BEFORE THE BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Statement of Issues Against:

PATRICK PATOU TCHOUMI, Respondent

Pharmacist Examination and Licensure Application

Agency Case No. 6696

OAH No. 2019090231

and

In the Matter of the Accusation Against:

PATRICK PATOU TCHOUMI, Respondent

Original Intern Pharmacist Registration No. INT 42431

Agency Case No. 6653

OAH No. 2019090654

DECISION AND ORDER

The attached Proposed Decision of the Administrative Law Judge is hereby adopted by the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs, as its Decision in this matter.

This Decision shall become effective at 5:00 p.m. on March 26, 2020.

It is so ORDERED on February 25, 2020.

BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

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Greg Lippe Board President

BEFORE THE BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Statement of Issues Against:

PATRICK PATOU TCHOUMI

Pharmacist Examination and Licensure Application Respondent,

Case No. 6696

OAH Case No. 2019090231

and

In the Matter of the Accusation Against:

PATRICK PATOU TCHOUMI

Original Intern Pharmacist Registration No. INT 42431
Respondent.

Case No. 6653

OAH Case No. 2019090654

PROPOSED DECISION

Administrative Law Judge Regina Brown, State of California, Office of Administrative Hearings, heard this matter on December 9, 2019, in Oakland.

Sheila J. Vasantharam, Deputy Attorney General, represented complainant Anne Sodergren, Interim Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs.

Respondent Patrick Patou Tchoumi appeared telephonically and represented himself at the hearing.

The record closed and the matter was submitted on December 9, 2019.

FACTUAL FINDINGS

- 1. Complainant Anne Sodergren made the Statement of Issues and Accusation in her official capacity as the Interim Executive Officer of the Board.
- 2. On June 25, 2018, the Board received a Pharmacist Examination for Licensure Application (application) from respondent Patrick Patou Tchoumi. On February 8, 2019, the Board denied the application. Respondent filed a timely appeal.
- 3. On June 29, 2018, the Board issued Original Intern Pharmacist Registration Number INT 42431 (registration) to respondent. The registration will expire on June 30, 2020, unless renewed.

Criminal Conduct

4. On March 20, 2019, respondent was convicted in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Mendocino, upon a plea of nolo contendere, of violating Vehicle Code section 23152, subdivision (b) (driving under the influence (DUI) of alcohol with a blood alcohol content of .08 percent or higher), and Penal Code section 148, subdivision (a)(1) (resisting arrest), both misdemeanors. Respondent was placed on probation for a period of five years. All of the terms and conditions of probation were not established at hearing. However, from January to May 2019, respondent attended Alcoholics Anonymous (AA) and he completed 100 hours of community service. On May 30, 2019, the court granted respondent's request to suspend the remaining requirements of his probation and ordered that he only had to attend a first offender DUI program as long as he resided in California. Also, the payments of fines and fees were suspended due to respondent's financial hardship. Thereafter, respondent moved to Maryland.

The underlying offenses occurred on December 24, 2018, when an officer responded to a complaint of loud music playing from a suspicious vehicle. The officer approached a parked vehicle with its motor running and observed a partially consumed bottle of beer and an empty beer bottle on the floorboard of the vehicle. When the officer asked respondent to exit the vehicle, respondent refused. Respondent was arrested. His blood alcohol level was tested at 0.143 percent.

5. Also, on March 20, 2019, respondent was convicted in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Mendocino, upon a plea of nolo contendere, of violating Penal Code section 21310 (carrying a concealed dirk/dagger), a misdemeanor. Probation was denied, and the terms of sentencing were not established at hearing.

The underlying offense occurred on November 4, 2018, when an officer observed respondent fall to the ground in the parking lot of a drinking establishment. Respondent exhibited objective signs of intoxication and the officer was unable to understand respondent's responses to his questions. Respondent was arrested for public intoxication. During the search of respondent, the officer found a knife of approximately 10 inches in length with a fixed blade of approximately five inches.

6. On September 27, 2018, respondent entered a bar, where he had been previously banned, and engaged in a verbal altercation with an employee. The officer who responded to the scene asked respondent to leave the premises. Respondent refused to leave. As the officer was attempting to place respondent under arrest for public intoxication, respondent pushed the officer and attempted to flee. Respondent was arrested, but he was not convicted of any criminal offense.

