all times relevant to the charges brought in Accusation No. 4453 and will expire on June 30, 2013, unless renewed.

3. On or about March 11, 2013, Respondent was served by Certified and First Class Mail copies of the Accusation No. 4453, Statement to Respondent, Notice of Defense, Request for Discovery, and Discovery Statutes (Government Code sections 11507.5, 11507.6, and 11507.7) at Respondent's address of record which, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4100, is required to be reported and maintained with the Board. Respondent's address of record was and is:

1225 Pfeifeir El Cajon, CA 92020.

- 4. Service of the Accusation was effective as a matter of law under the provisions of Government Code section 11505, subdivision (c) and/or Business & Professions Code section 124.
- 5. On or about March 30, 2013, Respondent signed the Domestic Return Receipt, indicating he had received the aforementioned documents sent via certified mail. The aforementioned documents sent via first class mail were not returned to the Board.
 - 6. Government Code section 11506 states, in pertinent part:
 - (c) The respondent shall be entitled to a hearing on the merits if the respondent files a notice of defense, and the notice shall be deemed a specific denial of all parts of the accusation not expressly admitted. Failure to file a notice of defense shall constitute a waiver of respondent's right to a hearing, but the agency in its discretion may nevertheless grant a hearing.
- 7. Respondent failed to file a Notice of Defense within 15 days after service upon him of the Accusation, and therefore waived his right to a hearing on the merits of Accusation No. 4453.
 - 8. California Government Code section 11520 states, in pertinent part:
 - (a) If the respondent either fails to file a notice of defense or to appear at the hearing, the agency may take action based upon the respondent's express admissions or upon other evidence and affidavits may be used as evidence without any notice to respondent.

	9.	Pursuant to its authority under Government Code section 11520, the Board finds
Res	ponden	nt is in default. The Board will take action without further hearing and, based on the
rele	vant ev	vidence contained in the Default Decision Evidence Packet in this matter, as well as
taki	ng offic	cial notice of all the investigatory reports, exhibits and statements contained therein on
file	at the I	Board's offices regarding the allegations contained in Accusation No. 4453, finds that
the	charges	s and allegations in Accusation No. 4453, are separately and severally, found to be true
and	correct	t by clear and convincing evidence.

10. Taking official notice of its own internal records, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3, it is hereby determined that the reasonable costs for Investigation and Enforcement is \$3,443.00 as of April 8, 2013.

DETERMINATION OF ISSUES

- 1. Based on the foregoing findings of fact, Respondent Mario G. Olivares has subjected his Pharmacist License No. RPH 33252 to discipline.
 - 2. The agency has jurisdiction to adjudicate this case by default.
- 3. The Board of Pharmacy is authorized to revoke Respondent's Pharmacist License based upon the following violations alleged in the Accusation which are supported by the evidence contained in the Default Decision Evidence Packet in this case:
- a. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 4301(f) of the Business and Professions Code in that Respondent's theft constitutes dishonesty and deceit.
- b. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 4301(j) of the Business and Professions Code in that he violated California Health and Safety Code sections 11377(a), 11173(a) and 11379(a).
- c. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 4301(o) of the Business and Professions Code in that he violated the Pharmacy Act by illegally possessing a controlled substance in violation of Code sections 4059(a) and 4060.

ORDER IT IS SO ORDERED that Pharmacist License No. RPH 33252, heretofore issued to Respondent Mario G. Olivares, is revoked. Pursuant to Government Code section 11520, subdivision (c), Respondent may serve a written motion requesting that the Decision be vacated and stating the grounds relied on within seven (7) days after service of the Decision on Respondent. The agency in its discretion may vacate the Decision and grant a hearing on a showing of good cause, as defined in the statute. This Decision shall become effective on July 11, 2013. It is so ORDERED ON June 11, 2013. BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA **Board President** 80751437.DOC DOJ Matter ID:SD2012704286 Attachment: Exhibit A: Accusation

Exhibit A

Accusation

1	Kamala D. Harris
2	Attorney General of California JAMES M. LEDAKIS
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General DESIREE I. KELLOGG
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 126461
5	110 West "A" Street, Suite 1100 San Diego, CA 92101
6	P.O. Box 85266 San Diego, CA 92186-5266
7	Telephone: (619) 645-2996 Facsimile: (619) 645-2061
8	Attorneys for Complainant
9	BEFORE THE BOARD OF PHARMACY
10	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA
11	
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against: Case No. 4453
13	MARIO G. OLIVARES 1225 Pfeifeir
14	El Cajon, CA 92020 A C C U S A T I O N
15	Pharmacist License No. RPH 33252
16	Respondent.
1	Respondent.
16	
16 17	Complainant alleges:
16 17 18	Complainant alleges: PARTIES
16 17 18 19	Complainant alleges: PARTIES 1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity
16 17 18 19 20	Complainant alleges: PARTIES 1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.
16 17 18 19 20 21	Complainant alleges: PARTIES 1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs. 2. On or about August 21, 1979, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacist License
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Complainant alleges: PARTIES 1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs. 2. On or about August 21, 1979, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacist License Number RPH 33252 to Mario G. Olivares (Respondent). The Pharmacist License was in full
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JURISDICTION

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Section 118, subdivision (b), of the Code provides that the suspension, expiration, surrender, cancellation of a license shall not deprive the Board of jurisdiction to proceed with a disciplinary action during the period within which the license may be renewed, restored, reissued or reinstated.
- 5. Section 4300, subdivision (a) of the Code states in pertinent part, "every license issued may be suspended or revoked."

