Federal Regulations—
5	(i) that—
6	(I) comply with the standards of an applicable United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary monograph, if a monograph exists, and the United States Pharmacopoeia chapter on pharmacy compounding;
7 8	(II) if such a monograph does not exist, are drug substances that are components of drugs approved by the Secretary; or
9 20	(III) if such a monograph does not exist and the drug substance is not a component of a drug approved by the Secretary, that appear on a list developed by the Secretary through regulations issued by the Secretary under subsection (c);
21	(ii) that are manufactured by an establishment that is registered under section
22	510 [21 USCA § 360] (including a foreign establishment that is registered under section 510(i) [21 USCA § 360(i)]); and
23	(iii) that are accompanied by valid certificates of analysis for each bulk drug substance;
24 25 26	(B) compounds the drug product using ingredients (other than bulk drug substances) that comply with the standards of an applicable United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary monograph, if a monograph exists, and the United States Pharmacopoeia chapter on pharmacy compounding;
27 28	(C) does not compound a drug product that appears on a list published by the Secretary in the Federal Register of drug products that have been withdrawn or
	16
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSAT

1	removed from the market because such drug products or components of such drug products have been found to be unsafe or not effective; and
2	
3	(D) does not compound regularly or in inordinate amounts (as defined by the Secretary) any drug products that are essentially copies of a commercially available drug product.
4	(2) Definition. For purposes of paragraph (1)(D), the term "essentially a copy
5	of a commercially available drug product" does not include a drug product in which there is a change, made for an identified individual patient, which produces for that
6 7	patient a significant difference, as determined by the prescribing practitioner, between the compounded drug and the comparable commercially available drug product.
8	(3) Drug product. A drug product may be compounded under subsection (a)
9	only if—
10 11	(A) such drug product is not a drug product identified by the Secretary by regulation as a drug product that presents demonstrable difficulties for compounding that reasonably demonstrate an adverse effect on the safety or effectiveness of that drug product; and
12	
	(B) such drug product is compounded in a State—
13 14	(i) that has entered into a memorandum of understanding with the Secretary which addresses the distribution of inordinate amounts of compounded drug products interstate and provides for appropriate investigation by a State agency of complaints
15	relating to compounded drug products distributed outside such State; or
16 17	(ii) that has not entered into the memorandum of understanding described in clause (i) and the licensed pharmacist, licensed pharmacy, or licensed physician distributes (or causes to be distributed) compounded drug products out of the State in which they are compounded in quantities that do not exceed 5 percent of the total
18	prescription orders dispensed or distributed by such pharmacy or physician.
19	The Secretary shall, in consultation with the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy, develop a standard memorandum of understanding for use by the States in complying with subparagraph (B)(i).
20	
21	(e) "Compounding" defined. As used in this section, the term "compounding" does not include mixing, reconstituting, or other such acts that are performed in
22	accordance with directions contained in approved labeling provided by the product's manufacturer and other manufacturer directions consistent with that labeling.
23	manufacturer and other manufacturer uncertoins consistent with that labeling.
24	45. 21 USCA section 353b states, in pertinent part:
25	(a) In general. Sections 502(f)(1), 505, and 582 [21 USCA §§ 352(f)(1), 355, and 360eee-1] shall not apply to a drug compounded by or under the direct
26	supervision of a licensed pharmacist in a facility that elects to register as an outsourcing facility if each of the following conditions is met:
27	(1) Registration and reporting. The drug is compounded in an outsourcing
28	facility that is in compliance with the requirements of subsection (b).
	17
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSAT

1	(2) Bulk drug substances. The drug is compounded in an outsourcing facility
2	that does not compound using bulk drug substances (as defined in section 207.3(a)(4) of title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulation)), unless—
3	(A)
4	(i) the bulk drug substance appears on a list established by the Secretary identifying bulk drug substances for which there is a clinical need, by—
5 6	(I) publishing a notice in the Federal Register proposing bulk drug substances to be included on the list, including the rationale for such proposal;
7	(II) providing a period of not less than 60 calendar days for comment on the notice; and
8 9	(III) publishing a notice in the Federal Register designating bulk drug substances for inclusion on the list; or
10 11	(ii) the drug compounded from such bulk drug substance appears on the drug shortage list in effect under section 506E [21 USCA § 356e] at the time of compounding, distribution, and dispensing;
12	(B) if an applicable monograph exists under the United States Pharmacopeia,
13	the National Formulary, or another compendium or pharmacopeia recognized by the Secretary for purposes of this paragraph, the bulk drug substances each comply with
14	the monograph;
15	(C) the bulk drug substances are each manufactured by an establishment that is registered under section 510 [21 USCA § 360] (including a foreign establishment that is registered under section 510(i)) [21 USCA § 360(i)]; and
16 17	(D) the bulk drug substances are each accompanied by a valid certificate of analysis.
18	(3) Ingredients (other than bulk drug substances) If any ingredients (other than
19	bulk drug substances) are used in compounding the drug, such ingredients comply with the standards of the applicable United States Pharmacopeia or National Formulary monograph, if such monograph exists, or of another compendium or
20	pharmacopeia recognized by the Secretary for purposes of this paragraph if any.
21	(4) Drugs withdrawn or removed because unsafe or not effective. The drug does not appear on a list published by the Secretary of drugs that have been
22	withdrawn or removed from the market because such drugs or components of such drugs have been found to be unsafe or not effective.
23	(5) Essentially a copy of an approved drug. The drug is not essentially a copy
24	of one or more approved drugs.
25	(6) Drugs presenting demonstrable difficulties for compounding. The drug—
26	(A) is not identified (directly or as part of a category of drugs) on a list published by the Secretary, through the process described in subsection (c), of drugs
27 28	or categories of drugs that present demonstrable difficulties for compounding that are reasonably likely to lead to an adverse effect on the safety or effectiveness of the drug or category of drugs, taking into account the risks and benefits to patients; or
20	18
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSA
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1	(B) is compounded in accordance with all applicable conditions identified on
2	the list described in subparagraph (A) as conditions that are necessary to prevent the drug or category of drugs from presenting the demonstrable difficulties described in subparagraph (A).
3	(7) Elements to assure safe use. In the case of a drug that is compounded from
4	a drug that is the subject of a risk evaluation and mitigation strategy approved with elements to assure safe use pursuant to section 505-1 [21 USCA § 355-1], or from a
5	bulk drug substance that is a component of such drug, the outsourcing facility demonstrates to the Secretary prior to beginning compounding that such facility will
6	utilize controls comparable to the controls applicable under the relevant risk evaluation and mitigation strategy.
7	(8) Prohibition on wholesaling. The drug will not be sold or transferred by an
8	entity other than the outsourcing facility that compounded such drug. This paragraph does not prohibit administration of a drug in a health care setting or dispensing a
9	drug pursuant to a prescription executed in accordance with section 503(b)(1) [21 USCA § 353(b)(1)].
10 11	(9) Fees. The drug is compounded in an outsourcing facility that has paid all fees owed by such facility pursuant to section 744K [21 USCA § 379j-62].
12	(10) Labeling of drugs.
13	(A) Label. The label of the drug includes—
14 15	(i) the statement "This is a compounded drug." or a reasonable comparable alternative statement (as specified by the Secretary) that prominently identifies the drug as a compounded drug;
16	(ii) the name, address, and phone number of the applicable outsourcing facility; and
17	(iii) with respect to the drug—
18	(I) the lot or batch number;
19	(II) the established name of the drug;
20 21	(III) the dosage form and strength;
22	(IV) the statement of quantity or volume, as appropriate;
23	(V) the date that the drug was compounded;
24	(VI) the expiration date;
25	(VII) storage and handling instructions;
26	(VIII) the National Drug Code number, if available;
27 28	(IX) the statement "Not for resale", and, if the drug is dispensed or distributed other than pursuant to a prescription for an individual identified patient, the statement "Office Use Only"; and
	19
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSA

 (iii) directions for use, including, as appropriate, dosage and administration. (C) Additional information. The label and labeling of the drug shall include any other information as determined necessary and specified in regulations bromulgated by the Secretary. (11) Outsourcing facility requirement. The drug is compounded in an poutsourcing facility in which the compounding of drugs occurs only in accordance with this section. (b) Registration of outsourcing facilities and reporting of drugs. (c) Drug reporting by outsourcing facilities. (A) In general. Upon initially registering as an outsourcing facility, once during the month of June of each year, and once during the month of December of each year, each outsourcing facility that registers with the Secretary under paragraph (1) shall submit to the Secretary a report— (i) identifying the drugs compounded by such outsourcing facility during the revious 6-month period; and (ii) with respect to each drug identified under clause (i), providing the active ngredient, the source of such active ingredient, if available, the strength of the active ngredient per unit, the dosage form and route of administration, the package description, the number of individual units produced, and the National Drug Code number of the final product, if assigned. (i) shall be subject to inspection pursuant to section 704 [21 USCA § 374]; and (ii) shall not be eligible for the exemption under section 704(a)(2)(A) [21 USCA § 374(a)(2)(A)].
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(C) Additional information. The label and labeling of the drug shall include any other information as determined necessary and specified in regulations
(iii) directions for use, including, as appropriate, dosage and administration.
(ii) the following information to facilitate adverse event reporting: www.fda.gov/medwatch and 1-800-FDA-1088 (or any successor Internet Web site or phone number); and
space on the label for such information;
(i) the information described under subparagraph (A)(iii)(X), if there is not
(B) Container. The container from which the individual units of the drug are removed for dispensing or for administration (such as a plastic bag containing individual product syringes) shall include—
identified by established name and the quantity or proportion of each ingredient.
(X) subject to subparagraph (B)(i), a list of active and inactive ingredients,

⁽OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	(B) Risk-based schedule. The Secretary, acting through one or more officers or employees duly designated by the Secretary, shall inspect outsourcing facilities in
2	accordance with a risk-based schedule established by the Secretary.
3 4	(C) Risk factors. In establishing the risk-based schedule, the Secretary shall inspect outsourcing facilities according to the known safety risks of such outsourcing facilities, which shall be based on the following factors:
5	(i) The compliance history of the outsourcing facility.
6	(ii) The record, history, and nature of recalls linked to the outsourcing facility.
7	(iii) The inherent risk of the drugs compounded at the outsourcing facility.
8	(iv) The inspection frequency and history of the outsourcing facility, including
9	whether the outsourcing facility has been inspected pursuant to section 704 [21 USCA § 374] within the last 4 years.
10	(v) Whether the outsourcing facility has registered under this paragraph as an
11	entity that intends to compound a drug that appears on the list in effect under section 506E [21 USCA § 356e].
12	(vi) Any other criteria deemed necessary and appropriate by the Secretary for
13	purposes of allocating inspection resources.
14 15	(5) Adverse event reporting. Outsourcing facilities shall submit adverse event reports to the Secretary in accordance with the content and format requirements established through guidance or regulation under section 310.305 of title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulations).
16	
17	(d) Definitions. In this section:
18	(1) The term "compounding" includes the combining, admixing, mixing, diluting, pooling, reconstituting, or otherwise altering of a drug or bulk drug substance to create a drug.
19	(2) The term "essentially a copy of an approved drug" means—
20	(A) a drug that is identical or nearly identical to an approved drug, or a
21	marketed drug not subject to section 503(b) [21 USCA § 353(b)] and not subject to approval in an application submitted under section 505 [21 USCA § 355], unless, in
22	the case of an approved drug, the drug appears on the drug shortage list in effect under section 506E [21 USCA § 356e] at the time of compounding, distribution, and
23	dispensing; or
24	(B) a drug, a component of which is a bulk drug substance that is a component of an approved drug or a marketed drug that is not subject to section 503(b) [21
25	USCA § 353(b)] and not subject to approval in an application submitted under section 505 [21 USCA § 355], unless there is a change that produces for an
26	individual patient a clinical difference, as determined by the prescribing practitioner,
27	between the compounded drug and the comparable approved drug.
28	(3) The term "approved drug" means a drug that is approved under section 505 [21 USCA § 355] and does not appear on the list described in subsection (a)(4) of
	21
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSAT

1	drugs that have been withdrawn or removed from the market because such drugs or
2	components of such drugs have been found to be unsafe or not effective
3	46. Code of Federal Regulations, title 21 (CFR), section 1302.03 states, in pertinent part:
4	(a) Each commercial container of a controlled substance (except for a
5 6	controlled substance excepted by the Administrator pursuant to § 1308.31 of this chapter) shall have printed on the label the symbol designating the schedule in which such controlled substance is listed. Each such commercial container, if it otherwise has no label, must bear a label complying with the requirement of this part.
7 8	(b) Each manufacturer shall print upon the labeling of each controlled substance distributed by him the symbol designating the schedule in which such controlled substance is listed.
9	(c) The following symbols shall designate the schedule corresponding thereto:
10	Schedule
11	Schedule ICI or C-I.Schedule IICII or C-II.
12	Schedule IIICIII or C-III.Schedule IVCIV or C-IV.Schedule VCV or C-V.
13	Schedule V CV or C-V.
14	The word "schedule" need not be used. No distinction need be made between narcotic and nonnarcotic substances
15	COST RECOVERY
16	47. Code section 125.3 provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the
17	administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of
18	the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and
19	enforcement of the case, with failure of the licentiate to comply subjecting the license to not being
20	renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be
21	included in a stipulated settlement.
22	DEFINITIONS
23	48. Aseptic process simulations (APS), also known as media fill, are studies conducted
24	on the aseptic filling process, which is simulated to the actual production procedure where the
25	product is replaced with growth media.
26	49. Fingertip Sampling Test is a required USP <797> test to assess the aseptic
27	technique of compounding personnel. The test assesses the amount of microbial contamination
28	present on the workers' gloved fingers.
	22
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

50. Food Chemical Codex (FCC). The FCC and associated Reference Materials enables you to verify the identity, quality, and purity of the food ingredients you buy and sell, which help to ensure the overall safety and integrity of the food ingredient supply chain. An FCC standard can be used to characterize ingredients used in food. Monographs in the FCC consist of tests and specifications for identification, assay and impurities, as well as other tests that help describe the purity and quality of the ingredient. FCC standards are reviewed and approved by independent experts.

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51. **ISO-Class 5 Environment** is an atmospheric environment that has less than 100 particles >0.5 microns or larger per cubic foot in compliance with the ISO/TC209 International Cleanroom Standards.

11 52. Lyophilization is a low temperature dehydration process where the product is frozen,
12 the pressure lowered, and ice removed by sublimation. Lyophilization allows for ease of storage,
13 shipping, and reconstitution to the product's original form for injection.

14 53. Methionine is a sulfur-containing essential amino acid that is a constituent of most
15 proteins.

16 54. Out-of-Specification Investigation. A required element of the Quality Assurance
17 Plan required as described in CCR section 1735.8 in response to a product test result outside its
18 specification limits. A written procedure, i.e., SOP, must exist that describes the methodology for
19 performing an OOS investigation. OOS investigations must be documented.

55. "Prescriber's Office" or "prescriber office" as defined by 16 CCR 1735.1,
subdivision (aa), means an office or suite of offices in which a prescriber regularly sees patients
for outpatient diagnosis and treatment. This definition does not include any hospital, pharmacy, or
other facility, whether or not separately licensed, that may be affiliated with, adjacent to, or coowned by, the prescriber's practice environment.

56. Settle Plates, also known as sedimentation plates or settling plates, are used in the
pharmaceutical industry for semi-quantitative determination of microbial contamination in the air.
The plate is typically a petri dish containing an agar medium. The plate is opened and exposed
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1	over a given period of time, allowing microbe-bearing particles to deposit onto the plate. The	
2	number of microbe bearing particles deposited onto the agar surface of the plate over the period	
3	of exposure is ascertained by incubating the plate and counting the number of microbial colonies	
4	(colony-forming units, [CFUs]).	
5	57. Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) is a documented method or set of written	
6	directions to complete a specific process(es).	
7	58. USP 797 is a publication issued by the United States Pharmacopeia (USP) that sets	
8	forth standards for preparing compounded sterile preparations (CSPs).	
9	59. USP-NF is the United States Pharmacopeia-National Formulary, a comprehensive	
10	source for over 5,000 quality standards for medicines, active pharmaceutical ingredients (API),	
11	and inactive ingredients.	
12	60. USP Monographs. USP-NF publishes monographs that articulate the quality	
13	expectations for medicines approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (US FDA),	
14	including the medication identity, strength, purity and performance. Monographs also describe	
15	the tests to validate that a medicine and its ingredients meet USP-NF criteria.	
16	DRUG DESCRIPTIONS	
17	61. Amino Blend Injection, compounded by Respondent, contains glutamine, ornithine	
18	hydrochloride, arginine hydrochloride, lysine hydrochloride, citrulline, levocarnitine, benzyl	
19	alcohol, and sterile water for injection (SWFI). It is a dangerous drug within the meaning of	
20	Code section 4022. There is no FDA approved indication for this drug.	
21	62. Ascorbic acid injection (brand name <i>Acor</i> ®) is indicated for short term treatment of	
22	scurvy in patients for whom oral administration is not possible, insufficient, or contraindicated. I	t
23	is a dangerous drug within the meaning of Code section 4022.	
24	63. Bacteriostatic water is a sterile, nonpyrogenic preparation of water for injection use	b
25	to dilute or dissolve drugs for injection, and is a dangerous drug within the meaning of Code	
26	section 4022.	
27	64. Biotin injection, compounded by Respondent, is a dangerous drug within the	
28	meaning of Code section 4022. There is no FDA approved indication for this drug.	
	24	
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION	

65. Benzocaine/Lidocaine/Tetracaine (BLT), Formula ID #7409, compounded by 1 2 Respondent, is a non-sterile drug preparation for topical application. 66. Butylated hydroxytoluene (BHT) is a synthetic organic chemical compounding 3 which inhibits oxidation of unsaturated organic compounds. It is often used in food, cosmetics, 4 and pharmaceutical applications to prevent oxidation. 5 67. Formula ID #6924, non-sterile preparations, compounded by Respondent, is 6 comprised of minoxidil/ fluocinolone/retinoic acid 5/0.01/0.01%. 7 68. Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (HCG) injection, compounded by Respondent, is 8 9 a Schedule III controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 11056, subdivision (f)(32), and a dangerous drug within the meaning of Code section 4022. 10 69. Gluthathione injection, compounded by Respondent, is a dangerous drug within the 11 meaning of Code section 4022. There is no FDA approved indication for this drug. 12 70. Lipo-Mino-Mix injection, compounded by Respondent, is comprised of amino acids, 13 including methionine, and B vitamins, and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Code section 4022. 14 LipoStat Plus Injection, compounded by Respondent, contains methionine, choline 71. 15 chloride, inositol, hydroxocobalamin hydrochloride (vitamin B12), pyridoxine hydrochloride 16 (vitamin B6), benzyl alcohol, and SWFI. It is a dangerous drug within the meaning of Code 17 section 4022. There is no FDA approved indication for this drug. 18 NAD/NAD+, is Nicotinamide Adenine Diculeotide, a central oxidation/reduction 19 72. cofactor for various metabolic processes. 2021 73. **Olympia Vita-Complex Injection**, compounded by Respondent, contains thiamine hydrochloride (vitamin B1), niacinamide (vitamin B3), riboflavin (vitamin B2), dexpanthenol 22 (vitamin B5), pyridoxine hydrochloride (vitamin B6), benzyl alcohol, and SWFI. It is a 23 24 dangerous drug within the meaning of Code section 4022. There is no FDA approved indication for this drug. 25

26 74. QM-2 injection, compounded by Respondent, contains papaverine, phentolamine,
27 alprostadil, and atropine. It is a dangerous drug within the meaning of Code section 4022. There
28 is no FDA approved indication for this drug.

75. **Sermorelin Acetate injection**, compounded by Respondent, is a human growth hormone-releasing hormone (GHRH or GRF) used for diagnostic evaluation of pituitary function and also for increasing growth in children. It is a dangerous drug pursuant to Code section 4022.

76. **Testosterone Cypionate injection** (Respondent's tradename Ultratest), compounded by Respondent, comes only in the form of an injectable solution given into a muscle. It is used to treat symptoms of hypogonadism in males (a condition where males do not produce enough of the sex hormone testosterone). It is a Schedule III controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 11056, subdivision (f)(30), and a dangerous drug pursuant to Code section 4022.

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BACKGROUND INFORMATION – MARCH 2019 INVESTIGATION

77. On or about March 8, 2019, the Board received a complaint alleging that ascorbic
acid compounded and sold by Respondent was essentially a copy of a commercially available
ascorbic acid product. The complaint initiated an investigation by Board inspectors that revealed
multiple violations of pharmacy laws and regulations.

78. In the course of the Board's investigation, Respondent was asked to provide 14 documentation establishing the source of the ascorbic acid that Respondent used as the active 15 pharmaceutical ingredient (API) to compound its injectable ascorbic acid. Respondent's 16 Representative, "C.E." provided, inter alia, Certificates of Analysis (COAs) for ascorbic acid 17 from United Foods Corporation (United Foods) and Northeast Pharmaceutical Group Co., Ltd. 18 19 (Northeast). United Foods and Northeast are not registered as manufacturers with the FDA. Respondent's compounding log showed that on January 8, 2018, it used ascorbic acid from Letco, 20Lot No. 160630046, in its injectable ascorbic acid, Lot No. A95008. The source of Letco's 21 ascorbic acid was Northeast, Batch No. DY026160757. The COA for Northeast Batch No. 22 DY026160757 described Northeast's ascorbic acid as a food additive and showed levels of heavy 23 24 metals, arsenic, lead, bacteria, and mercury.

79. The inspectors asked Respondent for further documentation establishing the source
manufacturer of ascorbic acid for 14 lots of injectable ascorbic acid that Respondent compounded
between January 8, 2018, and March 24, 2020. C.E. responded that Respondent purchased
ascorbic acid from Fagron, a repackager for Shandong Luwei Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd. (Shandong

Luwei), and Medisca, a repackager for Shandong Tianli Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (Shandong Tianli). Shandong Luwei was listed on the COA for Fagron Batch #19E06-U01-050888, which was used in five of Respondent's lots. Other COAs produced by Respondent for ascorbic acid from Fagron did not disclose the manufacturer. Shandong Luwei and Shandong Tianli are not registered with the FDA. As depicted in the table below, between at least November 1, 2019, and March 24, 2020, Respondent compounded and furnished eleven lots of injectable ascorbic acid made with ascorbic acid obtained from sources that were not registered with the FDA.

