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8	BEFORE THE
9	BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS
10	STATE OF CALIFORNIA
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against: Case No. 5034
12	JOSHUA CLAYTON LOCKWOOD A C C U S A T I O N
13	14025 Leahy Ave. Bellflower, CA 90706
14 15	Pharmacy Technician Registration No. TCH 116106
16	Respondent.
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18	Complainant alleges:
19	<u>PARTIES</u>
20	1. Virginia Herold ("Complainant") brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity
21	as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs ("Board").
22	2. On or about October 17, 2011, the Board issued Pharmacy Technician Registration
23	No. TCH 116106 to Joshua Clayton Lockwood ("Respondent"). The Pharmacy Technician
24	Registration will expire on September 30, 2015, unless renewed.
25	JURISDICTION
26	3. This Accusation is brought before the Board under the authority of the following
27	laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
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- 4. Code section 4300 provides in pertinent part, that every license issued by the Boards is subject to discipline, including suspension or revocation.
 - 5. Code section 4300.1 states, in pertinent part:

"The expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license."

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

6. Code section 4060 states, in pertinent part:

"A person shall not possess any controlled substance, except that furnished to a person upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7, or furnished pursuant to a drug order issued by a certified nurse-midwife pursuant to Section 2746.51, a nurse practitioner pursuant to Section 2836.1, a physician assistant pursuant to Section 3502.1, a naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.5, or a pharmacist pursuant to Section 4052.1, 4052.2, or 4052.6. This section does not apply to the possession of any controlled substance by a manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacy, pharmacist, physician, podiatrist, dentist, optometrist, veterinarian, naturopathic doctor, certified nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant, if in stock in containers correctly labeled with the name and address of the supplier or producer. . . ."

7. Code section 4301 states, in pertinent part:

"The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake.

Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

"(h) The administering to oneself, of any controlled substance, or the use of any dangerous drug or of alcoholic beverages to the extent or in a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to oneself, to a person holding a license under this chapter, or to any other person or to the public, or

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to the extent that the use impairs the ability of the person to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by the license.

"(j) = The violation of any of the statutes of this state, or any other state, or of the United States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.

"(1) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 (commencing with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code allowing the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or indictment.

"(o) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter or of the applicable federal and state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, including regulations established by the board or by any other state or federal regulatory agency. . . . "

- 8. Health and Safety Code section 11360 states, in pertinent part:
- "(b) Except as authorized by law, every person who gives away, offers to give away, transports, offers to transport, or attempts to transport not more than 28.5 grams of marijuana, other than concentrated cannabis, is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars (\$100)...."
 - 9. United States Code, title 21, section 844 states, in pertinent part:
- "(a) Unlawful acts; penalties. It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly or intentionally to possess a controlled substance unless such substance was obtained directly, or pursuant to a valid prescription or order, from a practitioner, while acting in the course of his professional practice, or except as otherwise authorized by this title or title III. It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly or intentionally to possess any list I chemical obtained pursuant to or under authority of a registration issued to that person under section 303 of this title [21 USCS § 823] or section 1008 of title III [21 USCS § 958] if that registration has been revoked or suspended, if that registration has expired, or if the registrant has ceased to do business in the manner contemplated by his registration. . . . "

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

10. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770 states, in pertinent part:

"For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare. . . ."

COST RECOVERY

11. Section 125.3 states, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

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CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES/DANGEROUS DRUGS

- Marijuana is a Schedule I controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code 12. section 11054, subdivision (d)(13) and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Code section 4022. Marijuana is also a Schedule I controlled substance as defined in United States Code, title 21, section 812.
- 13. Morphine is a Schedule II controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 11055, subdivision (b)(1)(M) and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Code section 4022.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct: Convictions of Substantially Related Crimes)

- Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (1), in conjunction with California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, on the grounds of unprofessional conduct in that Respondent was convicted of crimes substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a registered pharmacy technician as follows:
- 15. On or about August 5, 2013, after pleading guilty, Respondent was convicted of one misdemeanor count of violating Health and Safety Code section 11360, subdivision (b) [furnishing of marijuana] and one misdemeanor count of violating Vehicle Code section 23152, subdivision (a) [driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs] in the criminal proceeding entitled The People of the State of California v. Joshua Clayton Lockwood (Super. Ct. Orange County, 2013, No. 13WF0356). The Court sentenced Respondent to serve four days in Orange County Jail and placed him on 3 years probation, with terms and conditions, including an 18 month multiple offender alcohol program and a Mothers Against Drunk Driving victim's impact panel.
- The circumstances surrounding the conviction are that on or about February 2, (a) 2013, Seal Beach Police Department officers found Respondent asleep behind the wheel of his vehicle in the middle of an intersection with the vehicle engine running. Officers noticed that Respondent's eyes were bloodshot, watery, and droopy and his speech was slurred. One of the officers noticed the odor of marijuana emanating from the vehicle. Respondent admitted that he had marijuana in his vehicle for medical purposes but he did not have a prescription. Respondent

further admitted to occasionally selling marijuana and he acknowledged that he was on his way to sell marijuana to a friend.

- 16. On or about August 1, 2013, after pleading nolo contendere, Respondent was convicted of one misdemeanor count of violating Vehicle Code section 23103 [reckless driving] in the criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California v. Joshua Clayton Lockwood* (Super. Ct. Los Angeles County, 2013, No. 3LT00163). The Court sentenced Respondent to serve 10 days in Los Angeles County Jail and placed him on 36 months probation, with terms and conditions including enrolling in an alcohol and drug education program.
- (a) The circumstances surrounding the conviction are that on or about August 19, 2012, a Long Beach Police Department officer responded to a call requesting assistance with an intoxicated person. Respondent was found passed out in the driver's seat of his vehicle while the vehicle was still on and in the middle of the street. Respondent was removed from the vehicle and transported to the hospital where the officer attempted to speak with Respondent, but he was incoherent and in an altered state. It was later determined that Respondent was under the influence of marijuana and morphine.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct: Self-Administration/Use of Controlled Substances)

17. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (h), on the grounds of unprofessional conduct in that or on about August 19, 2012 and February 2, 2013, Respondent self-administered and/or used controlled substances to wit: marijuana and morphine, to the extent that the self-administration/use was dangerous to himself, others, or the public. Complainant refers to, and by this reference incorporates, the allegations set forth above in Paragraph 15, subparagraph (a) and Paragraph 16, subparagraph (a), inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct: Violating Drug Statutes)

18. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), on the grounds of unprofessional conduct in that Respondent violated state and federal drug