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

- 6. Section 4059 of the Code provides in part that a person may not furnish any dangerous drug, except upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7. A person may not furnish any dangerous device, except upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7.
 - 7. Section 4060 of the Code states:

No person shall possess any controlled substance, except that furnished to a person upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7, or furnished pursuant to a drug order issued by a certified nurse-midwife pursuant to Section 2746.51, a nurse practitioner pursuant to Section 2836.1, or a physician assistant pursuant to Section 3502.1, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.5, or a pharmacist pursuant to either subparagraph (D) of paragraph (4) of, or clause (iv) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (5) of, subdivision (a) of Section 4052. This section shall not apply to the possession of any controlled substance by a manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacy, pharmacist, physician, podiatrist, dentist, optometrist, veterinarian, naturopathic doctor, certified nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant, when in stock in containers correctly labeled with the name and address of the supplier or producer.

Nothing in this section authorizes a certified nurse-midwife, a nurse practitioner, a physician assistant, or a naturopathic doctor, to order his or her own stock of dangerous drugs and devices.

8. Section 4301 of the Code states:

The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

- (f) The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or corruption, whether the act is committed in the course of relations as a licensee or otherwise, and whether the act is a felony or misdemeanor or not.
- (j) The violation of any of the statutes of this state, or any other state, or of the United States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.
- (o) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter or of the applicable federal and state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, including regulations established by the board or by any other state or federal regulatory agency.
- 9. Health and Safety Code section 11377(a) provides that no person shall possess a controlled substance without a prescription.
- 10. Health and Safety Code section 11173(a) provides that no person shall obtain or attempt to obtain controlled substances, or procure or attempt to procure the administration of or prescription for controlled substances, (1) by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or subterfuge; or (2) by the concealment of a material fact.
- 11. Health and Safety Code section 11379(a) provides that no person may furnish any controlled substance without a valid prescription.

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REGULATORY PROVISIONS

12. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, states:

For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare.

COST RECOVERY

13. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

DRUGS

- 14. Restoril, also known as temazepam, is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 11057(d)(29) and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. Restoril is a central nervous system depressant used to treat insomnia and sleep disorders.
- 15. <u>Metforim</u>, is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 16. Respondent was employed as a pharmacist at the Kaiser Permanente Pharmacy located on Avocado Boulevard in La Mesa, California. In 2010 and 2011, audits revealed that there were variances in audit counts or capsules of temazepan were missing from the inventory at Kaiser Permanente Pharmacy. Two covert cameras were installed in the stock area of the pharmacy in an effort to identify the individuals responsible for the loss.
- 17. On July 26 and 28, 2011, the Pharmacist in Charge conducted a count of temazepam 30mg and discovered that 101 capsules were missing. Video footage revealed that on July 26, 2011, Respondent stood in front of the bin where the temazepam 30mg was stored and removed

one bottle of 100 capsules of temazepam from the bin at 7:06 p.m. when the pharmacy was closed. At that time, Respondent was the only individual in the pharmacy and he left the pharmacy at 7:16 p.m. Only one prescription for 30 capsules of temazepam was filled and sold on July 26, 2011; Respondent did not fill that prescription. A bottle of 100 capsules of temazepam could not be located.

- 18. On October 12 and 17, 2011, the Pharmacist in Charge conducted a count of temazepam 30mg and discovered that 100 capsules were missing. Video footage revealed that on October 16, 2011, Respondent stood in front of the bin where the temazepam 30mg was stored and removed one bottle of 100 capsules of temazepam at 6:49 p.m. when the pharmacy was closed. He left at 7:11 p.m. No prescriptions were filled on October 16, 2011 that could account for the missing capsules and the bottle could not be located.
- 19. On December 14 and 16, 2011, the Pharmacist in Charge conducted a count of temazepam 30mg and discovered that 100 capsules were missing. Video footage revealed that on December 15, 2011, Respondent stood in front of the bin where the temazepam 30mg was stored and removed one bottle of 100 capsules of temazepam at 6:10 p.m. He then went into employee break room. At that time, Respondent was the only individual in the pharmacy and he left the pharmacy shortly thereafter. No prescriptions were filled on December 15, 2011 that could account for the missing capsules and the bottle could not be located.
- 20. On January 8, 2012, Kaiser personnel interviewed Respondent about the missing temazepam. Respondent admitted to stealing the bottles of temazepam approximately three times for his friend. He admitted in writing to the theft as well and to taking Metforim 500 mg from the pharmacy.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct - Dishonesty and Deceit)

21. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 4301(f) of the Code in that Respondent's theft constitutes dishonesty and deceit, as is detailed in paragraphs 16 through 20, incorporated herein by reference.

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SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct - Violating Laws Regulating Controlled Substances)

22. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 4301(j) of the Code in that he violated California Health and Safety Code sections 11377(a), and 11173(a) and 11379(a), as is set forth in paragraphs 16 through 20, incorporated herein by reference.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct - Violations of Chapter)

23. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 4301(o) of the Code in that he violated the Pharmacy Act by illegally possessing a controlled substance in violation of Code sections 4059(a) and 4060, as evidenced by his admissions and the video footage as is set forth in paragraphs 16 through 20 above, incorporated herein by reference.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision:

- 1. Revoking or suspending Pharmacist License Number RPH 33252, issued to Mario G. Olivares;
- 2. Ordering Mario G. Olivares to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3;
 - 3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

DATED: 3/5/13

VIRGINIA HEROLI Executive Officer

Board of Pharmacy

Department of Consumer Affairs

State of California
Complainant