	Date Compounded	Preserved Ascorbic Acid Injectable -	Compounded with Ascorbic Acid	Quantity of 30 ml. Vials Sold
	compounded	Respondent's Lot #	Fagron Batch #	in CA
	11/01/19	L18001	19H12-U01-001508	66
	12/04/19	L24004	19E06-U01-050888	65
(01/08/20	A24008	19E06-U01-050888	89
(01/18/20	A41115	19E06-U01-050888	81
(01/22/20	A41122	19E06-U01-050888	70
(01/29/20	A24029	19E06-U01-050888	45
(02/26/20	B24026	19H12-U01-001509	48
(03/12/20	C41112	19H12-U01-001509	41
	03/19/20	C44019	19H12-U01-001509	53
	03/20/20	C44020	19H12-U01-001509	64
(03/24/20	C41024	19H12-U01-001507	104
				Total 726

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17 80. The inspectors found that between at least November 1, 2019, and March 24, 2020, 18 Respondent failed to include instructions for storage, handling, and administration on labels for 19 the eleven lots of injectable preserved ascorbic acid set forth above in the table in paragraph 79. The inspectors requested Respondent's records of sales in California of any 20 81. 21 compounded sterile preparation containing ascorbic acid or sodium ascorbate between January 1, 22 2020, and May 1, 2020. In response, C.E. provided data that revealed that between January 1, 2020, and May 1, 2020, Respondent compounded and furnished at least 186,972 mL (6,232 vials 23 24 containing 30 mL each) of ascorbic acid for non-patient specific distribution within or into 25 California. Non-patient specific medication can only be distributed in the State of California by 26 an outsourcing facility registered in the State of California. Respondent was not licensed as an 27 outsourcing facility in the State of California in this period. 28 ///

82. The inspectors found that between at least January 1, 2020, and May 1, 2020, 2 Respondent's labels for at least 186,972 mL (6,232 vials containing 30 mL each) of ascorbic acid compounded for non-patient specific distribution in California stated that "Olympia Pharmacy is 3 an FDA registered as [sic] a 503b outsourcing facility". The labels are misleading to consumers 4 in California as this location is not licensed nor inspected by the Board to the standard of an 5 outsourcing facility. 6

83. The inspectors requested documentation for any order Respondent sent as "office 7 8 use", including purchase orders from prescribers or other documentation that listed the number of 9 patients seen or to be seen in the prescriber's office for whom the drug was needed or anticipated and the quantity for each patient sufficient for office administration. The inspectors also asked 10 for documentation of each order shipped showing delivery of the order to the prescriber's office 11 with a signature and a statement that the agent signing for the dangerous drugs was authorized to 12 do so. In response, C.E. informed the inspectors that orders for its injectable ascorbic acid were 13 14 placed using a portal system or an "office use order form", and that the orders were not shipped with a signature required. The inspectors asked C.E. for documentation showing that the 15 providing pharmacist had a credible basis to conclude that quantities provided were reasonable 16 for office use considering the intended use of the compounded drug and the nature of the 17 prescriber's practice. C.E. informed the inspectors that the prescriber placing an order entered a 18 19 determination of their office use of the drug on the office use order form. C.E. also stated that Respondent compounded the ascorbic acid as an FDA approved outsourcing facility, thereby 2021 confirming that Respondent was compounding and furnishing ascorbic acid for non-patient specific distribution within or into California as an outsourcing facility when Respondent was not 22 licensed to do so. 23

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FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Failure to Properly Label Compounded Drug Preparations)

Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to 26 84. Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law. Specifically, as 27 set forth above in paragraph 80, between at least November 1, 2019, and March 24, 2020, 28

1	Respondent failed to include on its labels instructions for the storage, handling, and
2	administration of ascorbic acid, preserved ascorbic acid, in violation of Code section 4076, and
3	CCR sections 1751.2, 1707.5, and 1735.4.
4	SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
5	(Failure to Maintain Quality of Compounded Sterile Preparations)
6	85. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
7	Code section 4301, subdivision and (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law. Specifically,
8	Respondent violated CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (g), when, between at least January 8,
9	2018, and March 24, 2020, it compounded and furnished injectable ascorbic acid, which lacked
10	quality, ¹ in that the ascorbic acid ingrediants used for compounding was a food additive and
11	showed harmful levels of heavy metals, arsenic, lead, bacteria, and mercury, as set forth above in
12	paragraphs 78 and 79. The ascorbic acid ingrediants lacked quality and were not appropriate for
13	use in compounding sterile injectable preparations.
14	THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
15	(Adulterated Preparations)
16	86. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
17	Code section 4301, subdivisions (j) and (o), in that Respondent violated statutes regulating
18	dangerous drugs and pharmacy law. Specifically, as set forth above in paragraphs 78 and 79,
19	between at least January 8, 2018, and March 24, 2020, Respondent compounded and furnished
20	injectable ascorbic acid, which was, or may have been, contaminated with filth, putrid, or
21	decomposed substances, and was therefore adulterated pursuant to Health & Saf. Code sections
22	111250, 111255, and/or 21 USCA 351, subdivision (a), in violation of Code section 4169,
23	subdivision (a)(2), Health & Saf. Code section 111295, and 21 USCA section 331,
24	subdivision (a).
25	///
26	///
27	///
28	¹ As defined by CCR section 1735.1, subdivision (ae).
	29
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
2	(Unlicensed Nonresident Outsourcing Facility Compounding/Furnishing Drugs)
3	87. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
4	Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law. Specifically, as
5	set forth above in paragraph 81, between at least January 1, 2020, and May 1, 2020, Respondent
6	compounded and furnished at least 186,972 mL (6,232 vials containing 30 mL each) of ascorbic
7	acid for non-patient specific distribution within or into California. Respondent was not licensed
8	by the Board as an outsourcing facility to furnish its compounded drugs in the State of California,
9	a violation of Code section 4129, subdivision (a).
10	FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
11	(Failure to Comply with Furnish a Reasonable Quantity for Prescriber Office Use)
12	88. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
13	Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law, as follows:
14	a. As set forth above in paragraph 83, between at least January 1, 2020, and
15	May 1, 2020, Respondent compounded and furnished injectable drug preparations for non-patient
16	specific distribution within or into California, in violation of CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (c),
17	in that Respondent failed to:
18	(i) use a purchase order or other documentation that showed the number of
19	patients seen or to be seen in the prescribers office for whom the drug was intended,
20	in violation of CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (c)(1);
21	(ii) ensure the quantity for each patient was sufficient for office
22	administration, in violation of CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (c)(3);
23	(iii) obtain the prescriber's signature or signature of their agent upon delivery,
24	in violation of CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (c)(2);
25	(iv) have a credible basis for concluding that the quantity was reasonable for
26	the prescriber's office use, in violation of CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (c)(4);
27	(v) have knowledge that the amount compounded was in compliance with
28	pharmaceutical standards, in violation of CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (c)(5); and
	30
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	(vi) confirm that the amount did not exceed that which Respondent could
2	reasonable and safely compound, in violation of CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (c)(6).
3	SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
4	(Compounding and Furnishing Misbranded Drugs)
5	89. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
6	Code section 4301, subdivisions (j) and (o), in that Respondent violated statutes regulating
7	dangerous drugs and pharmacy law. Specifically, between at least January 1, 2020, and May 1,
8	2020, Respondent violated Code section 4169, subdivision (a)(3), and Health and Safety Code
9	sections 111330, 111335, and 111445, in that it sold or transferred dangerous drugs that it knew,
10	or should have known were misbranded, in that it failed to meet predefined specifications, failed
11	to follow USP-NF compounding standards, failed to meet labeling requirements, lacked sterility
12	assurance, failed to maintain quality of its CSPs, and compounded adulterated CSPs, and as
13	follows:
14	a. As set forth above in paragraphs 84, through 87, and 90 below; and,
15	b. Respondent compounded and furnished injectable ascorbic acid for non-patient
16	specific distribution within or into California that was labeled, "Olympia Pharmacy is an FDA
17	registered as a 503b outsourcing facility", as set forth above in paragraph 82. In fact, the labels
18	were misleading, in that Respondent is not licensed as an outsourcing facility in the State of
19	California.
20	SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
21	(Misbranded – Compounding with Active Ingredient from Unregistered Manufacturer)
22	90. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
23	Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law. Specifically, as
24	set forth above in paragraphs 78 and 79, between at least November 1, 2019, and March 24, 2020,
25	Respondent compounded and furnished eleven lots of injectable ascorbic acid made with an
26	active pharmaceutical ingredient, ascorbic acid, obtained from manufacturers Shandong Luwei,
27	Shandong Tianli, and Northeast, that were not registered with the FDA as required by 21 USCA
28	353a, subdivision (b)(1)(A)(ii) and/or 21 USCA 353b, subdivision (a)(2)(C). The injectable
	31
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

ascorbic acid drug compounds were misbranded under Health and Safety Code section 111430,
 and 21 USCA section 352, subdivision (o). Respondents sold 726 30ml vials of misbranded
 injectable ascorbic acid in California, in violation of Health and Safety Code sections 111440 and
 111445, and 21 USCA 331, subdivision (a).

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BACKGROUND INFORMATION – MAY 2020 INVESTIGATION

91. In or around May 2020, Board Inspector "P.P-S." (Inspector P.) received a query from a representative of an unlicensed third party entity that purchased and resold Respondent's outsourced product. The Board commenced an investigation of Respondent. Inspector P. found that Respondent was in violation of multiple laws and regulations.

In the course of the Board's investigation, Board Inspector P. requested from 10 92. Respondent, and received documentation for, product that was shipped to a party and invoiced to 11 a third party for the period November 2019 through June 5, 2020. Inspector P. found that 12 Respondent was providing commercially available products to third party supplier Legere 13 14 Pharmaceuticals (Legere), including HCG injection, ascorbic acid injection, bacteriostatic water for injection, sildenafil, and tadalifil. "C.E.", Respondent's representative, explained, in part, that 15 Respondent, a federally registered outsourcing facility, dispensed compounded drugs to 16 California patients and practitioners with the marketing assistance of Legere. Inspector P. found 17 that Respondent shipped its product directly to the patient or practitioner and used Legere as a 18 19 third-party logistics provider to resell it. Legere was not licensed as a third party logistics provider in California and federal law prohibits the resale of outsourced pharmaceutical products. 20

Inspector P. requested Respondent's batch records with COAs for bulk API used for 21 93. several of Respondent's products, sales data, and documentation of Respondent's justification for 22 compounding commercially available products. Inspector P. also requested documentation 23 24 showing that Respondent completed in vivo scientific studies enabling Respondent to make claims regarding dissolution characteristics of the products such as slow release or rapidly 25 dissolving. Inspector P. reviewed records produced by Respondent and found nine of the batch 26 records and Legere sales data between on or about June 1, 2019, and June 30, 2020, revealed the 27 following: 28

Compounded Drug	Qty. Vials Sold	Volume/ Vial	Date Made	Batch Lot#	Inspector P.'		
Ascorbic Acid 500 mg./mL	1,308	30 mL	03/12/2020	C41112	Findings* i, ii, iii, x		
multi dose injectable	1,500	SUME	03/12/2020	011112	1, 11, 111, 1		
Glutathione 20 mg./mL	569	5 mL	03/11/2020	C24011	iv		
Glutathione 20 mg./mL	611	30 mL	03/11/2020	C24011	iv		
Biotin 0.05% injectable	293		02/19/2020	B24019	iii, iv		
Olympia Vita Complex injectable	1,056	30 mL	02/25/2020	B44025	iii, v		
LipoStat Plus multidose vial injectable	1,516	30 mL	02/24/2020	B24024	iii, vi		
Amino Blend multidose injectable	342	30 mL	06/25/2020	F41125	vii		
Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (HCG) 5000 IU	411	Single use	08/21/2019	H18021	viii, x		
single use vial for reconstitution and injection							
HCG 10000 IU single use vial for reconstitution and injection	1,188	Single use	08/19/2019	H24019	ix, x		
(including bacteriostatic water for reconstitution)							
HCG 10000 IU single use vial for reconstitution and injection	79	Single use	08/19/2019	H24019	ix, x		
Bacteriostatic water for injection/reconstitution with	1,188	Single Use	08/26/2019	H9026	i, x		
HCG Bacteriostatic water for	54	10 mL	08/26/2019	H9026	i, x		
injection/reconstitution with HCG (Individual vials)							
*Inspector P.' Findings:							
i. Respondent used AP	[that cou	ld not be de	etermined from	the COA a	as suitable fo		
injectable compound	C						
ii. Respondent was notit			_	ior investig	ation that thi		
essentially a copy of iii. The label did not stat		-	-				
iv. Respondent used a di							
-				vin, niacina	mide.		
 Respondent used dietary supplement grade API (riboflavin, niacinamide, dexpanthenol, pyridoxine, thiamine). 							
dexpanthenol, pyrido							
	ary supp	hydroxocobalamin, pyridoxine); and, food grade (FCC) API (choline, inositol).					
vi. Respondent used diet	• • • •	-	,	API (choli	ne, inositol).		
vi. Respondent used diet	• • • •	-	,	API (choli	ne, inositol).		
vi. Respondent used diet hydroxocobalamin, p	• • • •	-	,	API (choli	ne, inositol).		

Respondent used ornithine API, which does not have a USP Monograph, and vii. 1 2 glutamine API with a COA that states, "This product is not intended for API usage." viii. Respondent used dietary supplement grade mannitol API. 3 ix. Respondent used excipient grade mannitol. 4 Commercially available product not in shortage. 5 х. Inspector P. found that, for all of the nine batches set forth in the table above, the COA for the 6 product manufacturer was not included, Respondent's labels stated Olympia was a registered 7 8 503B outsourcing facility (omitting that it was not registered as a nonresident outsourcing facility 9 in California), and directions for use were not on the labels. Inspector P. found that, as stated above in paragraph 93, between on or about June 1, 10 94. 2019, and June 30, 2020, Respondent compounded adulterated injectables using inappropriate 11 API; and, labeled injectable ascorbic acid, preserved ascorbic acid, glutathione, biotin, Olympia 12 Vita-Complex, LipoStat Plus, Amino Blend, HCG, and bacteriostatic water, with, "Olympia 13 14 Pharmacy is FDA Registered as a 503B Outsource facility". The labels did not have directions for use and stated "For Office Use Only" but the volume exceeded that allowable for office use. 15 Inspector P. also found that, as stated above in paragraph 93, between on or about June 1, 2019, 16 and June 30, 2020, Respondent compounded HCG IU lyophilized with bacteriostatic water 17 provided for reconstitution for injection that was essentially a copy of a commercially available 18 product. Respondent never provided an adequate medical justification for doing so. 19 95. Respondent did not provide records establishing that between at least June 1, 2019, 20 21 and June 30, 2020, Respondent had a credible basis to conclude that quantities of compounds provided were reasonable for office use of sterile injectables compounded and furnished within or 22 into California for non-patient specific distribution. 23 24 96. Respondent did not provide purchase orders from prescribers or other documentation that listed the number of patients seen or to be seen in the prescribers' office for whom the drug 25 was needed or anticipated and the quantity for each patient sufficient for office administration. 26 Respondent did not provide documentation showing delivery of the order to a prescribers' office 27 /// 28

with a signature and a statement that the agent signing for the dangerous drugs was authorized to do so.

3	EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE				
4	(Failure to Properly Label Compounded Drug Preparations)				
5	97. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to			nduct pursuant to	
6	Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law. Specifically, as			v. Specifically, as	
7	set forth above in paragraph 93 and 94, between at least on or about June 1, 2019, and June 30,			019, and June 30,	
8	2020, Respondent failed to include on its labels on vials of sterile injectables for non-patient			for non-patient	
9	specific dis	tribution within or i	nto Californi	a instructions for the storage, hand	lling, and
10	administrat	ion of: ascorbic acid	l, preserved a	ascorbic acid, glutathione, biotin, (Olympia Vita-
11	Complex, L	LipoStat Plus, Amin	o Blend, HC	G, and bacteriostatic water, in viol	ation of Code
12	_	6, and CCR section			
13				SE FOR DISCIPLINE	
14				of Compounded Sterile Prepar	ations)
15	98.		-	inary action for unprofessional co	
16	Code sectio		-		-
17	Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law. Specifically, Respondent violated CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (g), when, between at least on or about				
18	June 1, 2019, and June 30, 2020, as set forth above in paragraphs 93 and 94, Respondent				
19			-	wing drugs that lacked quality:	
	compounde				7
20		No. Vials	Volume/ Vial	Drug	
21		1,308		Ascorbic Acid 500 mg./mL	
22		<u>569</u> 611	5 mL 30 mL	Gluthathione Gluthathione	_
		293	10 mL	Biotin 0.05% injectable	-
23		1,056	30 mL	Olympia Vita-Complex	
24		1.51(20 1	Injection	_
		1,516 342	30 mL 30 mL	LipoStat Plus Injection Amino Blend Injection	_
25		512	50 1112	Timilo Diena injection	
26	////				
27	///				
28	///				
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1	TENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE		
2	(Adulterated Preparations)		
3	99. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to		
4	Code section 4301, subdivisions (j) and (o), in that Respondent violated statutes regulating		
5	dangerous drugs and pharmacy law. Specifically, between at least on or about June 1, 2019, and		
6	June 30, 2020, as set forth above in paragraphs 93 and 94, Respondent compounded and the		
7	following drugs which were, or may have been, contaminated with filth, putrid, or decomposed		
8	substances, and were therefore adulterated pursuant to Health & Saf. Code sections 111250,		
9	111255, and/or 21 USCA 351, subdivision (a), in violation of Code section 4169, subdivision		
10	(a)(2), Health & Saf. Code section 111295, and 21 USCA section 331, subdivision (a).		
11			
12	No. Vials Volume/ Drug Vial		
13	1,30830 mLAscorbic Acid 500 mg./mL5694 mLGluthathione		
14	61130 mLGluthathione29310 mLBiotin 0.05% injectable		
15	1,05630 mLOlympia Vita-Complex Injection1,51630 mLLipoStat Plus Injection		
16	342 30 mL Amino Blend Injection		
17	ELEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE		
18	(Unlicensed Nonresident Outsourcing Facility Compounding/Furnishing Drugs)		
19	100. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to		
20	Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law. Specifically, as		
21	set forth above in paragraphs 93 and 94, between at least on or about June 1, 2019, and June 30,		
22	2020, Respondent compounded and furnished sterile injectables for non-patient specific		
23	distribution within or into California. Respondent was not licensed by the Board as an		
24	outsourcing facility to furnish its compounded drugs in the State of California, a violation of		
25	Code sections 4129, subdivision (a), and 4129.2, subdivision (a).		
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION		

1	TWELFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
2	(Failure to Comply with Requirements to Furnish a Reasonable Quantity for Prescriber
3	Office Use)
4	101. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
5	Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law, as follows:
6	a. As set forth above in paragraphs 93 through 96, between at least on or about
7	June 1, 2019, and June 30, 2020, Respondent compounded and furnished vials of sterile
8	injectable drug preparations for non-patient specific distribution within or into California, in
9	violation of CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (c), in that Respondent failed to:
10	(i) use a purchase order or other documentation that showed the number of
11	patients seen or to be seen in the prescribers office for whom the drug was intended, in violation
12	of CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (c)(1);
13	(ii) ensure the quantity for each patient was sufficient for office
14	administration, in violation of CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (c)(3);
15	(iii) obtain the prescriber's signature or signature of their agent upon delivery,
16	in violation of CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (c)(2);
17	(iv) have a credible basis for concluding that the quantity was reasonable for
18	the prescriber's office use, in violation of CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (c)(4);
19	(v) have knowledge that the amount compounded was in compliance with
20	pharmaceutical standards, in violation of CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (c)(5); and
21	(vi) confirm that the amount did not exceed that which Respondent could
22	reasonable and safely compound, in violation of CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (c)(6).
23	THIRTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
24	(Compounding and Furnishing Misbranded Drugs)
25	102. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
26	Code section 4301, subdivisions (j) and (o), in that Respondent violated statutes regulating
27	dangerous drugs and pharmacy law. Specifically, as set forth above in paragraphs 93 and 94,
28	between at least on or about June 1, 2019, to June 30, 2020, Respondent violated Code section
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	4169, subdivision (a)(3), and Health and Safety Code sections 111330, 111335, and 111445,
2	when it compounded and furnished sterile injectables for non-patient specific distribution within
3	or into California with labels that stated that Olympia Pharmacy is an FDA Registered as a 503b
4	outsourcing facility. Such labels were misleading in that, in fact, Respondent is not licensed as an
5	outsourcing facility in the State of California.
6	FOURTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
7	(Compounding Limitations and Requirements)
8	103. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
9	Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law. Specifically, as
10	set forth above in paragraphs 93 and 94, between at least on or about June 1, 2019, and June 30,
11	2020, Respondent compounded and dispensed products that were copies of commercially
12	available products, including vials of HCG lyophilized injection, HCG IU lyophilized with
13	bacteriostatic water provided for reconstitution, HCG IU lyophilized for reconstitution,
14	bacteriostatic water for injection with HCG, and bacteriostatic water for injection. Respondent
15	did so without documenting that the drugs were in short supply or that a medical need was made
16	known to Respondent prior to compounding, in violation of CCR section 1735.2, subdivision
17	(d)(3).
18	BACKGROUND INFORMATION – OCTOBER 2021 INSPECTION
19	104. On or about October 7, 2021, Board inspector J.F. (Inspector J.F.) requested from
20	Respondent documentation to facilitate renewal of its Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit
21	No. NSC 100818.
22	105. On or about October 18, 2021, Inspector J.F. conducted an onsite, annual,
23	nonresident sterile compounding renewal inspection of Respondent's facility in Orlando, Florida.
24	In addition to his October 7, 2021, request for documentation, Inspector J.F. subsequently
25	requested, and Respondent provided, numerous documents for evaluation. On or about
26	October 19, 2021, after reviewing Respondent's documentation and conclusion of the on-site
27	inspection, Inspector J.F. provided Respondent with an inspection report that included "Written
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Notice" for multiple violations of Pharmacy Law and an "Order of Correction". The cited violations are set forth below.

