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8		OF THE
9	BEFORE THE BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS	
10	STATE OF CONSONER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
11]
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 5413
13	OPTUMRX INC., DBA OPTUMRX 2858 Loker Avenue East, Ste. 100	ACCUSATION
14	Carlsbad, CA 92010	
15	Pharmacy Permit No. PHY 47482	
16	PHONG QUOC LY 2858 Loker Ave East, Ste. 100	
17	Carlsbad, CA 92010	
18	Pharmacist License No. RPH 51836	
19	Respondents.	
20		
21	Complainant alleges:	
22	PARTIES	
23	1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity	
24	as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.	
25	2. On or about March 22, 2006, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacy Permit	
26	Number PHY 47482 to OptumRx Inc., doing business as OptumRx (Respondent OptumRx). The	
27	Pharmacy Permit was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein	
28	and will expire on March 1, 2017, unless renewed.	
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3. On or about August 30, 2000, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacist License Number RPH 51836 to Phong Quoc Ly (Respondent Phong Ly). The Pharmacist License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on November 30, 2017, unless renewed.

JURISDICTION

- 4. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
- 5. Section 4011 of the Code provides that the Board shall administer and enforce both the Pharmacy Law [Bus. & Prof. Code, § 4000 et seq.] and the Uniform Controlled Substances Act [Health & Safety Code, § 11000 et seq.].
 - 6. Section 4113(c) of the Code states:

The pharmacist-in-charge shall be responsible for a pharmacy's compliance with all state and federal laws and regulations pertaining to the practice of pharmacy.

- 7. Section 4300(a) of the Code provides that every license issued by the Board may be suspended or revoked.
 - 8. Section 4300.1 of the Code states:

The expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license.

STATUTORY AND REGULATORY PROVISIONS

9. Section 733(a) states:

A licentiate shall not obstruct a patient in obtaining a prescription drug or device that has been legally prescribed or ordered for that patient. A violation of this section constitutes unprofessional conduct by the licentiate and shall subject the licentiate to disciplinary or administrative action by his or her licensing agency.

10. Section 4301 of the Code states in pertinent part:

The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

(o) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter or of the applicable federal and state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, including regulations established by the board or any other state or federal regulatory agency.

COST RECOVERY

11. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

DRUGS

- 12. Atripla is the brand name for a combination of the generic drugs, efavirenz, emtricitabine and tenofovir and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is utilized to treat Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) and Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS).
- 13. <u>Lipitor</u> is the brand name for atorvastatin and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is utilized to treat hypercholesteremia.
- 14. <u>Singulair</u> is the brand name for montelukast and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is utilized to treat asthma and prevent allergy symptoms.
- 15. Zetia is the brand name for ezetimibe and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is utilized to treat hypercholesteremia.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

16. At all relevant times herein, Respondent dispensed prescription drugs to patients via mail or overnight delivery services. From February 20, 2012 through the present, Respondent Phong Ly was the Pharmacist-in-Charge of Respondent OptumRx.

Patient Christopher O.

- 17. On or about August 23, 2013, Dr. Timothy A. prescribed Atripla 600 mg-200 mg-300 mg with the instructions to take one tablet per day, in a quantity of 30 for a 30 day supply with 11 refills to patient Christopher O. On or about March 19, 2014, patient Christopher O. ordered a refill of Prescription Number 100407835, Atripla, 600 mg-200 mg-300 mg tablets in a quantity of 30 tablets for a 30 day supply, from Respondents who informed him that he would receive his refill on March 21, 2014. Respondents did not furnish the refill for Atripla on March 21, 2014. Instead, Respondents initiated the dispensing process for a refill order in the quantity of 90 tablets for a 90 day supply which caused the order to be placed on hold for prior insurance authorization. Respondents then cancelled the refill order.
- 18. On March 21, 2014, patient Christopher O. contacted Respondents to inquire about the status of his refill. Respondents informed him that his refill would be delivered to him on March 24, 2014. However, Respondents did not dispense or furnish the refill on March 24, 2014, resulting in a delay in the furnishing of a drug which the patient needed to take every day. Instead, the prescription was delivered on March 25, 2014.

Patient Suzanne S.

- 19. On or about May 23, 2014, Dr. Christopher M. prescribed 90 tablets of Zetia with directions to take 1 tablet daily with 3 additional refills. On or about August 19, 2014, patient Suzanne S. requested a refill of her prescription for Zetia 10 mg from Respondent. On the order form, she requested that the medication be delivered to an alternate address. Respondents processed her order and charged her credit card shortly thereafter. Suzanne S. did not receive her medication.
- 20. On August 30, 2014, Suzanne S. contacted Respondents to inquire about the status of her medication. She was informed that her medication had not been sent to her alternative address and that her medication would be reshipped to her. Suzanne S. did not receive her medication.
- 21. On September 9, 2014, Suzanne S.'s husband contacted Respondents again to inquire about the status of her medication. He was informed that another error had occurred and her

medication had not shipped. He was promised that it would be shipped via an overnight delivery service and delivered by September 10 or 11, 2014. Suzanne S. did not receive her medication.

