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8 **BEFORE THE**
9 **BOARD OF PHARMACY**
10 **DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS**
11 **STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

11 In the Matter of the Accusation Against:
12 **ADVANCE MEDICAL PHARMACY**
13 **112 La Casa Via, Suite 100**
Walnut Creek, CA 94598
14 **Original Permit Number No. PHY 46345**
15 **and**
16 **JAMES PO KWONG YUEN**
17 **112 La Casa Via, Suite 100**
Walnut Creek, CA 94598
18 **Pharmacist License No. RPH 43557,**
19
20 Respondents.

Case No. 5010

FIRST AMENDED ACCUSATION

23 Complainant alleges:

24 **PARTIES**

25 1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this First Amended Accusation solely in her
26 official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of
27 Consumer Affairs.

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1 “(d) The clearly excessive furnishing of controlled substances in violation of subdivision (a)
2 of Section 11153 of the Health and Safety Code.

3 ...

4 “(j) The violation of any of the statutes of this state, of any other state, or of the United
5 States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.

6 ...

7 “(o) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the
8 violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter or of the applicable
9 federal and state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, including regulations established by
10 the board or by any other state or federal regulatory agency.

11 ...”

12 9. Section 4021 of the Code provides that a “controlled substance” means any substance
13 listed in Schedules I through V contained in Health and Safety Code section 11053 et seq.

14 10. Section 4105, subdivision (a) of the Code states: “All records or other documentation
15 of the acquisition and disposition of dangerous drugs and dangerous devices by any entity
16 licensed by the board shall be retained on the licensed premises in a readily retrievable form.”

17 11. Section 4113, subdivision (c) of the Code states:

18 “The pharmacist-in-charge shall be responsible for a pharmacy’s compliance with all state
19 and federal laws and regulations pertaining to the practice of pharmacy.”

20 12. Section 4306.5 of the Code provides, in pertinent part:

21 “Unprofessional conduct for a pharmacist may include any of the following:

22 “(a) Acts or omissions that involve, in whole or in part, the inappropriate exercise of his or
23 her education, training, or experience as a pharmacist, whether or not the act or omission arises in
24 the course of the practice of pharmacy or the ownership, management, administration, or
25 operation of a pharmacy or other entity licensed by the board.

26 “(b) Acts or omissions that involve, in whole or in part, the failure to exercise or implement
27 his or her best professional judgment or corresponding responsibility with regard to the

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1 dispensing or furnishing of controlled substances, dangerous drugs, or dangerous devices, or with
2 regard to the provision of services.

3 ...”

4 13. Section 4333, subdivision (a) of the Code states: “All prescriptions filled by a
5 pharmacy and all other records required by Section 4081 shall be maintained on the premises and
6 available for inspection by authorized officers of the law for a period of at least three years. In
7 cases where the pharmacy discontinues business, these records shall be maintained in a board-
8 licensed facility for at least three years.”

9 14. Section 4342, subdivision (a) of the Code states:

10 “The board may institute any action or actions as may be provided by law and that, in its
11 discretion, are necessary, to prevent the sale of pharmaceutical preparations and drugs that do not
12 conform to the standard and tests as to quality and strength, provided in the latest edition of the
13 United States Pharmacopoeia or the National Formulary, or that violate any provision of the
14 Sherman Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Law (Part 5 (commencing with Section 109875) of Division
15 104 of the Health and Safety Code).”

16 15. Section 11153, subdivision (a) of the Health and Safety Code states:

17 “A prescription for a controlled substance shall only be issued for a legitimate medical
18 purpose by an individual practitioner acting in the usual course of his or her professional practice.
19 The responsibility for the proper prescribing and dispensing of controlled substances is upon the
20 prescribing practitioner, but a corresponding responsibility rests with the pharmacist who fills the
21 prescription. Except as authorized by this division, the following are not legal prescriptions: (1)
22 an order purporting to be a prescription which is issued not in the usual course of professional
23 treatment or in legitimate and authorized research; or (2) an order for an addict or habitual user of
24 controlled substances, which is issued not in the course of professional treatment or as part of an
25 authorized narcotic treatment program, for the purpose of providing the user with controlled
26 substances, sufficient to keep him or her comfortable by maintaining customary use.”

