# BEFORE THE BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Second Amended Accusation Against:

Case No. 4628

CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND COMPOUNDING CENTER

OAH No. 2014060941

4000 Birch Street, Suite 120 Newport Beach, CA 92660

STIPULATED SETTLEMENT AND DISCIPLINARY ORDER [AS TO DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO ONLY]

Pharmacy Permit No. PHY 49828 Sterile Compounding License No. LSC 99542

and

DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO

14501 Larch Avenue Irvine, CA 92606

Pharmacist License No. RPH 26704

Respondents.

#### **DECISION AND ORDER**

The attached Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby adopted by the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs, as its Decision in this matter.

This Decision shall become effective at 5:00 p.m. on September 9, 2016.

It is so ORDERED on August 10, 2016.

BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Ву

Amy Gutierrez, Pharm.D. Board President

1 2 3 4 5	KAMALA D. HARRIS Attorney General of California ANTOINETTE CINCOTTA Supervising Deputy Attorney General MARICHELLE S. TAHIMIC Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 147392 600 West Broadway, Suite 1800 San Diego, CA 92101			
6	P.O. Box 85266 San Diego, CA 92186-5266			
7	Telephone: (619) 645-3154 Facsimile: (619) 645-2061			
8	Attorneys for Complainant			
9	BEFORE THE BOARD OF PHARMACY			
10	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
11	In the Matter of the Second Amended Accusation Against:	Case No. 4628		
12	1)	OAH No. 2014060941		
13		STIPULATED SETTLEMENT AND		
14	4000 Divah Stract Switce 120	DISCIPLINARY ORDER AS TO DAVID OSEPH SCHAPIRO ONLY		
15	Pharmacy Permit No. PHY 49828			
16	Sterile Compounding License No. LSC			
17	99542			
18	and			
19	DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO			
20	14501 Larch Avenue Irvine, CA 92606			
21	Pharmacist License No. RPH 26704			
22	Respondents.			
23				
24	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGRE	ED by and between the parties to the above-		
25	entitled proceedings that the following matters are true:			
26	<u>PARTIES</u>			
27	1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) is the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy.			
28	She brought this action solely in her official capaci			
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- D. Harris, Attorney General of the State of California, by Marichelle S. Tahimic, Deputy Attorney General.
- 2. Respondent David Joseph Schapiro ("Respondent") is represented in this proceeding by attorney Ivan Petrzelka, whose address is: 2855 Michelle Drive, Suite 180, Irvine, CA 92606-1027, telephone ((530) 366-8485.
- 3. On or about July 16, 1970, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacist License No. RPH 26704 to David Joseph Schapiro. The Pharmacist License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in Second Amended Accusation No. 4628, and will expire on July 31, 2017, unless renewed.

#### JURISDICTION

- 4. Second Amended Accusation No. 4628 was filed before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, and is currently pending against Respondent. The Accusation and all other statutorily required documents were properly served on Respondent on May 27, 2014. Respondent timely filed its Notice of Defense contesting the Accusation. Second Amended Accusation No. 4628 was filed before the Board on May 2, 2016.
- 5. A copy of Second Amended Accusation No. 4628 is attached as exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference.

#### **ADVISEMENT AND WAIVERS**

- 6. Respondent has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the charges and allegations in Second Amended Accusation No. 4628. Respondent has also carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order.
- 7. Respondent is fully aware of its legal rights in this matter, including the right to a hearing on the charges and allegations in the Second Amended Accusation; the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against them; the right to present evidence and to testify on its own behalf; the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision;

and all other rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws.

8. Respondent voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waives and gives up each and every right set forth above.

#### CULPABILITY

- 9. Respondent understands and agrees that the charges and allegations in Second Amended Accusation No. 4628, if proven at a hearing, constitute cause for imposing discipline upon his Pharmacist License.
- 10. For the purpose of resolving the Second Amended Accusation without the expense and uncertainty of further proceedings, Respondent agrees that, at a hearing, Complainant could establish a factual basis for the charges in the Second Amended Accusation, and that Respondent hereby gives up his right to contest those charges.

#### CONTINGENCY

- 11. This stipulation shall be subject to approval by the Board of Pharmacy. Respondent understands and agrees that counsel for Complainant and the staff of the Board of Pharmacy may communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation and settlement, without notice to or participation by Respondent or its counsel. By signing the stipulation, Respondent understands and agrees that he may not withdraw his agreement or seek to rescind the stipulation prior to the time the Board considers and acts upon it. If the Board fails to adopt this stipulation as its Decision and Order, the Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order shall be of no force or effect, except for this paragraph, it shall be inadmissible in any legal action between the parties, and the Board shall not be disqualified from further action by having considered this matter.
- 12. The parties understand and agree that Portable Document Format (PDF) and facsimile copies of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order, including PDF and facsimile signatures thereto, shall have the same force and effect as the originals.
- 13. This Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is intended by the parties to be an integrated writing representing the complete, final, and exclusive embodiment of their agreement. It supersedes any and all prior or contemporaneous agreements, understandings, discussions,

negotiations, and commitments (written or oral). This Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order may not be altered, amended, modified, supplemented, or otherwise changed except by a writing executed by an authorized representative of each of the parties.

14. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that the Board may, without further notice or formal proceeding, issue and enter the following Disciplinary Order:

#### DISCIPLINARY ORDER

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Pharmacist License No. RPH 26704 issued to Respondent David Joseph Schapiro is revoked. However, the revocation is stayed and Respondent is placed on probation for four (4) years on the following terms and conditions.

#### 1. Obey All Laws

Respondent shall obey all state and federal laws and regulations.

Respondent shall report any of the following occurrences to the board, in writing, within seventy-two (72) hours of such occurrence:

- an arrest or issuance of a criminal complaint for violation of any provision of the Pharmacy Law, state and federal food and drug laws, or state and federal controlled substances laws
- a plea of guilty or nolo contendre in any state or federal criminal proceeding to any criminal complaint, information or indictment
- a conviction of any crime
- discipline, citation, or other administrative action filed by any state or federal agency
  which involves Respondent's pharmacist license or which is related to the practice of
  pharmacy or the manufacturing, obtaining, handling, distributing, billing, or charging
  for any drug, device or controlled substance.

Failure to timely report such occurrence shall be considered a violation of probation.

#### 2. Report to the Board

Respondent shall report to the board quarterly, on a schedule as directed by the board or its designee. The report shall be made either in person or in writing, as directed. Among other

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requirements, respondent shall state in each report under penalty of perjury whether there has been compliance with all the terms and conditions of probation. Failure to submit timely reports in a form as directed shall be considered a violation of probation. Any period(s) of delinquency in submission of reports as directed may be added to the total period of probation. Moreover, if the final probation report is not made as directed, probation shall be automatically extended until such time as the final report is made and accepted by the board.

#### 3. Interview with the Board

Upon receipt of reasonable prior notice, respondent shall appear in person for interviews with the board or its designee, at such intervals and locations as are determined by the board or its designee. Failure to appear for any scheduled interview without prior notification to board staff, or failure to appear for two (2) or more scheduled interviews with the board or its designee during the period of probation, shall be considered a violation of probation.

#### 4. Cooperate with Board Staff

Respondent shall cooperate with the board's inspection program and with the board's monitoring and investigation of respondent's compliance with the terms and conditions of their probation. Failure to cooperate shall be considered a violation of probation.

#### 5. Continuing Education

Respondent shall provide evidence of efforts to maintain skill and knowledge as a pharmacist as directed by the board or its designee.

#### 6. Notice to Employers

During the period of probation, respondent shall notify all present and prospective employers of the decision in case number 4628 and the terms, conditions and restrictions imposed on respondent by the decision, as follows:

Within thirty (30) days of the effective date of this decision, and within fifteen (15) days of respondent undertaking any new employment, respondent shall cause their direct supervisor, pharmacist-in-charge (including each new pharmacist-in-charge employed during respondent's tenure of employment) and owner to report to the board in writing acknowledging that the listed individual(s) has/have read the decision in case number 4628, and terms and conditions imposed

thereby. It shall be respondent's responsibility to ensure that their employer(s) and/or supervisor(s) submit timely acknowledgment(s) to the board.

If respondent works for or is employed by or through a pharmacy employment service, respondent must notify their direct supervisor, pharmacist-in-charge, and owner at every entity licensed by the board of the terms and conditions of the decision in case number 4628 in advance of the respondent commencing work at each licensed entity. A record of this notification must be provided to the board upon request.

Furthermore, within thirty (30) days of the effective date of this decision, and within fifteen (15) days of respondent undertaking any new employment by or through a pharmacy employment service, respondent shall cause their direct supervisor with the pharmacy employment service to report to the board in writing acknowledging that they has read the decision in case number 4628 and the terms and conditions imposed thereby. It shall be respondent's responsibility to ensure that their employer(s) and/or supervisor(s) submit timely acknowledgment(s) to the board.

Failure to timely notify present or prospective employer(s) or to cause that/those employer(s) to submit timely acknowledgments to the board shall be considered a violation of probation.

"Employment" within the meaning of this provision shall include any full-time, part-time, temporary, relief or pharmacy management service as a pharmacist or any position for which a pharmacist license is a requirement or criterion for employment, whether the respondent is an employee, independent contractor or volunteer.