Respondent's Evidence

- 7. Respondent immigrated to the United States in 2003 from Cameroon, Africa. In 2014, he obtained a bachelor's degree in biology, graduating magna cum laude from the University of Massachusetts in Boston. In May 2018, respondent graduated from the Massachusetts College of Pharmacy with a degree in pharmacy. He is also licensed as a pharmacist in Massachusetts and Colorado.
- 8. At the hearing, respondent explained that in June 2018, he moved from Massachusetts to California to work as a pharmacist with Rite Aid in Ukiah and Fort Bragg. Respondent described Ukiah as a conservative community. According to respondent, on the evening of September 27, 2018, he was the only person of color in the bar when he argued with an employee and was arrested. He stated that this was the impetus for his recurring negative interactions with the police.

- 9. Regarding his conviction for carrying a concealed dagger, respondent testified that he was merely walking to his house when the police stopped him and arrested him. Respondent also testified that he was wearing his friend's jacket and he was unaware of the dagger in the pocket.
- 10. Regarding his DUI conviction, respondent testified that he entered his vehicle that was parked outside of his house, he "turned on the engine," and he was playing music. Respondent disputed the accuracy of the police report and testified that he did not tell the police that he had been drinking and that there were no beer bottles in the vehicle. Respondent stated that he had not done anything wrong, and he pled no contest because he had "a public defender and he was unfamiliar with the criminal justice system." However, respondent is found not to be credible as he contradicted his own testimony at hearing. Initially, he testified that he "turned on the engine," but he later testified that the engine was not running when the police arrived. Additionally, respondent has failed to accept responsibility for his actions.
- 11. Respondent described himself as a social drinker who does not have a problem with alcohol abuse, and he only drinks with his friends approximately once a week. He is not currently attending AA.
- 12. At some point after May 2019, respondent moved to Maryland to live with his family. He works at a distribution center. He has not applied for a pharmacist license in Maryland. He intends to return to practice in California.
 - 13. Respondent provided letters of support from the following:
- a. Robert Larsen, Pharm. D., worked with respondent at Rite Aid in Fort Bragg from November 2018 to May 2019. Larson described respondent as a team player, honest, hardworking, prompt, professional, and a good example of a pharmacy

graduate intern. Larsen never observed respondent engage in inappropriate behavior at work.

b. Sherril Spires, pharmacy manager at Rite Aid in Fort Bragg, worked with respondent for six months until May 2019, and was happy to work with respondent and she trusted him with the care of patients. Spires described respondent as honest, and a "joy to work with." According to Spires, respondent was liked by the staff and patients, he was diligent in making sure that patients understood their medication therapy, and he followed the pharmacy laws.

Costs

- 14. Complainant certified enforcement costs in the amount of \$3,530, incurred in connection with the prosecution of the Accusation.
- 15. Complainant's claim for reimbursement of enforcement costs is supported by a declaration that complies with California Code of Regulations, title 1, section 1042, subdivisions (b)(2) and (b)(3). Complainant's costs are found to be reasonable.

LEGAL CONCLUSIONS

Applicable Law

- 1. Business and Professions Code¹ sections 475, subdivision (a)(2) and 480, subdivision (a)(1), provide for the denial of a license on the grounds of a conviction of a crime. Sections 475, subdivision (a)(4) and 480, subdivision (a)(3)(A), provide for the denial of a license on the grounds of the commission of any act which, if done by a licensee of the business or profession in question, would be grounds for suspension or revocation of a license.
- 2. Section 493 provides for the denial of a license or disciplinary action against a licensee on the grounds of conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee. A crime is considered to be substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a pharmacist if to "a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by [the] license or registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare." (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 16, § 1770.)
- 3. Section 490 provides that the Board may discipline a licensee for conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions and duties of a pharmacist.

¹All statutory references are to the Business and Professions Code, unless otherwise noted.