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1 16. Section 11162.1 of the Health and Safety Code states, in pertinent part:

2 “(a) The prescription forms for controlled substances shall be printed with the following
3 features:

4 “(1) A latent, repetitive ‘void’ pattern shall be printed across the entire front of the
5 prescription blank; if a prescription is scanned or photocopied, the word ‘void’ shall appear in a
6 pattern across the entire front of the prescription.

7 “(2) A watermark shall be printed on the backside of the prescription blank; the watermark
8 shall consist of the words ‘California Security Prescription.’

9 ...

10 “(7)(A) Six quantity check off boxes shall be printed on the form so that the prescriber may
11 indicate the quantity by checking the applicable box where the following quantities shall appear:
12 1-24; 25-49; 50-74; 75-100; 101-150; 151 and over.

13 ...

14 “(8) Prescription blanks shall contain a statement printed on the bottom of the prescription
15 blank that the ‘Prescription is void if the number of drugs prescribed is not noted.’

16 ...

17 “(13) An identifying number assigned to the approved security printer by the Department of
18 Justice.

19 ...

20 “(b) Each batch of controlled substance prescription forms shall have the lot number printed
21 on the form and each form within that batch shall be numbered sequentially beginning with the
22 numeral one.

23 ...”

24 17. Section 11164 of the Health and Safety Code states, in pertinent part:

25 “Except as provided in Section 11167, no person shall prescribe a controlled substance, nor
26 shall any person fill, compound, or dispense a prescription for a controlled substance, unless it
27 complies with the requirements of this section.

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1 20. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1714, subdivision (b) states: "Each
2 pharmacy licensed by the board shall maintain its facilities, space, fixtures, and equipment so that
3 drugs are safely and properly prepared, maintained, secured and distributed. The pharmacy shall
4 be of sufficient size and unobstructed area to accommodate the safe practice of pharmacy."

5 21. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1715, subdivision (a) states: "The
6 pharmacist-in-charge of each pharmacy as defined under section 4029 or section 4037 of the
7 Business and Professions Code shall complete a self-assessment of the pharmacy's compliance
8 with federal and state pharmacy law. The assessment shall be performed before July 1 of every
9 odd-numbered year. The primary purpose of the self-assessment is to promote compliance
10 through self-examination and education."

11 22. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1735.2 states, in pertinent part:

12 "(d) A drug product shall not be compounded until the pharmacy has first prepared a
13 written master formula record that includes at least the following elements:

14 ...

15 "(3) Expiration dating requirements.

16 ...

17 "(5) Process and/or procedure used to prepare the drug.

18 "(6) Quality reviews required at each step in preparation of the drug.

19 "(7) Post-compounding process or procedures required, if any.

20 ...

21 "(h) Every compounded drug product shall be given an expiration date representing the date
22 beyond which, in the professional judgment of the pharmacist performing or supervising the
23 compounding, it should not be used. This 'beyond use date' of the compounded drug product
24 shall not exceed 180 days from preparation or the shortest expiration date of any component in
25 the compounded drug product, unless a longer date is supported by stability studies of finished
26 drugs or compounded drug products using the same components and packaging. Shorter dating
27 than set forth in this subsection may be used if it is deemed appropriate in the professional
28 judgment of the responsible pharmacist.

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“(j) Prior to allowing any drug product to be compounded in a pharmacy, the pharmacist-in-charge shall complete a self-assessment for compounding pharmacies developed by the board. (Incorporated by reference is ‘Community Pharmacy & Hospital Outpatient Pharmacy Compounding Self-Assessment’ Form 17M-39 Rev. 02/12.) That form contains a first section applicable to all compounding, and a second section applicable to sterile injectable compounding. The first section must be completed by the pharmacist-in-charge before any compounding is performed in the pharmacy. The second section must be completed by the pharmacist-in-charge before any sterile injectable compounding is performed in the pharmacy. The applicable sections of the self-assessment shall subsequently be completed before July 1 of each odd-numbered year, within 30 days of the start of a new pharmacist-in-charge, and within 30 days of the issuance of a new pharmacy license. The primary purpose of the self-assessment is to promote compliance through self-examination and education.”

23. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1735.3 provides, in relevant part:

“(a) For each compounded drug product, the pharmacy records shall include:

“(1) The master formula record.

...

“(8) The expiration date of the final compounded drug product.

...”

24. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1735.5 provides, in relevant part:

“(a) Any pharmacy engaged in compounding shall maintain a written policy and procedure manual for compounding that establishes procurement procedures, methodologies for the formulation and compounding of drugs, facilities and equipment cleaning, maintenance, operation, and other standard operating procedures related to compounding.