## 7. No Supervision of Interns, Serving as Pharmacist-in-Charge (PIC), Serving as Designated Representative-in-Charge, or Serving as a Consultant

During the period of probation, respondent shall not supervise any intern pharmacist, be the pharmacist-in-charge or designated representative-in-charge of any entity licensed by the board nor serve as a consultant unless otherwise specified in this order. Assumption of any such unauthorized supervision responsibilities shall be considered a violation of probation.

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#### 8. Reimbursement of Board Costs

As a condition precedent to successful completion of probation, respondent shall pay to the board its costs of investigation and prosecution in the amount of \$3,495.42. Respondent shall make said payments as directed by the Board.

There shall be no deviation from this schedule absent prior written approval by the board or its designee. Failure to pay costs by the deadline(s) as directed shall be considered a violation of probation.

#### 9. Probation Monitoring Costs

Respondent shall pay any costs associated with probation monitoring as determined by the board each and every year of probation. Such costs shall be payable to the board on a schedule as directed by the board or its designee. Failure to pay such costs by the deadline(s) as directed shall be considered a violation of probation.

#### 10. Status of License

Respondent shall, at all times while on probation, maintain an active, current license with the board, including any period during which suspension or probation is tolled. Failure to maintain an active, current license shall be considered a violation of probation.

If respondent's license expires or is cancelled by operation of law or otherwise at any time during the period of probation, including any extensions thereof due to tolling or otherwise, upon renewal or reapplication respondent's license shall be subject to all terms and conditions of this probation not previously satisfied.

#### 11. License Surrender While on Probation/Suspension

Following the effective date of this decision, should respondent cease practice due to retirement or health, or be otherwise unable to satisfy the terms and conditions of probation, respondent may tender their license to the board for surrender. The board or its designee shall have the discretion whether to grant the request for surrender or take any other action it deems appropriate and reasonable. Upon formal acceptance of the surrender of the license, respondent will no longer be subject to the terms and conditions of probation. This surrender constitutes a record of discipline and shall become a part of the respondent's license history with the board.

Upon acceptance of the surrender, respondent shall relinquish their pocket and wall license to the board within ten (10) days of notification by the board that the surrender is accepted. Respondent may not reapply for any license from the board for three (3) years from the effective date of the surrender. Respondent shall meet all requirements applicable to the license sought as of the date the application for that license is submitted to the board, including any outstanding costs.

## 12. Notification of a Change in Name, Residence Address, Mailing Address or Employment

Respondent shall notify the board in writing within ten (10) days of any change of employment. Said notification shall include the reasons for leaving, the address of the new employer, the name of the supervisor and owner, and the work schedule if known. Respondent shall further notify the board in writing within ten (10) days of a change in name, residence address, mailing address, or phone number.

Failure to timely notify the board of any change in employer(s), name(s), address(es), or phone number(s) shall be considered a violation of probation.

#### 13. Tolling of Probation

Except during periods of suspension, respondent shall, at all times while on probation, be employed as a pharmacist in California for a minimum of 40 hours per calendar month. Any month during which this minimum is not met shall toll the period of probation, i.e., the period of probation shall be extended by one month for each month during which this minimum is not met. During any such period of tolling of probation, respondent must nonetheless comply with all terms and conditions of probation.

Should respondent, regardless of residency, for any reason (including vacation) cease practicing as a pharmacist for a minimum of 40 hours per calendar month in California, respondent must notify the board in writing within ten (10) days of the cessation of practice, and must further notify the board in writing within ten (10) days of the resumption of practice. Any failure to provide such notification(s) shall be considered a violation of probation.

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It is a violation of probation for respondent's probation to remain tolled pursuant to the provisions of this condition for a total period, counting consecutive and non-consecutive months, exceeding thirty-six (36) months.

"Cessation of practice" means any calendar month during which respondent is not practicing as a pharmacist for at least 40 hours, as defined by Business and Professions Code section 4000 et seq. "Resumption of practice" means any calendar month during which respondent is practicing as a pharmacist for at least 40 hours as a pharmacist as defined by Business and Professions Code section 4000 et seq.

#### 14. Violation of Probation

If a respondent has not complied with any term or condition of probation, the board shall have continuing jurisdiction over respondent, and probation shall automatically be extended, until all terms and conditions have been satisfied or the board has taken other action as deemed appropriate to treat the failure to comply as a violation of probation, to terminate probation, and to impose the penalty that was stayed.

If respondent violates probation in any respect, the board, after giving respondent notice and an opportunity to be heard, may revoke probation and carry out the disciplinary order that was stayed. Notice and opportunity to be heard are not required for those provisions stating that a violation thereof may lead to automatic termination of the stay and/or revocation of the license. If a petition to revoke probation or an accusation is filed against respondent during probation, the board shall have continuing jurisdiction and the period of probation shall be automatically extended until the petition to revoke probation or accusation is heard and decided and the charges and allegations in the Second Amended Accusation shall be deemed true and correct.

#### 15. Completion of Probation

Upon written notice by the board or its designee indicating successful completion of probation, respondent's license will be fully restored.

#### 16. Remedial Education

Within sixty (60) days of the effective date of this decision, respondent shall submit to the board or its designee, for prior approval, an appropriate program of remedial education in

compounding and sterile compounding. The program of remedial education in compounding and sterile compounding shall consist of at least ten (10) hours per year for each year of the four-year probation period, which shall be completed prior to the completion of probation and at respondent's own expense. All remedial education shall be in addition to, and shall not be credited toward, continuing education (CE) courses used for license renewal purposes.

Failure to timely submit or complete the approved remedial education shall be considered a violation of probation. The period of probation will be automatically extended until such remedial education is successfully completed and written proof, in a form acceptable to the board, is provided to the board or its designee.

Following the completion of each course, the board or its designee may require the respondent, at their own expense, to take an approved examination to test the respondent's knowledge of the course. If the respondent does not achieve a passing score on the examination, this failure shall be considered a violation of probation. Any such examination failure shall require respondent to take another course approved by the board in the same subject area.

#### 17. Supervised Practice

During the period of probation, respondent shall practice only under the supervision of a licensed pharmacist not on probation with the board. Upon and after the effective date of this decision, respondent shall not practice pharmacy and his license shall be automatically suspended until a supervisor is approved by the board or its designee. The supervision shall be, as required by the board or its designee, either:

Continuous – At least 75% of a work week

Substantial - At least 50% of a work week

Partial - At least 25% of a work week

Daily Review - Supervisor's review of probationer's daily activities within 24 hours

Within thirty (30) days of the effective date of this decision, respondent shall have his supervisor submit notification to the board in writing stating that the supervisor has read the decision in Second Amended Accusation Case Number 4628 and is familiar with the required level of supervision as determined by the board or its designee. It shall be the respondent's

responsibility to ensure that his employer(s), pharmacist-in-charge and/or supervisor(s) submit timely acknowledgement(s) to the board. Failure to cause the direct supervisor and the pharmacist-in-charge to submit timely acknowledgements to the board shall be considered a violation of probation.

If respondent changes employment, it shall be the respondent's responsibility to ensure that his employer(s), pharmacist-in-charge and/or supervisor(s) submit timely acknowledgement(s) to the board. Respondent shall have his new supervisor, within fifteen (15) days after employment commences, submit notification to the board in writing stating the direct supervisor and pharmacist-in-charge have read the decision in Second Amended Accusation Case Number 4628 and is familiar with the level of supervision as determined by the board. Respondent shall not practice pharmacy and his license shall be automatically suspended until the board or its designee approves a new supervisor. Failure to cause the direct supervisor and the pharmacist-in-charge to submit timely acknowledgements to the board shall be considered a violation of probation.

Within ten (10) days of leaving employment, respondent shall notify the board in writing.

During suspension, respondent shall not enter any pharmacy area or any portion of the licensed premises of a wholesaler, veterinary food-animal drug retailer or any other distributor of drugs which is licensed by the board, or any manufacturer, or where dangerous drugs and devices or controlled substances are maintained. Respondent shall not practice pharmacy nor do any act involving drug selection, selection of stock, manufacturing, compounding, dispensing or patient consultation; nor shall respondent manage, administer, or be a consultant to any licensee of the board, or have access to or control the ordering, manufacturing or dispensing of dangerous drugs and controlled substances. Respondent shall not resume practice until notified by the board.

During suspension, respondent shall not engage in any activity that requires the professional judgment of a pharmacist. Respondent shall not direct or control any aspect of the practice of pharmacy. Respondent shall not perform the duties of a pharmacy technician or a designated representative for any entity licensed by the board.

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Subject to the above restrictions, respondent may continue to own or hold an interest in any licensed premises in which they holds an interest at the time this decision becomes effective unless otherwise specified in this order.

Failure to comply with this suspension shall be considered a violation of probation.

#### 18. No Ownership of Licensed Premises

Respondent shall not own, have any legal or beneficial interest in, or serve as a manager, administrator, member, officer, director, trustee, associate, or partner of any business, firm, partnership, or corporation currently or hereinafter licensed by the board. Respondent shall sell or transfer any legal or beneficial interest in any entity licensed by the board within ninety (90) days following the effective date of this decision and shall immediately thereafter provide written proof thereof to the board. Failure to timely divest any legal or beneficial interest(s) or provide documentation thereof shall be considered a violation of probation.

