BEFORE THE BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Second Amended Accusation Against:

FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC. 2693 Fruitvale Avenue Oakland, CA 94601

Pharmacy License No. PHY 50064,

IJEOMA NWAYIOCHA ESOMONU FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC. 16 Minaret Road Oakley, CA 94561

Pharmacist License No. RPH 53516,

and

IROEGBU CLIFFORD ESOMONU FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC. 6726 Corte Santa Maria Pleasanton, CA 94566

Pharmacist License No. RPH 53445

Respondents.

DECISION AND ORDER

The attached Stipulated Surrender of License and Order is hereby adopted by the Board of

Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs, as its Decision in this matter.

This Decision shall become effective on July 8, 2015.

It is so ORDERED on July 6, 2015.

BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

By

AMARYLIS GUTIERREZ Board President

Case No. 4579

OAH No. 2014061007

STIPULATED SURRENDER OF LICENSE AND ORDER AS TO RESPONDENT FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC. AND RESPONDENT IROEGBU CLIFFORD ESOMONU ONLY

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	Deputy Attorney General	
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8	BEFOI	RE THE
9	BOARD OF	PHARMACY
10		CONSUMER AFFAIRS CALIFORNIA
11		1
	In the Matter of the Second Amended	Case No. 4579
12	Accusation Against:	OAH No. 2014061007
13	FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC.	
14	2693 Fruitvale Avenue Oakland, CA 94601	STIPULATED SURRENDER OF LICENSE AND ORDER AS TO
15	Pharmacy License No. PHY 50064,	RESPONDENT FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC. AND RESPONDENT
16		IROEGBU CLIFFORD ESOMONU
	IJEOMA NWAYIOCHA ESOMONU FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC.	· · ·
17	16 Minaret Road Oakley, CA 94561	
18		
19	Pharmacist License No. RPH 53516,	
20	and	
	IROEGBU CLIFFORD ESOMONU	
21	FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC. 6726 Corte Santa Maria	
22	Pleasanton, CA 94566	
23	Pharmacist License No. RPH 53445	
24	Respondents.	
25	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ] .
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IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED by and between the parties to the above-1 2 entitled proceedings that the following matters are true: 3 PARTIES 1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) is the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy. 4 5 She brought this action solely in her official capacity and is represented in this matter by Kamala D. Harris, Attorney General of the State of California, by Timothy J. McDonough, Deputy 6 Attorney General. 7 2. Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy, Inc. (Respondent Fruitvale) and Iroegbu Clifford 8 Esomonu (Respondent Esomonu) are represented in this proceeding by attorney John Fleer, 9 10 whose address is 1850 Mt. Diablo Boulevard., Suite 120, Walnut Creek, CA 94596. 3. On or about October 21, 2009, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacy Permit No. 11 PHY 50064 to Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy, Inc. The Pharmacy License was in full force and 12 effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in Second Amended Accusation No. 4579 and 13 will expire on October 1, 2015, unless renewed. 14 On or about March 28, 2002, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacist License No. 4. 15 RPH 53445 to Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu. The pharmacist license was in full force and effect at 16 all times relevant to the charges brought in Second Amended Accusation No. 4579 and will 17 expire on September 30, 2015, unless renewed. 18 JURISDICTION 19 5. Second Amended Accusation No. 4579 was filed before the Board of Pharmacy 20 (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, and is currently pending against Respondents. The 21 Second Amended Accusation and all other statutorily required documents were properly served 22 on Respondents on May 6, 2015. A copy of Second Amended Accusation No. 4579 is attached 23 as Exhibit A and incorporated by reference. 24 ADVISEMENT AND WAIVERS 25 Respondents have carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understand the 6. 26 charges and allegations in Second Amended Accusation No. 4579. Respondents also have 27 28

carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order.

7. Respondents are fully aware of their legal rights in this matter, including the right to a hearing on the charges and allegations in the Second Amended Accusation; the right to be represented by counsel, at its own expense; the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against them; the right to present evidence and to testify on its own behalf; the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision; and all other rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws.

10 8. Respondents voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waives and gives up each and
11 every right set forth above.

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CULPABILITY

9. Respondents admit the truth of each and every charge and allegation in Second
 Amended Accusation No. 4579, agree that cause exists for discipline and hereby surrenders their
 Pharmacy Permit No. PHY 50064 and Pharmacist License Number RPH 53445 for the Board's
 formal acceptance.

17 10. Respondents understand that by signing this stipulation, Respondent Fruitvale and
 18 Respondent Esomonu enable the Board to issue an order accepting the surrender of Pharmacy
 19 Permit No. PHY 50064 and Pharmacist License No. RPH 53445 without further process.

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11. The admissions made by Respondents in this stipulation are only for the purposes of this proceeding, or any other proceedings in which the Board of Pharmacy or other professional licensing agency is involved, and shall not be admissible in any other criminal or civil proceeding.

RESERVATION

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CONTINGENCY

12. This stipulation shall be subject to approval by the Board of Pharmacy. Respondents
understand and agree that counsel for Complainant and the staff of the Board of Pharmacy may
communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation and surrender, without notice to or

participation by Respondent or its counsel. By signing the stipulation, Respondents understand and agree that they may not withdraw their agreement or seek to rescind the stipulation prior to the time the Board considers and acts upon it. If the Board fails to adopt this stipulation as its Decision and Order, the Stipulated Surrender and Disciplinary Order shall be of no force or effect, except for this paragraph, it shall be inadmissible in any legal action between the parties, and the Board shall not be disqualified from further action by having considered this matter.

13. The parties understand and agree that Portable Document Format (PDF) and facsimile copies of this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order, including Portable Document Format (PDF) and facsimile signatures thereto, shall have the same force and effect as the originals.

14. This Stipulated Surrender of License and Order is intended by the parties to be an
integrated writing representing the complete, final, and exclusive embodiment of their agreement.
It supersedes any and all prior or contemporaneous agreements, understandings, discussions,
negotiations, and commitments (written or oral). This Stipulated Surrender of License and Order
may not be altered, amended, modified, supplemented, or otherwise changed except by a writing
executed by an authorized representative of each of the parties.

16 15. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that
17 the Board may, without further notice or formal proceeding, issue and enter the following Order:

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<u>ORDER</u>

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Pharmacist License No. RPH 53445, issued to Respondent
Esomonu and Pharmacy Permit No. PHY 50064 issued to Respondent Fruitvale are surrendered
and accepted by the Board of Pharmacy. The effective date of the Decision as to Respondent
Fruitvale's permit surrender, however, shall be stayed until July 8, 2015, at which time the
pharmacy shall be sold or closed.

The surrender of Respondents' Pharmacy Permit and Pharmacist License and the
 acceptance of the surrendered licenses by the Board shall constitute the imposition of discipline
 against Respondents. This stipulation constitutes a record of the discipline and shall become a
 part of Respondents' license history with the Board of Pharmacy.