Written Notice #1

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106. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent compounded and distributed cyanocobalamin 4 2mg/mL, calcium chloride 100rng/mL, preserved diluent, lidocaine 1%/2%, magnesium chloride 5 200mg/mL, testosterone cyp 200mg/mL, pyridoxine 100mg/mL, and acetylcysteine 200mg/mL, 6 drugs that were essentially copies of commercially available medications.² Respondent did not 7 8 document drug shortages or a specific medical need known to Respondent prior to compounding 9 those drugs. On or about October 19, 2021, Inspector J.F. notified Respondent in writing that it was in violation of 16 CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (d)(3) (a pharmacy shall not compound a 10 copy of a commercially available drug product unless it establishes and documents that the drug 11 is in short supply and is justified by a specific medical need). 12

13 Written Notice #2

14 107. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent continued to compound injectable drug products using bulk ingredients that are either dietary grade and do not have an applicable 15 USP/NF drug monograph, or are sourced from manufacturers without active FDA registration. 16 For example, Respondent compounded NAD, alpha lipoic acid, choline chloride, glutathione, and 17 methylcobalarnin that either are dietary grade and do not have an applicable USP/NF drug 18 19 monograph, or are sourced from manufacturers without active FDA registration. On or about October 19, 2021, Inspector J.F. notified Respondent in writing that it was in violation of Health 2021 and Safety Code section 111250, section 503A of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, and FDA guidance for industry document Insanitary Conditions at Compounding Facilities. 22 Written Notice #3 23

- 108. Inspector J.F. found that of 100 CSPs being produced by Respondent at the time of
 the investigation, 45 had not been fully tested and verified by Respondent for stability to support
 an extended beyond-use date (BUD), including, but not limited to, methylcobalamin (6 month
 BUD), glutathione (4 month BUD), Myer's Cocktail (6 month BUD), Semorelin Acetate (12
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 2 The listed drug products are dangerous drugs within the meaning of Code section 4022.

month BUD), Olympia Vita Complex (6 month BUD), NAD+ (12 month BUD), and Tri-Immune 1 2 Boost (6 month BUD). On or about October 19, 2021, Inspector J.F. notified Respondent in writing that it was in violation of 16 CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (i)(3)(C), which requires a 3 stability study for a sterile CSP with an extended BUD. 4

109. On or about October 25, 2021, and October 26, 2021, Respondent affirmed that it did 5 not intend to dispense or distribute products to California that did not possess completed stability 6 data to support the extended BUD or products that did not conform to default USP BUD 7 8 requirements. Respondent committed to providing completed stability data to support extended 9 BUDs. The status of stability studies for products cited in Written Notice #3 was provided with 10 estimated completion dates, as follows:

Compound ³	BUD	Status	Estimated Completion Date
Methylcobalamin	6 months	Method validation	July 2022
_		in process	_
Glutathione	4 months	Study in progress	April 2022
Myer's Cocktail	6 months	Study in progress	July 2022
Semorelin Acetate	12 months	Study in progress	July 2022
Olympia Vita Complex	6 months	Study in progress	July 2022
NAD+	6 months	Study in progress	December 2022
Tri-Immune Boost	6 months	Study in process	September 2022

17 Written Notice #4

18 110. Inspector J.F. found that instructions on labels for vials that contained CSPs differed 19 from the studied storage condition during stability. For example, phenylephrine HCL was stored 20 at 25C +/- 2C during stability evaluation, yet the final label lists the storage condition as 15-30C. 21 Further, some of Respondent's frozen products had alternate storage conditions and extended 22 BUDs without a valid stability study to support those conditions. For example, QM-2 requires 23 frozen storage. Respondent's label states, "Refrigerate after first use up to 90 days". On or about 24 October 19, 2021, Inspector J.F. notified Respondent in writing that it was in violation of 16 CCR 25 section 1751.2, subdivision (b) (label shall include instructions for storage, handling, and 26 administration), and/or 16 CCR section 1735.2(i)(3)(C) (BUD for CSPs only allowed when 27 supported by stability studies).

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³ The compounds listed are dangerous drugs within the meaning of Code section 4022.

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Written Notice #5

111. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent continued to furnish non-patient specific
orders within California, yet did not hold a Nonresident Outsourcing license. This was a repeat of
the violation cited in the Board's May 2020 inspection, set forth above in paragraphs 82 and 83.
On or about October 19, 2021, Inspector J.F. notified Respondent in writing that it was in
violation of Code section 4129.2, subdivision (a) (FDA-licensed outsourcing facility shall be
concurrently licensed as an outsourcing facility in California if distributing CSPs in California).
Written Notice #6

9 112. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent failed to collect and document necessary information prior to furnishing a reasonable quantity of compounded product for prescribers' 10 office use. Inspector J.F. found that orders were not accompanied by the number of patients seen 11 or to be seen in the prescriber's office for whom the drug was intended; did not ensure that the 12 quantity for each patient was sufficient for office administration; and/or did not require the 13 14 prescriber's signature or the signature of their agent upon delivery (for all orders). On or about October 19, 2021, Inspector J.F. notified Respondent in writing that it was in violation of CCR 15 section 1735.2, subdivision (c) (reasonable quantity of CSP furnished to prescriber is to be 16 delivered to prescriber's office and must be signed by prescriber or prescriber's agent). 17 113. On or about November 24, 2021, Inspector J.F. reviewed Respondent's distribution 18 records for the period November 17, 2021, to November 18, 2021. Of the 36 products that were 19

20 shipped, nine did not have the required documentation.

21 Order of Correction, No. 1

114. Inspector J.F. found that a written notice of a patient's right to a consultation with a
pharmacist was not provided in Respondent's shipment to a prescriber in California. Further,
Respondent was only open five days a week and so could not provide a patient with a
consultation six days per week during regular hours of operation.

26 115. On or about October 20, 2021, in response to the Order of Correction No. 1 issued by
27 the Board, above, Respondent committed to modify by October 31, 2021, the patient consultation

leaflet that accompanied its shipping orders to in order to comply with the consultation

2 requirements.

Order of Correction, No. 2

116. Inspector J.F. found that on or about August 18, 2021, a cleanroom certifier⁴ reported
that opening the doors inside one of Respondent's cleanrooms⁵ created air currents that affected
the performance of its biological safety cabinets.⁶ USP requires that the PEC be placed out of the
traffic flow in a manner that avoids disruption of air currents from the HVAC system and room.
As noted in the inspection report, Inspector J.F. also advised Respondent that rust was found on
chairs and carts in a cleanroom.

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Follow-Up to October 2021 Inspection

117. After the October 18, 2021, on-site inspection, Inspector J.F. requested, and reviewed,

12 || further records from Respondent. Specifically, J.F. requested records of physician orders and the

13 final labels for each national drug code (NDC) product⁷ for product distributed by Respondent in

14 California between on or about October 8, 2020, and October 19, 2021.

15 118. Between or about February 14, 2022, and March 22, 2022, the FDA performed an

16 outsourcing inspection (the FDA Inspection) at Respondent's facility. Inspector J.F. and the FDA

17 investigator found that Respondent had committed further violations, and on or about

18 July 6, 2022, Inspector J.F. issued another Written Notice to Respondent, notifying Respondent of

- 19 the following violations:
- 20

 ⁴ Cleanrooms used to create CSPs must be certified at least every six months.
 Recertification includes airflow testing, which is performed to determine the acceptability of air velocity and volume, the air exchange rate, and the room pressure differential in doorways between adjacent rooms to ensure consistent airflow and that the appropriate quality of air is maintained. Certification must be in accord with the Controlled Environment Testing Association certification guide, or its equivalent.

⁵ A cleanroom is the area where primary engineering controls (PECs) used to compound sterile preparations, are located. The cleanroom is where the preparation, compounding, and staging of CSPs occurs.

 ²⁵ ⁶ A biological safety cabinet (BSC) is a ventilated cabinet with an open front and inward and downward unidirectional HEPA-filtered airflow and HEPA-filtered exhaust. The BSC is designed to protect workers from exposure to airborne drugs and to provide a better environment for CSPs.

 ²⁷ The FDA requires a current list of all drugs manufactured, prepared, propagated, compounded, or processed by pharmacies intended for commercial distribution. Drug products are identified and reported using the NDC, a unique product identifier.

1	Written Notice #1
2	119. Respondent compounded drug products using, inter alia, folic acid, a bulk drug
3	substance that was essentially a copy of a commercially available drug product. Respondent did
4	not document drug shortages or a specific medical need known to Respondent prior to
5	compounding those drugs. This was a repeat violation of those found during the Board's May
6	2020 and October 2021 inspections, as set forth above in paragraphs 93, 94, and 106.
7	120. On or about March 24, 2022, an FDA inspector found that Respondent's labels
8	omitted the address and phone number of the outsourcing facility, storage and handling
9	information, the route of administration, or information to facilitate adverse event reporting
10	(www.fda.gov/medwatch and 1-800-FDA-1088) on its CSPs, including, but not limited to, the
11	following products: ⁸
12	Chloramphenicol 50mg,
13	Sulfamethoxazole, 50mg Amphotericin B 5mg capsules
14	Failure to include Respondent's address and phone number, storage and handling information, the
15	route of administration were repeat violations during the Board's March 2019 and May 2020 and
16	inspections, as set forth above in paragraphs 80 and 120.
17	121. On or about March 24, 2022, an FDA inspector found that Respondent's labels did
18	not list the quantity or portion of each inactive ingredient in its CSPs, including, but not limited to
19	the following products:
20	Lipoderm (Benzocaine 20%, Lidocaine 10%, Tetracaine 10%) Topical Cream
21	Lipoderm (Benzocaine 20%, Lidocaine 8%, Tetracaine 6%) Topical Cream Lipoderm (Benzocaine 20%, Lidocaine 6%, Tetracaine 4%) Topical Cream
22	Lipoderm (Benzocaine 23%, Tetracaine 7%) Topical Cream Lidocaine 23%/Prilocaine 10%/Phenylephrine 0.5% Topical Ointment
23	122. Respondent omitted at least 30 different drug products that it compounded from its
24	production report for the previous six months that it submitted to the FDA in December 2021.
25	///
26	///
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28	⁸ The listed drug products in paragraph 117 are dangerous drugs within the meaning of Code section 4022.
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

123. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that acts set forth in paragraphs 119 through 121 above, were in violation of Code section 4301, subdivision (j) (unprofessional conduct/failure to comply with state and federal regulations regarding controlled and/or dangerous drugs).

Written Notice #2

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124. Respondent compounded a sterile drug preparation that was labeled with a BUD that 5 exceeded the shortest expiration date or BUD of any ingredient in the compounded drug. 6 Specifically, on or about April 1, 2021, Respondent compounded sincalide 5mcg/vial lot# 7 8 D24001 with a BUD of April 1, 2022, with polysorbate 80 lot# 2002140003 with an expiration 9 date of February 13, 2021. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of CCR 10 section 1751.8 (every sterile compounded drug preparation shall be given and labeled with a beyond use date that does not exceed the shortest expiration date or beyond use date of any 11 ingredient in sterile compounded drug preparation). 12

13 Written Notice #3

125. Respondent used API sincalide bulk lot# G24020 in compounding at least lot 14 #D24001 that did not have a recorded expiration date and for which a certificate of analysis could 15 not be located. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of CCR section 1735.3, 16 subdivision (c) (API shall be obtained from FDA-registered supplier & the pharmacy shall 17 acquire and retain certificates of purity or analysis, either written in English or translated into 18 19 English, for chemicals, bulk drug substances, and drug products used in compounding). Inspector J.F. also notified Respondent that it had failed to maintain and retain proper documentation for 20bulk API sincalide lot #G24020. 21

22 Written Notice #4

126. In the course of the FDA Inspection, Respondent's Quality Manager admitted to an
FDA inspector that Respondent did not have stability studies for at least 45 products types,
including its erectile dysfunction formulations, vitamin, vein care, IV therapy, and anti-aging
sterile injectable drug products. Respondent did not conduct stability studies to demonstrate that
specifications remained suitable through each product's shelf life including, but not limited to,
potency, endotoxin, sterility, and container closure integrity. The FDA inspector found that

between July 1, 2021, and February 14 2022, Respondent distributed approximately 540,254 units

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of product without supporting stability studies, including, but not limited to:

3		BUD		
	Product Name ⁹	(Months)	Vials	
4	MICC 10ml and 30ml	6	16911	
-	Lipostat Plus		25149	
5	Lipo-Mino-Mix 10ml and 30ml		65214	
U	Semorelin 3mg and 9mg	6	2963	
6	Ascorbic Acid 30ml		60781	
Ŭ	Biotin	6	12930	
7	Methylcobalamin 10ml and 30ml		38108	
'	Erectile Dysfunction Single mix drugs	12	1292	
8	Erectile Dysfunction Double mix drugs		271	
0	Erectile Dysfunction Tri-Mix drugs	12	4558	
9	Erectile Dysfunction Quad-Mix drugs	12	570	
	NAD		37417	
10	Myers Cocktail		58108	
10	Olympia Vita Complex		25649	
11	Vit D 3	6	14352	
11	Tri Immune Boost	6	14273	
12	Glycerin	6	1908	
12	Sodium Bicarbonate	6	1663	
13	Alpha Lipoic	6	4728	
15	Folic Acid	6	2353	
14	L Proline	6	1045	
17	Ondansetron	6	1424	
15	Sodium Tetradecyl (STS)	6	9208	
15	L Carnitine	6	10734	
16	Ultratest	12	1586	
10	Olympia Mineral Blend	6	13747	
17	Amino Blend	6	16813	
1 /	Pyridoxine	6	4501	
18	Calcium Chloride	6	8573	
10	L-Taurine	6	6914	
19	L-Glutamine	6	3903	
	L-Arginine	6	1259	
20	Dexpanthenol	6	3192	
_ 0	Zinc Chloride	6	16721	
21	Magnesium Chloride		13122	
	Acetyl Cysteine	6	4865	
22	Sod Selenite	6	4847	
	L-Lysine	6	1684	
23	B12 Hydroxo	12	12049	
	B12 Cyano	6	2066	
24	Sincalide	12	1344	
	Lidocaine 1%	6	2846	
25	Lidocaine 2%	6	1906	
	Lido 1% and Epi	6	3823	
26	Glyc/Lido/Epi	6	2884	
27				
20				
28	⁹ The listed drug products are dangerous dr	ugs within	n the meaning of Code sectio	n 4022.
	45			
	(OLYMP	IA PHARM	IACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCU	JSATION

This was a repeat violation of written notice #3 issued by Inspector J.F. on October 19, 2021, as set forth above in paragraph 108.

127. The FDA investigator found that Respondent's Glutathione 5ml stability study failed potency at its three-month timepoint in December 2021. Respondent paused the stability study but continued to manufacture and distribute Glutathione with a three to four month BUD.
Between July 1, 2021, and February 14, 2022, Respondent manufactured and distributed 33,956 vials of Glutathione.

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128. The FDA investigator found that Respondent's January 2021 Mitomycin 30ml stability study failed container-closure testing at its zero and three-month timepoints.

10 129. The FDA investigator found that Respondent's products (F2, Erectile dysfunction
11 drugs, semorelin, Vit D3, Sincalide, and Mitomycin) had not undergone antimicrobial
12 effectiveness studies to verify that the preservative system for those products was effective and
13 protected the products over their shelf life.

14 130. This was a repeat violation of the Board's October 2021 inspection, as set forth above
15 in paragraph 109. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that the acts set forth in paragraphs 126
16 through 129 were in violation of CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (i)(3)(C) (requiring stability
17 studies in support of BUD extensions).

18 Written Notice #5

19 131. The FDA investigator and Inspector J.F. both observed rust on carts and chair legs in
20 Respondent's cleanroom that could not be adequately cleaned and sanitized. Inspector J.F.
21 brought to Respondent's attention during his October 18, 2021, inspection that the chairs and
22 carts in Respondent's cleanroom had rust. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it remained in
23 violation of CCR section 1714, subdivision (b) (pharmacy shall maintain facilities, space,
24 fixtures, equipment so that drugs are safely and properly prepared, maintained, secured,
25 distributed).

26 Written Notice #6

132. Respondent's SOP, *Cleaning of the Compounding Facility*, required specific cleaning
agents and surface contact times for all but one of the cleaning agents (Sterile 70% IPA), and

monthly cleaning. Respondent's SOP also required daily, weekly, and monthly cleaning of the
lyophilizer but failed to document the amount of time cleaning agents remained on surfaces as
necessary to ensure that the cleaning occurred in accord with specifications in Respondent's SOP.
Respondent was unable to provide the FDA investigator with the manufacturer's specified contact
time for one of the cleaning agents that it used (0.525% sodium hypochlorite).

133. The FDA investigator found that Respondent had not conducted any challenges for
the cleaning validation/sterilization of a filling machine and there was therefore no documentation
ensuring that residual determents from the cleaning operations or residue from previous APIs had
been adequately removed.

10 134. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that the acts set forth above in paragraphs 132 and
11 133 were in violation of CCR section 1751.4, subdivision (e) (Disinfection, using a suitable
12 sterile agent, shall also occur on all surfaces in the ISO Class 5 PEC frequently).

13 Written Notice #7

135. Respondent's SOP entitled Complaint Handling, Drug Safety, and Surveillance", 14 states that the investigation of a complaint may include review of the batch, dispensing and 15 shipping records, an examination of the returned complaint sample, and examination or testing of 16 the retained sample. On or about April 27, 2021, Respondent received a product quality 17 complaint for ST-2, lot #H24B03 (Customer Complaint #CC2021-039) for low fill volume. On or 18 19 about July 21, 2021, Respondent received a product quality complaint for Methylcobalamin (Customer Complaint #CC 2021-079) for low fill volume. Respondent did not implement 20adequate corrective and preventative actions, such as evaluating the set-up of the Flexicon filling 21 machine used to fill vials, addressing the lack of instructions provided in the batch production 22 record, or implementing in-process checks throughout the filling process. 23

136. The FDA investigator found that on or about September 1, 2021, Respondent received
a product quality complaint for NAD+ (Customer Complaint #CC 2021-092). The Complainant
stated the vials it received had evaporated and a yellow-like gel substance remained. Respondent
attributed the error, without supporting documentation or providing a scientific rationale, to an
inadequate visual inspection. Respondent determined that the stopper depth was too low in the

vial, causing sublimation during the lyophilization cycle. Respondent's Production Manager 1 2 admitted to the FDA investigator that the set-up instructions for the filling machine were not documented in Respondent's protocols or the batch production record. Stopper height is a critical 3 parameter during the filling of NAD+ (lyophilized). It was determined that the root cause was 4 related to inadequate manufacturing controls for the stopper height during lyophilization and a 5 failure to implement corrective and preventative action to prevent re-occurrence. Respondent 6 failed to evaluate other batches of drug product that were filled on the same filling machine 7 (Colanar). Preventative maintenance was not conducted on the machine. Respondent did not 8 9 investigate the discrepancy or any failure of batch components to meet product specifications.

137. The FDA investigator found that the target fill volume for Respondent's Biotin 0.05% 10 (0.5mg/mL) injection 10 mL MDV lot #B24007-22, was 50,000 mL. Respondent produced 11 53,312 mL. When asked about the deviation from its SOPs, Respondent's Production Manager 12 admitted that Respondent may have an issue with under-filled vials. The 3,312 mL deviation was 13 14 not extended to other batches filled on the same filling machine (Flexicon). Respondent did not have set-up instructions for the Flexicon filling machine. Respondent was also found to lack in-15 process volume checks during filling operations. 16

138. The FDA investigator found that on August 8, 2021, Respondent recorded a deviation 17 from its SOPs for its Lipo Mino Mix, lot #H41A16, due to a high assay¹⁰ for cyanocobalamin. 18 Respondent attributed the deviation to a technician error during mixing operations. The batch 19 record states, add 50% of the final volume of water for injection (WFI) to the admixture. It also 20states to add the appropriate amount of benzyl alcohol. Respondent did not evaluate whether the 21 batch record instructions were clear or required revision. 22

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139. As stated above in paragraph 135, between April and July 2021, Respondent received two separate complaints for low fill volumes. Respondent did not investigate batches with 24 documented low fill volume or production yields that failed to meet Respondent's defined 25 specifications. The FDA investigator also found that the target fill volume for Respondent's 26 preserved Ascorbic Acid 500 mg/mL, produced June 8, 2021, lot #s F42A08, F42B08 and 27

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¹⁰ A high assay means that it has a high potency.

F42C08 was 100,000mL. Respondent produced 106,800 mL. A note on the batch record stated,
 "some low fills". Respondent released and distributed the batch without quality review and
 despite being misbranded and/or adulterated, in that the fill volumes were low. Portions of those
 lots were distributed in California. Potency assays of released lots having low fill volumes did
 not meet Respondent's specifications.

140. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that the acts set forth above in paragraphs 135
through 139 were in violation of CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (e)(5) (failure to have a written
master formula documenting specific and essential steps to compound the drug).

9 Written Notice #8

141. On or about September 5, 2021, Respondent acknowledged deviation from its SOPs 10 due to post-process fingertip sampling out-of-specification results found on sticky notes. 11 Respondent's investigation stated that between September 15, 2020, and September 15, 2021, all 12 environmental monitoring showed no action limits within the critical filling zone. Respondent's 13 14 Quality Unit failed to evaluate Respondent's current cleaning practices to determine whether they were effective in the inactivation or removal of microorganisms within Respondent's ISO-5 15 environment. Between in or around July 2021 and February 2022, Respondent's Quality Unit 16 released potentially impacted batches of CSPs that passed Respondent's sterility and endotoxin 17 tests despite the deviation due to fingertip sampling. During its February to March 2022 18 investigation, the FDA investigator found three settle plate failures in two separate auto-fillers 19 and two post-processing fingertip sampling failures. The FDA investigator identified 185 2021 microbiological recoveries between July 2021 and February 2022. On or about March 2, 2022, the FDA notified Respondent of its lack of environmental control. 22

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142. Respondent did not conduct a recall of potentially contaminated CSPs as the result of Respondent's lack of environmental control, described above in paragraph 141, until on or about April 4, 2022. Between in or around April 30, 2021, and February 14, 2022, a total of 638 shipments to California customers were recalled. Respondent's recall notice to its customers stated, "... Olympia has concluded that, prior to October 1, 2021, environmental and personnel

monitoring Out of Action Limit (OOAL) excursions were not being properly investigated as per Olympia Policy."

143. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that the acts set forth above in paragraphs 141 and 139 were in violation of CCR section 1735.5, subdivision (a) (any material failure to follow the pharmacy's written policies and procedures shall constitute a basis for disciplinary action).

6 Written Notice #9

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144. As set forth above in paragraph 141, Respondent released CSPs based on the product
passing Respondent's sterility and endotoxin tests. Between on or around February 23, 2021, and
May 31, 2021, personnel monitoring contamination recovery rates were 63.3%; between on or
around June 1, 2021, to September 30, 2021, the contamination recovery rates were 21.1%.
Respondent's other ISO-5 locations also exceeded the <1% recovery rate recommendation for
ISO-5 environments, pursuant to USP <1116>.

