DEFAULT DECISION AND ORDER

- 3. On or about July 29, 2014, Respondent was served by Certified and First Class Mail copies of the First Amended Accusation No. 4931, Supplemental Statement to Respondent, Notice of Defense, Request for Discovery, and Discovery Statutes (Government Code sections 11507.5, 11507.6, and 11507.7) at Respondent's address of record which, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4100, is required to be reported and maintained with the Board. Respondent's address of record was and is: 4134 Kimberly Lane, Oceanside, CA 92056.
- 4. In addition, Respondent was served by Certified and First Class Mail copies of the First Amended Accusation No. 4931, Supplemental Statement to Respondent, Notice of Defense, Request for Discovery, and Discovery Statutes at Respondent's alternate address on East Bobier Drive in Vista, California, 92084.
- 5. Service of the Accusation was effective as a matter of law under the provisions of Government Code section 11505, subdivision (c) and/or Business & Professions Code section 124.
- 6. On or about August 5, 2014, the aforementioned documents served on Respondent at her address of record were returned by the U.S. Postal Service marked "Attempted Not Known." The address on the documents was the same as the address of record on file with the Board. Respondent failed to maintain an updated address with the Board and the Board has made attempts to serve the Respondent at the address on file. Respondent has not made herself available for service and therefore, has not availed herself of her right to file a notice of defense and appear at hearing.
- 6. The aforementioned documents served on Respondent at her alternate address have not been returned by the U.S. Postal Service.
 - 7. Government Code section 11506 states, in pertinent part:
 - (c) The respondent shall be entitled to a hearing on the merits if the respondent files a notice of defense, and the notice shall be deemed a specific denial of all parts of the accusation not expressly admitted. Failure to file a notice of defense shall constitute a waiver of respondent's right to a hearing, but the agency in its discretion may nevertheless grant a hearing.

- 8. Respondent failed to file a Notice of Defense within 15 days after service upon her of the First Amended Accusation, and therefore waived her right to a hearing on the merits of First Amended Accusation No. 4931.
 - 9. California Government Code section 11520 states, in pertinent part:
 - (a) If the respondent either fails to file a notice of defense or to appear at the hearing, the agency may take action based upon the respondent's express admissions or upon other evidence and affidavits may be used as evidence without any notice to respondent.
- 10. Pursuant to its authority under Government Code section 11520, the Board finds Respondent is in default. The Board will take action without further hearing and, based on the relevant evidence contained in the Default Decision Evidence Packet in this matter, as well as taking official notice of all the investigatory reports, exhibits and statements contained therein on file at the Board's offices regarding the allegations contained in First Amended Accusation No. 4931, finds that the charges and allegations in First Amended Accusation No. 4931, are separately and severally, found to be true and correct by clear and convincing evidence.
- 11. Taking official notice of its own internal records, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3, it is hereby determined that the reasonable costs for Investigation and Enforcement is \$3,049.50 as of August 26, 2014.

DETERMINATION OF ISSUES

- 1. Based on the foregoing findings of fact, Respondent Carly Renee Castleberry has subjected her Pharmacy Technician Registration No. TCH 77091 to discipline.
 - 2. The agency has jurisdiction to adjudicate this case by default.
- 3. The Board of Pharmacy is authorized to revoke Respondent's Pharmacy Technician Registration based upon the following violations alleged in the First Amended Accusation which are supported by the evidence contained in the Default Decision Evidence Packet in this case:
- a. violation of Code section 4301, subdivision (f), in that Respondent unlawfully stole, misappropriated, and fraudulently took the property from a department store on April 25, 2012;
- b. violation of Code sections 490 and 4301, subdivision (1), for conviction of a crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a registered pharmacy

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technician in that on May 23, 2013, Respondent was convicted on her plea of guilty of violating Vehicle Code (VC) 23103, subdivision (a), per VC 23103.5, reckless driving, in *The People of the State of California vs. Carly Renee Castleberry*, in San Diego County Superior Court, North County Division, North County Regional Center, Case Number CN316306;