2. In the event that Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy, Inc. is sold and an application for a new permit is submitted to the Board, the Board shall expedite the processing of that application.

3. Respondent Fruitvale shall lose all rights and privileges as a pharmacy in California as of the effective date of the Board's Decision and Order.

4. Respondent Esomonu shall lose all rights and privileges as a pharmacist in California 5 as of the effective date of the Board's Decision and Order.

5. Respondent Esomonu shall cause to be delivered to the Board its pocket license and, if one was issued, its wall certificate, on or before the effective date of the Decision and Order.

9 6. If Respondent ever applies for licensure or petitions for reinstatement in the State of California, the Board shall treat it as a new application for licensure. Respondent must comply 10 with all the laws, regulations, and procedures for licensure in effect at the time the application or 11 petition is filed, and all of the charges and allegations contained in Second Amended Accusation 12 No. 4579 shall be deemed to be true, correct and admitted by Respondent when the Board 13 determines whether to grant or deny the application or petition. 14

7. Respondent shall pay the agency its costs of investigation and enforcement in the 15 amount of \$50,973.50 prior to issuance of a new or reinstated license. 16

8. If Respondent should ever apply or reapply for a new license or certification, or 17 petition for reinstatement of a license, by any other health care licensing agency in the State of 18 California, all of the charges and allegations contained in Second Amended Accusation, No. 4579 19 shall be deemed to be true, correct, and admitted by Respondents for the purpose of any 20 Statement of Issues or any other proceeding seeking to deny or restrict licensure.

9. In the event that Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy, Inc. is not sold by July 8, 2015, 22 Respondent Fruitvale shall, within ten (10) days of the stayed effective date of the Board's order, 23 arrange for the destruction of, the transfer to, sale of or storage in a facility licensed by the Board 24 of all controlled substances and dangerous drugs and devices. Respondent Fruitvale shall further 25 provide written proof of such disposition and submit a completed Discontinuance of Business 26 form according to Board guidelines. 27

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1	Respondent owner shall also, by the effective date of this decision, arrange for the
2	continuation of care for ongoing patients of the pharmacy by, at minimum, providing a written
3	notice to ongoing patients that specifies the anticipated closing date of the pharmacy and that
4	identifies one or more area pharmacies capable of taking up the patients' care, and by cooperating
5	as may be necessary in the transfer of records or prescriptions for ongoing patients. Within five
6	days of its provision to the pharmacy's ongoing patients, Respondent owner shall provide a copy
7	of the written notice to the board. For the purposes of this provision, "ongoing patients" means
8	those patients for whom the pharmacy has on file a prescription with one or more refills
9	outstanding, or for whom the pharmacy has filled a prescription within the preceding sixty (60)
10	days.
11	10. Respondent may not apply, reapply, or petition for any licensure or registration of the
12	Board for three (3) years from the effective date of the Decision and Order.
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!	Stipulated Surrender of License (Case No. 4579)

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ACCEPTANCE

I have carefully read the above Stipulated Surrender of License and Order and have fully discussed it with my attorney, John Fleer. I understand the stipulation and the effect it will have on my Pharmacy License. I enter into this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree to be bound by the Decision and Order of the Board of Pharmacy.

DATED:

06.19.15

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IROEGBU CLIFFORD ESOMONU FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY, INC.

I have carefully read the above Stipulated Surrender of License and Order and have fully discussed it with my attorney, John Fleer. I understand the stipulation and the effect it will have on my Pharmacist License. I enter into this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree to be bound by the Decision and Order of the Board of Pharmacy.

Respondent

DATED: 0(0,19,15

IROEGBU CLIFFORD ESOMONU Respondent

I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy, Inc. and Respondent Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu the terms and conditions and other matters contained in this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order. I approve its form and content.

DATED: 6-22-15

JOHN FLEER Attorney for Respondent

1	ACCEPTANCE
2	I have carefully read the above Stipulated Surrender of License and Order and have fully
3	discussed it with my attorney, John Fleer. I understand the stipulation and the effect it will have
4	on my Pharmacy License. I enter into this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order voluntarily,
. 5	knowingly, and intelligently, and agree to be bound by the Decision and Order of the Board of
6	Pharmacy.
7	
8	DATED:
9	IROEGBU CLIFFORD ESOMONU FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY, INC.
10	Respondent
11	I have carefully read the above Stipulated Surrender of License and Order and have fully
12	discussed it with my attorney, John Fleer. I understand the stipulation and the effect it will have
13	on my Pharmacist License. I enter into this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order
14	voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree to be bound by the Decision and Order of the
15	Board of Pharmacy.
16	
17	DATED:
18	IROEGBU CLIFFORD ESOMONU Respondent
19	
20	I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy, Inc. and
21	Respondent Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu the terms and conditions and other matters contained in
22	this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order. I approve its form and content.
23	JOHN FLEER
24	Attorney for Respondent
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1	ENDORSEMENT
2	The foregoing Stipulated Surrender of License and Order is hereby respectfully submitted
3	for consideration by the Board of Pharmacy of the Department of Consumer Affairs.
4	Dated: $(-2) - 20/5$ Respectfully submitted,
5	KAMALA D. HARRIS
6	Attorney General of California DIANN SOKOLOFF
7	Supervising Deputy Attorney General
8	And
9	TIMOTHY L-MCDONOUGH Deputy Attorney General
10	Deputy Attorney General Attorneys for Complainant
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	8 Stimulated Surronder of License (Case No. 4570)

Exhibit A

Second Amended Accusation No. 4579

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,1	KAMALA D. HARRIS Attorney General of California	
2	DIANN ŠOKOLOFF	
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General TIMOTHY J. MCDONOUGH	
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 235850	
5	1515 Clay Street, 20th Floor P.O. Box 70550	
6	Oakland, CA 94612-0550	
	Telephone: (510) 622-2134 Facsimile: (510) 622-2270	
7	E-mail: Tim.McDonough@doj.ca.gov Attorneys for Complainant	
8	BEFOI	RE THE
9	BOARD OF	PHARMACY ONSUMER AFFAIRS
10		CALIFORNIA
11		
12	In the Matter of the Second Amended Accusation Against:	Case No. 4579
13	FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC.	SECOND AMENDED ACCUSATION
14	2693 Fruitvale Avenue Oakland, CA 94601	SECOND AMENDED ACCUSATION
15	Pharmacy License No. PHY 50064,	
16	IJEOMA NWAYIOCHA ESOMONU FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC.	
17	16 Minaret Road	
18	Oakley, CA 94561	
19	Pharmacist License No. RPH 53516,	
20	and	
21	IROEGBU CLIFFORD ESOMONU FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC.	
	6726 Corte Santa Maria	
22	Pleasanton, CA 94566	
23	Pharmacist No. RPH 53445	
24	Respondents.	
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		Second Amended Accusati

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Complainant alleges:

PARTIES

 Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Second Amended Accusation solely in her official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.