145. The FDA investigator found that Respondent SOP, Environmental Monitoring for the 13 Positive and Negative Pressure Cleanrooms. ..." did not identify critical sampling locations 14 within Respondent's ISO 5 laminar airflow workbench (LAFW) during filling operations using 15 the Flexicon and Colanar filling machines. Further, Respondent did not account for 16 environmental monitoring (EM) samples collected during or after each batch production. On or 17 about February 14, 2022, an FDA investigator observed Respondent's Quality Assurance 18 19 specialist (specialist) unload EM plates from the incubator and discard the sample if no growth was observed. When growth was observed, Respondent's specialist set the sample aside to later 20count the colonies. This process was not documented. The specialist recorded on environmental 21 monitoring forms the plates that contained growth and marked zero counts for plates he 22 discarded. On February 14, 2022, an FDA investigator found that the specialist recorded seven 23 CFUs on a plate. The FDA investigator documented and photographed over 20 CFUs on that 24 same plate. The FDA investigators found that Respondent's monitoring sampling plan was not 25 justified, Respondent did not maintain accountability for testing results, and that areas intimate to 26 Respondent's production process were not sampled. 27

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146. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that the acts set forth above in paragraphs 141 and
 142 were in violation of CCR section 1751.4, subdivision (a) (no CSP shall be compounded if
 compounding environment is known/should be known to fall below the compounding pharmacy's
 specifications).

Written Notice #10

6 147. Inspector J.K. found that, as set forth in paragraph 139 above, Respondent did not
7 ensure that its CSP batches were thoroughly reviewed and did not take effective action on lots not
8 meeting Respondent's specifications. J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of CCR
9 section 1735.8, subdivision (d) (quality assurance plan shall include a written procedure for
10 scheduled action in event any CSP is found to be outside minimum standards).

11 Written Notice #11

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148. Inspector J.K. found that Respondent had contractual agreements to compound drug 12 for parenteral therapy for other pharmacies within thirty days, yet had not notified the Board of 13 14 those agreements. Specifically, Olympia signed agreements with Mint Rx (NRP 1968) initiated March 24, 2021, Post Haste (NRP 1800) initiated July 25, 2017, Pharmacy 90210 (PHY 51013) 15 initiated January 20, 2021, and Pharmalabs LLC (NRP 1662) initiated March 19, 2019. Inspector 16 J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of Code section 4123 (any pharmacy entering a 17 contract to compound for parenteral therapy shall notify the board thirty days before 18 19 compounding under that contract).

20 Written Notice #12

21 149. Inspector J.K. found that Respondent failed to deliver CSPs to the prescriber's office and/or to obtain the signature of the prescriber or the prescriber's agent upon receipt. During the 22 review period October 8, 2020, to October 19, 2021, approximately 4650 units of CSPs were 23 24 shipped to locations representing a hotel, three different Postal Boxes or Annexes, one selfstorage business, five residential addresses, and 36 UPS Stores. This was a repeat of the violation 25 found during the Board's October 2021 inspection, as set forth above in paragraphs 112 and 113. 26 Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of CCR section 1735.2, 27 subdivision (c)(2) (requiring delivery to prescriber's office). 28

1	Written Notice #13		
2	150. Inspector J.K. found, as set forth above in paragraph 150, that Respondent		
3	compounded and distributed Ascorbic Acid Lots F42A08, F42B08, and F42C08 that were below		
4	their labeled claim strength. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of Code		
5	section 4169, subdivision (a)(3) (misbranding).		
6	FIFTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE		
7	(Stability Study Required to Support Extended BUD)		
8	151. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to		
9	Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law. Specifically,		
10	Respondent violated CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (i)(3)(C), which requires stability studies		
11	for BUD extensions for CSPs. Specifically:		
12	a. Respondent's label for QM-2 stated "Refrigerate after first use up to 90 days".		
13	Respondent did not have a valid stability study to support the alternate storage condition or an		
14	extended BUD, as set forth above in paragraph 110.		
15	b. Respondent stored phenylephrine HCL at 25C +/- 2C during a stability		
16	evaluation. The final label listed the storage condition as 15-30C, as set forth above in		
17	paragraph 110.		
18	c. Between at least on or about July 1, 2021, and February 14, 2022, Respondent		
19	distributed approximately 540,254 units of CSPs without supporting stability studies, as set forth		
20	above in paragraphs 108 and 126.		
21	d. Between on or about July 1, 2021, and February 14, 2022, Respondent paused a		
22	stability study for Glutathione 5 ml that failed a potency test at its three-month timepoint, but		
23	continued to manufacture and distribute Glutathione with a three to four month BUD, as set forth		
24	above in paragraph 127.		
25	e. Respondent's January 2021 stability study for CSP, Mitomycin 30 mL failed		
26	container-closure testing at its zero and three-month timepoints, as set forth above in		
27	paragraph 128.		
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1	f. Between on or about July 1, 2021, and February 14, 2022, Respondent
2	distributed products that had not undergone antimicrobial effectiveness studies to verify that the
3	preservative system for those products was effective and protected the products over their shelf
4	life, as set forth above in paragraph 129.
5	SIXTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
6	(Failure to Properly Label Compounded Drug Preparations)
7	152. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
8	Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law. Specifically,
9	Respondent violated federal and state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, as follows:
10	a. Respondent violated Code section 4076, and CCR sections 1751.2,
11	subdivision (b), 1707.5, and 1735.4, to wit:
12	i. Respondent's compound, QM-2 requires frozen storage, yet the final label
13	states, "Refrigerate after first use up to 90 days", as set forth above in paragraph 110.
14	ii. Respondent's labels omitted Respondent's address and phone number and
15	failed to include the route of administration on its containers, as set forth above in paragraph 120,
16	in violation of CCR section 1751.2, subdivision (b).
17	b. Respondent's containers omitted information to facilitate adverse event
18	reporting (www.fda.gov/medwatch and 1-800-FDA-1088 or any successor Internet Web site or
19	phone number), as set forth in paragraph 120, in violation of 21 USC section 353b, subdivision
20	(a)(10)(B)(ii).
21	c. Respondent's labels omitted an adequate listing of ingredients, as well as the
22	quantity or portion of each ingredient, as set forth above in paragraph 121, in violation of 21 USC
23	section 353b, subdivision (a)(10)(A)(iii).
24	SEVENTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
25	(CSP Labeled with BUD Exceeding the Shortest BUD of Ingredients Compounded)
26	153. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
27	Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law. Specifically, as
28	set forth above in paragraph 124, on or about April 1, 2021, Respondent compounded and labeled
	53
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	sincalide with a BUD of April 1, 2022, that was compounded with polysorbate that had an
2	expiration date of February 13, 2021, in violation of CCR section 1751.8.
3	EIGHTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
4	(Failure to Maintain Quality of Compounded Sterile Preparations)
5	154. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
6	Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law. Specifically,
7	Respondent violated CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (g), to wit:
8	a. Respondent compounded drug products using bulk ingredients that were either
9	dietary grade or did not have an applicable USP-NF drug monograph or were sourced from
10	manufacturers without active FDA registration, as set forth above in paragraph 107.
11	b. On or about June 8, 2021, Respondent produced and distributed in California
12	preserved Ascorbic Acid 500 mg/mL with low fill volumes, as set forth above in paragraph 139
13	and 150.
14	c. On or about April 21, 2022, Respondent produced Sincalide, lot D24001, using
15	expired polysorbate, as set forth above in paragraph 124.
16	d. Respondent produced Methylcobalamin without proper instructions, resulting
17	in low-fill volume, as set forth above in paragraph 135.
18	e. Respondent produced lyophilized NAD+ without proper instructions, resulting
19	in a product that did not conform to Respondent's Quality Assurance Plan. Specifically the
20	product was evaporated and failed to conform to Respondent's predefined release specifications,
21	as set forth above in paragraph 136.
22	f. On or about February 7, 2022, Respondent produced Biotin without proper
23	instructions, resulting in low-fill volume, as set forth above in paragraph 137.
24	g. Respondent produced Lipo Mino Mix without proper instructions, resulting in a
25	high assay for cyanocobalarnin, as set forth above in paragraph 138.
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	NINETEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
2	(Adulterated Preparations)
3	155. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
4	Code section 4301, subdivisions (j) and (o), in that Respondent violated statutes regulating
5	dangerous drugs and pharmacy law. Specifically, Respondent compounded and furnished at least
6	the following compounded drugs, set forth below, which were, or may have been, contaminated
7	with filth, putrid, or decomposed substances, and were therefore adulterated pursuant to Health &
8	Saf. Code sections 111250, 111255, and/or 21 USCA 351, subdivision (a), in violation of Code
9	section 4169, subdivision (a)(2), Health & Saf. Code section 111295, and 21 USCA section 331,
10	subdivision (a):
11	a. Respondent compounded drug products using bulk ingredients that were either
12	dietary grade or did not have an applicable USP-NF drug monograph or were sourced from
13	manufacturers without active FDA registration, as set forth above in paragraph 107.
14	b. On or about June 8, 2021, Respondent produced and distributed in California
15	preserved Ascorbic Acid 500 mg/mL with low fill volumes, as set forth above in paragraphs 139
16	and 150.
17	c. On or about April 1, 2022, Respondent produced Sincalide, lot D24001, using
18	expired polysorbate, as set forth above in paragraph 124.
19	d. Respondent produced Methylcobalamin without proper instructions, resulting
20	in low-fill volume, as set forth above in paragraph 135.
21	e. Respondent produced lyophilized NAD+ without proper instructions, resulting
22	in a product that did not conform to Respondent's Quality Assurance Plan. Specifically the
23	product was evaporated and failed to conform to Respondent's predefined release specifications,
24	as set forth above in paragraph 136.
25	f. On or about February 7, 2022, Respondent produced Biotin without proper
26	instructions, resulting in low-fill volume, as set forth above in paragraph 137.
27	g. Respondent produced Lipo Mino Mix without proper instructions, resulting in a
28	high assay for cyanocobalarnin, as set forth above in paragraph 138.
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	TWENTIETH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
2	(Failure to Have a Written Master Formula for Compounding)
3	156. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
4	Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law. Specifically,
5	Respondent violated CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (e)(5), in that Respondent failed to have a
6	written master formula documenting specific and essential steps to compound its drug
7	preparations. Specifically, Respondent failed to have a master formula document that included
8	the compounding procedure and equipment required to compound, as follows:
9	a. On or about June 8, 2021, Respondent compounded preserved Ascorbic Acid
10	500 mg/mL without proper instructions, resulting in a low fill volume, as set forth above in
11	paragraph 139 and 150.
12	b. Respondent produced Methylcobalamin without proper instructions, resulting
13	in low-fill volume, as set forth above in paragraph 135.
14	c. Respondent produced lyophilized NAD+ without proper instructions, resulting
15	in a product that did not conform to the Quality Assurance Plan, as set forth above in paragraph
16	136. Specifically, the product was evaporated and non-conforming to the predefined release
17	specifications.
18	d. On or about February 7, 2022, Respondent produced Biotin without proper
19	instructions, resulting in low-fill volume, as set forth above in paragraph 137.
20	e. Respondent produced Lipo Mino Mix without proper instructions, resulting in a
21	high assay for cyanocobalamin, as set forth above in paragraph 138.
22	TWENTY-FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
23	(Compounding Limitations and Requirements)
24	157. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
25	Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law. Specifically,
26	Respondent compounded and dispensed products that were copies of commercially available
27	products without documenting that the drugs were in short supply or that a medical need was
28	made known to Respondent prior to compounding those drugs, in violation of CCR section
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	1735.2, subdivision (d)(3), and 21 USCA section 353b, subdivision (a)(2)(A). To wit, Respondent
2	compounded and distributed:
3	a. Cyanocobalamin 2mg/mL, calcium chloride l00rng/mL, preserved diluent,
4	lidocaine 1%/2%, magnesium chloride 200mg/mL, testosterone cyp 200mg/mL, and pyridoxine
5	100mg/mL, acetylcysteine 200mg/mL, as set forth above in paragraph 106.
6	b. Drug products using folic acid, as set forth above in paragraph 119.
7	TWENTY-SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
8	(Failure to Obtain Prescriber's Signature)
9	158. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
10	Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law. Specifically,
11	Respondent failed to deliver compounded drug product to the prescriber's office and obtain the
12	signature of the prescriber or the prescriber's agent upon receipt. As set forth above in paragraph
13	149, during the review period between October 8, 2020, to October 19, 2021, approximately 4650
14	units of CSPs were shipped to locations representing a hotel, three different Postal Boxes or
15	Annexes, one self-storage business, five residential addresses, and 36 UPS Stores, in violation of
16	CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (c).
17	TWENTY-THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
18	(Unlicensed Nonresident Outsourcing Facility Compounding/Furnishing Drugs)
19	159. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
20	Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law. Specifically, as
21	set forth above in paragraph 111, Respondent furnished non-patient specific orders within
22	California, yet Respondent is not licensed by the Board as an outsourcing facility, a violation of
23	Code sections 4129.2, subdivision (a).
24	TWENTY-FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
25	(Failure to Maintain USP-NF Compounding Standards)
26	160. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
27	Code section 4301, subdivision (o). Specifically, Respondent knew, or should have known, that
28	its compounding environment failed to meet criteria specified in its SOPs for the safe
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	compounding of sterile drug preparation, in violation of CCR section 1751.4, subdivision (a), and
2	failed to follow USP-NF compounding standards in, violation of Code section 4126.8. To wit:
3	a. On or about August 18, 2021, Respondent failed to ensure that air currents in a
4	cleanroom did not affect the performance of its biological safety cabinets, as set forth above in
5	paragraph 116.
6	b. Respondent failed to control aseptic conditions in its compounding environment
7	that contributed to microbial contamination of its CSPs, resulting in a recall on or about April 4,
8	2022, of CSPs distributed by Respondent, including, but not limited to, CSPs distributed in
9	California, as set forth above in paragraphs 141 and 142.
10	TWENTY-FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
11	(Failure to Acquire and Retain Certificate of Analysis)
12	161. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
13	Code section 4301, subdivision (o). Specifically, Respondent failed to acquire and retain a
14	certificate of analysis for Sincalide bulk lot G24020, as set forth above in paragraph 125, in
15	violation of CCR section 1735.3, subdivisions (c) and (d); and, 21 USCA, section 353b,
16	subdivision (a)(2)(D).
17	TWENTY-SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
18	162. This paragraph has been deleted.
19	TWENTY-SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
20	(Failure to Maintain Facility Sanitation)
21	163. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
22	Code section 4301, subdivision (o). Specifically, Respondent failed to follow statutes and
23	regulations to ensure that its cleanroom and equipment were adequately cleaned and disinfected,
24	as follows:
25	a. Respondent allowed carts and chairs with rust in the cleanroom that could not
26	be adequately cleaned, as set forth above in paragraphs 116 and 131, in violation of CCR section
27	1714, subdivision (b).
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	b. Respondent failed to document contact times to verify that disinfection
2	occurred as specified, and was unable to provide the manufacturer's specified contact time for a
3	cleaning agent, as set forth above in paragraph 131, in violation of CCR section 1714,
4	subdivision (b), and CCR section 1751.4, subdivision (e).
5	c. Respondent failed to ensure that its SOPs were adequate to ensure the removal
6	of residual API from a filling machine, as set forth above in paragraph 133, in violation of CCR
7	section 1751.4, subdivision (e).
8	TWENTY-EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
9	(Failure to Maintain and Follow SOPs for Compounding)
10	164. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
11	Code section 4301, subdivision (o). Specifically Respondent failed to follow its SOPs, in
12	violation of CCR section 1735.5, subdivision (a), in that Respondent failed to evaluate its current
13	cleaning practices to determine whether they were effective in the inactivation or removal of
14	microorganisms in its ISO-5 environment, as set forth above in paragraphs 132, 132, 141, 142,
15	and 144.
16	TWENTY-NINTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
17	(Failure to Include a Written Procedure if CSP Found Outside Minimum Standards)
18	165. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
19	Code section 4301, subdivision (o). Specifically, Respondent failed to perform quality reviews
20	on multiple lots of CSPs that failed to meet Respondent's specifications, in violation of CCR
21	section 1735.8, as set forth above in paragraphs 137, 139, and 147.
22	THIRTIETH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
23	(Failure to Consult)
24	166. Respondent is subject is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct
25	pursuant to Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that it violated CCR section 1707.2,
26	subdivision (b)(1), as set forth above in paragraph 114, as follows:
27	a. Respondent failed to provide written notice of a patient's right to a consultation
28	with a pharmacist in Respondent's shipment to a prescriber in California.
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

b. Respondent was not available for oral consultation with a patient or their agent six days per week during regular hours of operation as required.

THIRTY-FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Compounding and Furnishing Misbranded Drugs)

167. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to 5 Code section 4301, subdivisions (j) and (o), in that Respondent violated statutes regulating 6 dangerous drugs and pharmacy law. Specifically, Respondent violated Code section 4169, 7 8 subdivision (a), and Health & Saf. Code sections 111330, 111335, and 111445 when it sold or 9 transferred dangerous drugs that it knew, or should have known were misbranded. To wit, 10 Respondent failed to meet labeling requirements, failed to maintain quality of its CSPs, compounded adulterated CSPs, failed to meet predefined specifications, failed to meet exemption 11 criteria for compounding CSPs pursuant to 21 USCA sections 353a or 353b, failed to follow 12 USP-NF compounding standards, and lacked sterility assurance, as set forth above in paragraphs 13 14 151 through 157, 159, 160, and 162 through 165.

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BACKGROUND INFORMATION – AUGUST 2022 INVESTIGATION

168. On or about August 1 and 2, 2022, Inspector J.F. conducted an on-site, annual, 16 nonresident sterile compounding renewal inspection of Respondent's facility in Orlando, Florida. 17 Inspector J.F. requested, and Respondent provided, numerous documents for evaluation. At the 18 conclusion of the inspection and upon review of Respondent's documentation, Inspector J.F. 19 found multiple violations of Pharmacy Law, many of which constituted cause for denial of 2021 Respondent's application to renew its nonresident sterile compounding license. On or about September 19, 2022, Inspector J.F. issued another Written Notice to Respondent, notifying 22 Respondent of the following violations: 23

24 Written Notice #1

169. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent failed to follow its own SOPs. Specifically, 25 Respondent's Policy on Current Good Documentation Practices states, in pertinent part, "Never 26 sign a task that is not completed". Respondent's quality associate, L.S., admitted to Inspector 27 J.F. that he documented for a future date of August 2, 2022, that dispositioned passive viable air 28 60

plates were sampled on July 27, 2022, and passed with 0 CFU counts. Respondent's Policy on 2 Current Good Documentation Practices, also states, in pertinent part, "Never sign or initial anyone else's name or initials". L.S. admitted to Inspector J.F. that it was his practice to 3 document the samplers' initials on Respondent's environmental monitoring form without 4 5 personally performing the sampling.

170. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent did not follow its own SOPs for conducting and 6 reviewing aseptic processing simulations. For example, Respondent's Aseptic Process 7 8 Simulation 2 (APS2) procedure required mixing the final completed volume on the stir plate for 9 no less than 60 minutes. On March 10, 2022, Lot APS2-A10-22 was mixed for 40 minutes. The procedure further required filtration time "of no less than 2 hours". On March 10, 2022, the total 10 filtration time for Lot APS2-A10-22 was 22 minutes. The procedure required completion of the 11 filling process prior to lyophilization. The filling for Lot APS2-A10-22 was documented as 12 completed at 18:13 hours, yet lyophilization was documented as having started at 18:00 hours, 13 14 thirteen minutes before filling was completed. On April 1, 2022, the lot was verified to conform to the finished product specification for quality assurance release and adhere to cGMP 15 requirements. 16

171. Respondent's APS2 procedure required six filling personnel. On March 17, 2022, 17 only five filling personnel participated in filling for Lot APS2-B017-22. Respondent's procedure 18 19 also required no less than two hours for filtration. On March 17, 2022, the total filtration time was documented at 30 minutes. On April 6, 2022, the lot was verified to conform to the finished 20product specification for quality assurance release and adhere to cGMP requirements. 21

- 172. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that the act set forth in paragraphs 169 through 171 22 were in violation of CCR section 1735.5, subdivision (a). 23
- 24 Written Notice #2

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173. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent's SOP, Shipping of Compounded Preparations, 25 requires, in pertinent part, that "Temperature sensitive compounded preparations must be 26 maintained at a temperature of <8C for the entire duration of the transit." The labeled 27 requirement for frozen products, however, is to store frozen (-10C to -25C/-13° to 14°F). The 28

three different box sizes used by Respondent were not adequately described in Respondent's 1 2 procedures. Respondent's 2021 study of its use of Nordic ice packs for shipping lacked sufficient information. The date the study was performed, the materials and equipment used, and the 3 configuration employed were not fully documented. The study concluded in part, "These products 4 are more than enough to preserve the efficacy of all medications that require room temperature or 5 cold delivery demands." The study did not support adequate temperature control for frozen 6 product. This is a repeat violation as set forth above in paragraph 110. Inspector J.F. notified 7 Respondent that it was in violation of Code section 4126.8. 8

9 Written Notice #3

174. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent used secondary packaging for its "Vitamindrip"
kit, consisting of a box containing three vials, each containing a different sterile product
compounded by Respondent. One vial contained ascorbic acid 30mL, the second vial contained
Olympia mineral blend 30mL, and the third vial contained VitaComplex 30mL. The kit is labeled
as "Hydration Injection, USP". Inspector J.F. found that there is not, and never was, a United
States Pharmacopeia (USP) monograph for "Hydration Injection". Inspector J.F. notified
Respondent that it was in violation of Code section 4169, subdivision (a)(3).

17 Written Notice #4

18 175. Inspector J.F. found that labels on Respondent's compounded products identified the
pharmacy as "Olympia Pharmaceuticals." However, the licensee's registered name is "Olympia
Pharmacy". For example, the primary label on released lot# F24020-22 for Biotin 0.05% listed
the name of the producing pharmacy as "Olympia Pharmaceuticals". Inspector J.F. notified
Respondent that it was in violation of CCR section 1735.4, subdivision (a)(1).