“(b) The policy and procedure manual shall be reviewed on an annual basis by the pharmacist-in-charge and shall be updated whenever changes in processes are implemented.

...”

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1 25. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1735.7 provides, in relevant part:

2 “(a) Any pharmacy engaged in compounding shall maintain written documentation
3 sufficient to demonstrate that pharmacy personnel have the skills and training required to properly
4 and accurately perform their assigned responsibilities relating to compounding.

5 “(b) The pharmacy shall develop and maintain an on-going competency evaluation process
6 for pharmacy personnel involved in compounding, and shall maintain documentation of any and
7 all training related to compounding undertaken by pharmacy personnel.

8 . . .”

9 26. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1735.8, subdivision (a) states: “Any
10 pharmacy engaged in compounding shall maintain, as part of its written policies and procedures,
11 a written quality assurance plan designed to monitor and ensure the integrity, potency, quality,
12 and labeled strength of compounded drug products.”

13 27. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1761, subdivision (a) states: “No
14 pharmacist shall compound or dispense any prescription which contains any significant error,
15 omission, irregularity, uncertainty, ambiguity or alteration. Upon receipt of any such
16 prescription, the pharmacist shall contact the prescriber to obtain the information needed to
17 validate the prescription.”

18 **COSTS**

19 28. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the
20 administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of
21 the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and
22 enforcement of the case, with failure of the licentiate to comply subjecting the license to not being
23 renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be
24 included in a stipulated settlement.

25 **FACTUAL BACKGROUND**

26 **February 28, 2012 Inspection**

27 29. On or about February 28, 2012, two Board inspectors performed an inspection of
28 Advance Medical Pharmacy located at 112 La Casa Via, Suite 100, Walnut Creek, CA 94598.

1 30. During the course of their inspection, the inspectors found numerous outdated
2 products in the pharmacy's active inventory, including numerous large bulk compounding items
3 that did not contain expiration dates. The inspectors also determined that Respondent AMP's
4 compounding records did not contain documentation of the pharmacist(s) who checked certain
5 compounded products.

6 31. While at the facility, the inspectors reviewed Respondent AMP's compounding
7 process for compounded drug products. During this review, the inspectors determined that
8 Respondent AMP's pharmacy records did not contain master formulas for compounded drug
9 products that included certain required elements, including expiration dating requirements, the
10 process and/or procedure used to prepare the drug, quality reviews required at each step in
11 preparation of the drug, and any required post-compounding process or procedures. In addition,
12 Respondent AMP's pharmacy records did not contain the expiration date of final compounded
13 drug products.

14 32. The inspectors further determined that Respondent AMP did not have records to show
15 that pharmacy staff had been trained to perform compounding. The inspectors also determined
16 that Respondent AMP stored prescription documents and invoices in a locked area shared with
17 other businesses at a storage unit, but that Respondent AMP had not obtained a waiver to do so.

18 **September 5, 2013 Inspection**

19 33. On or about September 5, 2013, two Board inspectors performed a second inspection
20 of Advance Medical Pharmacy.

21 34. While at the facility, one of the inspectors requested a current pharmacy self-
22 assessment and a current compounding self-assessment. Respondent Yuen, Respondent AMP's
23 pharmacist-in-charge (PIC), was unable to provide the inspector with either of these documents.

24 35. During the inspection, one of the inspectors determined that numerous bulk
25 compounding products did not contain expiration dates and that Respondent AMP's current
26 inventory contained outdated products.

27 36. The inspectors also reviewed Respondent AMP's compounding policies and
28 procedures. The inspectors determined that those policies and procedures did not contain certain

1 information, such as a written quality assurance plan, the frequency of cleanings, and the
2 evaluation of compounded products for qualitative and quantitative integrity.

3 37. While at the facility, one of the inspectors reviewed Respondent AMP's records for a
4 compounded drug product and determined that those records did not contain a master formula.

5 38. The inspectors also determined that Respondent AMP did not have current training
6 records for compounding staff.

7 39. At one point during the inspection, the inspectors asked Respondent Yuen for certain
8 prescription records. Respondent Yuen informed the inspectors that the requested records were in
9 storage. When one of the inspectors asked Respondent Yuen if he had obtained an off-site
10 storage waiver for those records, Respondent Yuen replied that he had forgotten to get it done.