On or about October 21, 2009, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacy License
 Number PHY 50064 to Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc. (Respondent FAP). The Pharmacy
 License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in this Second
 Amended Accusation and will expire on October 1, 2015, unless renewed.

On or about April 23, 2002, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacist License
 Number RPH 53516 to Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu (Respondent INE). The Pharmacist
 License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in this Second
 Amended Accusation and will expire on April 30, 2017, unless renewed.

4. On or about March 28, 2002, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacist License
 Number RPH 53445 to Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu (Respondent ICE). The Pharmacist License
 was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in this Second Amended
 Accusation and will expire on September 30, 2015, unless renewed.

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JURISDICTION

19 5. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of
20 Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the
21 Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.

6. Section 4011 of the Code provides that the Board shall administer and enforce both
the Pharmacy Law [Bus. & Prof. Code, § 4000 et seq.] and the Uniform Controlled Substances
Act [Health & Safety Code, § 11000 et seq.].

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7. Section 4300 of the Code states, in relevant part:

"(a) Every license issued may be suspended or revoked.

"(b) The board shall discipline the holder of any license issued by the board, whose default 1 2 has been entered or whose case has been heard by the board and found guilty, by any of the following methods: 3 "(1) Suspending judgment. 4 "(2) Placing him or her upon probation. 5 "(3) Suspending his or her right to practice for a period not exceeding one year. 6 "(4) Revoking his or her license. 7 8 "(5) Taking any other action in relation to disciplining him or her as the board in its discretion may deem proper. 9 10 "(e) The proceedings under this article shall be conducted in accordance with Chapter 5 11 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of the Government Code, and the board 12 shall have all the powers granted therein. The action shall be final, except that the propriety of 13 the action is subject to review by the superior court pursuant to Section 1094.5 of the Code of 14 Civil Procedure." 15 Section 4300.1 of the Code provides that "[t]he expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or 8. 16 suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a 17 court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license 18 by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any 19 investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision 20 suspending or revoking the license." 21 STATUTORY/REGULATORY PROVISIONS 22 9. Section 4301 of the Code states, in relevant part: 23 "The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional 24 conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. 25Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following: 26 27 "(a) Gross immorality. 28 - - -3

- "(d) The clearly excessive furnishing of controlled substances in violation of subdivision (a) of Section 11153 of the Health and Safety Code.
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"(j) The violation of any of the statutes of this state, or any other state, or of the United States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.

- "(o) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the
 violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter or of the applicable
 federal and state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, including regulations established by
 the board or by any other state or federal regulatory agency."
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10. Section 4081 of the Code states:

"(a) All records of manufacture and of sale, acquisition, or disposition of dangerous drugs 12 or dangerous devices shall be at all times during business hours open to inspection by authorized 13 officers of the law, and shall be preserved for at least three years from the date of making. A 14 current inventory shall be kept by every manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacy, veterinary 15 food-animal drug retailer, physician, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, laboratory, clinic, hospital, 16 institution, or establishment holding a currently valid and unrevoked certificate, license, permit, 17 registration, or exemption under Division 2 (commencing with Section 1200) of the Health and 18 19 Safety Code or under Part 4 (commencing with Section 16000) of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code who maintains a stock of dangerous drugs or dangerous devices. 20

"(b) The owner, officer, and partner of any pharmacy, wholesaler, or veterinary food-animal
drug retailer shall be jointly responsible, with the pharmacist-in-charge or representative-incharge, for maintaining the records and inventory described in this section.

"(c) The pharmacist-in-charge or representative-in-charge shall not be criminally
responsible for acts of the owner, officer, partner, or employee that violate this section and of
which the pharmacist-in-charge or representative-in-charge had no knowledge, or in which he or
she did not knowingly participate."

11. Section 4113, subdivision (c), of the Code provides that "[t]he pharmacist-in-charge shall be responsible for a pharmacy's compliance with all state and federal laws and regulations pertaining to the practice of pharmacy."

12. Section 4333 of the Code states, in relevant part, that all prescriptions filled by a pharmacy and all other records required by Section 4081 shall be maintained on the premises and available for inspection by authorized officers of the law for a period of at least three years. In cases where the pharmacy discontinues business, these records shall be maintained in a board-licensed facility for at least three years.

13. Health and Safety Code section 11165, subdivision (d), states:

"For each prescription for a Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV controlled substance, as defined in the controlled substances schedules in federal law and regulations, specifically Sections 1308.12, 1308.13, and 1308.14, respectively, of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, the dispensing pharmacy or clinic shall provide the following information to the Department of Justice on a weekly basis and in a format specified by the Department of Justice:

"(1) Full name, address, and the telephone number of the ultimate user or research subject, or contact information as determined by the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services, and the gender, and date of birth of the ultimate user.

"(2) The prescriber's category of licensure and license number; federal controlled substance registration number; and the state medical license number of any prescriber using the federal controlled substance registration number of a government-exempt facility.

21 "(3) Pharmacy prescription number, license number, and federal controlled substance
22 registration number.

"(4) NDC (National Drug Code) number of the controlled substance dispensed.

"(5) Quantity of the controlled substance dispensed.

"(6) ICD-9 (diagnosis code), if available.

"(7) Number of refills ordered.

"(8) Whether the drug was dispensed as a refill of a prescription or as a first-time request."(9) Date of origin of the prescription.

1	"(10) Date of dispensing of the prescription."
2	14. Health and Safety Code section 11164 states, in relevant part:
3	"Except as provided in Section 11167, no person shall prescribe a controlled substance, nor shall
4	any person fill, compound, or dispense a prescription for a controlled substance, unless it
5	complies with the requirements of this section."
6	"(a) Each prescription for a controlled substance classified in Schedule II, III, IV, or V,
7	except as authorized by subdivision (b), shall be made on a controlled substance prescription form
8	as specified in Section 11162.1"
9	15. Health and Safety Code section 11162.1 states, in relevant part:
10	"(a) The prescription forms for controlled substances shall be printed with the following
11	features:
12	
13	"(7)(A) Six quantity check off boxes shall be printed on the form so that the prescriber
14	may indicate the quantity by checking the applicable box where the following quantities shall
15	appear:
16	■ 25-49 ■ 50-74
17	• 75-100 • 101-150
18	 101-100 151 and over.
19	•••
20	"(8) Prescription blanks shall contain a statement printed on the bottom of the
21	prescription blank that the 'Prescription is void if the number of drugs prescribed is not noted."
22	•••
23	"(b) Each batch of controlled substance prescription forms shall have the lot number printed
24	on the form and each form within that batch shall be numbered sequentially beginning with the
25	numeral one."
26	16. Health and Safety Code section 11153, subdivision (a), states:
27	"A prescription for a controlled substance shall only be issued for a legitimate medical
28	purpose by an individual practitioner acting in the usual course of his or her professional
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	Second Amended Accusation