23 Written Notice #5

176. On or about July 20, 2022, in its formal response to a *Written Notice* generated by the
Board on July 6, 2022, Respondent provided written assurance to the Board that as of
September 2, 2021, its updated *Batch Release* policy required two signatures for each batch
released. One signature would be from a member of its quality assurance unit and a second from
a pharmacist. Respondent assured the Board that this measure was taken to ensure that its batches

are approved for release only after ensuring that all required specifications are met. Inspector J.F.
 found that batch records for phenylephrine, lmg/mL, Lot #'s D24A26-22, D24B26-22, and
 D24C26-22, released on or about June 27, 2022, had one signature only on the batch release
 documentation. The final release for those batches was missing a pharmacist's signature.
 Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of Code section 4301, subdivision (g).
 Written Notices #s 6, 15, 19

177. On or about April 26, 2022, Respondent was notified of a customer's complaint 7 describing a patient's anaphylaxis and subsequent hospitalization after an IM¹¹ injection of a drug 8 9 compounded by Respondent. Respondent was informed that the patient had a sulfa allergy. Respondent determined that its customer should have advised the patient that the product was not 10 appropriate for her to take because it contained methionine. Respondent stated that methionine 11 was known to be related to sulfa allergies. In its final impact assessment related to the complaint, 12 Respondent documented that "This was a one-time incident caused by a customer error. . . Not an 13 14 unexpected adverse event, methionine known to cause potential reactions to persons allergic to sulfur. Methionine is listed as an ingredient on the product label." Methionine does not contain 15 any sulfonamide group or sulfites. On or about August 7, 2022, Respondent submitted to the 16 Board a written statement that there had been no adverse events regarding its compounded sterile 17 products in the last twelve months. Inspector J.F. documented in his October 19, 2021, inspection 18 report that he had reminded Respondent of the requirements of mandatory reporting, including 19 the reporting of adverse events, recalls, and complaints. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that 20the acts were in violation of Code sections 4301, subdivision (g), 4127.2, subdivision (f), and 21 4301, subdivision (c). 22

23 Written Notice #7

178. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent's lyophilized product, Sermorelin 9mg., was
labeled as a multi-dose vial. Inspector J.F. also found antimicrobial effectiveness testing had not
been completed as part of stability testing, which considers the possible diluent(s) used.

¹¹ An intramuscular (IM) injection is a technique used to deliver a medication deep into the muscles. This allows the medication to be absorbed into the bloodstream quickly.

Sermorelin is not directly formulated with a preservative, and it is unknown whether this product
has inherent antimicrobial effectiveness properties making it suitable for multi-dose label claims.
Respondent's label does not specify the required diluent(s) for use. Respondent only completed
method suitability for its multi-dose product, SB4. Preservative effectiveness had not been
demonstrated, and test results were pending. This is a repeat violation as set forth above in
paragraph 129. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of CCR section 1751.2,
subdivision (b).

8 Written Notice #8

9 179. Respondent holds a Food and Drug Administration (FDA) 503B registration for an
outsourcing facility. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent's Storage Instructions leaflets, as well
as other informational material, that generally accompany Respondent's product shipments into
California, represent that Respondent is "A 503B Outsourcing Facility". Respondent does not
hold a license as a nonresident outsourcing facility in the State of California. This is a repeat
violation as set forth above in paragraphs 82 and 93. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it
was in violation of Code section 4129.2, subdivision (a).

16 Written Notice #10

17 180. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent's testosterone injection, Lot #J24014,
18 compounded on October 14, 2021, with a BUD of October 14, 2022, failed to include a controlled
19 substance designation on the label. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of
20 Code section 4301, subdivision (j).

21 Written Notice #11

181. Inspector J.F. found that on or about April 26, 2022, Respondent recalled all lots
produced prior to March 1, 2022. Respondent's SOP, *Recall of Compounded Product*, states, in
pertinent part, that, "the states that received the products from the affected lots must be notified
immediately or within 12 hours of product being deemed as a recall, whichever is sooner." The
initial recall notification provided to the Board did not include the recall of all products. Inspector
J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of Code section 4127.2, subdivision (e)(3).

Written Notice #12

182. Respondent had a Central Fill agreement with Mint Pharmacy and Skin Clinic, (NRP 2 1968), located at 1201 US HWY 1 STE# 305C, North Palm Beach, Florida. On or about June 8, 3 2022, Mint pharmacy changed its location to 7960 Central Industrial Dr. STE 120, West Palm 4 Beach, Florida (NRP 2728). On or about June 8, 2022, Respondent began shipping compounded 5 products to 7960 Central Industrial Dr. STE 120, West Palm Beach, Florida (new location). On 6 7 or about June 20, 2022, Respondent began shipping compounded sterile products for injection to the new location. A new Central Fill agreement was not executed until August 2, 2022, during the 8 9 Board's onsite inspection. The Board was not notified within 30 days of commencing central fill 10 activities with NRP 2728. This is a repeat violation as set forth above in paragraph 148. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of Code section 4123. 11

12 Written Notice #13

13 183. Inspector J.F. concluded that Respondent's quality assurance plan was inadequate in
that he found that not all integral units produced by Respondent in its aseptic process simulation
were properly incubated. Inspector J.F. found that media fill lots APS2-A10-22 and APS2-B01722 failed to incubate a total of 72 vials for 14 days. Samples were prematurely sent to the
contract lab for growth promotion testing. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it was in
violation of CCR section 1735.8, subdivision (b).

19 Written Notices #s 14 and 16

184. Inspector J.F. found that the inactive ingredient "BHT" was not listed on the master
formula for compounding formula ID# 7409 for Benzocaine/Lidocaine/Tetracaine (BLT) 20/4/5,
a cream. The equipment required for trituration, mixing, pouring, and measuring was not defined
in Respondent's master formula. Quality reviews were not described and adequacy of mixing was
not documented.

185. Customer complaint CC-2022-011 documented a complaint of product separation for
BLT, Lot #210130. The compounding technician for that product acknowledged that separation
was "caused by not leaving mix spin for a while." The product was not recalled from other
customers who received the same batch. Inspector J.F. found that other steps for compounding

formula ID #7409 were also not followed as required. Specifically, BHT, pluronic acid and 1 2 polysorbate were required ingredients for formula ID #7409, but were not added. Inspector J.F. reviewed Respondent's March 15, 2022, compounding of formula ID# 7409, and confirmed that 3 there were no changes to the master formula's essential compounding steps and no preventative 4 action was taken to prevent reoccurrence of inadequate mixing. This is a repeat violation as set 5 forth above in paragraphs 135 and 136. 6 186. Inspector J.F. found that the master formulation and compounding logs for 7 compounding formula ID #6924, lots K210219, K210202, compounded on November 29, 2021, 8 9 and November 2, 2021, respectively, for minoxidil/fluocinolone/retinoic acid 5/0.01/0.01% called for the addition of vitamin E liquid, which was not added. Further, the final packaging 10 requirements were not described and the final packout quantity for lot K210202 was unclear. 11 Lastly, the labels did not include the compounding date. 12 187. Inspector J.F. found that the master formulation for Sermorelin 9mg formula 13 14 ID# 5679 calls for 18 grams of API; however, the pharmacy routinely added a 10% overage without documenting an explanation for doing so. 15 188. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that the acts set forth in paragraphs 184 through 16 187 above were in violation of Code section 4169, subdivision (a)(2) and CCR section 1735.2, 17 subdivision (c). 18 Written Notice #17 19

189. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent's SOPs addressing hand hygiene did not require 20 21 persistent activity hand sanitizer and that Respondent did not have a related competency assessment. Respondent's competency assessment for hand hygiene also did not evaluate 22 operators for use of a nail pick to remove debris or the application of a waterless surgical scrub 23 24 with persistent activity. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of CCR section 1751.6, subdivision (e)(1)(F). 25 /// 26 27 /// 28 ///

1	THIRTY-SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
2	(Failure to Maintain Written Policies and Procedures for Compounding)
3	190. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code section 4301
4	subdivision (o), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional conduct. Specifically,
5	Respondent failed to follow its written policies and procedures, in violation of CCR section
6	1735.5, subdivision (a), as follows:
7	a. Respondent's employee, L.S., admitted that he signed that a specific task was
8	completed at a specific time when, in fact that task had not been completed at that time, contrary
9	to Respondent's SOPs, as set forth in paragraph 169, above.
10	b. Respondent's employee, L.S., admitted that he entered initials of other
11	employees on environmental monitoring forms without personally performing the task for which
12	the initials were entered, contrary to Respondent's SOPs, as set forth in paragraph 169 above.
13	c. On or about April 1, 2022, Respondent verified that Lot APS-A10-22 met
14	Respondent's finished product specifications for quality assurance when, in fact, Respondent's
15	specifications had not been followed, as set forth in paragraph 170, above.
16	d. On or about April 6, 2022, Respondent verified that Lot APS-B017-22 met
17	Respondent's finished product specifications for quality assurance when, in fact, Respondent's
18	specifications had not been followed, as set forth in paragraph 171 above.
19	THIRTY-THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
20	(Failure to Maintain United States Pharmacopeia-National Formulary Compounding
21	Standards)
22	191. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code section 4301,
23	subdivision (o), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional conduct. Specifically,
24	Respondent failed to follow United States Pharmacopeia-National Formulary (USP-NF)
25	compounding standards in, violation of Code section 4126.8, as set forth in paragraph 173, above.
26	To wit:
27	a. Respondent's labels for packaging and shipping procedures for compounded
28	sterile products requiring frozen storage conditions indicating that the compound is to be stored
	67
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	frozen (-25C to -10C/-13° to 14°F) is incongruent with Respondent's procedure, which states that
2	temperature sensitive compounded preparations must be maintained at a temperature of <8C for
3	the entire duration of the transit.
4	b. Respondent failed to describe adequately box sizes for shipping.
5	c. Respondent failed to ensure adequate temperature control for shipped frozen
6	product.
7	THIRTY-FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
8	(Omission of Licensee's Name on Label)
9	192. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code section 4301,
10	subdivision (o), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional conduct. Specifically, as set
11	forth above in paragraph 175, Respondent's drug product labels identified the pharmacy as
12	"Olympia Pharmaceuticals", when, in fact, Respondent's licensed name is "Olympia Pharmacy",
13	in violation of CCR section 1735.4, subdivision (a)(1).
14	THIRTY-FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
15	(False Certification/Documentation of Facts)
16	193. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code section 4301,
17	subdivision (g), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional conduct by knowingly making or
18	signing a certificate or other document that falsely represents the existence or nonexistence of a
19	state of facts. To wit:
20	a. As set forth above in paragraph 176, Respondent released compounded sterile
21	drug product without a pharmacist's final signature, contrary to its assurances to the Board that its
22	compounded sterile drug batches would be reviewed and signed by a member of its Quality Unit
23	as well as a pharmacist prior to release.
24	b. As set forth above in paragraph 177, Respondent stated to the Board that it had
25	no adverse events regarding its compounded sterile products. In fact, on or about April 26, 2022,
26	Respondent was notified of a customer's complaint describing anaphylaxis and subsequent
27	hospitalization after use of a drug compounded by Respondent.
27 28	hospitalization after use of a drug compounded by Respondent.

1	THIRTY-SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
2	(Labeling Requirements – Inappropriate Instructions for Storage, Handling,
3	Administration)
4	194. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code section 4301,
5	subdivision (o), for unprofessional conduct. Specifically, as set forth above in paragraph 178,
6	Respondent failed to demonstrate that multi-dose vials used for sermorelin and SB4 were suitable
7	for multi-dose label claims, in violation of CCR section 1751.2, subdivision (b).
8	THIRTY-SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
9	(Unlicensed Activity - Outsourcing)
10	195. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code section 4301,
11	subdivision (o), on the grounds of unprofessional conduct. Specifically, as set forth above in
12	paragraph 179, Respondent represented to California consumers that it is a 503B outsourcing
13	facility. Respondent does not hold a license as a nonresident outsourcing facility in the State of
14	California, in violation of Code section 4129.2, subdivision (a).
15	THIRTY-EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
16	(Improper Labeling of a Controlled Substance)
17	196. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code 4301, subdivision (o),
18	on the grounds of unprofessional conduct. Specifically, as set forth above in paragraph 180,
19	Respondent failed to label testosterone as a controlled substance, in violation of 21 CFR 1302.03.
20	THIRTY-NINTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
21	(Failure to Provide Board with Timely Notice of Recall)
22	197. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code section 4301,
23	subdivision (o), on the grounds of unprofessional conduct. Specifically, as set forth above in
24	paragraph 181, Respondent failed to provide the Board within twelve hours of its notice of recall
25	for a sterile drug product that it compounded and shipped into California, in violation of Code
26	section 4127.2, subdivision (e)(3).
27	///
28	///
	69
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	FORTIETH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
2	(Failure to Provide Board with Notice of Contract to Compound Drug for Parenteral
3	Therapy)
4	198. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code section 4301,
5	subdivision (o), on the grounds of unprofessional conduct. Specifically, as set forth above in
6	paragraph 182, Respondent failed to notify the Board, within 30 days of commencing
7	compounding a drug for another pharmacy for parenteral therapy, of its contract with that
8	pharmacy to do so, in violation of Code section 4123.
9	FORTY-FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
10	(Quality Assurance Plan – Written Procedures)
11	199. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code section 4301,
12	subdivision (o), on the grounds of unprofessional conduct. Respondent failed to ensure the
13	adequacy of its compounding processes, in violation of CCR section 1735.8, subdivision (b).
14	Specifically, as set forth above in paragraph 183, Respondent failed to adequately incubate for
15	aseptic conditions and failed to have a pre-defined set of compounding instructions for its aseptic
16	process simulation.
17	FORTY-SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
18	(Written Master Formula)
19	200. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code section 4301,
20	subdivision (o), on the grounds of unprofessional conduct. Specifically, Respondent failed to
21	prepare a written master formula adequate for compounding, in violation of CCR section 1735.2,
22	subdivision (e), as follows:
23	a. As set forth above in paragraph 184, Respondent's master formulation for
24	compound formula ID #7409 for BLT 20/4/5 was inadequate, to wit:
25	i. "BHT" was not listed on the master formula.
26	ii. Equipment required for trituration, mixing, pouring, and measuring was
27	not defined.
28	iii. Quality reviews were not described.
	70
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	iv. Adequacy of mixing was not documented.
2	b. As set forth above in paragraph 186, Respondent's master formulation for
3	compound formula ID #6924, lot #K210219, compounded on or about November 29, 2021, and
4	lot #K210202, compounded on or about November 2, 2021, was inadequate, to wit:
5	i. The addition of vitamin E liquid was not added, contrary to the mixing
6	directions.
7	ii. The final packout quantity could not be determined for lot #K210202.
8	iii. The labels were missing the compounding date.
9	c. As set forth above in paragraph 187, Respondent's master formulation for
10	compound formula Sermorelin 9 mg. formula, ID# 5679 called for 18 grams of Active API;
11	however, the pharmacy routinely adds a 10% overage without documenting an explanation for
12	doing so.
13	FORTY-THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
14	(Adverse Effects Reporting)
15	201. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code section 4301,
16	subdivision (o), on the grounds of unprofessional conduct. Specifically, as set forth in paragraph
17	177, above, Respondent failed to notify the Board within twelve hours of an adverse drug reaction
18	for anaphylaxis of a patient resulting from use of a drug compounded by Respondent, in violation
19	of Code section 4127.2, subdivision (f).
20	FORTY-FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
21	(Failure to Maintain Quality of Compounded Sterile Preparations)
22	202. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct pursuant to
23	Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy law. Specifically,
24	Respondent violated CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (g), in that, as set forth in paragraph 185,
25	above, Respondent compounded Lot #210130, a BLT cream preparation, which Respondent
26	knew to have a compounding error and for which compounding steps were unclear, resulting in
27	separation.
28	///
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	FORTY-FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE	
2	(Adulterated Preparation)	
3	203. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code section 4301,	
4	subdivisions (j) and (o), in that Respondent violated statutes regulating dangerous drugs and	
5	pharmacy law. Specifically, as set forth in paragraph 185, above, Respondent compounded and	
6	furnished Lot #210130, a BLT cream preparation, which was, or may have been, contaminated	
7	with filth, putrid, or decomposed substances, and was therefore adulterated pursuant to Health &	
8	Saf. Code sections 111250, 111255, and/or 21 USCA 351, subdivision (a), in violation of Code	
9	section 4169, subdivision (a)(2), Health & Saf. Code section 111295, and 21 USCA section 331,	
10	subdivision (a).	
11	FORTY-SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE	
12	(Training and Evaluation of Compounding Staff – Hand Hygiene)	
13	204. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code 4301, subdivision (o),	
14	on the grounds of unprofessional conduct. Specifically, as set forth above in paragraph 189,	
15	Respondent failed to include proper hand hygiene in its SOPs/written program of training and its	
16	evaluation of the hand hygiene of staff, in violation of CCR section 1751.6, subdivision (e)(1)(F).	
17	FORTY-SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE	
18	(Gross Negligence)	
19	205. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code 4301, subdivision (c),	
20	on the grounds of unprofessional conduct. Specifically, Respondent committed gross negligence	
21	when it erroneously concluded that methionine caused a customer's anaphylactic reaction, as set	
22	forth in paragraph 177, above.	
23	FORTY-EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE	
24	(Compounding and Furnishing Misbranded Drugs)	
25	206. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action Respondent is subject to disciplinary	
26	action on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional conduct pursuant to Code section 4301,	
27	subdivisions (j) and (o). Specifically, Respondent violated Code section 4169, subdivision (a),	
28	and Health & Safety Code sections 111330, 111335, and 111445, in that it sold or transferred	
	72	
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION	

1	dangerous drugs that it knew, or should have known were misbranded, in that it failed to meet
2	predefined specifications, failed to follow USP-NF compounding standards, failed to meet
3	labeling requirements, lacked sterility assurance, failed to maintain quality of its CSPs, and
4	compounded adulterated CSPs, and as set forth above in paragraphs 190 through 195, 199, 200,
5	202, and 203.
6	DISCIPLINE CONSIDERATIONS
7	207. To determine the degree of discipline, if any, to be assessed against Respondent,
8	Complainant alleges as follows:
9	208. On or about August 3, 2017, the Board issued to Respondent Olympia Pharmacy,
10	Permit No. NRP 1525, Citation No. CI 2017 75966 for violating Code section 4301, subdivision
11	(o) (violation of regulations governing pharmacy), in conjunction with CCR sections 1735.7,
12	subdivisions (a) and (b) (failure to maintain written documentation sufficient to demonstrate that
13	pharmacy personnel have skills and training required to perform compounding
14	responsibilities/failure to develop and maintain ongoing competency evaluation process); and,
15	1751.7, subdivision (b) (failure of individual(s) involved in preparation of sterile injectable
16	products to complete a validation process on technique before preparing sterile injectable
17	products). The citation was final on or about August 3, 2017.
18	209. On or about August 3, 2017, the Board issued to Respondent Olympia Pharmacy,
19	Permit No. NSC 100818, Citation No. CI 2016 72741 for violating Code section 4301,
20	subdivision (o), in conjunction with CCR sections 1735.7, subdivisions (a) and (b), and 1751.7,
21	subdivision (b) (failure of individual(s) involved in preparation of sterile injectable products to
22	complete a validation process on technique before preparing sterile injectable products). A fine in
23	the amount of \$1,000 was issued. The citation was final on or about August 3, 2017. Respondent
24	complied with the fine on or about October 27, 2017.
25	///
26	///
27	///
28	///
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION

1	OTHER MATTERS
2	210. Pursuant to Code section 4307, if discipline is imposed on Nonresident Pharmacy
3	Permit Number NRP 1525, or Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit Number NSC 100818,
4	issued to Olympia Pharmacy, Olympia Pharmacy shall be prohibited from serving as a
5	manager, administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate, or partner of a licensee for
6	five years if Nonresident Pharmacy Permit Number NRP 1525, or Nonresident Sterile
7	Compounding Permit Number NRP SC 100818, are placed on probation or until said permits are
8	reinstated if revoked.
9	211. Pursuant to Code section 4307, if discipline is imposed on Nonresident Pharmacy
10	Permit Number NRP 1525, or Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit Number NSC 100818,
11	issued to Olympia Pharmacy, Marco Loleit shall be prohibited from serving as a
12	manager, administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate, or partner of a licensee for
13	five years if Nonresident Pharmacy Permit Number NRP 1525, or Nonresident Sterile
14	Compounding Permit Number NRP SC 100818, are placed on probation or until said permits are
15	reinstated if revoked.
16	<u>PRAYER</u>
17	WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged,
18	and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision:
19	1. Revoking or suspending Nonresident Pharmacy Permit Number NRP 1525, issued to
20	Olympia Pharmacy;
21	2. Revoking or suspending Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit Number
22	NSC 100818, issued to Olympia Pharmacy;
23	3. Prohibiting Olympia Pharmacy from serving as a manager, administrator, owner,
24	member, officer, director, associate, or partner of a licensee for five years if Nonresident
25	Pharmacy Permit Number NRP 1525 is placed on probation or until Nonresident Pharmacy
26	Permit Number NRP 1525 is reinstated if Nonresident Pharmacy Permit Number NRP 1525
27	issued to Olympia Pharmacy is revoked;
28	///
	74

1	4. Prohibiting I	Marco Loleit from serving as a manager, administrator, owner, member,	
2	officer, director, associate, or partner of a licensee for five years if Nonresident Pharmacy Permit		
3	Number NRP 1525 is placed on probation or until Nonrsident Pharmacy Permit Number NRP		
4	1525 is reinstated if Non	resident Pharmacy Permit Number NRP 1525 issued to Olympia	
5	Pharmacy is revoked;		
6	5. Ordering Ol	mpia Pharmacy and Marco Loleit to pay the Board of Pharmacy the	
7	reasonable costs of the in	nvestigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and	
8	Professions Code section	125.3; and,	
9	6. Taking such	other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.	
10		Sodergren, Sodergren, Anne@DCA	
11	DATED: <u>3/25/2024</u>	Anne@DCA Date: 2024.03.25 08:23:37 -07'00' ANNE SODERGREN	
12		Executive Officer Board of Pharmacy	
13		Department of Consumer Affairs State of California	
14	SA2021300248	Complainant	
15	37949817.docx		
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		75 (OLYMPIA PHARMACY) THIRDAMENDED ACCUSATION	

Exhibit B

Second Amended Statement of Issues No. 7089

1	ROB BONTA Attorney General of California		
2	Attorney General of California KAREN DENVIR Supervicing Deputy Attorney General		
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General Stephanie Alamo-Latif		
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 283580 1300 I Street, Suite 125		
5	P.O. Box 944255 Sacramento, CA 94244-2550		
6	Telephone: (916) 210-6112 Facsimile: (916) 327-8643		
7	Attorneys for Complainant		
8	BEFORE	ГНЕ	
9	BOARD OF PH DEPARTMENT OF CON	ARMACY	
10	STATE OF CAL		
11			
12	In the Matter of the Statement of Issues Against:	Case No. 7089	
13	OPS INTERNATIONAL INCORPORATED,		
14	DBA OLYMPIA PHARMACY; MARCO LOLEIT, CEO AND OWNER	SECOND AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES	
15			
16	Nonresident Pharmacy Permit Applicant Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit		
17	Applicant		
18	Respondent.		
19			
20	D 4 D T V		
21	PARTIE	—	
22		his Statement of Issues solely in her official	
23	capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Ph	armacy (Board), Department of Consumer	
24	Affairs.		
25	2. On or about March 23, 2020, the Board n		
26	Pharmacy Permit and a Nonresident Sterile Compou		
27	International Incorporated, doing business as Olymp	-	
28	Executive Officer and 100% stockholder (Responder	nt). On or about March 11, 2020, Marco	
	1	SECOND AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES	