- c. violation of Code section 4301, subdivision (h) in that on January 27, 2013,
 Respondent used controlled substances and dangerous drugs to the extent and in a manner that
 was dangerous and injurious to herself and to the public;
- d. violation of Code section 4301, subdivision (h) in that Respondent used controlled substances and dangerous drugs on December 11, 2013 to the extent and in a manner that was dangerous and injurious to herself and to the public;
- e. violation of Code sections 490 and 4301, subdivision (1), in that Respondent was convicted of a crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a registered pharmacy technician in that on January 22, 2014, Respondent was convicted on her plea of guilty of violating Vehicle Code (VC) 23152, subdivision (a), driving under the influence of an alcoholic beverage and a drug, specifically prescription drugs, in *The People of the State of California vs. Carly Renee Castleberry*, in San Diego County Superior Court, North County Division, North County Regional Center, Case Number CN327754; and,
- f. violation of Code section 4301, subdivision (k), in that Respondent was convicted of two crimes involving the use, consumption, or self-administration of a dangerous drug or alcoholic beverage when on May 23, 2013, Respondent was convicted in *The People of the State of California vs. Carly Renee Castleberry*, San Diego County Superior Court Case Number CN316306 of violating Vehicle Code (VC) 23103, subdivision (a), per VC 23103.5 and when on January 22, 2014 Respondent was convicted in *The People of the State of California vs. Carly Renee Castleberry*, San Diego County Superior Court Case Number CN327754, of violating Vehicle Code (VC) 23152, subdivision (a), driving under the influence of an alcoholic beverage and a drug.

ORDER 1 2 IT IS SO ORDERED that Pharmacy Technician Registration No. TCH 77091, heretofore issued to Respondent Carly Renee Castleberry, is revoked. 3 Pursuant to Government Code section 11520, subdivision (c), Respondent may serve a 4 5 written motion requesting that the Decision be vacated and stating the grounds relied on within seven (7) days after service of the Decision on Respondent. The agency in its discretion may 6 vacate the Decision and grant a hearing on a showing of good cause, as defined in the statute. 7 This Decision shall become effective on October 20, 2014. 8 It is so ORDERED September 19, 2014. 9 10 **BOARD OF PHARMACY** 11 DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA 12 Wusi 13 By 14 **Board President** 15 70933443.doc DOJ Matter ID:SD2013705901 16 Attachment: Exhibit A: First Amended Accusation 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

Exhibit A

First Amended Accusation

1 · 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	KAMALA D. HARRIS Attorney General of California ALFREDO TERRAZAS Senior Assistant Attorney General JAMES M. LEDAKIS Supervising Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 132645 110 West "A" Street, Suite 1100 San Diego, CA 92101 P.O. Box 85266 San Diego, CA 92186-5266 Telephone: (619) 645-2105 Facsimile: (619) 645-2061 Attorneys for Complainant BEFORE THI	E	
10	BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS		
11	STATE OF CALIFO		
12	In the Matter of the First Amended Accusation Against:	Case No. 4931	
13	CARLY RENEE CASTLEBERRY	FIRST AMENDED	
14	4134 Kimberly Lane Oceanside, CA 92056	ACCUSATION	
15	Pharmacy Technician Registration No. TCH 77091		
.16 17	Respondent.		
18	Complainant alleges:		
19	PARTIES		
20	Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this First Amended Accusation solely in		
21	her official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Boa	rd of Pharmacy, Department of	
22	Consumer Affairs.		
23	2. On July 30, 2007, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacy Technician		
24	Registration Number TCH 77091 to Carly Renee Castleberry (Respondent). The Pharmacy		
25	Technician Registration was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought		
26	herein and will expire on December 31, 2014, unless renewed.		
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1	First	Amended Accusation (CSBP Case Number 4931)	

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JURISDICTION

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Section 4300, subdivision (a), of the Code provides that every license issued by the Board may be suspended or revoked.
 - 5. Section 4300.1 of the Code states:

The expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license.

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

6. Section 482 of the Code states:

Each board under the provisions of this code shall develop criteria to evaluate the rehabilitation of a person when:

- (a) Considering the denial of a license by the board under Section 480; or
- (b) Considering suspension or revocation of a license under Section 490.

Each board shall take into account all competent evidence of rehabilitation furnished by the applicant or licensee.

- 7. Section 490 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that a board may suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the license was issued.
 - 8. Section 4301 of the Code states:

The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

(f) The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or corruption, whether the act is committed in the course of relations as a licensee or otherwise, and whether the act is a felony or misdemeanor or not.