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practice. The responsibility for the proper prescribing and dispensing of controlled substances is 1 upon the prescribing practitioner, but a corresponding responsibility rests with the pharmacist 2 who fills the prescription. Except as authorized by this division, the following are not legal 3 prescriptions: (1) an order purporting to be a prescription which is issued not in the usual course 4 of professional treatment or in legitimate and authorized research; or (2) an order for an addict or 5 habitual user of controlled substances, which is issued not in the course of professional treatment 6 or as part of an authorized narcotic treatment program, for the purpose of providing the user with 7 controlled substances, sufficient to keep him or her comfortable by maintaining customary use." 8 17. Health and Safety Code section 111295 states: 9 10 "It is unlawful for any person to manufacture, sell, deliver, hold, or offer for sale any drug or device that is adulterated." 11 California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1761, states: 18. 12 "(a) No pharmacist shall compound or dispense any prescription which contains any 13. significant error, omission, irregularity, uncertainty, ambiguity or alteration. Upon receipt of any 14 such prescription, the pharmacist shall contact the prescriber to obtain the information needed to 15 validate the prescription. 16 "(b) Even after conferring with the prescriber, a pharmacist shall not compound or dispense 17 a controlled substance prescription where the pharmacist knows or has objective reason to know 18 that said prescription was not issued for a legitimate medical purpose." 19 California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1707.2, states, in relevant part: 19. 20 "(a) A pharmacist shall provide oral consultation to his or her patient or the patient's agent 21 in all care settings: 22 "(1) upon request; or 23 "(2) whenever the pharmacist deems it warranted in the exercise of his or her professional 24 judgment. 25 "(b)(1) In addition to the obligation to consult set forth in subsection (a), a pharmacist shall 26 provide oral consultation to his or her patient or the patient's agent in any care setting in which the 27 patient or agent is present: 28 7

"(A) whenever the prescription drug has not previously been dispensed to a patient; or
 "(B) whenever a prescription drug not previously dispensed to a patient in the same dosage
 form, strength or with the same written directions, is dispensed by the pharmacy."

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20. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1716, states:

"Pharmacists shall not deviate from the requirements of a prescription except upon the prior consent of the prescriber or to select the drug product in accordance with Section 4073 of the Business and Professions Code.

8 "Nothing in this regulation is intended to prohibit a pharmacist from exercising commonly9 accepted pharmaceutical practice in the compounding or dispensing of a prescription."

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21. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1718, states:

"Current Inventory" as used in Sections 4081 and 4332 of the Business and Professions
Code shall be considered to include complete accountability for all dangerous drugs handled by
every licensee enumerated in Sections 4081 and 4332.

The controlled substances inventories required by Title 21, CFR, Section 1304 shall be available for inspection upon request for at least 3 years after the date of the inventory."

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22. Code section 4306.5, states:

"Unprofessional conduct for a pharmacist may include any of the following:

"(a) Acts or omissions that involve, in whole or in part, the inappropriate exercise of his or
her education, training, or experience as a pharmacist, whether or not the act or omission arises in
the course of the practice of pharmacy or the ownership, management, administration, or
operation of a pharmacy or other entity licensed by the board.

"(b) Acts or omissions that involve, in whole or in part, the failure to exercise or implement
his or her best professional judgment or corresponding responsibility with regard to the
dispensing or furnishing of controlled substances, dangerous drugs, or dangerous devices, or with
regard to the provision of services.

26 "(c) Acts or omissions that involve, in whole or in part, the failure to consult appropriate
27 patient, prescription, and other records pertaining to the performance of any pharmacy function.

"(d) Acts or omissions that involve, in whole or in part, the failure to fully maintain and

retain appropriate patient-specific information pertaining to the performance of any pharmacy
 function."

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23. Section 4307 of the Code states, in relevant part:

"(a) Any person who has been denied a license or whose license has been revoked or is 4 under suspension, or who has failed to renew his or her license while it was under suspension, or 5 who has been a manager, administrator, owner member, officer, director, associate, or partner of 6 any partnership, corporation, firm, or association whose application for a license has been denied 7 8 or revoked, is under suspension or has been placed on probation, and while acting as the manger, 9 administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate, or partner had knowledge or knowingly participated in any conduct for which the license was denied, revoked, suspended, or 10 placed on probation, shall be prohibited from serving as a manger, administrator, owner, member, 11 officer, director, associate, or partner of a licensee as follows: 12

"(1) Where a probationary license is issued or where an existing license is placed on
probation, this prohibition shall remain in effect for a period not to exceed five years.

15 "(2) Where the license is denied or revoked, the prohibition shall continue until the license 16 is issued or reinstated."

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24. Code section 4022, states:

18 "'Dangerous drug' or 'dangerous device' means any drug or device unsafe for self-use in
19 humans or animals, and includes the following:

20 "(a) Any drug that bears the legend: "Caution: federal law prohibits dispensing without
 21 prescription," "Rx only," or words of similar import.

"(b) Any device that bears the statement: "Caution: federal law restricts this device to sale
by or on the order of a _____," "Rx only," or words of similar import, the blank to be filled in
with the designation of the practitioner licensed to use or order use of the device.

25 "(c) Any other drug or device that by federal or state law can be lawfully dispensed only on
 26 prescription or furnished pursuant to Section 4006."

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1	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES	
2	25. Section 4021 of the Code states:	
3	"Controlled substance' means any substance listed in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section	
4	11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code."	
5	26. Oxycodone is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety	
6	Code section 11055, subdivision (b)(1)(M).	
7	27. Hydrocodone with acetaminophen is a Schedule III controlled substance as	
8	designated by Health and Safety Code section 11056, subdivision (e)(4).	
9	28. Promethazine with codeine is a Schedule V controlled substance as designated by	
10	Health and Safety Code section 11058.	
11	<u>COST RECOVERY</u>	
12	29. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in relevant part, that the Board may request the	
13	administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of	
14	the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and	
15	enforcement of the case, with failure of the licentiate to comply subjecting the license to not being	
16	renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be	
17	included in a stipulated settlement.	
18	FACTUAL BACKGROUND	
19	30. From about October 21, 2009, to the present, Respondent Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy	
20	(FAP) has been operating as a pharmacy in Oakland, California. From on or about October 21,	
21	2009, until about May 19, 2011, Respondent Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu (INE), the owner of	
22	FAP, was also the pharmacist-in-charge (PIC) at FAP. From on or about October 21, 2009, to the	
23	present, Respondent Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu (ICE) worked as a pharmacist at FAP. From	
24	about May 19, 2011, to the present, Respondent ICE worked as the PIC at FAP.	
25	May 17, 2011 Inspection	
26	31. On May 17, 2011, a Board inspector (Inspector 1) conducted an inspection at FAP	
27	because the Board identified FAP as a pharmacy that failed to report any Controlled Substances	
28	Utilization Review and Evaluation System (CURES) data to the Department of Justice (DOJ).	
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	Second Amended Accusation	

During the inspection, Inspector 1 observed several pharmacy law violations, including, but not limited to, never transmitting any CURES data to the DOJ.