- 4. Pursuant to section 4301, the Board may take disciplinary action against a licensee for unprofessional conduct which includes: use of alcoholic beverage in a manner dangerous to oneself or any other person or to the public (subd. (h)); conviction of more than one misdemeanor involving the consumption of alcoholic beverage (subd. (k)); conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee (subd. (l)); and actions or conduct that would have warranted denial of a license (subd. (p)).
- 5. Respondent's convictions reflect a lack of sound professional and personal judgment relevant to a pharmacist's fitness and competence to practice. (*Sulla v. Bd. of Registered Nursing* (2012) 205 Cal.App.4th 1195.) Respondent's crimes evidence a potential unfitness to perform the functions of a pharmacist in a manner consistent with the public safety and, as such, are substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a licensed pharmacist.

STATEMENT OF ISSUES

FIRST CAUSE FOR DENIAL - CONVICTION OF SUBSTANTIALLY RELATED CRIME

6. Cause exists to deny respondent's application pursuant to sections 475, subdivision (a)(2); 480, subdivisions (a)(1); 493; and 4301, subdivision (l), individually and collectively, by reason of the matters set forth in Findings 4 and 5 and Legal Conclusions 1, 2, and 4.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DENIAL – ACT IF DONE BY A LICENSEE WOULD BE GROUNDS FOR SUSPENSION/REVOCATION

7. Cause exists to deny respondent's application pursuant to sections 475, subdivision (a)(4), and 480, subdivision (a)(3)(A), individually and collectively, by reason of the matters set forth in Findings 4 through 6 and Legal Conclusion 1.

Accusation

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION

8. Cause exists to take disciplinary action against respondent's original intern pharmacist registration pursuant to sections 490, 493, and 4301, subdivisions (I) and (p), individually and collectively, by reason of his criminal convictions set forth in Findings 4 and 5 and Legal Conclusions 2, 3, and 4.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION

9. Cause exists to take disciplinary action against respondent's original intern pharmacist registration pursuant to section 4301, subdivision (h), for his use of alcoholic beverages in a dangerous manner to himself and the public, as set forth in Findings 4 through 6 and Legal Conclusion 4.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION

10. Cause exists to take disciplinary action against respondent's original intern pharmacist registration pursuant to section 4301, subdivision (k), for his convictions of offenses involving the use of alcoholic beverages, as set forth in Findings 4 and 5 and Legal Conclusion 4.

Disciplinary Considerations

11. The primary purpose of the Board is to protect the public. (Bus. & Prof. Code, § 4001.1.) The Board has established disciplinary guidelines for evaluating the appropriate disciplinary action to impose on a licensee who is subject to discipline and for applicants. The factors include actual or potential harm to pharmacy consumers or the public; prior disciplinary record; number of current violations; nature and severity of the acts under consideration; time that has passed since the acts; compliance with terms of any criminal sentence, parole, or probation; overall criminal record; expungement; whether the conduct was intentional or negligent or demonstrated incompetence; any financial benefit to the respondent from the misconduct; mitigating and aggravating evidence; and evidence of rehabilitation. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 16, § 1769.) All factors have been considered.

Also, respondent's convictions and unprofessional conduct fall within Category II of the guidelines. The maximum discipline for a Category II violation is outright revocation. The minimum discipline is a stayed revocation with conditions of probation.

12. Respondent's convictions and unprofessional conduct are serious and raise concerns about his professional fitness for continued licensure as an original intern pharmacist. His dishonesty is also of concern. "Honesty and integrity are deeply and daily involved in various aspects of the practice [of a pharmacist]." (*Griffiths v. Superior Court* (2002) 96 Cal.App.4th 757, 772.) Also, fully acknowledging the wrongfulness of past actions is an essential step towards rehabilitation. (*Seide v. Committee of Bar Examiners* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 933, 940.)

Given respondent's serious convictions, his dishonesty and his failure to accept responsibility for his actions, it is determined that respondent has presented insufficient evidence of rehabilitation. All things considered, it is concluded that protection of the public compels revocation of respondent's original intern pharmacist

registration and denial of his pharmacist examination and licensure application.

Costs

13. Section 125.3 provides that respondent may be ordered to pay the Board

"a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the

case." Zuckerman v. State Bd. of Chiropractic Examiners (2002) 29 Cal.4th 32 sets forth

the factors to be considered in determining the reasonableness of costs.

14. The *Zuckerman* factors have been considered. Given that respondent has

a financial hardship, as noted by the superior court, no costs are warranted.

ORDER

1. The Pharmacist Examination and Licensure Application of respondent

Patrick Patou Tchoumi is denied.

