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9	BEFORE THE BOARD OF PHARMACY	
10	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
10	STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 4005
12	BARBARA SOLIZ	
13	467 Village Drive Chula Vista, CA 91911	ACCUSATION
14 15	Pharmacy Technician Registration No. TCH 26383	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
16	Respondent.	
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18		# : :
19	Complainant alleges:	
20	PARTIES	
21	1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity	
22	as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.	
23	2. On or about July 15, 1998, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacy Technician	
24	Registration Number TCH 26383 to Barbara Soliz (Respondent). The Pharmacy Technician	
25	Registration was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and	
26	will expire on June 30, 2012, unless renewed.	
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JURISDICTION

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Section 4300(a) of the Code states that "[e]very license issued may be suspended or revoked."
- 5. Section 118, subdivision (b), of the Code provides that the suspension, expiration, surrender or cancellation of a license shall not deprive the Board of jurisdiction to proceed with a disciplinary action during the period within which the license may be renewed, restored, reissued or reinstated.

STATUTORY AND REGULATORY PROVISIONS

6. Section 482 of the Code states:

Each board under the provisions of this code shall develop criteria to evaluate the rehabilitation of a person when:

- (a) Considering the denial of a license by the board under Section 480; or
- (b) Considering suspension or revocation of a license under Section 490.

Each board shall take into account all competent evidence of rehabilitation furnished by the applicant or licensee.

- 7. Section 490 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that a board may suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the license was issued.
 - 8. Section 492 of the Code states:

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, successful completion of any diversion program under the Penal Code, or successful completion of an alcohol and drug problem assessment program under Article 5 (commencing with section 23249.50) of Chapter 12 of Division 11 of the Vehicle Code, shall not prohibit any agency established under Division 2 ([Healing Arts] commencing with Section 500) of this code, or any initiative act referred to in that division, from taking disciplinary action against a licensee or from denying a licensee for professional misconduct, notwithstanding that evidence of that misconduct may be recorded in a record pertaining to an arrest.

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This section shall not be construed to apply to any drug diversion program operated by any agency established under Division 2 (commencing with Section 500) of this code, or any initiative act referred to in that division.

9. Section 493 of the Code states:

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a proceeding conducted by a board within the department pursuant to law to deny an application for a license or to suspend or revoke a license or otherwise take disciplinary action against a person who holds a license, upon the ground that the applicant or the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question, the record of conviction of the crime shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the conviction occurred, but only of that fact, and the board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime in order to fix the degree of discipline or to determine if the conviction is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question.

As used in this section, "license" includes "certificate," "permit," "authority," and "registration."

10. Section 4301 of the Code states:

The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

(f) The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or corruption, whether the act is committed in the course of relations as a licensee or otherwise, and whether the act is a felony or misdemeanor or not.

(1) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 (commencing with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under

COST RECOVERY

14. Section 125.3 of the Code states, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(August 12, 2010 Criminal Conviction for Petty Theft in July of 2009)

- 15. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under sections 490 and 4301(l) of the Code in that she was convicted of a crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, duties and functions of a pharmacy technician. The circumstances are as follows:
- 16. On or about August 12, 2010, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California v. Barbara Ann Soliz*, in the Superior Court of California, County of San Diego, Central Division, in Case No. M104919, Respondent was convicted on her plea of guilty of violating Penal Code section 484 (Petty Theft), a misdemeanor.
- 17. The circumstances that led to Respondent's conviction are that on or about September 29, 2009, San Diego Police Officers were dispatched to Albertson's Supermarket Pharmacy located at 4421 University Avenue, San Diego, CA, reference a pharmacy technician who was discovered to have been releasing prescription medications to customers without charging them. The investigation by Albertson's Pharmacy revealed that since July 7, 2009, Respondent had released a total of 4-5 prescriptions to her brother and mother with an approximate value of \$376.50. When interviewed by officers, Respondent admitted to having released prescription medications to family members without charging them.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Commission of an Act Involving Dishonesty)

18. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 4301(f) of the Code in that she was convicted of a crime involving dishonesty, as is more detailed at paragraphs 15-17, above, and incorporated here by reference.