32. While at FAP, Inspector 1 reviewed prescription documents from Bay Internal 3 Medicine (BIM). The prescriptions appeared legitimate but, upon further investigation, Inspector 4 1 found that none of the prescribers' contact information on the prescriptions contained a valid working phone number. Inspector 1 asked Respondent ICE to verify the BIM prescribers on the Medical Board of California's website. The web search revealed that none of the BIM prescribers' listed addresses on the Medical Board's website matched the addresses on the prescriptions. Significantly, Respondent ICE admitted to Inspector 1 that he had never before verified a prescriber using the Medical Board's website. In addition, Inspector 1 observed numerous other violations of pharmacy laws. During his inspection, Inspector 1 obtained several materials including prescription documents, dispensing detail reports, and Cardinal Health Narcotic Sales Reports. Inspector 1 also requested FAP to provide additional documents and explanations regarding pharmacy law violations indicated in the report. At the conclusion of the inspection, Inspector 1 prepared an inspection report documenting various pharmacy law violations. Inspector I gave a copy of the report to Respondent ICE, and then had Respondent ICE review and sign off on it.

33. On or about May 30, 2011, Inspector 1 received and reviewed faxed responses from FAP. Subsequently, Inspector 1 contacted 15 different prescribers listed as the supposed prescriber on the prescription documents. Inspector 1 sent each prescriber a list of prescriptions from FAP to verify the legitimacy of the prescriptions. Each of the prescribers responded with a written statement that they did not authorize the prescriptions from FAP. In fact, one prescriber from Kaiser stated he did not authorize any of the prescriptions and that they were written on prescriptions that were stolen from his locker at the hospital. Additionally, one prescriber from BIM stated BIM's practice had been closed since June 2009. All the BIM prescription documents that Inspector 1 sent to the BIM prescribers to review were dated and filled by FAP in 2011.

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Physician Assistant G. P.¹ (G.P.) was one of the 15 prescribers that Inspector 1 34. 1 2 contacted to verify the legitimacy of the prescription documents he got from FAP. On or about June 7, 2011, Inspector 1 received a response from G.P., indicating that he did not authorize the 3 prescriptions and the documents were forgeries. In addition, G.P. noted that several of the 4 prescription documents were not written on proper controlled substances prescription forms. 5 Significantly, during the May 17, 2012 visit to FAP, Inspector 1 made the same observation: that 6 FAP had improperly dispensed controlled substances on five invalid prescription documents. These five prescription documents were invalid because they lacked several required security 8 features such as quantity check off boxes, the required statement of "Prescription is void if the 9 number of drugs prescribed is not noted," and the prescriptions were not sequentially numbered. 10

35. Inspector 1's investigation revealed that from October 2009, to about April 2011, 11 FAP failed to transmit CURES data to the DOJ. The investigation further showed that from about 12 July 2010, to May 2011, Respondent INE and Respondent ICE had filled approximately 350 13 fraudulent prescriptions. Many of these prescription documents contained significant 14 irregularities that should have prompted Respondent INE and Respondent ICE to verify the 15 legitimacy of the prescription before dispensing the controlled substances. In addition, a review 16 of FAP's dispensing printouts obtained during the investigation showed Respondent ICE's initials 17 on most, if not all, of the printouts' "filled by" section. Furthermore, in a written statement. 18 Respondent ICE admitted that he was the pharmacist on duty everyday since the opening of FAP. 19 September 17, 2014 Inspection

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36. On or about July 7, 2014, the Board opened an investigation for pharmacies filing prescriptions written by Dr. Tan Nguyen based on news articles stating the prescriber was charged with excessive prescribing of controlled substances. The subsequent review of pharmacies filling those prescriptions revealed that 44.59 percent of written prescriptions by another prescriber, Dr. Hai Nguyen, were being filled at Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy (FAP). That information led to an investigation of FAP and its dispensing practices regarding several

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¹ G.P. is used in this document rather than the actual name of the Physician Assistant.

prescribers, Dr. Hai Nguyen, Dr. Collin Leong, Dr. Tan Nguyen, and Dr. Daniel Shin (the 1 Prescribers). 2

On July 25, 2014, a Board inspector (Inspector 2) began an investigation which 3 37. included gathering information and conducting an inspection of FAP. Documents and 4 information were requested from FAP and information was obtained regarding the prescription 5 patterns of the Prescribers. These documents and information included, but were not limited to, CURES reports, prescriptions, and drug usage reports.

38. On September 17, 2014, Inspector 2 reviewed the Medical Board of California's 8 website and checked the license status of the Prescribers. That same day, Inspector 2 and other 9 board inspectors went to FAP, conducted an inspection, and reviewed pharmacy operations and 10 various documents, including pharmacy self-assessment data, policy and procedures on 11 preventing medication diversion and controlled substances, DEA biennial inventory for CIII-V 12 controlled substances report, dispensing reports, sample prescription labels, the current inventory 13 including a large box filled with approximately 80-100 prescription vials returned by patients for 14 destruction, and prescription hard copies for controlled substances. 15

During the inspection, Inspector 2 interviewed the Pharmacist-in-Charge (PIC), 39. 16 Respondent ICE, and asked about prescription dispensing and filling processes in general, and 17 specifically regarding the Prescribers. Inspector 2 requested additional documents including, 18 19 multiple dispensing histories for various prescribers, some drug usage reports, on-hand quantity of selected drugs, the DEA biennial inventory, total prescriptions dispensed from September 17, 20 2011, to September 17, 2014, prescription hard copies for Dr. Tan Nguyen, purchase history for 21 selected drugs, policy and procedure for theft/diversion, interpretive services and quality 22 assurance, and patient centered labeling corrections (font and clustering information). FAP failed 23 to provide the current DEA biennial inventory for inspection. 24

On October 21, 2014, Inspector 2 sent survey letters to numerous patients listed on 40. 25 FAP's dispensing records for prescriptions written by the Prescribers. The surveys were sent to 26. gather information from the patients who used FAP to have their prescriptions filled. 27