2. The Original Intern Pharmacist Registration Number INT 42431 issued to

respondent Patrick Patou Tchoumi is revoked.

DATE: January 7, 2020

Pegina Brown
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REGINA BROWN

Administrative Law Judge

Office of Administrative Hearings

1	XAVIER BECERRA			
2	Attorney General of California DIANN SOKOLOFF			
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General LILLIAN Y. TABE			
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7	Facsimile: (510) 622-2270 Attorneys for Complainant			
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9	BEFORE THE BOARD OF PHARMACY			
10	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
11	STATE OF C.	ALIFURNIA		
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13	In the Matter of the Statement of Issues	Case No. 6696		
14	Against:	STATEMENT OF ISSUES		
15	PATRICK PATOU TCHOUMI			
16	Pharmacist Examination and Licensure Application			
17	Respondent.			
18				
19	Complainant alleges:			
20	<u>PARTIES</u>			
21	1. Anne Sodergren (Complainant) brings this Statement of Issues solely in her official			
22	capacity as the Interim Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer			
23	Affairs.			
24	2. On or about June 25, 2018, the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs			
25	received an application for a Pharmacist Examination and Licensure Application from Patrick			
26	Patou Tchoumi (Respondent). On or about June 18, 2018, Patrick Patou Tchoumi certified under			
27	penalty of perjury to the truthfulness of all statements, answers, and representations in the			
28	application. The Board denied the application on	February 8, 2019. On or about March 26, 2019,		
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1	Respondent requested a formal hearing.		
2	<u>JURISDICTION</u>		
3	3. This Statement of Issues is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board),		
4	Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section		
5	references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.		
6	4. Section 4300, subdivision (c) of the Code states:		
7	"The board may refuse a license to any applicant guilty of unprofessional conduct.		
8	The board may, in its sole discretion, issue a probationary license to any applicant for a		
9	license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct and who has met all other requirements for		
10	licensure "		
11	STATUTORY PROVISIONS		
12	5. Section 475 of the Code states:		
13	"(a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code, the provisions of this division shall		
14	govern the denial of licenses on the grounds of:		
15	"(1) Knowingly making a false statement of material fact, or knowingly omitting to state a		
16	material fact, in an application for a license.		
17	"(2) Conviction of a crime.		
18	"(3) Commission of any act involving dishonesty, fraud or deceit with the intent to		
19	substantially benefit himself or another, or substantially injure another.		
20	"(4) Commission of any act which, if done by a licentiate of the business or profession in		
21	question, would be grounds for suspension or revocation of license.		
22	"(b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code, the provisions of this division shal		
23	govern the suspension and revocation of licenses on grounds specified in paragraphs (1) and (2)		
24	of subdivision (a).		
25	"(c) A license shall not be denied, suspended, or revoked on the grounds of a lack of good		
26	moral character or any similar ground relating to an applicant's character, reputation, personality,		
27	or habits."		
28			

"(b) Considering suspension or revocation of a license under Section 490.

"Each board shall take into account all competent evidence of rehabilitation furnished by the applicant or licensee."

9. Section 493 of the Code states:

"Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a proceeding conducted by a board within the department pursuant to law to deny an application for a license or to suspend or revoke a license or otherwise take disciplinary action against a person who holds a license, upon the ground that the applicant or the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question, the record of conviction of the crime shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the conviction occurred, but only of that fact, and the board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime in order to fix the degree of discipline or to determine if the conviction is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question."

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

10. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1769, states:

"

- "(b) When considering the denial of a facility or personal license under Section 480 of the Business and Professions Code, the board, in evaluating the rehabilitation of the applicant and his present eligibility for licensing or registration, will consider the following criteria:
- "(1) The nature and severity of the act(s) or offense(s) under consideration as grounds for denial.
- "(2) Evidence of any act(s) committed subsequent to the act(s) or crime(s) under consideration as grounds for denial under Section 480 of the Business and Professions Code.
- "(3) The time that has elapsed since commission of the act(s) or crime(s) referred to in subdivision (1) or (2).
- "(4) Whether the applicant has complied with any terms of parole, probation, restitution or any other sanctions lawfully imposed against the applicant.
 - "(5) Evidence, if any, of rehabilitation submitted by the applicant."

///

11. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, states:

"For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare."