#### 19. Ethics Course

Within sixty (60) calendar days of the effective date of this decision, respondent shall enroll in a course in ethics, at respondent's expense, approved in advance by the board or its designee. Failure to initiate the course during the first year of probation, and complete it within the second year of probation, is a violation of probation. The ethics course shall be in addition to, and shall not be credited toward, continuing education (CE) courses used for license renewal purposes

Respondent shall submit a certificate of completion to the board or its designee within five days after completing the course.

#### ACCEPTANCE

I have carefully read the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order and have fully discussed it with my attorney, Ivan Petrzelka. I understand the stipulation and the effect it will have on my Pharmacist License. I enter into this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order

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1	voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree to be bound by the Decision and Order of the			
2	Board of Pharmacy,	r v		
3				
4	DATED: <u>05-25-2016</u>	Skindson		
5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DAVID JØSEPH SCHAPIRO Respondent		
6		्रेस ग		
7:	I have read and fully discussed with Respondent David Joseph Schapiro the terms and			
8	conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order			
9.	I approve its form and content.			
01	No.			
11	DATED: May 25, 2016	L Pote Me		
12	1	IVAN PETRZELKA Attorney for Respondent		
13		m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m		
14	† •	ENDORSEMENT		
15	The foregoing Stipulated Sett	tlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby respectfully		
16	submitted for consideration by the	to the control of the		
17	1			
18	Dated:	Respectfully submitted,		
19	/ lay 25,20L			
	1 " ,	KAMALA D. HARRIS		
20		KAMALA D. HARRIS Attorney General of California ANTOINETTE CINCOTTA		
20 21		KAMALA D. HARRIS Attorney General of California ANTOINETTE CINCOTTA Supervising Deputy Attorney General		
		Attorney General of California ANTOINETTE CINCOTTA		
21		Attorney General of California ANTOINETTE CINCOTTA Supervising Deputy Attorney General  Marichelle S. Tanimic		
21 22		Attorney General of California ANTOINETTE CINCOTTA Supervising Deputy Attorney General  Maidulle Jahr		
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### Exhibit A

Second Amended Accusation No. 4628

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7	KAMALA D. HARRIS Attorney General of California JAMES M. LEDAKIS Supervising Deputy Attorney General MARICHELLE S. TAHIMIC Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 147392 110 West "A" Street, Suite 1100 San Diego, CA 92101 P.O. Box 85266 San Diego, CA 92186-5266 Telephone: (619) 645-3154 Facsimile: (619) 645-2061 Attorneys for Complainant		
·	BEFO	RE THE	
9		PHARMACY	
10	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
	, SIAIL OF	CALIFORNIA	
. 11	In the Matter of the Second Amended		
10	Accusation Against:	Case No. 4628	
12		CTICOATO ANADESTINED	
13	CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND	SECOND AMENDED	
	COMPOUNDING CENTER	ACCUSATION	
14	4000 Birch Street, Suite 120		
15	Newport Beach, CA 92660		
. 13.			
16	Pharmacy Permit No. PHY 49828		
: :1	Sterile Compounding License No. LSC		
17	99542		
18	and .		
	and		
19	DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO		
	14501 Larch Avenue		
20	Irvine, CA 92606		
21	Pharmacist License No. RPH 26704		
	A MARKETON MICONOCE TOO AND ALL MOTOR		
22	Respondents.		
23	Prince Control of the		
. 23		•	
24	Complainant alleges:	·	
25	PAT	TTES	
.	PARTIES		
- 26	1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Second Amended Accusation solely in her		
27	official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer		
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28	Affairs.		
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Second Amended Accusation

- 2. On or about April 1, 2009, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacy Permit Number PHY 49828 to California Pharmacy and Compounding Center (Respondent). The Pharmacy Permit was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on April 1, 2016, unless renewed.
- 3. On or about April 2, 2009, the Board of Pharmacy issued Sterile Compounding License Number LSC 99542 to California Pharmacy and Compounding Center (Respondent). The Sterile Compounding License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on April 1, 2016, unless renewed.
- 4. On or about July 16, 1970, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacist License
  Number RPH 26704 to David Joseph Schapiro (Respondent). The Pharmacist License was in full
  force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on July 31,
  2017, unless renewed. Respondent Schapiro was the Pharmacist-In-Charge ("PIC") of CPCC and
  has been the PIC since April 1, 2009.

#### JURISDICTION

- 5. This Second Amended Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board),
  Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section
  references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
  - 6. Section 4300 of the Code states:
    - (a) Every license issued may be suspended or revoked.
    - (b) The board shall discipline the holder of any license issued by the board, whose default has been entered or whose case has been heard by the board and found guilty, by any of the following methods:
      - (1) Suspending judgment.
      - (2) Placing him or her upon probation.
    - (3) Suspending his or her right to practice for a period not exceeding one year.
      - (4) Revoking his or her license.
    - (5) Taking any other action in relation to disciplining him or her as the board in its discretion may deem proper.

1	(e) The proceedings under this art Chapter 5 (commencing with Sec
2	Government Code, and the board sl action shall be final, except that the
3	by the superior court pursuant to Se
4	7. Section 4300.1 of the Code st
5	The expiration, cancellation, license by operation of law or by
6	law, the placement of a license on a license by a licensee shall not de
7	or proceed with any investigation against, the licensee or to render a d
8	sguardy, and mornious of to folicion in C
9	STATUTORY AND R
0	8. Section 4022 of the Code states
1	Dangerous drug" or "dangero for self-use in humans or animals, a
2 .	(a) Any drug that bears th dispensing without prescription," "F
4 5	(b) Any device that bears the this device to sale by or on the order similar import, the blank to be filled licensed to use or order use of the device that the device is the device of
6 . 7	(c) Any other drug or device dispensed only on prescription or fit
8	9. Section 4040 of the Code states
9	(a) "Prescription" means an c
0.	that is both of the following:
1	(1) Given individually for th includes all of the following:
2	(A) The name or names
.3	(B) The name and quandirections for use.
.4	
.5	(C) The date of issue.
.6 .7	(D) Either rubber stamp name, address, and telephone classification, and his or he
.8	substance is prescribed.
	<i>'''</i>

ticle shall be conducted in accordance with tion 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of the hall have all the powers granted therein. The e propriety of the action is subject to review ection 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

#### ates:

forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued order or decision of the board or a court of a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of prive the board of jurisdiction to commence n of, or action or disciplinary proceeding decision suspending or revoking the license.

#### **EGULATORY PROVISIONS**

ous device" means any drug or device unsafe and includes the following:

- e legend: "Caution: federal law prohibits Rx only," or words of similar import.
- e statement: "Caution: federal law restricts ," "Rx only," or words of ed in with the designation of the practitioner levice.
- that by federal or state law can be lawfully urnished pursuant to Section 4006."

#### in part:

- oral, written, or electronic transmission order
- e person or persons for whom ordered that
  - s and address of the patient or patients.
  - atity of the drug or device prescribed and the
  - ped, typed, or printed by hand or typeset, the number of the prescriber, his or her license er federal registry number, if a controlled

- (E) A legible, clear notice of the condition or purpose for which the drug is being prescribed, if requested by the patient or patients.
- (F) If in writing, signed by the prescriber issuing the order, or the certified nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or naturopathic doctor who issues a drug order pursuant to Section 2746.51, 2836.1, 3502.1, or 3640.5, respectively, or the pharmacist who issues a drug order pursuant to either Section 4052.1 or 4052.2.
- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), a written order of the prescriber for a dangerous drug, except for any Schedule II controlled substance, that contains at least the name and signature of the prescriber, the name and address of the patient in a manner consistent with paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 11164 of the Health and Safety Code, the name and quantity of the drug prescribed, directions for use, and the date of issue may be treated as a prescription by the dispensing pharmacist as long as any additional information required by subdivision (a) is readily retrievable in the pharmacy. In the event of a conflict between this subdivision and Section 11164 of the Health and Safety Code, Section 11164 of the Health and Safety Code, Section 11164 of the Health and Safety Code shall prevail.
- (c) "Electronic transmission prescription" includes both image and data prescriptions. "Electronic image transmission prescription" means any prescription order for which a facsimile of the order is received by a pharmacy from a licensed prescriber. "Electronic data transmission prescription" means any prescription order, other than an electronic image transmission prescription, that is electronically transmitted from a licensed prescriber to a pharmacy.

#### 10. Section 4071 of the Code states:

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a prescriber may authorize his or her agent on his or her behalf to orally or electronically transmit a prescription to the furnisher. The furnisher shall make a reasonable effort to determine that the person who transmits the prescription is authorized to do so and shall record the name of the authorized agent of the prescriber who transmits the order.

#### 11. Section 4076 of the Code states in part:

- (a) A pharmacist shall not dispense any prescription except in a container that meets the requirements of state and federal law and is correctly labeled with all of the following:
- (1) . . .either the manufacturer's trade name of the drug or the generic name and the name of the manufacturer. Commonly used abbreviations may be used. Preparations containing two or more active ingredients may be identified by the manufacturer's trade name or the commonly used name or the principal active ingredients.
  - (2) The directions for the use of the drug.
  - (3) The name of the patient or patients.
  - (4) The name of the prescriber . . .