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41. The evaluation of dispensing practices of FAP demonstrates that the Prescribers aided 1 the medically illegitimate dispensing of controlled substances, and that FAP and Respondent ICE 2 filled and dispensed medically illegitimate prescriptions. The data showed that FAP dispensed 3 4 excessive amounts of controlled substances for irregular or uncertain prescriptions and ignored key objective factors suggesting the medical illegitimacy of the prescriptions. Some of these 5 objective factors were: (1) payment methods for controlled substances were in excess of normal 6 distribution between cash and insurance; (2) there was an irregular pattern of patients willing to 7 pay cash for expensive medication (100% cash payment method for 2 of the 4 Prescribers); (3) 8 there was an irregular pattern of patients willing to drive well over 50 miles to obtain controlled 9 substance prescriptions from the Prescribers and to fill prescriptions at FAP (average distance 10 travelled was 165.55 miles); (4) sequential or near sequential numbering of prescriptions filled for 11 patients of the Prescribers; (5) excessive filling of controlled substances in comparison to 12 competitor pharmacies in proximity to FAP; (6) failing to assess "narcotic naïve" patients to 13 determine if large doses of highly abused drugs were written for a legitimate medical purpose; (7) 14 failing to exercise professional judgment when filling prescriptions for large quantities of 15 controlled substances for highly abused drugs; and (8) failing to exercise education, training and 16 experience as a pharmacist when assessing prescriptions written for highly abused controlled 17 substances. Additionally, FAP and its PIC (Respondent ICE) did not assume their corresponding 18 responsibility when they failed to appropriately scrutinize patients' drug therapy with readily 19 available tools such as CURES reports and industry "red flags" to verify prescriptions, so they 20 repeatedly prescribed controlled substances to pharmacy and doctor shoppers. Some of the "red 21 flags" that existed but were not heeded were; prescribers and patients from outside the pharmacy 22 service area, prescriptions for highly abused drugs, prescriptions paid for in cash (or debit or 23 credit card), large quantities outside the normal scope of dispensing, early dispensing, and 24 sequential filling of prescriptions from a single prescriber for multiple patients for "drug 25 cocktails"² 26

² "Drug cocktails" are typically a combination of hydrocodone/APAP 10/325 mg,
 promethazine with codeine, oxycodone 30 mg, diazepam 10 mg, carisoprodol 350 mg and other (continued...)

42. During the inspection, Inspector 2 interviewed Respondent ICE regarding FAP's controlled substance filling and dispensing practices. Respondent ICE explained that FAP is registered for the CURES PDMP program³ but he does not utilize it much because he knows the doctors are checking the CURES, so he does not do it.

43. From September 17, 2011, to September 17, 2014, FAP dispensed controlled substances with an established history of high potential for abuse despite multiple cues of irregularity and uncertainty based on the patients and prescribers. In general, FAP dispensed 32.553 prescriptions and 19,502 prescriptions for various controlled substances from 4 specific prescribers. FAP dispensed a total of 598,928 doses of hydrocodone/APAP 10/32mg, 312,680 tablets of oxycodone 30mg, and 5,336 pints of promethazine with codeine. Specifically, FAP dispensed 15,926 controlled substance prescriptions written by Dr. Hai Nguyen, 2,822 by Dr. Collin Leong, 704 by Dr. Daniel Shin, and 50 by Dr. Tan Nguyen with disregard or negligence to the following factors: distance from FAP to the prescriber's office, distance from FAP to patient's home, percentage of cash patients in relation to specific prescribers, same or similar prescribing patterns for individual patients, and filling controlled substance prescriptions in groups. Also, FAP did not scrutinize patients' drug therapy with readily available tools, like the CURES PDMP program, and industry "red flags" to verify prescriptions.⁴ These omissions resulted in repeated dispensing of controlled substances to patients who engaged in doctor and pharmacy shopping activity, and filling prescriptions for large quantities of narcotics for patients who used multiple

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controlled substances prescribed all together or in other combinations of 2 or 3 of these drugs. ³ The CURES PDMP program allows the pharmacist to look up a patient's prescription fill history.

- ⁴ A pharmacist must be alert to see potential "red flags" that will suggest that the prescriptions are not for a legitimate medical purposes some of these "red flags include, but are not limited to:
 - a. prescriptions written by prescribers from outside the pharmacy service area;
 - b. patients are from outside the pharmacy service area;
 - c. prescriptions for highly abused drugs;
 - d. prescriptions paid for in cash;
 - e. large quantities of medicine prescribed outside the normal scope of dispensing;
 f. early dispensing;

g. sequential filling of prescriptions from a single prescriber for multiple patients for "drug cocktails."

prescribers and without confirming the prescriptions and that the quantities of narcotics prescribed were for a legitimate medical purpose.

Inspector 2's review of the prescription hard copies revealed: 39 prescription hard 44. 3 copies were not provided; 18 prescriptions were in scanned image form, not hard copies; and 4 several prescriptions were processed with the wrong prescriber. Also, FAP could not account for 5 140.8 pints of promethazine with codeine syrup that it purchased between September 17, 2011 6 and September 17, 2014. 7

45. During the September 17, 2014, board inspector 2 spoke with two FAP clerks who 8 stated that when a "new" prescription is picked up, they review the patient's profile to see if the 9 patient was previously on the medication and ask the patients if they have any questions for the 10 pharmacists. During the inspection on September 17, 2014, the inspector observed that there 11 were no requests for consultation from the pharmacist. 12

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Prescriber Information

Dr. Collin Leung surrendered his California Medical License with an effective date of 46. 14 February 4, 2014. Dr. Leung's surrender of his license was a disciplinary resolution to 15 Accusation No. 03-2012-220574 brought against his medical license by the Medical Board of 16 California. There were numerous causes for discipline alleged in the Accusation including causes 17 based on excessive prescribing. 18

On October 3, 2014, Dr. Tan Nguyen surrendered his California Medical License. 47. 19 Dr. Tan Nguyen's surrender of his license was a disciplinary resolution to Accusation No. 20 5002014000107 brought against his medical license. 21

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On March 20, 2014, the Medical Board of California filed Accusation No. 12 2011 48. 216564 against Dr. Hai Van Nguyen' medical license. The Accusation alleges numerous causes 23 for discipline including several causes for discipline for prescribing dangerous drugs without 24 appropriate prior examination and indication. The Accusation is currently pending against Dr. 25 Hai Van Nguyen. 26

On March 25, 2014, Judge Longoria of the Los Angeles County Superior Court 49. 27 issued an order in the case of State of California v. Daniel Shin, Case No. BA421892, that as a 28