FIRST CAUSE FOR DENIAL (Conviction of Substantially Related Crime) (Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 475, subd. (a)(2), 480, subds. (a)(1), (a)(3)(B), 493)

- 12. Respondent has subjected his Pharmacist Examination and Licensure Application to denial under Code sections 475, subdivision (a)(2), 480, subdivisions (a)(1) and (a)(3)(B), 493, and 4301, subdivision (*l*), in that he has the following convictions:
- (a) On or about March 20, 2019, in a criminal matter entitled *The People of the State of California v. Patrick Tchoumi*, in Mendocino County Superior Court Case No. 2019-30136-1, Respondent pled nolo contendere to, and was convicted of, driving under the influence of alcohol with a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.08% or higher (Veh. Code § 23152, subd. (b)) and resisting arrest (Pen. Code, § 148, subd. (a)(1)), misdemeanors. Respondent was sentenced to 60 months of probation. The offense occurred on or about December 24, 2018, when law enforcement officers responded to a complaint regarding Respondent sitting in his vehicle, playing loud music with the engine running. The officer observed a partially consumed beer bottle in the center console and an empty beer bottle on the floorboard of the vehicle. Respondent admitted to consuming one beer. Respondent had a BAC of 0.143%.
- (b) On or about March 20, 2019, in a criminal matter entitled *The People of the State of California v. Patrick Tchoumi*, in Mendocino County Superior Court Case No. 2018-96401-1, Respondent pled nolo contendere to, and was convicted of, carrying a concealed dirk or dagger, a misdemeanor (Pen. Code, § 21310). The offense occurred on or about November 4, 2018, when a law enforcement officer observed Respondent lean forward and fall to the ground. As the officer attempted to speak with Respondent, the officer observed Respondent exhibiting objective signs

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	XAVIER BECERRA Attorney General of California DIANN SOKOLOFF Supervising Deputy Attorney General LILLIAN Y. TABE Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 207338 1515 Clay Street, 20th Floor P.O. Box 70550 Oakland, CA 94612-0550 Telephone: (510) 879-0988 Facsimile: (510) 622-2270 E-mail: Lillian.Tabe@doj.ca.gov Attorneys for Complainant BEFOR			
10	BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS			
11	STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
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13	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 6653		
14 15	PATRICK PATOU TCHOUMI 346 North Main St. #A Ukiah, CA 95482	ACCUSATION		
1617	Original Intern Pharmacist Registration No. INT 42431			
18	Respondent.			
19				
20	Complainant alleges:			
21	<u>PARTIES</u>			
22	1. Anne Sodergren (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity			
23	as the Interim Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of Consumer			
24	Affairs.			
25	2. On or about June 29, 2018, the Board of Pharmacy issued Original Intern Pharmacist			
26	Registration Number INT 42431 to Patrick Patou Tchoumi (Respondent). The Original Intern			
27	Pharmacist Registration was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in			
28	this Accusation and will expire on June 30, 2020, unless renewed.			
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of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license."

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

7. Section 490 of the Code states:

"(a) In addition to any other action that a board is permitted to take against a licensee, a board may suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime, if the crime is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the license was issued.

"(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a board may exercise any authority to discipline a licensee for conviction of a crime that is independent of the authority granted under subdivision (a) only if the crime is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the licensee's license was issued.

"(c) A conviction within the meaning of this section means a plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere. An action that a board is permitted to take following the establishment of a conviction may be taken when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal, or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code.

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8. Section 493 of the Code states:

"Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a proceeding conducted by a board within the department pursuant to law to deny an application for a license or to suspend or revoke a license or otherwise take disciplinary action against a person who holds a license, upon the ground that the applicant or the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question, the record of conviction of the crime shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the conviction occurred, but only of that fact, and the board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime in

order to fix the degree of discipline or to determine if the conviction is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question."

9. Section 4301 of the Code states, in pertinent part:

"The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been issued by mistake. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

. . .

"(h) The administering to oneself, of any controlled substance, or the use of any dangerous drug or of alcoholic beverages to the extent or in a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to oneself, to a person holding a license under this chapter, or to any other person or to the public, or to the extent that the use impairs the ability of the person to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by the license.

. . .