11 40. During the inspection one of the inspectors observed a patient picking up a
12 prescription at Advance Medical Pharmacy. The prescription contained a change in directions.
13 One of Respondent AMP's pharmacy technicians asked the patient if the patient "wanted
14 consultation" for the prescription, which the patient declined. At no point did the pharmacy
15 technician request a consultation for the patient from a pharmacist.

16 **April 15, 2015 Inspection**

17 41. On or about April 15, 2015, two Board inspectors performed another inspection of
18 Advance Medical Pharmacy. During the course of their inspection, the inspectors found
19 numerous outdated products in the pharmacy's active inventory.

20 42. After the April 15, 2015 inspection, Respondent Yuen provided the inspectors with
21 Respondent AMP's prescription dispensing records for the period from October 1, 2013 to April
22 15, 2015. A review of those records revealed the following:

23 a. On or about June 2, 2014, Respondent AMP dispensed a prescription for oxycodone
24 that was missing the following security features: (1) a latent "void" across the entire front; (2) a
25 watermark on the back indicating "California Security Prescription"; (3) quantity check boxes;
26 (4) a statement that the prescription is void if the number of drugs is not noted; (5) an identifying
27 number assigned to the approved security printer; and (6) the sequential batch number.

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1 b. For certain patients, Respondent AMP dispensed excessive, and in some cases
2 potentially lethal, doses and/or amounts of controlled substances, including oxycodone,
3 acetaminophen containing controlled substances, methadone, fentanyl, zolpidem, and zaleplon.

4 c. Respondent AMP dispensed over 200 early refills.

5 43. Fentanyl is an opioid controlled substance that is more potent than morphine,
6 oxycodone, and heroin. Fentanyl comes in several forms, one of which is an oral product
7 designed to be absorbed as it dissolves in the lining of the mouth. That form of fentanyl is known
8 as transmucosal fentanyl. The Transmucosal Immediate Release Fentanyl (TIRF) Risk
9 Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy program is an FDA-required program that defines appropriate
10 patients for TIRF medications as only those patients with cancer who are opioid-tolerant and on
11 around-the-clock opioid therapy. The purpose of the TIRF program is to mitigate the risk of
12 misuse, abuse, addiction, overdose, and serious complications due to the use of TIRF
13 medications.

14 44. Respondent AMP is enrolled in the TIRF program. A review of Respondent AMP's
15 prescription dispensing records indicates that Respondent AMP dispensed TIRF medications to
16 certain patients who did not meet the requirements of the TIRF program, and therefore should not
17 have received TIRF medications. Respondent AMP dispensed TIRF medications without
18 verifying the required cancer diagnosis, without questioning a high starting dose, and without
19 verifying out-of-area patients with the same last name and address. In addition, Respondent AMP
20 dispensed TIRF medications to a patient where the prescription was invalid, in that it did not
21 contain a date written by the prescriber.

22 **Corresponding Responsibility**

23 45. Between January 1, 2009 and April 15, 2015, Respondent AMP filled approximately
24 16,177 controlled substances prescriptions for numerous patients of different prescribers. There
25 were warning signs or "red flags" indicating that those prescriptions may not have been issued for
26 a legitimate medical purpose. Those red flags include, but are not limited to, the following:

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- 1 a. Both the patients and the prescribers were from outside Respondent AMP's service
2 area;
- 3 b. A high percentage of the prescriptions were paid for with cash;
- 4 c. Requests by patients for early refills;
- 5 d. Prescriptions for unusually large quantities and doses of controlled substances;
- 6 e. Overlapping prescriptions from two (2) different prescribers;
- 7 f. Prescriptions that were pre-printed or rubber-stamped with the drug name; and
- 8 g. A prescription that did not contain certain security features or a date written by the
9 prescriber.

10 46. Despite the presence of those red flags, Respondent Yuen failed to exercise his
11 corresponding responsibility to determine whether the suspicious prescriptions were issued for a
12 legitimate medical purpose by, for example, accessing the Controlled Substance Utilization
13 Review and Evaluation System (CURES), verifying the validity of the prescription with the
14 prescriber, verifying that the individual presenting the prescription was the patient, evaluating
15 whether the prescribed drug therapy was appropriate, and inquiring into the nature of the
16 prescriber's medical practice.