1	condition of his bail, Dr. Daniel Shin shall cease and desist from the practice of medicine, and
2	immediately surrender any and all controlled substance prescription forms. Previously, on
3	January 13, 2012, the Medical Board of California filed Accusation No. 19-2010-208332 against
4	Dr. Daniel Shin's medical license. On August 31, 2012, the Medical Board of California placed
5	Dr. Shinn's medical license on probation for 5 years.
6	CAUSES OF DISCIPLINE AGAINST RESPONDENT FAP
7	FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
8	(Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Transmit Dispensing Data to CURES) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j), & Health and Safety Code § 11165, subd. (d))
9	50. Respondent Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy's (FAP) Pharmacy License is subject to
10	disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), because FAP violated Health and
11	Safety Code section 11165, subdivision (d), in that from on or about October 21, 2009, until
12	approximately April 2011, FAP failed to transmit dispensing data for Schedule II, Schedule III,
13	and Schedule IV controlled substances to the Department of Justice for the Controlled Substances
-14	Utilization Review and Evaluation System (CURES) on a weekly basis. The circumstances are
15	further explained in paragraphs 30 through 35, above.
16 17	<u>SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE</u> (Unprofessional Conduct-Filled Prescriptions with Significant Irregularity) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (0) and 16 CCR § 1761, subd. (a))
18	51. Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code
19	section 4301, subdivision (0), because FAP violated California Code of Regulations, title 16,
20	section 1761, subdivision (a), in that pharmacists and staff at FAP filled approximately 350
21	irregular prescriptions. Many of these prescriptions reflect orders for an unusually large amount
22	of controlled substances for "as-needed" purposes. The circumstances are further explained in
23	paragraphs 30 through 35, above.
24	THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
25	(Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Verify Legitimacy of Prescriptions for Controlled Substances) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j), and Health and Safety Code § 11153, subd. (a))
26	52. Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code
27	section 4301, subdivision (j), because FAP violated Health and Safety Code section 11153,
28	subdivision (a), in that pharmacists and staff at FAP failed to uphold their corresponding
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responsibility of verifying the patient's legitimate medical purposes for controlled substances.
 The pharmacists and staff at FAP breached their corresponding responsibility by furnishing
 unusually large quantities of controlled substances to patients without confirming the legitimacy
 of the prescriptions with the supposed prescribers. In fact, the pharmacists and staff at FAP filled
 approximately 350 fraudulent prescriptions, many of which were for unusually large quantities of
 controlled substances. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 30-35, above.

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FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct-Dispensed Controlled Substances on Invalid Prescriptions) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11164)

9 53. Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code
10 section 4301, subdivision (j), because FAP violated Health and Safety Code section 11164, in that
11 the pharmacists and staff at FAP furnished controlled substances to patients based on invalid
12 controlled substances prescription forms. Specifically, during May 2011, FAP filled five
13 prescription documents that lacked several required security measures. The circumstances are
14 further explained in paragraph 34, above.

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<u>FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE</u> (Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Maintain Records of Disposition) (Bus. & Prof. §§ 4301, subd. (j), & 4333)

Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code 54. 17 section 4301, subd. (i), because it violated Code section 4081, in that it did not maintain on its 18 premises and have available for inspection all records of disposition for three years. Specifically, 19 on September 17, 2014, Inspector 2 obtained prescription hard copies and requested additional 20 documents after the inspection. During the inspection, 39 prescription hard copies—which were 21 filled between September 17, 2011 and September 17, 2014-were missing and FAP only 22 provided scan images of 18 prescriptions filled by the pharmacy during this three year period for 23 patients of Dr. Tan Nguyen. 24

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SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Unprofessional Conduct-Possessing Adulterated Drugs) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j), and Health and Safety Code § 111295)

27 55. Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code
28 sections 4301, subd. (j), in that FAP violated Health and Safety Code section 111295, in that the

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1	pharmacists and staff at FAP possessed dangerous drugs that had been adulterated. Specifically,
2	on September 17, 2014, during an inspection at FAP, a board inspector discovered a large box fill
3	with approximately 80 prescription vials returned by patients for destruction in the pharmacy.
4	SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
5	(Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Provide Record of DEA Biennial Inventory) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (0), & 16 CCR § 1718)
6	56. Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code
7	section 4301, subdivision (o), because it failed to comply with title 16 section 1718 of the
8	California Code of Regulations. Specifically, on September 17, 2104, during an inspection, a
9	Board inspector requested the record of the DEA biennial inventory for inspection. Respondent
10	FAP failed to provide the record for inspection. ⁵
11	EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
12	(Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Consult with Patient) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (0), and 16 CCR § 1707.2, subd. (b)(1)(A))
13	57. Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code
14	section 4301, subdivision (o), because FAP violated California Code of Regulations, title 16,
15	section 1707.2, subdivision (b)(1)(A), in that FAP failed to consult with patients regarding new
16	medications. The circumstances are further explained in paragraph 45, above.
17	NINTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
18	(Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Verify Legitimacy of Prescriptions for Controlled Substances) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (d), & Health and Safety Code § 11153, subd. (a))
19	58. Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code
20	section 4301, subdivision (d), because FAP engaged in the excessive furnishing of controlled
21	substances in violation of Health and Safety Code section 11153, subdivision (a), in that
22	pharmacists and staff at FAP failed to uphold their corresponding responsibility of verifying the
23	patient's legitimate medical purposes for controlled substances. Specifically, the pharmacists and
24	staff at FAP breached their corresponding responsibility by furnishing unusually large quantities
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27	⁵ Under title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) section 1304, the DEA biennial inventory shall be available for inspection upon request for at least 3 years after the date of the
28	inventory.
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	Second Amended Accusation

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1	of controlled substances to patients from September 17, 2011 to September 17, 2014. The
2	circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 36-49, above.
3	TENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
4	(Unprofessional Conduct-Variation from Prescription) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (0) and 16 CCR § 1716)
5	59. Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code
6	section 4301, subdivision (o), because FAP violated California Code of Regulations, title 16,
7	section 1716, in that FAP deviated from the requirements of a prescription without prior consent
8	of the prescriber on several occasions. During the inspection of FAP on September 17, 2014,
9	Inspector 2 reviewed prescription hard copies which were processed with the wrong prescriber.
10	The circumstances are further explained in paragraph 44, above.
11	ELEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
12	(Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Maintain Records of Disposition) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (0), and 4081)
13	60. Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code
14	section 4301, subdivision (o), because FAP violated Code section 4081, in that Respondent FAP
15	did not have all records of manufacturer and of sale, acquisition, or disposition of dangerous
16	drugs or dangerous devices at all times during business hours open to inspection by an authorized
17	officer of the law, for at least three years. Specifically, between the dates of September 17, 2011
18	and September 17, 2014, FAP could not account for 140.8 pints of promethazine with codeine
19	syrup. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 36 through 44, above.
20	CAUSES OF DISCIPLINE AGAINST RESPONDENT INE
21	TWELFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
22	(Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Transmit Dispensing Data to CURES) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11165, subd. (d))
23	61. Respondent Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu (INE), as Pharmacist-in-Charge of FAP,
24	has subjected her Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision
25	(j), by violating Health and Safety Code sections 11165, subdivision (d), in that from on or about
26	October 21, 2009, until approximately May 19, 2011, INE failed to insure that FAP transmit to
27	the Department of Justice for the Controlled Substances Utilization Review and Evaluation
28	System (CURES) dispensing data for Schedule II, Schedule III, and Schedule IV controlled
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Second Amended Accusation