1	Loleit certified under penalty of perjury to the truthfulness of all statements, answers, and		
2	representations in the application. The Board denied the applications on or about December 22,		
3	2020.		
4	JURISDICTION		
5	3. This Second Amended Statement of Issues is brought before the Board, under the		
6	authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code		
7	(Code) unless otherwise indicated.		
8	4. Code Section 4302 states:		
9 10 11	The board may deny, suspend, or revoke any license of a corporation where conditions exist in relation to any person holding 10 percent or more of the corporate stock of the corporation, or where conditions exist in relation to any officer or director of the corporation that would constitute grounds for disciplinary action against a licensee.		
12	STATUTORY PROVISIONS		
13	5. Code section 4307, subdivision (a), states, in pertinent part:		
14	Any person who has been denied a license or whose license has been revoked or is		
15	under suspension, or who has failed to renew his or her license while it was under suspension, or who has been a manager, administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate, or partner of any partnership, corporation, firm, or association whose application		
16 17	for a license has been denied or revoked, is under suspension or has been placed on probation, and while acting as the manager, administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate, or partner had knowledge of or knowingly participated in any conduct for which		
18	the license was denied, revoked, suspended, or placed on probation, shall be prohibited from serving as a manager, administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate, or partner of a licensee as follow:		
19 20	(1) Where a probationary license is issued or where an existing license is placed on probation, this prohibition shall remain in effect for a period not to exceed five years.		
21	(2) Where the license is denied or revoked, the prohibition shall continue until the		
22	license is issued or reinstated		
23	FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS		
24	6. Marco Loleit signed Respondent's applications as Respondent's Chief Executive		
25	Officer and "owner". Mr. Loleit was the only listed officer for Respondent on its applications.		
26	7. Mr. Loleit is also currently listed in the Board's records as the Chief Executive		
27	Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer of Olympia Pharmacy, Nonresident		
28			
	2		
	SECOND AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES		

1	Pharmacy Permit Number NRP 1525 and Nonresident Compounding Permit Number NSC
2	100818 (hereinafter Olympia Pharmacy).
3	8. On December 13, 2022, Second Amended Accusation No. 7088 was filed against
4	Olympia Pharmacy, alleging violations of pharmacy law. A true copy of Second Amended
5	Accusation No. 7088 is attached as Exhibit A.
6	CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
7	(Conditions Exist Constituting Grounds for Disciplinary Action)
8	9. Respondent's applications are subject to denial pursuant to Code sections 4302 in that
9	conditions exist in relation to a person owning 10 percent or more of the ownership interest or
10	serving as an officer of Respondent that would constitute grounds for disciplinary action. The
11	circumstances are that a Second Amended Accusation has been filed against Olympia Pharmacy
12	alleging violations of pharmacy law. Marco Loleit is an officer of Olympia Pharmacy and is
13	listed as an officer and owner of Respondent, as set forth in paragraphs 6-8 above.
14	OTHER MATTERS
15	10. Pursuant to Code section 4307, if Respondent's applications are denied or if
16	discipline is imposed on a permit issued to Respondent, then Respondent shall be prohibited from
17	serving as a manager, administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate, or partner of a
18	licensee until said permit is issued or for five years if a permit is issued and placed on probation.
19	<u>PRAYER</u>
20	WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged,
21	and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision:
22	1. Denying the applications of OPS International Incorporated, dba Olympia Pharmacy
23	for a Nonresident Pharmacy Permit and Nonresident Sterile Compounding Permit;
24	2. Prohibiting OPS International Incorporated, dba Olympia Pharmacy from serving as a
25	manager, administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate, or partner of a licensee until
26	a permit is issued if the applications are denied or for five years if a permit is issued and placed
27	on probation;
28	
	3

Ш

1	3.	Prohibiting Marco Loleit	from serving as a manager	, administrator, owner, member,
2	officer, di	rector, associate, or partner	of a licensee until a permit	is issued if the applications are
3	denied or for five years if a permit is issued and placed on probation; and,			
4	4.	Taking such other and fu	rther action as deemed nece	essary and proper.
5			Sodergren,	Digitally signed by Sodergren, Anne@DCA
6	DATED:	3/8/2024	Anne@DCA ANNE SODERGR	Date: 2024.03.08 11:24:57 -08'00' FN
7			Executive Officer Board of Pharmacy	
8			Department of Con State of California	sumer Affairs
9			Complainant	
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			SECOND A	MENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

Exhibit C

First Amended Statement of Issues No. 7384

1	ROB BONTA	
2	Attorney General of California DAVID E. BRICE	
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General MABEL LEW	
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 158042	
5	1300 I Street, Suite 125 P.O. Box 944255	
6	Sacramento, CA 94244-2550 Telephone: (916) 210-6104	
7	Facsimile: (916) 327-8643 Attorneys for Complainant	
8	DEFOR	
9	BEFOR BOARD OF P	
10	DEPARTMENT OF CO STATE OF CA	
11		
12	In the Matter of the Statement of Issues	Case No. 7384
13	Against:	
14	OLYMPIA PHARMACY	FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF
15	Applicant for Renewal of Non-Resident	ISSUES
16	Sterile Compounding License No. NSC100818	
17	Respondent.	
18		
19		
20	PART	
21		s this First Amended Statement of Issues solely
22	in her official capacity as the Executive Officer of	T the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of
23	Consumer Affairs.	
24	2. On or about December 15, 2015, the H	
25	Compounding License Number NSC 100818 to O	
26	as Olympia Pharmacy (Respondent), with Marco	
27	Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer. The Non-Resident Sterile	
28	Compounding License was in full force and effect	t at all times relevant to the charges brought
	1	
	(OLYMPIA PHARM	IACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1	herein and will expire on November 1, 2022, unless renewed. Prior to its expiration, Respondent		
2	applied for the renewal of Nonresident Sterile Compounding License No. NSC 100818. On or about		
3	September 16, 2022, Respondent's application for renewal was denied.		
4	3. On or about September 26, 2022, the Board received Respondent's timely appeal of the		
5	Board's denial of Respondent's Nonresident Sterile Compounding License No. NSC 100818.		
6	JURISDICTION		
7	4. This First Amended Statement of Issues is brought before the Board under the		
8	authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code		
9	(Code) unless otherwise indicated.		
10	5. Code section 4300, states, in pertinent part:		
11	(a) Every license issued may be suspended or revoked.		
12	(c) The board may refuse a license to any applicant guilty of unprofessional		
13	conduct		
14	(e) The proceedings under this article shall be conducted in accordance with		
15	Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of the Government Code, and the board shall have all the powers granted therein. The		
16	action shall be final, except that the propriety of the action is subject to review by the superior court pursuant to Section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure.		
17			
18	6. Code section 4300.1 states:		
19	The expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the		
20	placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any		
21	investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license.		
22			
23	7. Code section 4301 states, in pertinent part:		
24	The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been issued by mistake. Unprofessional		
25	conduct includes, but is not limited to, any of the following:		
26			
27	(c) Gross negligence.		
28			
	2		
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES		

1	(g) Knowingly making or signing any certificate or other document that
2	falsely represents the existence or nonexistence of a state of facts.
3	
4	(j) The violation of any statutes of this state, of any other state, or of the United States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.
5	
6	(o) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abotting the violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter
7	abetting the violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter or of the applicable federal and state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, including regulations established by the board or by any other state or federal
8 9	regulatory agency.
10	8. Section 4342, subdivision (a) of the Code, states:
11	The board may institute any action or actions as may be provided by law and that, in its discretion, are necessary to prove the sale of phermacoutical preparations and drugs
12	its discretion, are necessary, to prevent the sale of pharmaceutical preparations and drugs that do not conform to the standard and tests as to quality and strength, provided in the latest edition of the United States Pharmacopoeia or the National Formulary, or that violate
13	any provision of the Sherman Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Law (Part 5 (commencing with Section 109875) of Division 104 of the Health and Safety Code
14	
15	STATUTORY PROVISIONS
16	9. Code section 4123 states:
17 18	Any pharmacy that contracts to compound a drug for parenteral therapy, pursuant to a prescription, for delivery to another pharmacy shall report that contractual arrangement to the board. That information shall be reported by the pharmacy performing the compounding services within 30 days of commencing that
19	compounding.
20	10. Code section 4126.8 states:
21	The compounding of drug preparations by a pharmacy for furnishing, distribution, or use in this state shall be consistent with standards established in the
22 23	pharmacy compounding chapters of the current version of the United States Pharmacopeia-National Formulary, including relevant testing and quality assurance.
23 24	The board may adopt regulations to impose additional standards for compounding drug preparations.
25	11. Code section 4127.2 states, in pertinent part:
26 27	(a) A nonresident pharmacy shall not compound sterile drug products for shipment into this state without a sterile compounding pharmacy license issued by the board pursuant to this section. The license shall be renewed annually and shall not be transformed.
28	not be transferable.
	3
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1	(c) A license to compound sterile drug products shall not be issued or renewed
2	until the location is inspected by the board and found in compliance with this article and any regulations adopted by the board. The nonresident pharmacy shall
3	reimburse the board for all actual and necessary costs incurred by the board in conducting an inspection of the pharmacy at least once annually pursuant to subdivision (x) of Section 4400
4	subdivision (v) of Section 4400.
5	(e) A pharmacy licensed pursuant to this section shall do all of the following:
6	
7	(3) Provide to the board, within 12 hours, any recall notice issued by the pharmacy for sterile drug products it has compounded that have been shipped into,
8	or dispensed in, California.
9	(f) Adverse effects reported or potentially attributable to a nonresident
10 11	pharmacy's sterile compounded drug product shall be reported to the board within 12 hours and immediately reported to the MedWatch program of the federal Food and Drug Administration
12	12. Code section 4129.1 states, in pertinent part:
13	(a) An outsourcing facility that is licensed with the federal Food and Drug
14	Administration (FDA) and with an address in this state shall also be licensed by the board as an outsourcing facility before doing business within this state. The license shall be renewed annually and is not transferable.
15 16	(b) An outsourcing facility shall compound all sterile products and nonsterile products in compliance with regulations issued by the board and with federal current
10	good manufacturing practices applicable to outsourcing facilities.
18	(c) An outsourcing facility license shall not be issued or renewed until the location is inspected by the board and found in compliance with this article and regulations adopted by the board.
19	(d) An outsourcing facility license shall not be issued or renewed until the
20	board does all of the following:
21	(1) Prior to inspection, reviews a current copy of the outsourcing facility's policies and procedures for sterile compounding and nonsterile compounding.
22	(2) Is provided with copies of all federal and state regulatory agency
23 24	inspection reports, as well as accreditation reports, and certification reports of facilities or equipment of the outsourcing facility's premises conducted in the prior
24 25	12 months. (2) \mathbf{D} is the interval of the full of
25 26	(3) Prior to inspection, receives a list of all sterile drugs and nonsterile drugs compounded by the outsourcing facility as reported to the FDA in the last 12
26 27	months. (\cdot) An antenna in a facilitation of a month of the section of all months is the section of a secti
27 28	(e) An outsourcing facility licensed pursuant to this section shall provide the board with all of the following:
28	
	4 (OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES
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1	(1) A copy of any disciplinary or other action taken by another state or the FDA within 10 days of the action.
2	
3	(2) Notice within 24 hours of any recall notice issued by the outsourcing facility.
4	(3) A copy of any clinically related complaint it receives involving an outsourcing facility's compounded products from or involving any provider,
5	pharmacy, or patient in California within 72 hours of receipt.
6	(4) Notice within 24 hours after learning of adverse effects reported or potentially attributable to the outsourcing facility's products.
7	potentially attributable to the outsourcing facility's products.
8	13. Code section 4129.2 states, in pertinent part:
9	(a) An outsourcing facility that is licensed with the federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as an outsourcing facility and has an address outside of this
10	state but in the United States of America is a nonresident outsourcing facility. A nonresident outsourcing facility shall not compound sterile drug products or
11	nonsterile drug products for distribution or use into this state without an outsourcing license issued by the board pursuant to this section. The license shall be renewed
12	annually and shall not be transferable.
13	(b) A nonresident outsourcing facility shall compound all sterile products and nonsterile products to be distributed or used in this state in compliance with
14	regulations of the board and with federal current good manufacturing practices applicable to outsourcing facilities.
15	
16	14. Code section 4169 states, in pertinent part:
17	(a) A person or entity shall not do any of the following:
18	
19	(2) Purchase, trade, sell, or transfer dangerous drugs that the person knew
20	or reasonably should have known were adulterated, as set forth in Article 2 (commencing with Section 111250) of Chapter 6 of Part 5 of Division 104 of the Health and Safety Code.
21	(3) Purchase, trade, sell, or transfer dangerous drugs that the person knew
22	or reasonably should have known were misbranded, as defined in Section 111335 of the Health and Safety Code
23	the freath and Safety Code
24	15. Code section 4307 states, in pertinent part:
25	(a) Any person who has been denied a license or whose license has been
26	revoked or is under suspension, or who has failed to renew his or her license while it was under suspension, or who has been a manager, administrator, owner, member,
27	officer, director, associate, partner, or any other person with management or control of any partnership, corporation, trust, firm, or association whose application for a
28	license has been denied or revoked, is under suspension or has been placed on probation, and while acting as the manager, administrator, owner, member, officer,
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISS

(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1 2	director, associate, partner, or any other person with management or control had knowledge of or knowingly participated in any conduct for which the license was denied, revoked, suspended, or placed on probation, shall be prohibited from serving
2	as a manager, administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate, partner, or in any other position with management or control of a licensee as follows:
4	(1) Where a probationary license is issued or where an existing license is
5	placed on probation, this prohibition shall remain in effect for a period not to exceed five years.
6 7	(2) Where the license is denied or revoked, the prohibition shall continue until the license is issued or reinstated.
8	(b) "Manager, administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate,
9	partner, or any other person with management or control of a license" as used in this section and Section 4308, may refer to a pharmacist or to any other person who serves in such capacity in or for a licensee.
10	(c) The provisions of subdivision (a) may be alleged in any pleading filed pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of
11	the Government Code. However, no order may be issued in that case except as to a person who is named in the caption, as to whom the pleading alleges the
12	applicability of this section, and where the person has been given notice of the proceeding as required by Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of
13	Division 3 of the Government Code. The authority to proceed as provided by this subdivision shall be in addition to the board's authority to proceed under Section
14	4339 or any other provision of law.
15	HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE
16	16. California Health and Safety Code (Health & Saf. Code), section 111250, states,
17	"Any drug or device is adulterated if it consists, in whole or in part, of any filthy, putrid, or
18	decomposed substance."
19	17. Health & Saf. Code, section 111255, states, "Any drug or device is adulterated if it
20	has been produced, prepared, packed, or held under conditions whereby it may have been
21	contaminated with filth, or whereby it may have been rendered injurious to health."
22	18. Health & Saf. Code, section 111295, states, "It is unlawful for any person to
23	manufacture, sell, deliver, hold, or offer for sale any drug or device that is adulterated."
24	19. Health and Saf. Code, section 111330, states, "Any drug or device is misbranded if its
25	labeling is false or misleading in any particular."
26	20. Health and Saf. Code, section 111335, states, "Any drug or device is misbranded if its
27	labeling or packaging does not conform to the requirements of Chapter 4 (commencing with
28	Section 110290)."
	6
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1	21. Health and Saf. Code section 111430 states, "A drug or device is misbranded if it was
2	manufactured in an establishment not duly registered with the Secretary of Health, Education, and
3	Welfare of the United States."
4	22. Health and Saf. Code section 111440 states, "It is unlawful for any person to
5	manufacture, sell, deliver, hold, or offer for sale any drug or device that is misbranded."
6	23. Health and Saf. Code section 111445 states, "It is unlawful for any person to
7	misbrand any drug or device."
8	24. Health and Saf. Code section 111445 states, "It is unlawful for any person to
9	misbrand any drug or device."
10	CALIFORNIA REGULATIONS
11	25. California Code of Regulations, title 16 (CCR), section 1735.2 states, in pertinent
12	part:
13	(e) A drug preparation shall not be compounded until the pharmacy has first
14 15	prepared a written master formula document that includes at least the following elements:
16	(g) The pharmacist performing or supervising compounding is responsible for
17	the integrity, potency, quality, and labeled strength of a compounded drug preparation until the beyond use date indicated on the label, so long as label instructions for storage and handling are followed after the preparation is dispensed.
18	
19	26. CCR section 1735.4 states, in pertinent part:
20	(a) Each compounded drug preparation shall be affixed with a container label prior to dispensing that contains at least:
21	(1) Name of the compounding pharmacy and dispensing pharmacy (if
22	different)
23	27. CCR section 1735.5, subdivision (a) states, in pertinent part:
24	Any pharmacy engaged in compounding shall maintain written policies and procedures for compounding that establishes procurement procedures,
25	methodologies for the formulation and compounding of drugs, facilities and equipment cleaning, maintenance, operation, and other standard operating
26	procedures related to compounding. Any material failure to follow the pharmacy's written policies and procedures shall constitute a basis for disciplinary action.
27	///
28	///
	7
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1	28. CCR section 1735.8 states, in pertinent part:
2	(a) Any pharmacy engaged in compounding shall maintain, as part of its
3	written policies and procedures, a written quality assurance plan designed to monitor and ensure the integrity, potency, quality, and labeled strength of compounded drug
4	preparations.
5 6	(b) The quality assurance plan shall include written procedures for verification, monitoring, and review of the adequacy of the compounding processes and shall also include written documentation of review of those processes by qualified pharmacy personnel
7	29. CCR section 1751.6, subdivision (e), states, in pertinent part:
8	Pharmacies that compound sterile drug preparations must comply with the following training requirements:
9	(1) The pharmacy must establish and follow a written program of training and
10 11	performance evaluation designed to ensure that each person working in the designated area has the knowledge and skills necessary to perform their assigned tasks properly. This program of training and performance evaluation must address at
12	least the following:
12	(F) Proper hand hygiene, gowning and gloving technique
14	FEDERAL STATUTES AND REGULATIONS
15	30. United States Code Annotated, title 21 (21 USCA) section 321 states, in pertinent
16	part:
17	
18	(ff) The term "dietary supplement" –
19	(1) Means a product (other than tobacco) intended to supplement the diet that bears or contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients:
20	(A) a vitamin;
21	(B) a mineral;
22	(C) an herb or other botanical;
23	(D) an amino acid;
24	(E) a dietary substance for use by man to supplement the diet by
25	increasing the total dietary intake; or
26	(F) a concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient described in clause (A), (B), (C), (D), or (E);
27	(2) Means a product that –
28	(A)
	8
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1	(i) is intended for ingestion in a form described in section 350(c)(1)(B)(i) of this title; or
2	(ii) complies with section 350(c)(1)(B)(ii) of this title
3 4	(B) is not represented for use as a conventional food or as a sole item of a meal or the diet; and
5	(C) is labeled as a dietary supplement; and
6	(3) does-
7	(A) Include an article that is approved as a new drug under section 355 of this title or licensed as a biologic under section 262 of title 42 and was, prior to
8 9	such approval, certification, or license, marketed as a dietary supplement or as a food unless the Secretary has issued a regulation, after notice and comment, finding that the article, when used as or in a dietary supplement under the
10	conditions of use and dosages set forth in the labeling for such dietary supplement, is unlawful under section 342(f) of this title; and
11	(B) not include-
12	(i) an article that is approved as a new drug under section 355 of this title, certified as an antibiotic under section 357 of this title, or licensed as a
13	biologic under section 262 of title 42, or
14 15	(ii) an article authorized for investigation as a new drug, antibiotic, or biological for which substantial clinical investigations have been instituted and for which the existence of such investigations has been made public, which was
16 17	not before such approval, certification, licensing, or authorization marketed as a dietary supplement or as a food unless the Secretary, in the Secretary's discretion, has issued a regulation, after notice and comment, finding that the article would be unlawful under this chapter.
18 19	Except for purposes of paragraph (g) and section 350f of this title, a dietary supplement shall be deemed to be a food within the meaning of this chapter.
20	31. 21 USCA section 331 states, in pertinent part:
21	The following acts and the causing thereof are hereby prohibited:
22	(a) The introduction or delivery for introduction into interstate commerce of
23	any food, drug, device, tobacco product, or cosmetic that is adulterated or misbranded
24	32. 21 USCA section 350 states, in pertinent part:
25	(a) Definitions
26	(c) Definitions
27	(1) For purposes of this section, the term "food to which this section applies" means a food for humans which is a food for special dietary use-
28	///
	9
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSU

1	(A) which is or contains any natural or synthetic vitamin or mineral,
2	and (B) which-
3	(i) is intended for ingestion in table, capsule, powder, softgel, gelcap, or liquid form, or
4	(ii) if not intended for ingestion in such a form, is not represented as
5 6	conventional food and is not represented for use as a sole item of a meal or of the diet.
7	33. 21 USCA section 351 states, in pertinent part:
8	A drug or device shall be deemed to be adulterated –
9	(a) Poisonous, insanitary, etc., ingredients; adequate controls in manufacture.
10	(1) If it consists in whole or in part of any filthy, putrid, or decomposed
10	substance; or
12	(2)(A) if it has been prepared, packed, or held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have been contaminated with filth, or whereby it may have been
13	rendered injurious to health; or (B) if it is a drug and the methods used in, or the facilities or controls used for, its manufacture, processing, packing, or holding do
14	not conform to or are not operated or administered in conformity with current good manufacturing practice to assure that such drug meets the requirements of this Act
15	[21 USCA §§ 301 et seq.] as to safety and has the identity and strength, and meets the quality and purity characteristics, which it purports or is represented to possess;
16	or (C) if it is a compounded positron emission tomography drug and the methods used in, or the facilities and controls used for, its compounding, processing, packing, or holding do not conform to or are not operated or administered in
17	conformity with the positron emission tomography compounding standards and the official monographs of the United States Pharmacopoeia to assure that such
18	drug meets the requirements of this Act [21 USCA §§ 301 et seq.] as to safety and has the identity and strength, and meets the quality and purity characteristics, that
19	it purports or is represented to possess; or (3) if its container is composed, in whole or in part, of any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render the
20	contents injurious to health; or (4) if (A) it bears or contains, for purposes of coloring only, a color additive which is unsafe within the meaning of section
21 22	721(a) [21 USCA § 379e(a)], or (B) it is a color additive the intended use of which in or on drugs or devices is for purposes of coloring only and is unsafe within the
22	meaning of section 721(a) [21 USCA § 379e(a)]; or (5) if it is a new animal drug which is unsafe within the meaning of section 512 [21 USCA § 360b]; or (6) if it is an animal feed bearing or contaminating a new animal drug, and such animal
23	feed is unsafe within the meaning of section 512 [21 USCA § 360f].
25	(b) Strength, quality, or purity differing from official compendium. If it purports to be or is represented as a drug the name of which is recognized in an
26	official compendium, and its strength differs from, or its quality or purity falls below, the standard set forth in such compendium Whenever a drug is
20	recognized in both the United States Pharmacopoeia and the Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States it shall be subject to the requirements of the
28	United States Pharmacopoeia unless it is labeled and offered for sale as a homoeopathic drug, in which case it shall be subject to the provisions of the
	10
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1	Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States and not to those of the United
2	States Pharmacopoeia
3	34. 21 USCA section 352 states, in pertinent part:
4	A drug or device shall be deemed to be misbranded—
5	
6	(o) Drugs or devices from nonregistered establishments. If it was
7	manufactured, prepared, propagated, compounded, or processed in an establishment not duly registered under section 510 [21 USCA § 360], if it is a
8	drug and was imported or offered for import by a commercial importer of drugs not duly registered under section 801(s) [21 USCA § 381(s)], if it was not included in a list required by section 510(i) [21 USCA § 260(i)], if a patient or other
9	in a list required by section 510(j) [21 USCA § 360(j)], if a notice or other information respecting it was not provided as required by such section or section 510(k) [21 USCA § 360(k)], or if it does not hear such symbols from the uniform
10	510(k) [21 USCA § 360(k)], or if it does not bear such symbols from the uniform system for identification of devices prescribed under section 510(e) [21 USCA § 360(e)] as the Secretary by regulation requires
11	500(e)] as the Secretary by regulation requires
12	35. 21 USCA section 353a states, in pertinent part:
13	(a) In general. Sections 501(a)(2)(B), 502(f)(1), and 505 [21 USCA §§ 351(a)(2)(B), 352(f)(1), and 355] shall not apply to a drug product if the drug
14	product is compounded for an identified individual patient based on the receipt of a valid prescription order or a notation, approved by the prescribing practitioner, on
15 16	the prescription order that a compounded product is necessary for the identified patient, if the drug product meets the requirements of this section, and if the compounding—
17	(1) is by—
18	(A) a licensed pharmacist in a State licensed pharmacy or a Federal facility, or
19	(B) a licensed physician, on the prescription order for such individual patient
20	made by a licensed physician or other licensed practitioner authorized by State law to prescribe drugs; or
21	(2)
22	(A) is by a licensed pharmacist or licensed physician in limited quantities before the receipt of a valid prescription order for such individual patient; and
23	(B) is based on a history of the licensed pharmacist or licensed physician
24	receiving valid prescription orders for the compounding of the drug product, which orders have been generated solely within an established relationship between—
25 26	(i) the licensed pharmacist or licensed physician; and
26 27	(ii)
27 28	(I) such individual patient for whom the prescription order will be provided; or
	11
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1	(II) the physician or other licensed practitioner who will write such prescription order.
2	
3	(b) Compounded drug.
4	(1) Licensed pharmacist and licensed physician. A drug product may be compounded under subsection (a) if the licensed pharmacist or licensed physician—
5 6	(A) compounds the drug product using bulk drug substances, as defined in regulations of the Secretary published at section 207.3(a)(4) of title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations—
7	(i) that—
8 9	(I) comply with the standards of an applicable United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary monograph, if a monograph exists, and the United States Pharmacopoeia chapter on pharmacy compounding;
10 11	(II) if such a monograph does not exist, are drug substances that are components of drugs approved by the Secretary; or
11	(III) if such a monograph does not exist and the drug substance is not a component of a drug approved by the Secretary, that appear on a list developed by the Secretary through regulations issued by the Secretary under subsection (c);
13 14	(ii) that are manufactured by an establishment that is registered under section 510 [21 USCA § 360] (including a foreign establishment that is registered under section 510(i) [21 USCA § 360(i)]); and
15 16	(iii) that are accompanied by valid certificates of analysis for each bulk drug substance;
17 18	(B) compounds the drug product using ingredients (other than bulk drug substances) that comply with the standards of an applicable United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary monograph, if a monograph exists, and the United States Pharmacopoeia chapter on pharmacy compounding;
19 20 21	(C) does not compound a drug product that appears on a list published by the Secretary in the Federal Register of drug products that have been withdrawn or removed from the market because such drug products or components of such drug products have been found to be unsafe or not effective; and
22	(D) does not compound regularly or in inordinate amounts (as defined by the Secretary) any drug products that are essentially copies of a commercially available
23	drug product.
24	(2) Definition. For purposes of paragraph $(1)(D)$, the term "essentially a copy of a commercially available drug product" does not include a drug product in which
25 26	there is a change, made for an identified individual patient, which produces for that patient a significant difference, as determined by the prescribing practitioner, between the compounded drug and the comparable commercially available drug
27	product.
28	(3) Drug product. A drug product may be compounded under subsection (a) only if—
	12
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISS

1	(A) such drug product is not a drug product identified by the Secretary by regulation as a drug product that presents demonstrable difficulties for compounding
2	that reasonably demonstrate an adverse effect on the safety or effectiveness of that drug product; and
3	(B) such drug product is compounded in a State—
4	(i) that has entered into a memorandum of understanding with the Secretary which
5 6	addresses the distribution of inordinate amounts of compounded drug products interstate and provides for appropriate investigation by a State agency of complaints relating to compounded drug products distributed outside such State; or
7	(ii) that has not entered into the memorandum of understanding described in
8 9	clause (i) and the licensed pharmacist, licensed pharmacy, or licensed physician distributes (or causes to be distributed) compounded drug products out of the State in which they are compounded in quantities that do not exceed 5 percent of the total
	prescription orders dispensed or distributed by such pharmacy or physician.
10 11	The Secretary shall, in consultation with the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy, develop a standard memorandum of understanding for use by the States in complying with subparagraph (B)(i).
12	
13	(e) "Compounding" defined. As used in this section, the term "compounding" does not include mixing, reconstituting, or other such acts that are performed in accordance with directions contained in approved labeling provided by the product's
14	manufacturer and other manufacturer directions consistent with that labeling.
15	36. 21 USCA section 353b states, in pertinent part:
16 17	(a) In general. Sections 502(f)(1), 505, and 582 [21 USCA §§ 352(f)(1), 355, and 360eee-1] shall not apply to a drug compounded by or under the direct supervision of a licensed pharmacist in a facility that elects to register as an outsourcing facility if each of the following conditions is met:
18 19	(1) Registration and reporting. The drug is compounded in an outsourcing facility that is in compliance with the requirements of subsection (b).
20	(2) Bulk drug substances. The drug is compounded in an outsourcing facility
21	that does not compound using bulk drug substances (as defined in section 207.3(a)(4) of title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulation)),
22	unless—
23	(A) (i) the bulk drug substance appears on a list established by the Secretary
24	identifying bulk drug substances for which there is a clinical need, by—
25	(I) publishing a notice in the Federal Register proposing bulk drug substances to be included on the list, including the rationale for such proposal;
26	(II) providing a period of not less than 60 calendar days for comment on the notice; and
27	(III) publishing a notice in the Federal Register designating bulk drug
28	substances for inclusion on the list; or
	13
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1	(ii) the drug compounded from such bulk drug substance appears on the drug shortage list in effect under section 506E [21 USCA § 356e] at the time of
2	compounding, distribution, and dispensing;
3	(B) if an applicable monograph exists under the United States Pharmacopeia, the National Formulary, or another compendium or pharmacopeia recognized by the
4	Secretary for purposes of this paragraph, the bulk drug substances each comply with the monograph;
5	(C) the bulk drug substances are each manufactured by an establishment that
6 7	is registered under section 510 [21 USCA § 360] (including a foreign establishment that is registered under section $510(i)$) [21 USCA § $360(i)$]; and
8	(D) the bulk drug substances are each accompanied by a valid certificate of analysis.
9	(3) Ingredients (other than bulk drug substances) If any ingredients (other than
10 11	bulk drug substances) are used in compounding the drug, such ingredients comply with the standards of the applicable United States Pharmacopeia or National Formulary monograph, if such monograph exists, or of another compendium or pharmacopeia recognized by the Secretary for purposes of this paragraph if any.
12	(4) Drugs withdrawn or removed because unsafe or not effective. The drug
13	does not appear on a list published by the Secretary of drugs that have been withdrawn or removed from the market because such drugs or components of such
14	drugs have been found to be unsafe or not effective.
15	(5) Essentially a copy of an approved drug. The drug is not essentially a copy of one or more approved drugs.
16	(6) Drugs presenting demonstrable difficulties for compounding. The drug—
17	(A) is not identified (directly or as part of a category of drugs) on a list published by the Secretary, through the process described in subsection (c), of drugs
18 19	or categories of drugs that present demonstrable difficulties for compounding that are reasonably likely to lead to an adverse effect on the safety or effectiveness of the drug or category of drugs, taking into account the risks and benefits to patients; or
20	(B) is compounded in accordance with all applicable conditions identified on
21	the list described in subparagraph (A) as conditions that are necessary to prevent the drug or category of drugs from presenting the demonstrable difficulties described in subparagraph (A)
22	subparagraph (A).
23	(7) Elements to assure safe use. In the case of a drug that is compounded from a drug that is the subject of a risk evaluation and mitigation strategy approved with elements to assure safe use pursuant to section 505-1 [21 USCA § 355-1], or from a
24	bulk drug substance that is a component of such drug, the outsourcing facility
25	demonstrates to the Secretary prior to beginning compounding that such facility will utilize controls comparable to the controls applicable under the relevant risk evaluation and mitigation strategy.
26	
27 28	(8) Prohibition on wholesaling. The drug will not be sold or transferred by an entity other than the outsourcing facility that compounded such drug. This paragraph does not prohibit administration of a drug in a health care setting or dispensing a
20	14
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSU

1	drug pursuant to a prescription executed in accordance with section $503(b)(1)$ [21 USCA § $353(b)(1)$].
2	
3	(9) Fees. The drug is compounded in an outsourcing facility that has paid all fees owed by such facility pursuant to section 744K [21 USCA § 379j-62].
4	(10) Labeling of drugs.
5	(A) Label. The label of the drug includes—
6 7	(i) the statement "This is a compounded drug." or a reasonable comparable alternative statement (as specified by the Secretary) that prominently identifies the drug as a compounded drug;
8	(ii) the name, address, and phone number of the applicable outsourcing facility; and
9	(iii) with respect to the drug—
10	(I) the lot or batch number;
11	(II) the established name of the drug;
12	(III) the dosage form and strength;
13	(IV) the statement of quantity or volume, as appropriate;
14	(V) the date that the drug was compounded;
15	(VI) the expiration date;
16	(VII) storage and handling instructions;
17	(VIII) the National Drug Code number, if available;
18	(IX) the statement "Not for resale", and, if the drug is dispensed or distributed
19 20	other than pursuant to a prescription for an individual identified patient, the statement "Office Use Only"; and
20 21	(X) subject to subparagraph (B)(i), a list of active and inactive ingredients, identified by established name and the quantity or proportion of each ingredient.
22	(B) Container. The container from which the individual units of the drug are
23	removed for dispensing or for administration (such as a plastic bag containing individual product syringes) shall include—
24	(i) the information described under subparagraph (A)(iii)(X), if there is not space on the label for such information;
25	
26	(ii) the following information to facilitate adverse event reporting: www.fda.gov/medwatch and 1-800-FDA-1088 (or any successor Internet Web site or phone number); and
27	(iii) directions for use, including, as appropriate, dosage and administration.
28	(',
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1	(C) Additional information. The label and labeling of the drug shall include any other information as determined necessary and specified in regulations
2	promulgated by the Secretary.
3 4	(11) Outsourcing facility requirement. The drug is compounded in an outsourcing facility in which the compounding of drugs occurs only in accordance with this section.
5	(b) Registration of outsourcing facilities and reporting of drugs.
6	
7	(2) Drug reporting by outsourcing facilities.
8	(A) In general. Upon initially registering as an outsourcing facility, once during the month of June of each year, and once during the month of December of each year, each outsourcing facility that registers with the Secretary under
9	paragraph (1) shall submit to the Secretary a report—
10	(i) identifying the drugs compounded by such outsourcing facility during the previous 6-month period; and
11	(ii) with respect to each drug identified under clause (i), providing the active
12	ingredient, the source of such active ingredient, the National Drug Code number of the source drug or bulk active ingredient, if available, the strength of the active
13 14	ingredient per unit, the dosage form and route of administration, the package description, the number of individual units produced, and the National Drug Code number of the final product, if assigned.
15	
16	(4) Risk-based inspection frequency.
17	(A) In general. Outsourcing facilities—
18	(i) shall be subject to inspection pursuant to section 704 [21 USCA § 374]; and
19 20	(ii) shall not be eligible for the exemption under section $704(a)(2)(A)$ [21 USCA § $374(a)(2)(A)$].
20	(B) Risk-based schedule. The Secretary, acting through one or more officers
21	or employees duly designated by the Secretary, shall inspect outsourcing facilities in accordance with a risk-based schedule established by the Secretary.
22	(C) Risk factors. In establishing the risk-based schedule, the Secretary shall
23 24	inspect outsourcing facilities according to the known safety risks of such outsourcing facilities, which shall be based on the following factors:
24 25	(i) The compliance history of the outsourcing facility.
26	(ii) The record, history, and nature of recalls linked to the outsourcing facility.
20	(iii) The inherent risk of the drugs compounded at the outsourcing facility.
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1 2	(iv) The inspection frequency and history of the outsourcing facility, including whether the outsourcing facility has been inspected pursuant to section 704 [21 USCA § 374] within the last 4 years.
3	(v) Whether the outsourcing facility has registered under this paragraph as an entity that intends to compound a drug that appears on the list in effect under section
4	506È [21 USCA § 356e].
5	(vi) Any other criteria deemed necessary and appropriate by the Secretary for purposes of allocating inspection resources.
6	(5) Adverse event reporting. Outsourcing facilities shall submit adverse event
7 8	reports to the Secretary in accordance with the content and format requirements established through guidance or regulation under section 310.305 of title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulations).
9	···
10	(d) Definitions. In this section:
10	(1) The term "compounding" includes the combining, admixing, mixing, diluting, pooling, reconstituting, or otherwise altering of a drug or bulk drug
12	substance to create a drug.
13	(2) The term "essentially a copy of an approved drug" means—
14	(A) a drug that is identical or nearly identical to an approved drug, or a marketed drug not subject to section 503(b) [21 USCA § 353(b)] and not subject to approval in an application submitted under section 505 [21 USCA § 355], unless, in
15 16	the case of an approved drug, the drug appears on the drug shortage list in effect under section 506E [21 USCA § 356e] at the time of compounding, distribution, and dispensing; or
17	(B) a drug, a component of which is a bulk drug substance that is a component
18	of an approved drug or a marketed drug that is not subject to section 503(b) [21 USCA § 353(b)] and not subject to approval in an application submitted under
19	section 505 [21 USCA § 355], unless there is a change that produces for an individual patient a clinical difference, as determined by the prescribing practitioner, between the compounded drug and the compounded drug
20	between the compounded drug and the comparable approved drug.
21	(3) The term "approved drug" means a drug that is approved under section 505 [21 USCA § 355] and does not appear on the list described in subsection (a)(4) of
22	drugs that have been withdrawn or removed from the market because such drugs or components of such drugs have been found to be unsafe or not effective
23	
24	37. Code of Federal Regulations, title 21 (CFR), section 1302.03 states, in pertinent part:
25	(a) Each commercial container of a controlled substance (except for a controlled substance excepted by the Administrator pursuant to § 1308.31 of this
26	chapter) shall have printed on the label the symbol designating the schedule in which such controlled substance is listed. Each such commercial container, if it otherwise
27	has no label, must bear a label complying with the requirement of this part.
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1	(b) Each manufacturer shall print upon the labeling of each controlled substance distributed by him the symbol designating the schedule in which such
2	controlled substance is listed.
3	(c) The following symbols shall designate the schedule corresponding thereto:
4	Schedule Schedule I CI or C-I.
5	Schedule II CII or C-II. Schedule III CIII or C-III.
6	Schedule IVCIV or C-IV.Schedule VCV or C-V.
7 8	The word "schedule" need not be used. No distinction need be made between narcotic and nonnarcotic substances
9	DEFINITIONS
10	38. Aseptic process simulations (APS), also known as media fill, are studies conducted
11	on the aseptic filling process, which is simulated to the actual production procedure where the
12	product is replaced with growth media.
13	39. Food Chemical Codex (FCC). The FCC and associated Reference Materials enables
14	you to verify the identity, quality, and purity of the food ingredients you buy and sell, which help
15	to ensure the overall safety and integrity of the food ingredient supply chain. An FCC standard
16	can be used to characterize ingredients used in food. Monographs in the FCC consist of tests and
17	specifications for identification, assay and impurities, as well as other tests that help describe the
18	purity and quality of the ingredient. FCC standards are reviewed and approved by independent
19	experts.
20	40. Lyophilization is a low temperature dehydration process where the product is frozen,
21	the pressure lowered, and ice removed by sublimation. Lyophilization allows for ease of storage,
22	shipping, and reconstitution to the product's original form for injection.
23	41. Methionine is a sulfur-containing essential amino acid that is a constituent of most
24	proteins.
25	42. Out-of-Specification Investigation . A required element of the Quality Assurance
26	Plan required as described in CCR section 1735.8 in response to a product test result outside its
27	specification limits. A written procedure, i.e., SOP, must exist that describes the methodology for
28	performing an OOS investigation. OOS investigations must be documented.
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

Settle Plates, also known as sedimentation plates or settling plates, are used in the 1 43. 2 pharmaceutical industry for semi-quantitative determination of microbial contamination in the air. The plate is typically a petri dish containing an agar medium. The plate is opened and exposed 3 over a given period of time, allowing microbe-bearing particles to deposit onto the plate. The 4 number of microbe bearing particles deposited onto the agar surface of the plate over the period 5 of exposure is ascertained by incubating the plate and counting the number of microbial colonies 6 (colony-forming units, [CFUs]). 7 Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) is a documented method or set of written 8 44. 9 directions to complete a specific process(es). 45. **USP-NF** is the United States Pharmacopeia-National Formulary, a comprehensive 10 source for over 5,000 quality standards for medicines, active pharmaceutical ingredients (API), 11 and inactive ingredients. 12 46. **USP Monographs**. USP-NF publishes monographs that articulate the quality 13 expectations for medicines approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (US FDA), 14 including the medication identity, strength, purity and performance. Monographs also describe 15 the tests to validate that a medicine and its ingredients meet USP-NF criteria. 16 **DRUG DESCRIPTIONS** 17 47. Ascorbic acid injection (brand name Acor®) is indicated for short term treatment of 18 19 scurvy in patients for whom oral administration is not possible, insufficient, or contraindicated. It is a dangerous drug within the meaning of Code section 4022. 2048. 21 **Biotin injection**, compounded by Respondent, is a dangerous drug within the meaning of Code section 4022. There is no FDA approved indication for this drug. 22 49. Benzocaine/Lidocaine/Tetracaine (BLT), Formula ID #7409, compounded by 23 24 Respondent, is a non-sterile drug preparation for topical application. 50. Butylated hydroxytoluene (BHT) is a synthetic organic chemical compounding 25

which inhibits oxidation of unsaturated organic compounds. It is often used in food, cosmetics,
and pharmaceutical applications to prevent oxidation.

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51. **Formula ID #6924**, non-sterile preparations, compounded by Respondent, is comprised of minoxidil/ fluocinolone/retinoic acid 5/0.01/0.01%.

52. Olympia Vita-Complex Injection, compounded by Respondent, contains thiamine
hydrochloride (vitamin B1), niacinamide (vitamin B3), riboflavin (vitamin B2), dexpanthenol
(vitamin B5), pyridoxine hydrochloride (vitamin B6), benzyl alcohol, and SWFI. It is a
dangerous drug within the meaning of Code section 4022. There is no FDA approved indication
for this drug.

8 53. Sermorelin Acetate injection, compounded by Respondent, is a human growth
9 hormone-releasing hormone (GHRH or GRF) used for diagnostic evaluation of pituitary function
10 and also for increasing growth in children. It is a dangerous drug pursuant to Code section 4022.

54. Testosterone Cypionate injection (Respondent's tradename Ultratest), compounded
by Respondent, comes only in the form of an injectable solution given into a muscle. It is used to
treat symptoms of hypogonadism in males (a condition where males do not produce enough of the
sex hormone testosterone). It is a Schedule III controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety
Code section 11056, subdivision (f)(30), and a dangerous drug pursuant to Code section 4022.

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STATEMENT OF FACTS

55. On or about August 1 and 2, 2022, Inspector J.F. conducted an on-site, annual, 17 nonresident sterile compounding renewal inspection of Respondent's facility in Orlando, Florida. 18 Inspector J.F. requested, and Respondent provided, numerous documents for evaluation. At the 19 conclusion of the inspection and upon review of Respondent's documentation, Inspector J.F. 20found multiple violations of Pharmacy Law, many of which constituted cause for denial of 21 Respondent's application to renew its nonresident sterile compounding license. On or about 22 September 19, 2022, Inspector J.F. issued another Written Notice to Respondent, notifying 23 24 Respondent of the following violations:

25 Written Notice #1

56. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent failed to follow its own SOPs. Specifically,
Respondent's *Policy on Current Good Documentation Practices* states, in pertinent part, "Never
sign a task that is not completed". Respondent's quality associate, L.S., admitted to Inspector

J.F. that he documented for a future date of August 2, 2022, that dispositioned passive viable air
 plates were sampled on July 27, 2022, and passed with 0 CFU counts. Respondent's *Policy on Current Good Documentation Practices*, also states, in pertinent part, "Never sign or initial
 anyone else's name or initials". L.S. admitted to Inspector J.F. that it was his practice to
 document the samplers' initials on Respondent's environmental monitoring form without
 personally performing the sampling.

57. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent did not follow its own SOPs for conducting and 7 8 reviewing aseptic processing simulations. For example, Respondent's Aseptic Process 9 Simulation 2 (APS2) procedure required mixing the final completed volume on the stir plate for no less than 60 minutes. On March 10, 2022, Lot APS2-A10-22 was mixed for 40 minutes. The 10 procedure further required filtration time "of no less than 2 hours". On March 10, 2022, the total 11 filtration time for Lot APS2-A10-22 was 22 minutes. The procedure required completion of the 12 filling process prior to lyophilization. The filling for Lot APS2-A10-22 was documented as 13 14 completed at 18:13 hours, yet lyophilization was documented as having started at 18:00 hours, thirteen minutes before filling was completed. On April 1, 2022, the lot was verified to conform 15 to the finished product specification for quality assurance release and adhere to cGMP 16 requirements. 17

18 58. Respondent's APS2 procedure required six filling personnel. On March 17, 2022,
19 only five filling personnel participated in filling for Lot APS2-B017-22. Respondent's procedure
20 also required no less than two hours for filtration. On March 17, 2022, the total filtration time was
21 documented at 30 minutes. On April 6, 2022, the lot was verified to conform to the finished
22 product specification for quality assurance release and adhere to cGMP requirements.