1	15. Section 4127.1 of the Code states in part:
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3 4 5	(f) Adverse effects reported or potentially attributable to a pharmacy's sterile drug product shall be reported to the board within 12 hours and immediately reported to the MedWatch program of the federal Food and Drug Administration.
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7	16. Section 4301 of the Code states in part:
8 9 10	The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:
11	
12	(j) The violation of any of the statutes of this state, of any other state, or of the United States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.
.13	
14 15 16	(o) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter or of the applicable federal and state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, including regulations established by the board or by any other state or federal regulatory agency
17	17. Section 11164 of the Health and Safety Code states in part:
18 19 20	Except as provided in Section 11167, no person shall prescribe a controlled substance, nor shall any person fill, compound, or dispense a prescription for a controlled substance, unless it complies with the requirements of this section.
21 22 23 24 25	(b)(1) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 11162.1, any controlled substance classified in Schedule III, IV, or V may be dispensed upon an oral or electronically transmitted prescription, which shall be produced in hard copy form and signed and dated by the pharmacist filling the prescription or by any other person expressly authorized by provisions of the Business and Professions Code. Any person who transmits, maintains, or receives any electronically transmitted prescription shall ensure the security, integrity, authority, and confidentiality of the prescription
26	18. Section 111330 of the Health and Safety Code states, "Any drug or device is
27	misbranded if its labeling is false or misleading in any particular."
28	

- 19. Section 111335 of the Health and Safety Code states, "Any drug or device is misbranded if its labeling or packaging does not conform to the requirements of Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 110290)."
  - 20. Section 111340 of the Health and Safety Code states:

Any drug or device is misbranded unless it bears a label containing all of the following information:

- (a) The name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor.
- (b) An accurate statement of the quantity of the contents in terms of weight, measure, or numerical count.

Reasonable variations from the requirements of subdivision (b) shall be permitted. Requirements for placement and prominence of the information and exemptions as to small packages shall be established in accordance with regulations adopted pursuant to Section 110380.

- 21. Section 111440 of the Health and Safety Code states, "It is unlawful for any person to manufacture, sell, deliver, hold, or offer for sale any drug or device that is misbranded."
- 22. Section 111445 of the Health and Safety Code states: "It is unlawful for any person to misbrand any drug or device.
  - 23. Title 16, California Code of Regulations ("CCR"), section 1735 states in part:
    - (a) "Compounding" means any of the following activities occurring in a licensed pharmacy, by or under the supervision of a licensed pharmacist, pursuant to a prescription:
      - (1) Altering the dosage form or delivery system of a drug
      - (2) Altering the strength of a drug
      - (3) Combining components or active ingredients
      - (4) Preparing a drug product from chemicals or bulk drug substances
  - 24. Title 16, CCR, section 1735.4 states:
    - (a) In addition to the labeling information required under Business and Professions Code section 4076, the label of a compounded drug product shall contain the generic name(s) of the principal active ingredient(s).
    - (b) A statement that the drug has been compounded by the pharmacy shall be included on the container or on the receipt provided to the patient.

(c) Drug products compounded into unit-dose containers that are too

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#### COST RECOVERY

29. Section 125.3 of the Code states, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

#### **DRUGS**

- 30. Oxytocin, sold under the brand name Pitocin, is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is used to induce labor.
- 31. Releana®, a brand name for human chorionic gonadotropin is a Schedule III controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 11056(f)(32) and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.
- 32. <u>Trimix</u> is an injectible compounded product consisting of three active ingredients: alprostadil, papaverine and phenolamine, all of which are dangerous drugs pursuant to Business and Professions Code 4022. Trimix is used to treat erectile dysfunction.
- 33. <u>Valium/Flexeril/lidocaine suppository</u> is a compounded product containing a combination of the following ingredients: cyclobenzaprine (Flexeril), diazepam (Valium) and lidocaine. It is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code Section 11057(d)(9), and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is used as a muscle relaxant.

#### RELEANA® PRESCRIPTIONS

34. At all times mentioned herein, Respondent Schapiro was the PIC of Respondent California Pharmacy and Compounding Center (hereinafter "CPCC"). On or about November 4, 2010, the Board received a telephone complaint from J.S. alleging CPCC filled a prescription "without the dosage." On December 14, 2010, the Board received an anonymous complaint that CPCC was involved in the illegal practice of compounding and selling an oral preparation of human chorionic gonadotropin ("HCG"), which was being sold under the trade name of "Releana."

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- 35. On or about January 11, 2011, an inspector for the Board conducted an inspection of CPCC following the receipt of these complaints concerning the pharmacy, which is further described below.
- 36. On or about August 20, 2010, a prescription was faxed to CPCC for J.S. for sixty vaginal suppositories of Valium/Flexeril/lidocaine. The prescription appeared to be signed by S.S., a physician's assistant. The prescription showed it was faxed from a fax machine with the name and telephone number of J.S. to CPCC. CPCC filled the prescription on the same day under prescription number RX 652991. CPCC dispensed twelve suppositories of a compounded medication containing "cyclo/diaz/lido" (cyclobenzaprine/diazepam/lidocaine). A duplicate label provided by Respondent Schapiro showed the drug dispensed was "cyclo/diaz/lido" 10/5/62.5 mg suppository and the prescriber was identified as Dr. M.C., not S.S.
- 37. There was no notation that CPCC ensured the security, integrity and/or authority of the prescription by verifying the prescription with the prescriber. Likewise, there was no notation CPCC attempted to determine whether J.S. was authorized by PA S.S. to transmit the prescription on behalf of PA S.S. nor that J.S. was so authorized by PA S.S.
- 38. During the inspection of CPCC on January 11, 2011, Respondent Schapiro explained that CPCC reached an exclusive agreement with Millenium Medical Spa ("Millenium") to compound Releana®. Millenium was located in Newport Beach, California and was not licensed with the Board as a pharmacy or wholesaler in California. Millenium held the patent for Releana®, a medication containing the human chorionic gonadotropin ("HCG") as an active ingredient. HCG formulations are used to facilitate weight loss and body contouring. According to Respondent Schapiro, Millenium was responsible for marketing Releana® and receiving orders from physicians throughout the country for Respondent CPCC to fill. Millenium processed the orders and invoiced the physicians. Millenium then e-mailed the order form and a "Prescription Fill-in Form" to CPCC. The Prescription Fill-in Form contained prescriptions written for each patient and is further described in paragraph 34(c), below.
- 39. According to Respondent Schapiro, after CPCC received a prescription for Releana® by e-mail, CPCC processed the prescription, compounded the Releana® vehicle, which is a

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 proprietary formula, and packaged the HCG in a separate container. CPCC dispensed the medication in a Ziploc bag with a prescription label with the patient's name, prescription number, the instruction to "Use as directed by physician," the prescribing physician, the date dispensed and the expiration date. Releana® was dispensed in the form of a small vial containing the HCG powder and a larger bottle containing the Releana® vehicle, a buffered solution. The medication was shipped to the prescribing physician's office where the medication was mixed by the physician and the larger container was dispensed to the patient. Millenium paid CPCC for all materials and dispensing fees.

- 40. In addition to physicians in California, Millenium sold Releana® to physicians in Alabama, Arizona, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Maryland, Missouri, Mississippi, Nebraska, Nevada, New York, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia and Washington. Respondent CPCC compounded the medication for dispensing to physicians in these states.
- 41. On March 8, 2011, Board inspectors conducted further investigation of CPCC's practice regarding dispensing Releana®. The process by which Releana® was ordered was as follows:
- a. The physician ordered Releana® from Millenium. The order form was faxed to Millenium along with the prescriptions for Releana® written on a prescription form with the Releana® logo.
- b. The order was processed by Millenium. A packing slip was generated with the quantity purchased, the payment method (credit card name) and the amount due from the prescriber.
  - c. Millenium then e-mailed the following documents to CPCC:
  - i) the packing slip with Releana®'s logo for the quantity ordered and addressed to the physician;
  - ii) an order form with the name, address and telephone number of the physician, the description of the drug ("human chorionic gonadotropin proprietary formula") and the quantity ordered; and,

 iii) a Prescription Fill-in Form with the prescriber's information and two columns of five boxes to fill in the patient's name, address, telephone number, the pre-printed description of the drugs as "Human Chorionic Gonadotropin proprietary formula" and quantity to either select from "[1], [2], or [3]" or to fill in. The prescription form did not state, the date each prescription was written nor the strength of the drug.

- 42. CPCC's Drug Recall Report for Releana® showed that CPCC dispensed 5958 prescriptions for Releana® from October 1, 2010 to March 8, 2011. Thirty patients from the Drug Recall Report were randomly selected and their Patient Drug Histories from March 8, 2010 to March 8, 2011 and prescriptions for Releana® were reviewed by Board inspectors.
- 43. The Drug Histories and Releana® prescriptions for the following patients were reviewed:

Patient initials	Prescriber's initials	Releana® Rx Number	Date dispensed
K.C.	D.T.	Not available <sup>1</sup>	Not available
G.D.	А.Н.	623609	11/12/2009
E.T.	R.G.	672251	2/22/2011
M.W.	D.I.	662399	12/29/2010
M.F.	F.V.	662302	12/28/2010
D.G.	N.L.	650860	7/26/2010
A.K.	D.Ŗ.	655068	9/10/2010
H.M.	D.D.	652872	8/20/2010
G.M.	L.E.	655753	9/21/2010
B.C.	H.M.	661771	12/16/2010
P.C.	S.E.	635667	3/8/2010
Q.W.	S.B.	658717	11/1/2010

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> According to K.C.'s Patient Drug History, seven prescriptions for Releana® were dispensed for this patient. However, a sample Releana® prescription was not provided to the Board inspectors. A prescription for testosterone was provided instead.