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- (h) The administering to oneself, of any controlled substance, or the use of any dangerous drug or of alcoholic beverages to the extent or in a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to oneself, to a person holding a license under this chapter, or to any other person or to the public, or to the extent that the use impairs the ability of the person to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by the license.
- (k) The conviction of more than one misdemeanor or any felony involving the use, consumption, or self-administration of any dangerous drug or alcoholic beverage, or any combination of those substances.
- (l) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 (commencing with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the qualifications. functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code allowing the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or indictment.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

- 9: California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1769, states:
- (b) When considering the suspension or revocation of a facility or a personal license on the ground that the licensee or the registrant has been convicted of a crime, the board, in evaluating the rehabilitation of such person and his present eligibility for a license will consider the following criteria:
 - (1) Nature and severity of the act(s) or offense(s).
 - (2) Total criminal record.

- (3) The time that has elapsed since commission of the act(s) or offense(s).
- (4) Whether the licensee has complied with all terms of parole, probation, restitution or any other sanctions lawfully imposed against the licensee.
 - (5) Evidence, if any, of rehabilitation submitted by the licensee.
- 10. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, states:

For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare.

COST RECOVERY

11. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case, with failure of the licentiate to comply subjecting the license to not being renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be included in a stipulated settlement.

DRUGS AT ISSUE

- 12. Carisoprodol has been reclassified on December 12, 2011, when the Drug Enforcement Agency ruled under the Controlled Substances Act that it is a Schedule IV controlled substance effective January 12, 2012, and has since been defined as a dangerous drug under Code section 4022.
- 13. Lorazepam is a Scheduled IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code (HSC) section 11057, subdivision (d)(16) and is a dangerous drug under Code section 4022.
- 14. Meprobamate is a Schedule IV controlled substance under HSC section 11057, subdivision (d)(18) and is a dangerous drug as designated by Code section 4022.

- Oxycodone is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code Section 11055(b)(1)(M) and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Code section 4022.
 - 16. Trazodone is a dangerous drug pursuant to Code section 4022.
- 17. Zolpidem, is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by HSC section 11507(d)(32), and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Code section 4022.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct – Commission of Acts Involving Moral Turpitude, Dishonesty, Fraud, Deceit, and Corruption)

- 18. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (f) in that Respondent unlawfully stole, misappropriated, and fraudulently took the property and labor of a merchant, an act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, and corruption. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On April 25, 2012, at a Walmart Department Store in Oceanside,
 California, Respondent took items on display worth \$195.85 and did not pay for them. A store's
 loss prevention officer made a citizen's arrest and contacted the Oceanside Police Department.
 Respondent admitted to shoplifting the items to the responding police officer.
- b. As a result of the shoplifting incident, a citation was issued against Respondent. On July 16, 2012, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California vs. Carly Renee Castleberry*, in San Diego County Superior Court, North County Division, North County Regional Center, Case Number CN306932, Respondent pled guilty to violating Penal Code (PC) sections 484 and 490.5, petty theft of retail merchandise, a misdemeanor and PC section 490.1, an infraction, and deferred entry of judgment was granted for 90 days subject to terms and conditions.
- c. As a result of her completion of a ten-day Prader-Willi Syndrome and Shoplifting Program, on February 11, 2013, Respondent was ordered to pay fines, fees, and restitution. Respondent was also allowed to withdraw her guilty plea to the first count and the charge for violating PC sections 484 and 490.5, was dismissed pursuant to a plea bargain.

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SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(May 23, 2013 Criminal Conviction for Reckless Driving on January 27, 2013)

- 19. Respondent has subjected her pharmacy technician registration to discipline under Code sections 490 and 4301, subdivision (l), in that she was convicted of a crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a registered pharmacy technician. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On May 23, 2013, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California vs. Carly Renee Castleberry*, in San Diego County Superior Court, North County Division, North County Regional Center, Case Number CN316306, Respondent was convicted on her plea of guilty of violating Vehicle Code (VC) 23103, subdivision (a), per VC 23103.5, reckless driving, a misdemeanor. A charge for violating VC section 23152, subdivision (a), driving under the influence of alcohol (DUI), a misdemeanor, was dismissed pursuant to a plea bargain.
- b. As a result of the conviction, on May 23, 2013, Respondent was sentenced to three years summary probation subject to standard alcohol terms and conditions and ordered to pay a fine, fees, and penalty assessments. Respondent was ordered to attend and satisfactorily complete the education component of a first offender alcohol and other drug education and counseling program. Respondent was also ordered to render one day service under the Public Service Program, with credit for one day actually served.
- c. The facts that led to the conviction are that on January 27, 2013, Respondent was driving a motor vehicle in Vista, California when her car hit a light post. A responding officer from the San Diego County Sheriff's Department Vista Station immediately noticed Respondent's bloodshot and watery eyes. Respondent denied having consumed any alcoholic beverage but admitted to having taken prescription medication. Found in Respondent's vehicle were her empty prescription bottles for oxycodone, trazodone, lorazepam, and zolpidem. Respondent failed the series of field sobriety tests and was transported to the Vista Detention Facility, where she consented to a blood draw. Respondent's blood test results indicated a BAC of 0.00 percent but positive for benzodiazepines. An analyst at Bio-Tox Laboratories reported