- 22. On September 12, 2014, Suzanne S.'s husband contacted Respondents. He was informed that Respondents would attempt to arrange for the medication to be delivered expeditiously on a Saturday and that an individual from "corporate" would contact her regarding her medication within 24 hours. Suzanne S. did not receive her medication nor did anyone from "corporate" contact her.
- 23. On September 13, 2014, Suzanne S.'s husband received a telephone call from Respondents who told her that her medication would be shipped possibly on September 15, 2014. On September 16, 2014, Suzanne S. received her medication from Respondents.

Patient Jody M.

- 24. On January 30, 2015, patient Jody M. requested that Respondents obtain a new prescription for Lipitor 40mg from her physician, Dr. Anna S. Respondents did not receive a response from Dr. Anna S to their request for a new prescription. On February 16, 2016, Jody M. contacted Respondents to inquire about the status of her medication. She was informed that her physician did not respond to the request for a new prescription. On February 17, 2015, she contacted Respondents to request that another request for the new prescription be sent to Dr. Anna S. Respondents' pharmacy clerk told Jody M. that another request would be sent to Dr. Anna S. However, it was not sent to Dr. Anna S. nor was Jody M advised of the status of her medication.
- 25. On February 24, 2015, Jody M. contacted Respondents because she had not received her medication. Respondents issued yet another new prescription request to Dr. Anna S. On February 27, 2015, Jody M. received her medication from Respondents.

Patient Anne M.

26. On February 9, 2015, patient Anne M.'s physician, Dr. Kevin B. transmitted a prescription for Singulair 10mg to Respondents. On February 10, 2015, Anne M. contacted Respondents to confirm that they had received the prescription for Singulair. She was told they had received it and her medication would ship shortly. Anne M. did not receive her medication.

27. On February 16, 2015, Anne M. contacted Respondents and was told her medication would be delivered by February 19, 2015. On February 18, 2015, Anne M. contacted Respondents and was told her medication would be delivered by February 20, 2015. On February 23, 2015, Anne M. received her medication from Respondents.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Obstructing Patients in Obtaining Prescription Drugs)

28. Respondents are subject to disciplinary action under Code section 4301(o), for violating Code section 733(a) in that they obstructed patients from obtaining their prescription drugs, as set forth in paragraphs 12 through 27 above, which are incorporated herein by reference.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct)

29. Respondents are subject to disciplinary action under Code section 4301 for unprofessional conduct in that they engaged in the activities described in paragraphs 12 through 27 above, which are incorporated herein by reference.

DISCIPLINARY CONSIDERATIONS

- 30. To determine the degree of discipline, if any, to be imposed on Respondents, Complainant alleges that:
- a. On April 8, 2015, the Board issued Citation number Cl 2014 64973 against Respondent Phong Ly for violating Business and Professions Code section 733(a) in that she obstructed the dispensing of prescription drugs. The Board issued a fine which Respondent Phong Ly paid.
- b. On February 18, 2015, the Board issued Citation number CI 2014 64283 against Respondent Phong Ly for violating Business and Professions Code section 733(a) in that she obstructed the dispensing of prescription drugs. The Board issued a fine which Respondent Phong Ly paid.
- c. On February 9, 2015, the Board issued Citation number CI 2014 64192 against Respondent Phong Ly for incompetence in violation of Business and Professions Code section 4301(b). The Board issued a fine which Respondent Phong Ly paid.

27.

- d. On July 9, 2014, the Board issued Citation number CI 2013 59891 against Respondent OptumRx for violating Business and Professions Code section 733(a) in that it obstructed the dispensing of prescription drugs.
- e. On January 23, 2014, the Board issued Citation number CI 2012 54362 against Respondent OptumRx for violating Business and Professions Code section 733(a) in that it obstructed the dispensing of prescription drugs and devices and California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1716 for deviating from the requirements of a prescription without the prior consent of the prescriber. The Board issued a fine which Respondent OptumRx paid.
- f. On April 11, 2014, the Board issued Citation number CI 2013 60829 against Respondent Phong Ly for violating Civil Code section 56.10(a) and California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1764 in that there was the unauthorized release of protected healthcare information.
- g. On April 11, 2014, the Board issued Citation number CI 2013 58107 against Respondent OptumRx for violating Civil Code section 56.10(a) and California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1764 in that there was the unauthorized release of protected healthcare information. The Board issued a fine which Respondent OptumRx paid.
- h. On July 9, 2014, the Board issued Citation number CI 2013 59891 against Respondent OptumRx for violating Business and Professions Code section 733(a) in that it obstructed the dispensing of prescription drugs. The Board issued a fine which Respondent OptumRx paid.
- i. On February 14, 2013, the Board issued Citation number CI 2012 53121 against Respondent OptumRx for violating California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1716 in that it dispensed a prescription without clarifying the dose with the prescriber. The Board issued a fine which Respondent OptumRx paid.
- j. On November 15, 2013, the Board issued Citation number CI 2012 56693 against Respondent OptumRx for violating Business and Professions Code section 733(a) in that it obstructed the dispensing of prescription drugs. The Board issued a fine which Respondent OptumRx paid.

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