- "(k) The conviction of more than one misdemeanor or any felony involving the use, consumption, or self-administration of any dangerous drug or alcoholic beverage, or any combination of those substances."
- "(*I*) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 (commencing with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the

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judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code allowing the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or indictment.

. . .

"(p) Actions or conduct that would have warranted denial of a license.

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REGULATORY PROVISIONS

10. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, states:

"For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare."

COST RECOVERY

11. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in relevant part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case, with failure of the licentiate to comply subjecting the license to not being renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be included in a stipulated settlement.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION (Conviction of Substantially Related Crime) (Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 490, 493, 4301, subd. (*l*), (p))

12. Respondent has subjected his Original Intern Pharmacist Registration to discipline under Code sections 490, 493, and 4301, subdivisions (*l*) and (p), in that he has the following convictions:

- (a) On or about March 20, 2019, in a criminal matter entitled *The People of the State of California v. Patrick Tchoumi*, in Mendocino County Superior Court Case No. 2019-30136-1, Respondent pled nolo contendere to, and was convicted of, driving under the influence of alcohol with a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.08% or higher (Veh. Code § 23152, subd. (b)) and resisting arrest (Pen. Code, § 148, subd. (a)(1)), misdemeanors. Respondent was sentenced to 60 months of probation. The offense occurred on or about December 24, 2018, when law enforcement officers responded to a complaint regarding Respondent sitting in his vehicle, playing loud music with the engine running. The officer observed a partially consumed beer bottle in the center console and an empty beer bottle on the floorboard of the vehicle. Respondent admitted to consuming one beer. Respondent had a BAC of 0.143%.
- (b) On or about March 20, 2019, in a criminal matter entitled *The People of the State of California v. Patrick Tchoumi*, in Mendocino County Superior Court Case No. 2018-96401-1, Respondent pled nolo contendere to, and was convicted of, carrying a concealed dirk or dagger, a misdemeanor (Pen. Code, § 21310). The offense occurred on or about November 4, 2018, when a law enforcement officer observed Respondent lean forward and fall to the ground. As the officer attempted to speak with Respondent, the officer observed Respondent exhibiting objective signs and symptoms of alcohol intoxication. The officer was unable to understand Respondent's response to his question because of Respondent's level of intoxication. Officers searched Respondent incident to an arrest, and located a concealed knife in his jacket. The knife was approximately 10 inches in length with a fixed blade of approximately 5 inches.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Use of Alcoholic Beverages in a Dangerous Manner) (Bus. & Prof Code, § 4301, subd. (h))

- 13. Respondent has subjected his Original Intern Pharmacist Registration to discipline under Code section 4301, subdivision (h), in that he used alcoholic beverages in a dangerous manner to himself and the public. The circumstances are set forth in paragraph 12 and its subparts, above, and as follows:
- 14. On or about September 27, 2018, Respondent was arrested for being drunk in public (Pen. Code, § 647(f)) and resisting arrest (Pen. Code, § 148(a)(1)), misdemeanors. A police

1	officer observed a verbal altercation between Respondent and an employee of a bar where		
2	Respondent was banned from entering due to his behavior. After Respondent repeatedly failed to		
3	leave the area, the officer arrested Respondent for being drunk in public. As the officer was		
4	placing Respondent under arrest, Respondent pushed the officer in the chest and attempted to		
5	flee.		
6	THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Conviction Involving Alcoholic Beverages)		
7	(Bus. & Prof. Code, § 4301, subd. (k))		
8	15. Respondent has subjected his Original Intern Pharmacist Registration to discipline		
9	under Code section 4301, subdivision (k), in that he was convicted of offenses involving		
10	alcoholic beverages. The circumstances are set forth in paragraph 12 and its subparts, above.		
11	<u>PRAYER</u>		
12	WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters alleged in this		
13	Accusation and that, following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision:		
14	1. Revoking or suspending Original Intern Pharmacist Registration Number INT 42431,		
15	issued to Patrick Patou Tchoumi;		
16	2. Ordering Patrick Patou Tchoumi to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs		
17	of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code		
18	section 125.3; and,		
19	3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.		
20	DATED. June 5, 2019 anne Sodergren		
21	DATED: June 5, 2019 ANNE SODERGREN		
22	Interim Executive Officer Board of Pharmacy		
23	Department of Consumer Affairs State of California		
24	Complainant		
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