17 **FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

18 **(Clearly Excessive Furnishing of Controlled Substances)**

19 47. Respondents are subject to disciplinary action under section 4301, subdivision (d) of
20 the Code in that they furnished excessive amounts of controlled substances to various patients.
21 The circumstances of this conduct are set forth above in paragraph 42.b.

22 **SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

23 **(Failure to Complete a Compounding Self-Assessment)**

24 48. Respondent Yuen is subject to disciplinary action under sections 4301, subdivision
25 (o) and 4113, subdivision (c) of the Code, and California Code of Regulations, title 16, section
26 1735.2, subdivision (j), in that Respondent Yuen did not complete the required self-assessment
27 for compounding pharmacies prior to allowing drug products to be compounded. The
28 circumstances of this conduct are set forth above in paragraph 34.

1 **THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

2 **(Failure to Complete a Pharmacy Self-Assessment)**

3 49. Respondent Yuen is subject to disciplinary action under sections 4301, subdivision
4 (o) and 4113, subdivision (c) of the Code, and California Code of Regulations, title 16, section
5 1715, subdivision (a), in that Respondent Yuen did not complete the required self-assessment of
6 the pharmacy's compliance with federal and state pharmacy law. The circumstances of this
7 conduct are set forth above in paragraph 34.

8 **FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

9 **(Failure to Maintain Pharmacy Records on Premises)**

10 50. Respondents are subject to disciplinary action under sections 4301, subdivision (o),
11 4105, subdivision (a), 4113, subdivision (c), and/or 4333, subdivision (a) of the Code in that
12 Respondents did not maintain pharmacy records and documentation on the premises and did not
13 obtain a waiver for off-site storage of records as provided for by California Code of Regulations,
14 title 16, section 1707, subdivision (a). The circumstances of this conduct are set forth above in
15 paragraphs 32 and 39.

16 **FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

17 **(Failure to Provide Oral Consultation)**

18 51. Respondent Yuen is subject to disciplinary action under sections 4301, subdivision
19 (o) and 4113, subdivision (c) of the Code, and California Code of Regulations, title 16, section
20 1707.2, subdivision (b)(1)(B), in that Respondent Yuen failed to provide an oral consultation to a
21 patient who purchased from Respondent AMP a prescription with a change in directions. The
22 circumstances of this conduct are set forth above in paragraph 40.

23 **SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

24 **(Failure to Maintain a Complete Written Policy and Procedure Manual for Compounding)**

25 52. Respondents are subject to disciplinary action under sections 4301, subdivision (o)
26 and 4113, subdivision (c) of the Code, and California Code of Regulations, title 16, section
27 1735.5, subdivisions (a) and/or (b), in that Respondents failed to maintain a complete and/or

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1 updated written policy and procedure manual for compounding. The circumstances of this
2 conduct are set forth above in paragraph 36.

3 **SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

4 **(Failure to Maintain Written Compounding Training Records for Pharmacy Personnel)**

5 53. Respondents are subject to disciplinary action under sections 4301, subdivision (o)
6 and 4113, subdivision (c) of the Code, and California Code of Regulations, title 16, section
7 1735.7, subdivisions (a) and/or (b), in that Respondents failed to maintain written compounding
8 training records for pharmacy personnel. The circumstances of this conduct are set forth above in
9 paragraphs 32 and 38.

10 **EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

11 **(Failure to Maintain a Written Quality Assurance Plan)**

12 54. Respondents are subject to disciplinary action under sections 4301, subdivision (o)
13 and 4113, subdivision (c) of the Code, and California Code of Regulations, title 16, section
14 1735.8, subdivision (a), in that Respondents failed to maintain a written quality assurance plan
15 designed to monitor and ensure the integrity, potency, quality, and labeled strength of
16 compounded drug products. The circumstances of this conduct are set forth above in paragraph
17 36.

18 **NINTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

19 **(Maintaining Outdated Products in Current Inventory)**

20 55. Respondents are subject to disciplinary action under sections 4301, subdivision (o),
21 4113, subdivision (c), 4306.5, subdivision (a), and 4342 of the Code, and California Code of
22 Regulations, title 16, section 1714, subdivision (b) in that Respondent AMP maintained outdated
23 products in its current inventory. The circumstances of this conduct are set forth above in
24 paragraphs 30, 35, and 41.

