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8	BEFORE THE BOARD OF PHARMACY	
9	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
10		
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 4704
12	LEEAH JEAN BANKS	
13	43302 7th Street East Lancaster, CA 93535	ACCUSATION
14	Pharmacy Technician License No.	
15	TCH 57721	
16	Respondent.	
17		
18	Complainant alleges:	
19	PARTIES	
20	1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity	
21	as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.	
22	2. On or about July 22, 2004, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacy Technician	
23	License Number TCH 57721 to Leeah Jean Banks (Respondent). The Pharmacy Technician	
24	License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will	
25	expire on October 31, 2015, unless renewed.	
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	1	l

Accusation

JURISDICTION

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Section 4300 subdivision (a) of the Code states: "Every license issued may be suspended or revoked."
- 5. Section 118, subdivision (b), of the Code provides that the suspension, expiration, surrender, or cancellation of a license shall not deprive the Board of jurisdiction to proceed with a disciplinary action during the period within which the license may be renewed, restored, reissued or reinstated.

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

6. Section 4301 of the Code states:

The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

- (a) Gross immorality.
- - (f) The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or corruption, whether the act is committed in the course of relations as a licensee or otherwise, and whether the act is a felony or misdemeanor or not.
 - (j) The violation of any of the statutes of this state, or any other state, or of the United States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.
 - (o) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter or of the applicable federal and state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, including regulations established by the board or by any other state or federal regulatory agency.

....

7. Section 4059 of the Code states, in pertinent part, that a person may not furnish any dangerous drug except upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7.

8. Section 4060 of the Code states:

No person shall possess any controlled substance, except that furnished to a person upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7, or furnished pursuant to a drug order issued by a certified nurse-midwife pursuant to Section 2746.51, a nurse practitioner pursuant to Section 2836.1, or a physician assistant pursuant to Section 3502.1, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.5, or a pharmacist pursuant to either subparagraph (D) of paragraph (4) of, or clause (iv) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (5) of, subdivision (a) of Section 4052. This section shall not apply to the possession of any controlled substance by a manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacy, pharmacist, physician, podiatrist, dentist, optometrist, veterinarian, naturopathic doctor, certified nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant, when in stock in containers correctly labeled with the name and address of the supplier or producer.

9. Health and Safety Code section 11173 (a) states "[n]o person shall obtain or attempt to obtain controlled substances, or procure or attempt to procure the administration of or prescription for controlled substances, (1) by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or subterfuge; or (2) by the concealment of a material fact."

COST RECOVERY

10. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case, with failure of the licentiate to comply subjecting the license to not being renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be included in a stipulated settlement.

DRUGS

11. Dilaudid, a brand name for Hydromorphone, which is a Schedule II controlled substance, a dangerous drug pursuant to Code section 4022, and is used to treat moderate to severe pain.

12. Patient Controlled Analgesia (PCA) is a means for a patient to self-administer pain medications intravenously themselves by using a computerized pump, which introduces specific doses into an intravenous line.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct- Possession of Controlled Substance without a Prescription)

- 13. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section Business and Professions Code sections 4301 (f), (g), (o) and 4060 for unprofessional conduct in that she engaged in acts that constitute dishonesty and/or corruption, that are in violation of any statutes regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs, and/or that prohibit a person from possessing any controlled substance except that furnished with a prescription. The circumstances are as follows:
- 14. On or about September 30, 2011, at 2258 hours, while working as a pharmacy technician on the 8th Floor of UCLA Medical Center, located at 662 Gayley Avenue, Los Angeles, Respondent accessed a hydromorphone 50mg/50ml PCA pocket in the Intensive Care Unit medication room without authorization. Subsequent testing of the contents of the PCA pocket after it had been removed by Respondent showed that it no longer contained hydromorphone.
- 15. On or about October 1, 2011, at 0323 hours, Respondent removed and possessed a hydromorphone 50mg/5ml amp from the 6th floor of UCLA Medical Center Pyxis Medstation, after her shift without authorization. A security video tape from the medical center showed Respondent preparing a hydromorphone PCA syringe. Testing of the PCA syringe after it had been removed by Respondent indicated that it no longer contained hydromorphone.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct- Prohibition on Prescribing, Furnishing, Controlled Substance for Self)

16. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 4301, subdivision (j) of the Code in that on or about September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2011, while working as a pharmacy technician on the 8th Floor of UCLA Medical Center, located at 662 Gayley Avenue, Los Angeles, Respondent knowingly violated Business and Professions Code sections 4059 and 4060 and Health and Safety Code section 11170 in that she possessed dangerous drugs/controlled

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