1	Patient initials	Prescriber's initials	Releana® Rx Number	Date dispensed
2	L.P.	J.B.	658030	10/21/2010
3	L.D.	J.W.	658261	10/26/2010
4	V.F.	T.P.	670762	1/31/2011
5	M.E.	· L.K.	632162	2/9/2010
6	K.D.	A.T.	660151	11/18/2010
7	B.F.	P.M.	645830	6/1/2010
8	T.F.	G.J.	657118	10/11/2010
9	C.C.	G.J.	657120	10/11/2010
10	D.C.	U.K.	647200	6/15/2010
11 12	J.B.	T.L.	656880	10/8/2010
13	S.B.	M.S.	656960	10/8/2010
14	A.A.	D.P.	631816	2/8/2010
.15	· A.B.	H.S.	633855	2/24/2010
16	D.A.	A.D.	660830	12/2/2010
17	B.A.	E.M.	634248	2/26/2010
18	J.A.	A.D.	660833	12/2/2010

44. A review of the original prescriptions revealed that the Releana® prescriptions for each patient were cut out from the prescription form sent by Millenium to CPCC and affixed to a blank telephone prescription pad. A date was stamped on the prescription pads that appeared to be the date the prescriptions were filled. The prescriptions contained the name and address of the patient, the pre-printed drug name "human chorionic gonadotropin proprietary formula" and the provider's signature. The prescriptions did not have the strength of HCG and the quantity prescribed was specified in units of "1", "2" or "3." There were no notations on the prescriptions indicating the pharmacist verified the prescriptions with the physicians since the prescriptions

P.A.

R.C.

2/1/2011

were electronically received from Millenium instead of from the prescribing physicians. Many of the prescribing physicians were located out of the state of California.

45. Affixed to the prescriptions were the prescription backer labels. The backer labels indicated the prescription number assigned, the patient's name, the physician's name, the drug dispensed (Releana — Chorionic Gonadotropin), the quantity, the instruction "Use as Directed by Physician," and notations with CPCC's compounding lot number for the product dispensed and the pharmacist's initials. The prescription backer label did not state the concentration, volume or weight of the active ingredient nor the quantity of the drug dispensed. Prescriptions labels that were duplicates of the prescription labels on the drug containers were also obtained. The duplicate prescription labels did not state the concentration, volume or weight of the active ingredient nor the quantity of the drug dispensed.

#### FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

# AGAINST CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND COMPOUNDING CENTER AND DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO

#### (Violation of Pharmacy Law – Failure to Ensure Integrity of Prescription)

46. Respondents CPCC and Schapiro are subject to discipline pursuant to Code section 4301, subdivisions (j) and (o), for violating Code section 4071 and Health and Safety Code section 11164 in that Respondents failed to ensure the security, integrity and/or authority of J.S.'s prescription by failing to verify the prescription with the prescribing physician, as more fully set forth in paragraphs 34 – 45, which are incorporated by this reference as though set forth in full herein.

#### SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

# AGAINST CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND COMPOUNDING CENTER AND DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO

#### (Violation of Pharmacy Law - Erroneous and Uncertain Prescriptions)

47. Respondents CPCC and Schapiro are subject to discipline pursuant to Code section 4301, subdivisions (j) and (o), for violating Code section 4040; title 16, CCR, section 1761; and, Health and Safety Code section 11164. Respondents compounded and/or dispensed prescriptions

for Releana® containing significant errors, omissions, irregularities and/or uncertainties as more fully set forth in paragraphs 34 – 45, which are incorporated by this reference as though set forth in full herein, and as follows:

- a. The prescriptions for Releana® did not specify the quantity to dispense, the directions for use and the date the prescription was issued.
- b. The electronically transmitted prescriptions for Releana® were not valid in that the prescriptions were received by CPCC from Millenium instead of the prescriber and were not verified with the prescribing physician by the CPCC.
- c. The electronically transmitted prescriptions for Releana® that were produced into a hard copy did not bear the date the prescription was transcribed or the signature of the transcribing pharmacist.
- d. The electronically transmitted prescriptions for Releana® did not have the name of the person at the prescriber's office who transmitted the prescriptions.

#### THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

# AGAINST CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND COMPOUNDING CENTER AND DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO

#### (Selling to Unlicensed Entity)

48. Respondents CPCC and Schapiro are subject to discipline pursuant to Code section 4301, subdivision (o) for violation of section 4169, subdivision (a)(1), for selling dangerous drugs to an entity not licensed by the Board. Respondents compounded and sold Releana® to Millenium, an entity not licensed by the Board as a pharmacy or wholesaler in California, as is more fully set forth in paragraphs 34 – 45, which are incorporated by this reference as though set forth in full herein.

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#### FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

## AGAINST CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND COMPOUNDING CENTER AND DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO

#### (Selling Misbranded Drugs)

49. Respondents CPCC and Schapiro are subject to discipline pursuant to Code sections 4301, subdivisions (j) and (o) for violation of section 4169, subdivision (a)(3), and Health and Safety Code sections 11130, 111440 and 11340, for selling, delivering, transferring, holding or offering for sale, any drug that Respondents knew or should reasonably have known were misbranded. The Releana® drugs were misbranded in that the label affixed to each individual container of Releana® powder and Releana® vehicle, did not specify the name and address of the manufacturer, packer or distributor and they did not specify the quantity of the contents of each of the two containers sold in terms of weight or measure, as is more fully set forth in paragraphs 34–45, which are incorporated by this reference as though set forth in full herein.

#### FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

## AGAINST CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND COMPOUNDING CENTER AND DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO

#### (Dispensing Incorrectly Labeled Prescriptions)

50. Respondents CPCC and Schapiro are subject to discipline pursuant to Code section 4301, subdivision (a) (7) and (8) and title 16, CCR, 1735.4, for dispensing incorrectly labeled Releana® prescriptions in that Respondents dispensed Releana® with prescription labels that did not state the concentration or strength of the active ingredient nor the quantity of the drug dispensed, either in volume, weight or numerical count, as is more fully set forth in paragraphs 34 – 45, which are incorporated by this reference as though set forth in full herein.

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#### SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

## AGAINST CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND COMPOUNDING CENTER AND DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO

#### (Aiding or Abetting Millenium in Sale of Controlled Substances)

51. Respondents CPCC and Schapiro are subject to discipline pursuant to Code section 4301, subdivision (o) for assisting in or abetting the violation of Code section 4110 by Millenium, in that Millenium sold Releana® to physicians in California, among other states, without having a license as a pharmacy or wholesaler in the State of California, as more fully set forth in paragraphs 34 – 45 and incorporated by this reference as though set forth in full herein.

#### COMPOUNDED CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE 0.2%

- 52. On January 28, 2015, an annual renewal sterile compounding inspection was conducted at Respondent pharmacy. As part of the inspection, the compounding record for prescription #719944 (Rx #719944) made on January 15, 2015 was reviewed. The original compounding records with integrated master formula for compounding carboxymethulcellulose 0.2% preservative free eye drops were reviewed. The pharmacy's policies and procedures for cleaning the autoclave to compound Rx #719944 and the convection oven next to the autoclave were requested but were not available for review during the inspection.
- 53. Sodium carboxymethulcellulose ("CMC") powder, lot # 14C03-U02-017876 was the active ingredient used to compound Rx #719944. The compounding record for carboxymethulcellulose 0.2% erroneously stated that the expiration date of CMC powder, lot # 14C03-U02-017876, was January 15, 2016, when the correct expiration date was January 15, 2015.
- 54. The expiration date assigned to the compounded drug Rx #719944 was March 1, 2015, 45 days after the expiration of CMC powder, which was the active ingredient used to compound Rx #719944.
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#### SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

#### AGAINST CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND COMPOUNDING CENTER

#### AND DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO

#### (No Policy and Procedures for Autoclave and Convection Oven)

55. Respondents CPCC and Schapiro are subject to discipline pursuant to Code section 4301, subdivision (o) in conjunction with 16, title CCR, section 1735.5(a) for failing to maintain a written policy and procedure manual that includes the procedures for maintaining, storing, calibrating, cleaning, and disinfecting the autoclave and convection oven, equipment used in compounding, as more fully set forth in paragraph 52 above and which is incorporated by this reference as though set forth in full herein.

#### EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

## AGAINST CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND COMPOUNDING CENTER

#### AND DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO

#### (Erroneous Expiration Date Assigned)

56. Respondents CPCC and Schapiro are subject to discipline pursuant to Code section 4301, subdivision (o) in conjunction with 16, title CCR, section 1735.2(h), for assigning an erroneous expiration date to Rx #719944 that exceeded the shortest expiration date of any component in the compounded drug product, as more fully set forth in paragraphs 52-54 above and which are incorporated by this reference as though set forth in full herein.