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that Respondent's blood test detected the presence of 52 ng per mL of lorazepam, 22.4 mg per L of meprobamate, 103 ng per mL of oxycodone, 73 ng per mL of trazodone, and less than 0.5 mg per L of carisoprodol. Respondent tested negative for zolpidem.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct - Dangerous Use of Drugs)

20. Respondent subjected her pharmacy technician registration to discipline under Code section 4301, subdivision (h) in that on January 27, 2013, she used controlled substances and dangerous drugs to the extent and in a manner that was dangerous and injurious to herself and to the public, as detailed in paragraph 19, above.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct - Dangerous Use of Drugs)

21. Respondent subjected her pharmacy technician registration to discipline under Code section 4301, subdivision (h) in that she used controlled substances and dangerous drugs to the extent and in a manner that was dangerous and injurious to herself and to the public. The circumstances are that on December 11, 2013, Respondent was found slumped over the steering wheel of her vehicle along North Santa Fe Avenue in Vista, California. Upon contact Respondent was lethargic, had difficulty keeping her head up and her eyes open, and had difficulty answering questions. Respondent admitted to being on probation for a prior DUI conviction and to taking Adavan [sic] earlier. Respondent's pupils were so constricted, she had a hard time exiting her vehicle, and she could barely stand on her own feet. Respondent was barely cognizant of her surroundings and failed the series of field sobriety tests. Respondent was then booked into the Vista Detention Facility where she provided a blood sample.

FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(January 22, 2014 Criminal Conviction for DUI on December 11, 2013)

22. Respondent has subjected her pharmacy technician registration to discipline under Code sections 490 and 4301, subdivision (l), in that she was convicted of a crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a registered pharmacy technician. The circumstances are as follows:

- a. On January 22, 2014, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California vs. Carly Renee Castleberry*, in San Diego County Superior Court, North County Division, North County Regional Center, Case Number CN327754, Respondent was convicted on her plea of guilty of violating Vehicle Code (VC) 23152, subdivision (a), driving under the influence of an alcoholic beverage and a drug, specifically prescription drugs, a misdemeanor.
- b. As a result of the conviction, on January 22, 2014, Respondent was sentenced to five years summary probation with the standard alcohol conditions, committed to the Sheriff's custody for 96 hours, ordered to complete 20 days of public service and ordered to pay a fine, fees, and penalty assessments of \$2,604. Respondent was ordered to attend and satisfactorily complete a multiple DUI conviction program.

SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Conviction of More Than One Misdemeanor Involving the Use or Consumption of a Dangerous Drug and/or Alcohol)

23. Respondent has subjected her pharmacy technician registration to discipline under Code section 4301, subdivision (k), in that she was convicted of two crimes involving the use, consumption, or self-administration of any dangerous drug or alcoholic beverage. On May 23, 2013, in *The People of the State of California vs. Carly Renee Castleberry*, San Diego County Superior Court Case Number CN316306, Respondent was convicted on her plea of guilty of violating Vehicle Code (VC) 23103, subdivision (a), per VC 23103.5, reckless driving. On January 22, 2014, in *The People of the State of California vs. Carly Renee Castleberry*, San Diego County Superior Court Case Number CN327754, Respondent was convicted of violating Vehicle Code (VC) 23152, subdivision (a), driving under the influence of an alcoholic beverage and a drug. Both convictions involved the use or consumption of a dangerous drug and/or alcohol.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision:

- 1. Revoking or suspending Pharmacy Technician Registration Number TCH 77091, issued to Carly Renee Castleberry;
- Ordering Carly Renee Castleberry to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3; and,
 - 3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