25 **TENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

26 **(Failure to Provide Expiration Dates for Compounded Drug Products)**

27 56. Respondents are subject to disciplinary action under sections 4301, subdivision (o),
28 4113, subdivision (c), and 4306.5, subdivision (a) of the Code, and California Code of

1 Regulations, title 16, section 1735.2, subdivision (h) in that Respondents failed to provide
2 expiration dates for compounded drug products. The circumstances of this conduct are set forth
3 above in paragraphs 31 and 35.

4 **ELEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

5 **(Failure to Maintain Complete Records for Compounded Drug Products)**

6 57. Respondents are subject to disciplinary action under sections 4301, subdivision (o)
7 and 4113, subdivision (c) of the Code, and California Code of Regulations, title 16, sections
8 1735.2, subdivisions (d)(3) and (d)(5)-(d)(7), and 1735.3, subdivisions (a)(1), (a)(4), and (a)(8), in
9 that Respondent AMP's records for compounded drug products did not include the master
10 formula record, the identity of the pharmacist reviewing the final drug product, or the expiration
11 date of the final compounded drug product. The circumstances of this conduct are set forth above
12 in paragraphs 30, 31, and 37.

13 **TWELFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

14 **(Filling, Compounding, and/or Dispensing Prescriptions for Controlled Substances Where**
15 **Prescription Form Is Missing Required Information and Features)**

16 58. Respondents are subject to disciplinary action under sections 4301, subdivision (o),
17 4113, subdivision (c), and 4306.5, subdivision (a) of the Code, and Health and Safety Code
18 sections 11162.1, subdivisions (a)(1), (a)(2), (a)(7)(A), (a)(8), (a)(13), and (b), and 11164,
19 subdivision (a)(1) in that Respondents filled, compounded, and/or dispensed prescriptions for
20 controlled substances where the prescription form was missing certain required information and
21 features. The circumstances of this conduct are set forth above in paragraphs 42.a. and 44.

22 **THIRTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

23 **(Failure to Exercise Corresponding Responsibility When Dispensing Controlled Substances)**

24 59. Respondents are subject to disciplinary action under sections 4301, subdivisions (j)
25 and/or (o), 4113, subdivision (c), and/or 4306.5, subdivision (b) of the Code, and Health and
26 Safety Code section 11153, subdivision (a), in that Respondent Yuen failed to exercise
27 corresponding responsibility when dispensing controlled substances and dangerous drugs. The
28 circumstances of this conduct are set forth above in paragraphs 42.c. and 43 through 46.

1 **FOURTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

2 **(Failure to Contact Prescriber)**

3 60. Respondents are subject to disciplinary action under sections 4301, subdivisions (j)
4 and/or (o), and 4113, subdivision (c) of the Code, and California Code of Regulations, title 16,
5 section 1761, subdivision (a), in that Respondent Yuen failed to contact certain prescribers to
6 obtain information needed to validate prescriptions containing significant errors, omissions,
7 irregularities, uncertainties, ambiguities and/or alterations. The circumstances of this conduct are
8 set forth above in paragraphs 43 through 46.

9 **DISCIPLINE CONSIDERATIONS**

10 61. To determine the degree of discipline, if any, to be imposed on Respondent AMP,
11 Complainant alleges that on or about August 16, 2012, the Board issued Citation Number
12 CI 2011 51390 to Respondent AMP for violating section 4126.5, subdivision (a)(4) of the Code
13 (improper furnishing of dangerous drugs). The Board ordered Respondent AMP to pay a fine in
14 the amount of \$31,500. That Citation is now final and is incorporated by reference as if fully set
15 forth.

16 62. To determine the degree of discipline, if any, to be imposed on Respondent AMP,
17 Complainant alleges that on or about February 8, 2013, the Board issued Citation Number
18 CI 2011 51511 to Respondent AMP for violating section 4342, subdivision (a) of the Code
19 (action by Board to prevent sale of drugs lacking quality or strength). The Board ordered
20 Respondent AMP to pay a fine in the amount of \$500. That Citation is now final and is
21 incorporated by reference as if fully set forth.

22 63. To determine the degree of discipline, if any, to be imposed on Respondent Yuen,
23 Complainant alleges that on or about August 16, 2012, the Board issued Citation Number
24 CI 2012 53586 to Respondent Yuen for violating section 4126.5, subdivision (a)(4) of the Code
25 (improper furnishing of dangerous drugs). The Board ordered Respondent Yuen to pay a fine in
26 the amount of \$5,000. That Citation is now final and is incorporated by reference as if fully set
27 forth.

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