#### ADVERSE EVENT REPORT

- 57. On April 1, 2015, the Board was notified of an adverse event pertaining to an Avastin syringe compounded by Respondents. On July and November, 2014, O.B. received Avastin injections in her eye at her doctor's office. The Avastin injection was a compounded sterile product obtained by O.B.'s physician from Respondent. It was used to treat wet age-related macular degeneration.
- 58. On February 2, 2015, O.B. received another Avastin injection compounded by Respondents (lot number B120714). On March 4, 2015, O.B. notified her doctor that she had an

eye infection. On March 6, 2015, O.B.'s doctor called Respondents about O.B.'s eye infection and her use of Avastin.

59. On March 16, 2015, O.B.'s doctor's office notified Respondents that a culture of the patient was done and the results were negative.

#### NINTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

# AGAINST CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND COMPOUNDING CENTER AND DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO

(Failure to Report Adverse Event to Board Within 12 Hours)

60. Respondents CPCC and Schapiro are subject to discipline pursuant to Code section 4301, subdivision (o) in conjunction with Code section 4127.1(f) in that Respondents failed to report the adverse event regarding O.B. to the Board within 12 hours, as more fully set forth in paragraphs 57-59 above and which are incorporated by this reference as though set forth in full herein.

#### JULY 24, 2015 INSPECTION

- 61. On July 24, 2015, an inspector for the Board conducted an inspection of CPCC following the receipt of a copy of a Warning Letter issued by the Food and Drug Administration (WL# 23-15) to CPCC on June 17, 2015.
- 62. During the inspection, the Board inspector observed batch oxytocin, a compounded product, in CPCC's refrigerator where they were "quarantined" before they are released into the market. The oxytocin was to be used intranasally in an investigational study of individuals with high functioning autism. The oxytocin was labeled as follows: Oxytocin 360u/ml lot#B063015R, expiration 06/01/16 and Oxytocin 1200u/ml lot#B050815R, expiration 05/02/16. The "beyond use date" ("BUD") assigned to these products of almost one year exceeded the mandatory compounding limitation of 180 days from preparation or the shortest expiration date of any component in the compounded drug product. Respondent Schapiro explained that CPCC has document to justify the extended BUD assigned to these products.
- 63. The Board inspector requested stability studies to justify the extended BUD given to the oxytocin. Respondent provided a study performed by the Department of Pharmacy of the

 University of California, San Diego ("UCSD study"). The UCSD study did not comply with the Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human Use ("ICH").<sup>2</sup> The ICH requires rigorous studies under three major categories, chemical, physical and microbiological. The UCSD study did not record the physical observation of the oxytocin used over the period of the test, nor was there any documentation or record of the chemical stability or chemical composition of the active pharmaceutical ingredients ("API") as they reacted with the excipients. Furthermore, Respondent was compounding oxytocin 360u/ml, but the UCSD study only measured and recorded the potency of the API in oxytocin 60u/ml and 120u/ml during the period of testing.

- 64. The Board inspector discussed the inadequacies of the UCSD study with Respondent Schapiro and on September 1, 2015, the inspector requested a copy of the full stability study done by UCSD's laboratory.
- 65. On or about September 19, 2015, the Board inspector received a full copy of the oxytocin stability study, which was the same study presented during the inspection on July 24, 2015. The study did not record the physical appearance of the compounded products at various time points and did not record how the API interacted with the excipients. The UCSD study did not discuss whether a sterility study had been done. The UCSD study only focused on the potency of the API.
- 66. A review of CPCC's qualitative and quantitative testing reports received by the Board on July 24, 2015 showed that CPCC was not testing all end products from non-sterile batches that were compounded for sterility and endotoxin. For example, CPCC performed sterility testing of the individual components that made up Trimix but not the resultant Trimix end product that was dispensed to patients.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The objective of ICH is to increase international harmonisation of technical requirements to ensure that safe, effective, and high quality medicines are developed and registered in the most efficient and cost-effective manner. These activities have been undertaken to promote public health, prevent unnecessary duplication of clinical trials in humans, and minimize the use of animal testing without compromising safety and effectiveness. (www.ich.org/about/faqs.httml.)

67. The individual compounded ingredients used in the formulation of Trimix, its byproducts and the resultant Trimix product were not tested for endotoxin even though the Trimix product was made from non-sterile products. Between January 1, 2013 and May 31, 2014, CPCC compounded 49 batches of Trimix from non-sterile bulk ingredients. These 49 batches of Trimix were not tested for pyrogens as required. They were not quarantined until end product testing confirmed sterility and acceptable levels of pyrogens. Instead, Respondents Schapiro, Truong and Han authorized the release of these batches for dispensing to patients. CPCC dispensed 924 prescriptions of Trimix between January 1, 2013 and May 31, 2014.

#### TENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

# AGAINST CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND COMPOUNDING CENTER AND DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO

#### (Erroneous Expiration Date Assigned)

68. Respondents CPCC and Schapiro are subject to discipline pursuant to Code section 4301, subdivision (o) in conjunction with 16, title CCR, section 1735.2(h), for assigning erroneous expiration dates to compounded oxytocin. Between April 1, 2012 and September 1, 2015, Respondents compounded oxytocin 120/u/ml and 360u/ml and assigned a BUD of one year without adequate supporting stability studies to justify the extended BUD, as more fully set forth in paragraphs 61 – 66 above and incorporated by this reference as though set forth in full.

#### ELEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

# AGAINST CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND COMPOUNDING CENTER AND DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO

#### (Failure to Conduct and Document End Product Testing and Failure to Quarantine)

69. Respondents CPCC and Schapiro are subject to discipline pursuant to Code section 4301, subdivision (o) in conjunction with 16, title CCR, section 1751.7(c), for failure to test and document end product testing of 49 batches of Trimix for sterility and pyrogens and failure to quarantine until the end product testing confirmed sterility and acceptable levels of pyrogens as more fully set forth in paragraphs 61 – 66 above and incorporated by this reference as though set forth in full.

### DISCIPLINARY CONSIDERATIONS

- 70. To determine the degree of discipline, if any, to be imposed on Respondents, Complainant alleges:
- a. On or about August 22, 2014, Citation and Fine Number CI 2014 62109 was issued against California Pharmacy and Compounding Center, Pharmacy Permit No. PHY 49828 for violation of Code section 4169(a)(1), purchasing, trading, selling or transferring dangerous drugs to unlicensed person or entity; and,
- b. On or about August 22, 2014, Citation and Fine Number CI 2014 62118 was issued against David Joseph Shapiro, License No. RPH 26704 for violation of Code section 4169(a)(1), purchasing, trading, selling or transferring dangerous drugs to unlicensed person or entity.

#### PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision:

- 1. Revoking or suspending Pharmacy Permit Number PHY 49828 issued to California Pharmacy and Compounding Center;
- Revoking or suspending Sterile Compounding License Number LSC 99542 issued to
   California Pharmacy and Compounding Center;
- 3. Revoking or suspending Pharmacist License Number RPH 26704 issued to David Joseph Schapiro;
- 4. Ordering California Pharmacy and Compounding Center to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3;
- 5. Ordering David Joseph Schapiro to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3; and,

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Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper. 6.1 5/2/16 DATED: VIRGINIA HEROLD **Executive Officer** Board of Pharmacy
Department of Consumer Affairs
State of California Complainant SD2013805160/81269824.doc -17 

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9		RE THE PHARMACY
10		CONSUMER AFFAIRS CALIFORNIA
		I
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 4628
12	CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND COMPOUNDING CENTER	
13	4000 Birch Street, Suite 120	ACCUSATION
14	Newport Beach, CA 92660	ACCUSATION
15	Pharmacy Permit No. PHY 49828	
16	Sterile Compounding License No. LSC 99542	
17	and	
18		
ļ	DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO 14501 Larch Avenue	
19	Irvine, CA 92606	
20	Pharmacist License No. RPH 26704	
21	Respondents.	
22		l
23	Complainant alleges:	
24	PAR	TIES
25		
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	as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.  2. On or about April 1, 2009, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacy Permit Number	
27		
28	PHY 49828 to California Pharmacy and Compo	unding Center (Respondent). The Pharmacy
		1
28	PHY 49828 to California Pharmacy and Compo	