DATED:	7/14/14	Vigina Veil
		VIRGINIA HEROLD

Executive Officer
Board of Pharmacy

Department of Consumer Affairs State of California

Complainant

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1	KAMALA D. HARRIS Attorney General of California		
2	ALFREDO TERRAZAS	·	
3	Senior Assistant Attorney General JAMES M. LEDAKIS		
4	Supervising Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 132645		
5	110 West "A" Street, Suite 1100 San Diego, CA 92101		
6	P.O. Box 85266 San Diego, CA 92186-5266		
7	Telephone: (619) 645-2105 Facsimile: (619) 645-2061		
8	Attorneys for Complainant		
9	BEFORE THE		
10	BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS		
11	STATE OF CALIFO	ORNIA	
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 4931	
13	CARLY RENEE CASTLEBERRY	ACCUSATION	
14	4134 Kimberly Lane Oceanside, CA 92056		
15	Pharmacy Technician Registration No. TCH 77091		
16_	Respondent.		
17		l	
18	Complainant alleges:		
19	PARTIES		
20	1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings thi	s Accusation solely in her official	
21	capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.		
22	2. On July 30, 2007, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacy Technician		
23	Registration Number TCH 77091 to Carly Renee Castleberry (Respondent). The Pharmacy		
24	Technician Registration was in full force and effect at al	Il times relevant to the charges brought	
25	herein and will expire on December 31, 2014, unless renewed.		
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27	111		
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	1	Accusation CSBP Case Number 4931	

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3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.

- 4. Section 4300, subdivision (a), of the Code provides that every license issued by the Board may be suspended or revoked.
 - 5. Section 4300.1 of the Code states:

The expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license.

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

6. Section 482 of the Code states:

Each board under the provisions of this code shall develop criteria to evaluate the rehabilitation of a person when:

- (a) Considering the denial of a license by the board under Section 480; or
- (b) Considering suspension or revocation of a license under Section 490.

Each board shall take into account all competent evidence of rehabilitation furnished by the applicant or licensee.

- 7. Section 490 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that a board may suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the license was issued.
 - 8. Section 4301 of the Code states:

The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

(f) The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or corruption, whether the act is committed in the course of relations as a licensee or otherwise, and whether the act is a felony or misdemeanor or not.

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(h) The administering to oneself, of any controlled substance, or the use of any dangerous drug or of alcoholic beverages to the extent or in a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to oneself, to a person holding a license under this chapter, or to any other person or to the public, or to the extent that the use impairs the ability of the person to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by the license.

(1) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 (commencing with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under Section 1203,4 of the Penal Code allowing the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation. information, or indictment.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

- 9. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1769, states:
- When considering the suspension or revocation of a facility or a personal license on the ground that the licensee or the registrant has been convicted of a crime, the board, in evaluating the rehabilitation of such person and his present eligibility for a license will consider the following criteria:
 - (1) Nature and severity of the act(s) or offense(s).
 - (2) Total criminal record.
- (3) The time that has elapsed since commission of the act(s) or offense(s).

- (4) Whether the licensee has complied with all terms of parole, probation, restitution or any other sanctions lawfully imposed against the licensee.
 - (5) Evidence, if any, of rehabilitation submitted by the licensee.
- 10. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, states:

For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare.

COST RECOVERY

11. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case, with failure of the licentiate to comply subjecting the license to not being renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be included in a stipulated settlement.

DRUGS AT ISSUE

- 12. Carisoprodol has been reclassified on December 12, 2011, when the Drug Enforcement Agency ruled under the Controlled Substances Act that it is a Schedule IV controlled substance effective January 12, 2012, and has since been defined as a dangerous drug under Code section 4022.
- 13. Lorazepam is a Scheduled IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code (HSC) section 11057, subdivision (d)(16) and is a dangerous drug under Code section 4022.
- 14. Meprobamate is a Schedule IV controlled substance under HSC section 11057, subdivision (d)(18) and is a dangerous drug as designated by Code section 4022.
- 15. Oxycodone is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code Section 11055(b)(1)(M) and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Code section 4022.