23 59. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that the act set forth in paragraphs 56 through 58
24 were in violation of CCR section 1735.5, subdivision (a).

25 Written Notice #2

60. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent's SOP, *Shipping of Compounded Preparations*,
requires, in pertinent part, that "Temperature sensitive compounded preparations must be
maintained at a temperature of <8C for the entire duration of the transit." The labeled

requirement for frozen products, however, is to store frozen (-10C to -25C/-13° to 14°F). The 1 2 three different box sizes used by Respondent were not adequately described in Respondent's procedures. Respondent's 2021 study of its use of Nordic ice packs for shipping lacked sufficient 3 information. The date the study was performed, the materials and equipment used, and the 4 configuration employed were not fully documented. The study concluded in part, "These products 5 are more than enough to preserve the efficacy of all medications that require room temperature or 6 cold delivery demands." The study did not support adequate temperature control for frozen 7 8 product. This is a repeat violation. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of Code section 4126.8. 9 Written Notice #3 10 Inspector J.F. found that Respondent used secondary packaging for its "Vitamindrip" 61. 11 kit, consisting of a box containing three vials, each containing a different sterile product 12 compounded by Respondent. One vial contained ascorbic acid 30mL, the second vial contained 13 14 Olympia mineral blend 30mL, and the third vial contained VitaComplex 30mL. The kit is labeled as "Hydration Injection, USP". Inspector J.F. found that there is not, and never was, a United 15 States Pharmacopeia (USP) monograph for "Hydration Injection". Inspector J.F. notified 16 Respondent that it was in violation of Code section 4169, subdivision (a)(3). 17 Written Notice #4 18 62. 19 Inspector J.F. found that labels on Respondent's compounded products identified the pharmacy as "Olympia Pharmaceuticals." However, the licensee's registered name is "Olympia 2021 Pharmacy". For example, the primary label on released lot# F24020-22 for Biotin 0.05% listed the name of the producing pharmacy as "Olympia Pharmaceuticals". Inspector J.F. notified 22 Respondent that it was in violation of CCR section 1735.4, subdivision (a)(1). 23 24 Written Notice #5 63. On or about July 20, 2022, in its formal response to a *Written Notice* generated by the 25 Board on July 6, 2022, Respondent provided written assurance to the Board that as of 26 September 2, 2021, its updated Batch Release policy required two signatures for each batch 27 released. One signature would be from a member of its quality assurance unit and a second from 28 22

(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

a pharmacist. Respondent assured the Board that this measure was taken to ensure that its batches
are approved for release only after ensuring that all required specifications are met. Inspector J.F.
found that batch records for phenylephrine, lmg/mL, Lot #'s D24A26-22, D24B26-22, and
D24C26-22, released on or about June 27, 2022, had one signature only on the batch release
documentation. The final release for those batches was missing a pharmacist's signature.
Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of Code section 4301, subdivision (g).

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Written Notices #s 6, 15, 19

64. On or about April 26, 2022, Respondent was notified of a customer's complaint 8 describing a patient's anaphylaxis and subsequent hospitalization after an IM¹ injection of a drug 9 compounded by Respondent. Respondent was informed that the patient had a sulfa allergy. 10 Respondent determined that its customer should have advised the patient that the product was not 11 appropriate for her to take because it contained methionine. Respondent stated that methionine 12 was known to be related to sulfa allergies. In its final impact assessment related to the complaint, 13 14 Respondent documented that "This was a one-time incident caused by a customer error. . . Not an unexpected adverse event, methionine known to cause potential reactions to persons allergic to 15 sulfur. Methionine is listed as an ingredient on the product label." Methionine does not contain 16 any sulfonamide group or sulfites. On or about August 7, 2022, Respondent submitted to the 17 Board a written statement that there had been no adverse events regarding its compounded sterile 18 products in the last twelve months. Inspector J.F. documented in his October 19, 2021, inspection 19 report that he had reminded Respondent of the requirements of mandatory reporting, including 20the reporting of adverse events, recalls, and complaints. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that 21 the acts were in violation of Code sections 4301, subdivision (g), 4127.2, subdivision (f), and 22 4301, subdivision (c). 23

- 24 Written Notice #7
- 25

65. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent's lyophilized product, Sermorelin 9mg., was labeled as a multi-dose vial. Inspector J.F. also found antimicrobial effectiveness testing had not

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¹ An intramuscular (IM) injection is a technique used to deliver a medication deep into the muscles. This allows the medication to be absorbed into the bloodstream quickly.

1	been completed as part of stability testing, which considers the possible diluent(s) used.
2	Sermorelin is not directly formulated with a preservative, and it is unknown whether this product
3	has inherent antimicrobial effectiveness properties making it suitable for multi-dose label claims.
4	Respondent's label does not specify the required diluent(s) for use. Respondent only completed
5	method suitability for its multi-dose product, SB4. Preservative effectiveness had not been
6	demonstrated, and test results were pending. This is a repeat violation. Inspector J.F. notified
7	Respondent that it was in violation of CCR section 1751.2, subdivision (b).

8 Written Notice #8

66. Respondent holds a Food and Drug Administration (FDA) 503B registration for an
outsourcing facility. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent's Storage Instructions leaflets, as well
as other informational material, that generally accompany Respondent's product shipments into
California, represent that Respondent is "A 503B Outsourcing Facility". Respondent does not
hold a license as a nonresident outsourcing facility in the State of California. This is a repeat
violation. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of Code section 4129.2,
subdivision (a).

16 Written Notice #10

17 67. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent's testosterone injection, Lot #J24014,
18 compounded on October 14, 2021, with a BUD of October 14, 2022, failed to include a controlled
19 substance designation on the label. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of
20 Code section 4301, subdivision (j).

21 Written Notice #11

68. Inspector J.F. found that on or about April 26, 2022, Respondent recalled all lots
produced prior to March 1, 2022. Respondent's SOP, *Recall of Compounded Product*, states, in
pertinent part, that, "the states that received the products from the affected lots must be notified
immediately or within 12 hours of product being deemed as a recall, whichever is sooner." The
initial recall notification provided to the Board did not include the recall of all products. Inspector
J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of Code section 4127.2, subdivision (e)(3).

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Written Notice #12

69. Respondent had a Central Fill agreement with Mint Pharmacy and Skin Clinic, (NRP 2 1968), located at 1201 US HWY 1 STE# 305C, North Palm Beach, Florida. On or about June 8, 3 2022, Mint pharmacy changed its location to 7960 Central Industrial Dr. STE 120, West Palm 4 Beach, Florida (NRP 2728). On or about June 8, 2022, Respondent began shipping compounded 5 products to 7960 Central Industrial Dr. STE 120, West Palm Beach, Florida (new location). On 6 or about June 20, 2022, Respondent began shipping compounded sterile products for injection to 7 the new location. A new Central Fill agreement was not executed until August 2, 2022, during the 8 9 Board's onsite inspection. The Board was not notified within 30 days of commencing central fill 10 activities with NRP 2728. This is a repeat violation. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of Code section 4123. 11

12 Written Notice #13

70. Inspector J.F. concluded that Respondent's quality assurance plan was inadequate in
that he found that not all integral units produced by Respondent in its aseptic process simulation
were properly incubated. Inspector J.F. found that media fill lots APS2-A10-22 and APS2-B01722 failed to incubate a total of 72 vials for 14 days. Samples were prematurely sent to the
contract lab for growth promotion testing. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it was in
violation of CCR section 1735.8, subdivision (b).

19 Written Notices #s 14 and 16

71. Inspector J.F. found that the inactive ingredient "BHT" was not listed on the master
formula for compounding formula ID# 7409 for Benzocaine/Lidocaine/Tetracaine (BLT) 20/4/5,
a cream. The equipment required for trituration, mixing, pouring, and measuring was not defined
in Respondent's master formula. Quality reviews were not described and adequacy of mixing was
not documented.

Customer complaint CC-2022-011 documented a complaint of product separation for
BLT, Lot #210130. The compounding technician for that product acknowledged that separation
was "caused by not leaving mix spin for a while." The product was not recalled from other
customers who received the same batch. Inspector J.F. found that other steps for compounding

formula ID #7409 were also not followed as required. Specifically, BHT, pluronic acid and 1 2 polysorbate were required ingredients for formula ID #7409, but were not added. Inspector J.F. reviewed Respondent's March 15, 2022, compounding of formula ID# 7409, and confirmed that 3 there were no changes to the master formula's essential compounding steps and no preventative 4 action was taken to prevent reoccurrence of inadequate mixing. This is a repeat violation. 5 73. Inspector J.F. found that the master formulation and compounding logs for 6 compounding formula ID #6924, lots K210219, K210202, compounded on November 29, 2021, 7 and November 2, 2021, respectively, for minoxidil/fluocinolone/retinoic acid 5/0.01/0.01% called 8 9 for the addition of vitamin E liquid, which was not added. Further, the final packaging 10 requirements were not described and the final packout quantity for lot K210202 was unclear. Lastly, the labels did not include the compounding date. 11 Inspector J.F. found that the master formulation for Sermorelin 9mg formula 74. 12 ID# 5679 calls for 18 grams of API; however, the pharmacy routinely added a 10% overage 13 14 without documenting an explanation for doing so. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that the acts set forth in paragraphs 71 through 74 75. 15 above were in violation of Code section 4169, subdivision (a)(2) and CCR section 1735.2, 16 subdivision (c). 17 Written Notice #17 18 19 76. Inspector J.F. found that Respondent's SOPs addressing hand hygiene did not require persistent activity hand sanitizer and that Respondent did not have a related competency 2021 assessment. Respondent's competency assessment for hand hygiene also did not evaluate operators for use of a nail pick to remove debris or the application of a waterless surgical scrub 22 with persistent activity. Inspector J.F. notified Respondent that it was in violation of CCR section 23 24 1751.6, subdivision (e)(1)(F). FIRST CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION 25 (Failure to Maintain Written Policies and Procedures for Compounding) 26 77. Respondent's application for renewal is subject to denial pursuant to Code section 27 4300 and Code section 4127.2, subdivision (c), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional 28 26 (OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1	conduct as defined by Code section 4301, subdivision (o). Specifically, Respondent failed to
2	follow its written policies and procedures, in violation of CCR section 1735.5, subdivision (a), as
3	follows:
4	a. Respondent's employee, L.S., admitted that he signed that a specific task was
5	completed at a specific date when, in fact that task had not been completed on that date, contrary
6	to Respondent's SOPs, as set forth in paragraph 56, above.
7	b. Respondent's employee, L.S., admitted that he entered initials of other
8	employees on environmental monitoring forms without personally performing the task for which
9	the initials were entered, contrary to Respondent's SOPs, as set forth in paragraph 56, above.
10	c. On or about April 1, 2022, Respondent verified that Lot APS-A10-22 met
11	Respondent's finished product specifications for quality assurance when, in fact, Respondent's
12	specifications had not been followed, as set forth in paragraph 57, above.
13	d. On or about April 6, 2022, Respondent verified that Lot APS-B017-22 met
14	Respondent's finished product specifications for quality assurance when, in fact, Respondent's
15	specifications had not been followed, as set forth in paragraph 58 above.
16	SECOND CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
17	(Failure to Maintain United States Pharmacopeia-National Formulary Compounding
18	Standards)
19	78. Respondent's application for renewal is subject to denial pursuant to Code section
20	4300 and Code section 4127.2, subdivision (c), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional
21	conduct as defined by Code section 4301, subdivision (o). Specifically, Respondent
22	failed to follow United States Pharmacopeia-National Formulary (USP-NF) compounding
23	standards in, violation of Code section 4126.8, as set forth in paragraph 60, above. To wit:
24	a. Respondent's labels for packaging and shipping procedures for compounded
25	sterile products requiring frozen storage conditions indicating that the compound is to be stored
26	frozen (-10C to -25C/-13° to 14°F) is incongruent with Respondent's procedure, which states that
27	temperature sensitive compounded preparations must be maintained at a temperature of <8C for
28	the entire duration of the transit.
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1	b. Respondent failed to describe adequately box sizes for shipping.
2	c. Respondent failed to ensure adequate temperature control for shipped frozen
3	product.
4	THIRD CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
5	(Omission of Licensee's Name on Label)
6	79. Respondent's application for renewal is subject to denial pursuant to Code section
7	4300 and Code section 4127.2, subdivision (c), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional
8	conduct as defined by Code section 4301, subdivision (o). Specifically, as set forth above in
9	paragraph 62, Respondent's drug product labels identified the pharmacy as "Olympia
10	Pharmaceuticals", when, in fact, Respondent's licensed name is "Olympia Pharmacy", in
11	violation of CCR 1735.4, subdivision (a)(1).
12	FOURTH CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
13	(False Certification/Documentation of Facts)
14	80. Respondent's application for renewal is subject to denial pursuant to Code section
15	4301, subdivision (g), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional conduct by knowingly
16	making or signing a certificate or other document that falsely represents the existence or
17	nonexistence of a state of facts. To wit:
18	a. As set forth above in paragraph 63, Respondent released compounded sterile
19	drug product without a pharmacist's final signature, contrary to its assurances to the Board that its
20	compounded sterile drug batches would be reviewed and signed by a member of its Quality Unit
21	as well as a pharmacist prior to release.
22	b. As set forth above in paragraph 64, Respondent stated to the Board that it had
23	no adverse events regarding its compounded sterile products. In fact, on or about April 26, 2022,
24	Respondent was notified of a customer's complaint describing anaphylaxis and subsequent
25	hospitalization after use of a drug compounded by Respondent.
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1	FIFTH CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
2	(Labeling Requirements – Inappropriate Instructions for Storage, Handling,
3	Administration)
4	81. Respondent's application for renewal is subject to denial pursuant to Code section
5	4300 and Code section 4127.2, subdivision (c), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional
6	conduct as defined by Code section 4301, subdivision and (o). Specifically, as set forth above in
7	paragraph 65, Respondent failed to demonstrate that multi-dose vials used for Sermorelin and
8	SB4 were suitable for multi-dose label claims, in violation of CCR 1751.2, subdivision (b).
9	SIXTH CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
10	(Unlicensed Activity - Outsourcing)
11	82. Respondent's application for renewal is subject to denial pursuant to Code section
12	4300 and Code section 4127.2, subdivision (c), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional
13	conduct as defined by Code section 4301, subdivision (o). Specifically, as set forth above in
14	paragraph 66, Respondent represented to California consumers that it is a 503B outsourcing
15	facility. Respondent does not hold a license as a non-resident outsourcing facility in the State of
16	California, in violation of Code section 4129.2, subdivision (a).
17	SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
18	(Improper Labeling of a Controlled Substance)
19	83. Respondent's application for renewal is subject to denial pursuant to Code section
20	4300 and Code section 4127.2, subdivision (c), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional
21	conduct as defined by Code section 4301, subdivision (o). Specifically, as set forth above in
22	paragraph 72, Respondent failed to label testosterone as a controlled substance, in violation of 21
23	CFR 1302.03.
24	EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
25	(Failure to Provide Board with Timely Notice of Recall)
26	84. Respondent's application for renewal is subject to denial pursuant to Code section
27	4300 and Code section 4127.2, subdivision (c), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional
28	conduct as defined by Code section 4301, subdivision (o). Specifically, as set forth above in
	29
	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1	paragraph 68, Respondent failed to provide the Board within twelve hours of its notice of recall
2	for a sterile drug product that it compounded and shipped into California, in violation of Code
3	section 4127.2, subdivision (e)(3).
4	NINTH CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
5	(Failure to Provide Board with Notice of Contract to Compound Drug for Parenteral
6	Therapy)
7	85. Respondent's application for renewal is subject to denial pursuant to Code section
8	4300 and Code section 4127.2, subdivision (c), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional
9	conduct as defined by Code section 4301, subdivision (o). Specifically, as set forth above in
10	paragraph 69, Respondent failed to notify the Board, within 30 days of commencing
11	compounding a drug for another pharmacy for parenteral therapy, of its contract with that
12	pharmacy to do so, in violation of Code section 4123.
13	TENTH CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
14	(Quality Assurance Plan – Written Procedures)
15	86. Respondent's application for renewal is subject to denial pursuant to Code section
16	4300 and Code section 4127.2, subdivision (c), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional
17	conduct as defined by Code section 4301, subdivision (o). Respondent failed to ensure the
18	adequacy of its compounding processes, in violation of CCR section 1735.8, subdivision (b).
19	Specifically, as set forth above in paragraph 70, Respondent failed to adequately incubate for
20	aseptic conditions and failed to have a pre-defined set of compounding instructions for its aseptic
21	process simulation.
22	ELEVENTH CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
23	(Written Master Formula)
24	87. Respondent's application for renewal is subject to denial pursuant to Code section
25	4300 and Code section 4127.2, subdivision (c), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional
26	conduct as defined by Code section 4301, subdivision (o). Specifically, Respondent failed to
27	prepare a written master formula adequate for compounding, in violation of CCR section 1735.2,
28	subdivision (e), as follows:
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1	a. As set forth above in paragraph 71, Respondent's master formulation for
2	compound formula ID #7409 for BLT 20/4/5 was inadequate, to wit:
3	i. "BHT" was not listed on the master formula.
4	ii. Equipment required for trituration, mixing, pouring, and measuring was
5	not defined in its SOPs.
6	iii. Quality reviews were not described.
7	iv. Adequacy of mixing was not documented.
8	b. As set forth above in paragraph 73, Respondent's master formulation for
9	compound formula ID #6924, lot #K210219, compounded on or about November 29, 2021, and
10	lot #K210202, compounded on or about November 2, 2021, was inadequate, to wit:
11	i. The addition of vitamin E liquid was not added, contrary to the mixing
12	directions.
13	ii. The final packout quantity could not be determined for lot K210202.
14	iii. The labels were missing the compounding date.
15	c. As set forth above in paragraph 74, Respondent's master formulation for
16	compound formula Sermorelin 9 mg. formula, ID# 5679 called for 18 grams of Active
17	Pharmaceutical Ingredient (API); however, the pharmacy routinely added a 10% overage without
18	documenting an explanation for doing so.
19	TWELFTH CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
20	(Adverse Effects Reporting)
21	88. Respondent's application for renewal is subject to denial pursuant to Code section
22	4300 and Code section 4127.2, subdivision (c), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional
23	conduct as defined by Code section 4301, subdivision (o). Specifically, as set forth in paragraph
24	64, above, Respondent failed to notify the Board within twelve hours of an adverse drug reaction
25	for anaphylaxis of a patient resulting from use of a drug compounded by Respondent, in violation
26	of Code section 4127.2, subdivision (f).
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

1	THIRTEENTH CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
2	(Failure to Maintain Quality of Compounded Sterile Preparations)
3	89. Respondent's application for renewal is subject to denial pursuant to Code section
4	4300 and Code section 4127.2, subdivision (c), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional
5	conduct as defined by Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated pharmacy
6	law. Specifically, Respondent violated CCR section 1735.2, subdivision (g), in that, as set forth
7	in paragraph 75, above, Respondent compounded Lot #210130, a BLT cream preparation, which
8	Respondent knew to have a compounding error and for which compounding steps were unclear,
9	resulting in separation.
10	FOURTEENTH CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
11	(Adulterated Preparation)
12	90. Respondent's application for renewal is subject to denial pursuant to Code section
13	4300 and Code section 4127.2, subdivision (c), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional
14	conduct as defined by Code section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent violated statutes
15	regulating dangerous drugs and pharmacy law. Specifically, as set forth in paragraph 75, above,
16	Respondent compounded and furnished Lot #210130, a BLT cream preparation, which was, or
17	may have been, contaminated with filth, putrid, or decomposed substances, and was therefore
18	adulterated pursuant to Health & Saf. Code sections 111250, 111255, and/or 21 USCA 351,
19	subdivision (a), in violation of Code section 4169, subdivision (a)(2), Health & Saf. Code section
20	111295, and 21 USCA section 331, subdivision (a).
21	FIFTEENTH CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
22	(Training and Evaluation of Compounding Staff – Hand Hygiene)
23	91. Respondent's application for renewal is subject to denial pursuant to Code section
24	4300 and Code section 4127.2, subdivision (c), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional
25	conduct as defined by Code section 4301, subdivisions (o). Specifically, as set forth above in
26	paragraph 76, Respondent failed to include proper hand hygiene in its SOPs/written program of
27	training and its evaluation of the hand hygiene of staff, in violation of CCR section 1751.6,
28	subdivision (e)(1)(F).
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1	SIXTEENTH CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
2	(Gross Negligence)
3	92. Respondent's application for renewal is subject to denial pursuant to Code section
4	4300 and Code section 4127.2, subdivision (c), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional
5	conduct as defined by Code section 4301, subdivision (c). Specifically, Respondent committed
6	gross negligence when it erroneously concluded that methionine caused a customer's
7	anaphylactic reaction, as set forth in paragraph 64, above.
8	SEVENTEENTH CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
9	(Compounding and Furnishing Misbranded Drugs)
10	93. Respondent's application for renewal is subject to denial pursuant to Code section
11	4300 and Code section 4127.2, subdivision (c), on the grounds that it engaged in unprofessional
12	conduct as defined by Code section 4301, subdivision (o). Specifically, Respondent violated
13	Code section 4169, subdivision (a), and Health & Safety Code sections 111330, 111335, and
14	111445, in that it sold or transferred dangerous drugs that it knew, or should have known were
15	misbranded, in that it failed to meet predefined specifications, failed to follow USP-NF
16	compounding standards, failed to meet labeling requirements, lacked sterility assurance, failed to
17	maintain quality of its CSPs, and compounded adulterated CSPs, and as set forth above in
18	paragraphs 77-79, 81, 83, 86, 87, 89, 90, and 91.
19	PRAYER
20	WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged,
21	and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision:
22	1. Denying the renewal application of Olympia Pharmacy for a Non-Resident Sterile
23	Compounding License; and,
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	(OLYMPIA PHARMACY) FIRST AMENDED STATEMENT OF ISSUES

	Sodergren, Digitally signed by Sodergree
DATED: 12/16/2022	Anne@DCA Date: 2022.12.16 12:30:15 -08'00'
	ANNE SODERGREN Executive Officer
	Board of Pharmacy Department of Consumer Affairs State of California <i>Complainant</i>
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