Accusation

1	action shall be final, except that the propriety of the action is subject to review by the superior court pursuant to Section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure.		
2	7. Section 4300.1 of the Code states:		
3	The expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of		
4   5	law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding		
6	against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license.		
7	STATUTORY AND REGULATORY PROVISIONS		
8	8. Section 4022 of the Code states		
9	Dangerous drug" or "dangerous device" means any drug or device unsafe for self-use in humans or animals, and includes the following:		
10 11	(a) Any drug that bears the legend: "Caution: federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription," "Rx only," or words of similar import.		
12	(b) Any device that bears the statement: "Caution: federal law restricts		
13	this device to sale by or on the order of a," "Rx only," or words of similar import, the blank to be filled in with the designation of the practitioner licensed to use or order use of the device.		
14 15	(c) Any other drug or device that by federal or state law can be lawfully dispensed only on prescription or furnished pursuant to Section 4006."		
16	9. Section 4040 of the Code states in part:		
17	(a) "Prescription" means an oral, written, or electronic transmission order that is both of the following:		
18 19	(1) Given individually for the person or persons for whom ordered that includes all of the following:		
20	(A) The name or names and address of the patient or patients.		
21.	(B) The name and quantity of the drug or device prescribed and the		
22	directions for use.  (C) The date of issue.		
23	(D) Either rubber stamped, typed, or printed by hand or typeset, the		
24	name, address, and telephone number of the prescriber, his or her license classification, and his or her federal registry number, if a controlled		
25	substance is prescribed.		
26	(E) A legible, clear notice of the condition or purpose for which the drug is being prescribed, if requested by the patient or patients.		
27 28	(F) If in writing, signed by the prescriber issuing the order, or the certified nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or		
[			

naturopathic doctor who issues a drug order pursuant to Section 2746.51, 2836.1, 3502.1, or 3640.5, respectively, or the pharmacist who issues a 1 drug order pursuant to either Section 4052.1 or 4052.2. 2 3 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), a written order of the prescriber for a 4 dangerous drug, except for any Schedule II controlled substance, that contains at least the name and signature of the prescriber, the name and address of the 5 patient in a manner consistent with paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 11164 of the Health and Safety Code, the name and quantity of the drug prescribed, directions for use, and the date of issue may be treated as a prescription by the dispensing pharmacist as long as any additional information 7 required by subdivision (a) is readily retrievable in the pharmacy. In the event of a conflict between this subdivision and Section 11164 of the Health and 8 Safety Code, Section 11164 of the Health and Safety Code shall prevail. 9 (c) "Electronic transmission prescription" includes both image and data prescriptions. "Electronic image transmission prescription" means any 10 prescription order for which a facsimile of the order is received by a pharmacy from a licensed prescriber. "Electronic data transmission prescription" means 11 any prescription order, other than an electronic image transmission prescription. that is electronically transmitted from a licensed prescriber to a pharmacy. 12 13 Section 4071 of the Code states: 14 15 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a prescriber may authorize his or her agent on his or her behalf to orally or electronically transmit a prescription 16 to the furnisher. The furnisher shall make a reasonable effort to determine that the person who transmits the prescription is authorized to do so and shall record 17 the name of the authorized agent of the prescriber who transmits the order. Section 4076 of the Code states in part: 18 . 19 (a) A pharmacist shall not dispense any prescription except in a container that meets the requirements of state and federal law and is correctly labeled 20 with all of the following: 21 --- (1) ... either the manufacturer's trade name of the drug or the generic name and the name of the manufacturer. Commonly used abbreviations may be 22 used. Preparations containing two or more active ingredients may be identified by the manufacturer's trade name or the commonly used name or the principal 23 active ingredients. 24 (2) The directions for the use of the drug. 25 (3) The name of the patient or patients. 26 (4) The name of the prescriber . . . 27 (5) The date of issue. 28 (6) The name and address of the pharmacy, and prescription number or

	other means of identifying the prescription.			
1	(7) The strength of the drug or drugs dispensed.			
2	(8) The quantity of the drug or drugs dispensed.			
3	(9) The expiration date of the effectiveness of the drug dispensed.			
5	(10) The condition for which the drug was prescribed if requested by the patient and the condition is indicated on the prescription			
6	12. Section 4110 of the Code states in part:			
7	(a) No person shall conduct a pharmacy in the State of California unless			
8	he or she has obtained a license from the board. A license shall be required for each pharmacy owned or operated by a specific person. A separate license shall be required for each of the premises of any person operating a pharmacy in more than one location. The license shall be renewed annually. The board may,			
10	by regulation, determine the circumstances under which a license may be transferred			
11	13. Section 4113 of the Code states in part:			
12	(a) Every pharmacy shall designate a pharmacist-in-charge and, within 30			
13	days thereof, shall notify the board in writing of the identity and license number of that pharmacist and the date he or she was designated.			
14	•••			
15 16	(c) The pharmacist-in-charge shall be responsible for a pharmacy's compliance with all state and federal laws and regulations pertaining to the practice of pharmacy.			
17				
18	14. Section 4169 of the Code states in part:			
19	(a) A person or entity may not do any of the following:			
20	(1) Purchase, trade, sell, or transfer dangerous drugs or dangerous devices at			
21-	wholesale with a person or entity that is not licensed with the board as a wholesaler or pharmacy.			
22	en de la companya de La companya de la co			
23	(3) Purchase, trade, sell, or transfer dangerous drugs that the person knew or			
24	reasonably should have known were misbranded, as defined in Section 111335 of the Health and Safety Code			
25	15. Section 4301 of the Code states in part:			
26	The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty			
27	of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to any of the following:			
28	but is not limited to, any of the following:			

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2	<ul><li>(j) The violation of any of the statutes of this state, of any other state, or of the United States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.</li></ul>
3	
4	(o) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in
5	or abetting the violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter or of the applicable federal and state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, including regulations established by the board or by any other state
6.	or federal regulatory agency
7	16. Section 11164 of the Health and Safety Code states in part:
8	Except as provided in Section 11167, no person shall prescribe a controlled substance, nor shall any person fill, compound, or dispense a
10	prescription for a controlled substance, unless it complies with the requirements of this section.
11	
12	(b)(1) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 11162.1, any controlled substance classified in Schedule III, IV, or V may be
3	dispensed upon an oral or electronically transmitted prescription, which shall be produced in hard copy form and signed and dated by the pharmacist filling the
4	prescription or by any other person expressly authorized by provisions of the Business and Professions Code. Any person who transmits, maintains, or
15	receives any electronically transmitted prescription shall ensure the security, integrity, authority, and confidentiality of the prescription
16	17. Section 111330 of the Health and Safety Code states, "Any drug or device is
17	misbranded if its labeling is false or misleading in any particular."
18	18. Section 111335 of the Health and Safety Code states, "Any drug or device is
9	misbranded if its labeling or packaging does not conform to the requirements of Chapter 4
20	(commencing with Section 110290)."
21	19. Section 111340 of the Health and Safety Code states:
22	Any drug or device is misbranded unless it bears a label containing all of the following information:
23	(a) The name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor.
25	(b) An accurate statement of the quantity of the contents in terms of
6	weight, measure, or numerical count.
27	Reasonable variations from the requirements of subdivision (b) shall be permitted. Requirements for placement and prominence of the information and
28	exemptions as to small packages shall be established in accordance with

the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

#### DRUGS

- 26. Releana®, a brand name for human chorionic gonadotropin is a Schedule III controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 11056(f)(32) and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.
- 27. <u>Valium/Flexeril/lidocaine suppository</u> is a compounded product containing a combination of the following ingredients: cyclobenzaprine (Flexeril), diazepam (Valium) and lidocaine. It is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code Section 11057(d)(9), and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is used as a muscle relaxant.

#### FACTS

- 28. At all times mentioned herein, Respondent Schapiro was the PIC of Respondent California Pharmacy and Compounding Center (hereinafter "CPCC"). On or about November 4, 2010, the Board received a telephone complaint from J.S. alleging CPCC filled a prescription "without the dosage." On December 14, 2010, the Board received an anonymous complaint that CPCC was involved in the illegal practice of compounding and selling an oral preparation of human chorionic gonadotropin ("HCG"), which was being sold under the trade name of "Releana."
- 29. On or about January 11, 2011, an inspector for the Board conducted an inspection of CPCC following the receipt of these complaints concerning the pharmacy, which is further described below.
- 30. On or about August 20, 2010, a prescription was faxed to CPCC for J.S. for sixty vaginal suppositories of Valium/Flexeril/lidocaine. The prescription appeared to be signed by S.S., a physician's assistant. The prescription showed it was faxed from a fax machine with the name and telephone number of J.S. to CPCC. CPCC filled the prescription on the same day under prescription number RX 652991. CPCC dispensed twelve suppositories of a compounded medication containing "cyclo/diaz/lido" (cyclobenzaprine/diazepam/lidocaine). A duplicate label

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provided by Respondent Schapiro showed the drug dispensed was "cyclo/diaz/lido" 10/5/62.5 mg suppository and the prescriber was identified as Dr. M.C., not S.S.

- 31. There was no notation that CPCC ensured the security, integrity and/or authority of the prescription by verifying the prescription with the prescriber. Likewise, there was no notation CPCC attempted to determine whether J.S. was authorized by PA S.S. to transmit the prescription on behalf of PA S.S. nor that J.S. was so authorized by PA S.S.
- 32. During the inspection of CPCC on January 11, 2011, Respondent Schapiro explained that CPCC reached an exclusive agreement with Millenium Medical Spa ("Millenium") to compound Releana®. Millenium was located in Newport Beach, California and was not licensed with the Board as a pharmacy or wholesaler in California. Millenium held the patent for Releana®, a medication containing the human chorionic gonadotropin ("HCG") as an active ingredient. HCG formulations are used to facilitate weight loss and body contouring. According to Respondent Schapiro, Millenium was responsible for marketing Releana® and receiving orders from physicians throughout the country for Respondent CPCC to fill. Millenium processed the orders and invoiced the physicians. Millenium then e-mailed the order form and a "Prescription Fill-in Form" to CPCC. The Prescription Fill-in Form contained prescriptions written for each patient and is further described in paragraph 34(c), below.
- by e-mail, CPCC processed the prescription, compounded the Releana® vehicle, which is a proprietary formula, and packaged the HCG in a separate container. CPCC dispensed the medication in a Ziploc bag with a prescription label with the patient's name, prescription number, the instruction to "Use as directed by physician," the prescribing physician, the date dispensed and the expiration date. Releana® was dispensed in the form of a small vial containing the HCG powder and a larger bottle containing the Releana® vehicle, a buffered solution. The medication was shipped to the prescribing physician's office where the medication was mixed by the physician and the larger container was dispensed to the patient. Millenium paid CPCC for all materials and dispensing fees.