- 16. Trazodone is a dangerous drug pursuant to Code section 4022.
- 17. Zolpidem, is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by HSC section 11507(d)(32), and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Code section 4022.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct – Commission of Acts Involving Moral Turpitude, Dishonesty, Fraud, Deceit, and Corruption)

- 18. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (f) in that Respondent unlawfully stole, misappropriated, and fraudulently took the property and labor of a merchant, an act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, and corruption. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On April 25, 2012, at a Walmart Department Store in Oceanside,
 California, Respondent took items on display worth \$195.85 and did not pay for them. A store's
 loss prevention officer made a citizen's arrest and contacted the Oceanside Police Department.
 Respondent admitted to shoplifting the items to the responding police officer.
- b. As a result of the shoplifting incident, a citation was issued against Respondent. On July 16, 2012, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California vs. Carly Renee Castleberry*, in San Diego County Superior Court, North County Division, North County Regional Center, Case Number CN306932, Respondent pled guilty to violating Penal Code (PC) sections 484 and 490.5, petty theft of retail merchandise, a misdemeanor and PC section 490.1, an infraction, and deferred entry of judgment was granted for 90 days subject to terms and conditions.
- c. As a result of her completion of a ten-day Prader-Willi Syndrome and Shoplifting Program, on February 11, 2013, Respondent was ordered to pay fines, fees, and restitution. Respondent was also allowed to withdraw her guilty plea to the first count and the charge for violating PC sections 484 and 490.5, was dismissed pursuant to a plea bargain.

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SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(May 23, 2013 Criminal Conviction for Reckless Driving on January 27, 2013)

- 19. Respondent has subjected her pharmacy technician registration to discipline under Code sections 490 and 4301, subdivision (I), in that she was convicted of a crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a registered pharmacy technician. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On May 23, 2013, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California vs. Carly Renee Castleberry*, in San Diego County Superior Court, North County Division, North County Regional Center, Case Number CN316306, Respondent was convicted on her plea of guilty of violating Vehicle Code (VC) 23103, subdivision (a), per VC 23103.5, reckless driving, a misdemeanor. A charge for violating VC section 23152, subdivision (a), driving under the influence of alcohol (DUI), a misdemeanor, was dismissed pursuant to a plea bargain.
- b. As a result of the conviction, on May 23, 2013, Respondent was sentenced to three years summary probation subject to standard alcohol terms and conditions and ordered to pay a fine, fees, and penalty assessments. Respondent was ordered to attend and satisfactorily complete the education component of a first offender alcohol and other drug education and counseling program. Respondent was also ordered to render one day service under the Public Service Program, with credit for one day actually served.
- c. The facts that led to the conviction are that on January 27, 2013, Respondent was driving a motor vehicle in Vista, California when her car hit a light post. A responding officer from the San Diego County Sheriff's Department Vista Station immediately noticed Respondent's bloodshot and watery eyes. Respondent denied having consumed any alcoholic beverage but admitted to having taken prescription medication. Found in Respondent's vehicle were her empty prescription bottles for oxycodone, trazodone, lorazepam, and zolpidem. Respondent failed the series of field sobriety tests and was transported to the Vista Detention Facility, where she consented to a blood draw. Respondent's blood test results indicated a BAC of 0.00 percent but positive for benzodiazepines. An analyst at Bio-Tox Laboratories reported

1	that Respondent's blood test detected the presence of 52 ng per mL of lorazepam, 22.4 mg per L		
2	of meprobamate, 103 ng per mL of oxycodone, 73 ng per mL of trazodone, and less than 0.5 mg		
3	per L of carisoprodol. Respondent tested negative for zolpidem.		
4	THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE		
5	(Unprofessional Conduct - Dangerous Use of Alcohol)		
6	20. Respondent subjected her pharmacy technician registration to discipline under		
7	Code section 4301, subdivision (h) in that on January 27, 2013, she used controlled substances		
8	and dangerous drugs to the extent and in a manner that was dangerous and injurious to herself		
9	and to the public, as detailed in paragraph 19, above.		
10	PRAYER		
11	WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein		
12	alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision:		
13	1. Revoking or suspending Pharmacy Technician Registration Number TCH 77091,		
14	issued to Carly Renee Castleberry;		
15	2. Ordering Carly Renee Castleberry to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable		
-16-	costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions		
17	Code section 125.3;		
18	3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.		
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22	DATED: 3/15/14 Jugina Judy		
23	VIRGINIA HEROLD Executive Officer Board of Pharmacy		
24	Department of Consumer Affairs State of California		
25	Complainant		
26	gD0019505001		
27	8D2013705901 70787871.doc		
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	7 Accusation CSBP Case Number 4931		