- 34. In addition to physicians in California, Millenium sold Releana® to physicians in Alabama, Arizona, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Maryland, Missouri, Mississippi, Nebraska, Nevada, New York, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia and Washington. Respondent CPCC compounded the medication for dispensing to physicians in these states.
- 35. On March 8, 2011, Board inspectors conducted further investigation of CPCC's practice regarding dispensing Releana®. The process by which Releana® was ordered was as follows:
- a. The physician ordered Releana® from Millenium. The order form was faxed to Millenium along with the prescriptions for Releana® written on a prescription form with the Releana® logo.
- b. The order was processed by Millenium. A packing slip was generated with the quantity purchased, the payment method (credit card name) and the amount due from the prescriber.
  - c. Millenium then e-mailed the following documents to CPCC:
  - i) the packing slip with Releana®'s logo for the quantity ordered and addressed to the physician;
  - ii) an order form with the name, address and telephone number of the physician, the description of the drug ("human chorionic gonadotropin proprietary formula") and the quantity ordered; and,
  - iii) a Prescription Fill-in Form with the prescriber's information and two columns of five boxes to fill in the patient's name, address, telephone number, the pre-printed description of the drugs as "Human Chorionic Gonadotropin proprietary formula" and quantity to either select from "[1], [2], or [3]" or to fill in. The prescription form did not state the date each prescription was written nor the strength of the drug.
- 36. CPCC's Drug Recall Report for Releana® showed that CPCC dispensed 5958 prescriptions for Releana® from October 1, 2010 to March 8, 2011. Thirty patients from the

Drug Recall Report were randomly selected and their Patient Drug Histories from March 8, 2010 to March 8, 2011 and prescriptions for Releana® were reviewed by Board inspectors.

The Drug Histories and Releana® prescriptions for the following patients were reviewed:

Patient initials	Prescriber's initials	Releana® Rx Number	Date dispensed
K.C.	D.T.	Not available <sup>1</sup>	Not available
G.D.	A.H.	623609	11/12/2009
E.T.	R.G.	672251	2/22/2011
M.W.	D.I.	662399	12/29/2010
M.F.	F.V.	662302	12/28/2010
D.G.	N.L.	650860	7/26/2010
A.K.	D.B.	655068	9/10/2010
н.м.	D.D.	652872	8/20/2010
G.M.	L.E.	655753	9/21/2010
B.C.	H.M.	661771	12/16/2010
P.C.	S.E.	635667	3/8/2010
Q.W.	S.B.	658717	11/1/2010
D.R.	R.W.	630300	1/26/2010
L.P.	J.B.	658030	10/21/2010
LD	J.W	6582 <u>6</u> 1	10/26/2010
V.F.	T.P.	670762	1/31/2011
M.E.	L.K.	632162	2/9/2010
K.D.	A.T.	660151	11/18/2010
B.F.	P.M.	645830	6/1/2010

According to K.C.'s Patient Drug History, seven prescriptions for Releana® were dispensed for this patient. However, a sample Releana® prescription was not provided to the Board inspectors. A prescription for testosterone was provided instead.

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T.F.

C.C.

Patient

G.J.

G.J.

Prescriber's

initials	initials		
D.C	U.K.	647200	6/15/2010
J.B.	T.L.	656880	10/8/2010
S.B.	M.S.	656960	10/8/2010
A.A	D.P.	631816	2/8/2010
A.B.	H.S.	633855	2/24/2010
D.A.	A.D.	660830	12/2/2010
B.A.	E.M.	634248	2/26/2010
J.A.	A.D.	660833	12/2/2010
P.A.	R.C.	670879	2/1/2011

657118

657120

Releana® Rx Number

10/11/2010

10/11/2010

Date dispensed

ach patient were cut out from the prescription form sent by Millenium to CPCC and affixed to a blank telephone prescription pad. A date was stamped on the prescription pads that appeared to be the date the prescriptions were filled. The prescriptions contained the name and address of the patient, the pre-printed drug name "human chorionic gonadotropin proprietary formula" and the provider's signature. The prescriptions did not have the strength of HCG and the quantity prescribed was specified in units of "1", "2" or "3." There were no notations on the prescriptions indicating the pharmacist verified the prescriptions with the physicians since the prescriptions.

were electronically received from Millenium instead of from the prescribing physicians. Many of the prescribing physicians were located out of the state of California.

39. Affixed to the prescriptions were the prescription backer labels. The backer labels indicated the prescription number assigned, the patient's name, the physician's name, the drug dispensed (Releana – Chorionic Gonadotropin), the quantity, the instruction "Use as Directed by Physician," and notations with CPCC's compounding lot number for the product dispensed and

the pharmacist's initials. The prescription backer label did not state the concentration, volume or weight of the active ingredient nor the quantity of the drug dispensed. Prescriptions labels that were duplicates of the prescription labels on the drug containers were also obtained. The duplicate prescription labels did not state the concentration, volume or weight of the active ingredient nor the quantity of the drug dispensed.

#### FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

## AGAINST CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND COMPOUNDING CENTER AND DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO

### (Violation of Pharmacy Law - Failure to Ensure Integrity of Prescription)

40. Respondents CPCC and Schapiro are subject to discipline pursuant to Code section 4301, subdivisions (j) and (o), for violating Code section 4071 and Health and Safety Code section 11164 in that Respondents failed to ensure the security, integrity and/or authority of J.S.'s prescription by failing to verify the prescription with the prescribing physician, as more fully set forth in paragraphs 29 - 30, which are incorporated by this reference as though set forth in full herein.

#### SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

## AGAINST CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND COMPOUNDING CENTER AND DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO

#### (Violation of Pharmacy Law - Erroneous and Uncertain Prescriptions)

- 41. Respondents CPCC and Schapiro are subject to discipline pursuant to Code section 4301, subdivisions (j) and (o), for yiolating Code section 4040; title 16, CCR, section 1761; and, Health and Safety Code section 11164. Respondents compounded and/or dispensed prescriptions for Releana® containing significant errors, omissions, irregularities and/or uncertainties as more fully set forth in paragraphs 29 38, which are incorporated by this reference as though set forth in full herein, and as follows:
- a. The prescriptions for Releana® did not specify the quantity to dispense, the directions for use and the date the prescription was issued.

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container of Releana® powder and Releana® vehicle, did not specify the name and address of the

misbranded. The Releana® drugs were misbranded in that the label affixed to each individual

manufacturer, packer or distributor and they did not specify the quantity of the contents of each of the two containers sold in terms of weight or measure, as is more fully set forth in paragraphs 29—38, which are incorporated by this reference as though set forth in full herein.

## FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

# AGAINST CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND COMPOUNDING CENTER AND DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO

## (Dispensing Incorrectly Labeled Prescriptions)

44. Respondents CPCC and Schapiro are subject to discipline pursuant to Code section 4301, subdivision (a) for violation of section 4076, subdivision (a)(7) and (8) and title 16, CCR, 1735.4, for dispensing incorrectly labeled Releana® prescriptions in that Respondents dispensed Releana® with prescription labels that did not state the concentration or strength of the active ingredient nor the quantity of the drug dispensed, either in volume, weight or numerical count, as is more fully set forth in paragraphs 29 – 38, which are incorporated by this reference as though set forth in full herein.

## SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

## AGAINST CALIFORNIA PHARMACY AND COMPOUNDING CENTER AND DAVID JOSEPH SCHAPIRO

## (Aiding or Abetting Millenium in Sale of Controlled Substances)

45. Respondents CPCC and Schapiro are subject to discipline pursuant to Code section 4301, subdivision (o) for assisting in or abetting the violation of Code section 4110 by Millenium, in that Millenium sold Releana® to physicians in California, among other states, without having a license as a pharmacy or wholesaler in the State of California, as more fully set forth in paragraphs 29 – 38 and incorporated by this reference as though set forth in full herein.

#### PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision:

Revoking or suspending Pharmacy Permit Number PHY 49828 issued to California
 Pharmacy and Compounding Center;

1	2. Revoking of suspending Sterile Compounding License Number LSC 99542 issued to		
2	California Pharmacy and Compounding Center;		
3	3. Revoking or suspending Pharmacist License Number RPH 26704 issued to David		
4	Joseph Schapiro;		
5	4. Ordering California Pharmacy and Compounding Center to pay the Board of		
6	Pharmacy the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to		
7	Business and Professions Code section 125.3;		
8	5 Ordering David Joseph Schapiro to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs		
9	of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code		
10	section 125.3; and,		
11	6. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.		
12	2/27/11 1)		
13	DATED: DICTITY VIRGINIA HAROLD		
14	Executive Officer Board of Pharmacy		
15	Department of Consumer Affairs State of California		
16	Complainant		
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	Accusation		