substances on a weekly basis. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 30-35, 1 above. 2 3 THIRTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Unprofessional Conduct-Filled Prescriptions with Significant Irregularity) 4 (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (o) and 16 CCR § 1761, subd. (a)) 62. Respondent INE, as Pharmacist-in-Charge of FAP, has subjected her Pharmacist 5 License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (o), because she violated 6 California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1761, subdivision (a), in that pharmacists and 7 staff at FAP filled approximately 350 irregular prescriptions. Many of these prescriptions order 8 an unusually large amount of controlled substances for "as-needed" purposes. The circumstances 9 10 are further explained in paragraphs 30-35, above. FOURTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE 11 (Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Verify Legitimacy of Prescriptions for Controlled Substances) 12 (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j), & Health and Safety Code § 11153, subd. (a)) 63. Respondent INE, as Pharmacist-in-Charge of FAP, has subjected her Pharmacist 13 License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), because she violated 14 Health and Safety Code section 11153, subdivision (a), in that pharmacists and staff at FAP failed 15 to uphold their corresponding responsibility of verifying the patient's legitimate medical purposes 16 for controlled substances. The pharmacists and staff at FAP breached their corresponding 17 responsibility by furnishing unusually large quantities of controlled substances to patients without 18 confirming with the supposed prescribers the legitimacy of the prescriptions. In fact, the 19 pharmacists and staff at FAP filled approximately 350 fraudulent prescriptions, many of which 20 were for unusually large quantities of controlled substances. The circumstances are further 21 explained in paragraphs 30-35, above. 22 FIFTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE 23 (Unprofessional Conduct-Dispensed Controlled Substances on Invalid Prescriptions) 24 (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j), & Health and Safety Code § 11164) 64. Respondent INE, as Pharmacist-in-Charge of FAP, has subjected her Pharmacist 25 License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), because she violated 26 Health and Safety Code section 11164, in that the pharmacists and staff at FAP furnished 27 controlled substances to patients based on invalid controlled substances prescription forms. 28 21

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1	Specifically, during May 2011, FAP filled five prescription documents that lacked several
2	required security measures. The circumstances are further explained in paragraph 34, above,
3	CAUSES OF DISCIPLINE AGAINST RESPONDENT ICE
4 5	SIXTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Unprofessional Conduct-Filled Prescriptions with Significant Irregularity) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (0), & 16 CCR § 1761, subd. (a))
6	65. Respondent Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu (ICE), as a pharmacist of FAP, has subjected
7	his Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (0), because
8	he violated California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1761, subdivision (a), in that
9	Respondent ICE filled prescriptions with significant irregularity. Many of the prescriptions
10	ordered unusually large quantities of controlled substances including oxycodone, hydrocodone
11	with acetaminophen, alprazolam and promethazine with codeine. The circumstances are further
12	explained in paragraphs 30-35, above.
13	SEVENTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
14	(Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Verify Legitimacy of Prescriptions for Controlled Substances) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j), & Health and Safety Code § 11153, subd. (a))
15	66. Respondent ICE, as a pharmacist of FAP, has subjected his Pharmacist License to
16	disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), because he violated Health and
17	Safety Code section 11153, subdivision (a), in that, on numerous occasions, Respondent ICE
18	failed to verify the legitimate medical purpose for prescribing an unusually large quantity of
19	controlled substances. In fact, FAP's drug dispensing printouts show that Respondent ICE filled
20	approximately 350 fraudulent prescriptions, many which were for unusually large quantities of
21	controlled substances. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 30-35, above.
22	EIGHTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
23	(Unprofessional Conduct-Dispensed Controlled Substances on Invalid Prescriptions) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j), & Health and Safety Code § 11164)
24	67. Respondent ICE has subjected his Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under
25	Code section 4301, subdivision (j), in that Respondent ICE dispensed controlled substances based
26	on invalid prescription documents. Specifically, Respondent ICE's initials were on the pharmacy
27	dispensing printouts for five invalid prescription documents. The circumstances are further
28	explained in paragraph 34, above.
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1	NINETEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
2	(Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Maintain Records of Disposition) (Bus. & Prof. §§ 4301, subd. (j), & 4081)
3	68. Respondent ICE, as the pharmacist-in-charge of FAP ⁶ , has subjected his Pharmacist
4	License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subd. (j), because he violated Code
5	section 4081, in that he did not maintain on FAP's premises and have available for inspection all
6	records of disposition for inspection for 3 years. Specifically, on September 17, 2014, inspector 2
7	obtained prescription hard copies and requested additional documents after the inspection.
8	During the inspection, 39 prescription hard copies—which were filled between September 17,
9	2011 and September 17, 2014—were missing and FAP provided scan images of 18 prescriptions
10	filled by the pharmacy during this three year period for patients of Dr. Tan Nguyen.
11	TWENTIETH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
12	(Unprofessional Conduct-Possessing Adulterated Drugs) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j), and Health and Safety Code § 111295)
13	69. Respondent ICE, as pharmacist-in-charge of FAP, has subjected his Pharmacist
14	License to disciplinary action under Code sections 4031, subd. (j) because FAP violated Health
15	and Safety Code section 111295, in that the pharmacists and staff at FAP possessed dangerous
16	drugs that had been adulterated. Specifically, on September 17, 2014, during an inspection at
17	FAP, a board inspector discovered a large box fill with approximately 80 prescription vials
18	returned by patients for destruction in the pharmacy.
19	TWENTY-FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
20	(Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Provide Record of DEA Biennial Inventory) (Bus. & Prof. § 4031, subd. (0), & 16 CCR § 1718)
21	70. Respondent ICE, as pharmacist-in-charge of FAP, has subjected his Pharmacist
22	License to disciplinary action under Code Section 4301, subdivision (o), because he failed to
23	comply with title 16 section 1718 of the California Code of Regulations. Specifically, on
24	September 17, 2104, during an inspection, a Board inspector requested the record of the DEA
25	biennial inventory for inspection. Respondent FAP failed to provide the record for inspection. ⁷
26	⁶ On or about September 19, 2011, Respondent ICE became the PIC at Fruitvale Avenue
27	Pharmacy. Under title 21 of the CFR section 1304, the DEA biennial inventory shall be available
28	for inspection upon request for at least 3 years after the date of the inventory.
	23
·	Second Amended Accusation

1 **Y-SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE** (Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Consult with Patient) 2 (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (o) and 16 CCR § 1707.2, subd. (b)(1)(A)) Respondent ICE, as pharmacist-in-charge of FAP, has subjected his Pharmacist 3 71. License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (o), because he violated 4 California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1707.2, subdivision (b)(1)(A), in that pharmacists 5 and staff at FAP failed to consult with patients regarding new medications. The circumstances 6 are further explained in paragraph 45, above. 7 **TWENTY-THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE** 8 (Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Verify Legitimacy of Prescriptions for Controlled Substances) 9 (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (d), & Health and Safety Code § 11153, subd. (a)) 72. Respondent ICE, as pharmacist-in-charge of FAP, has subjected his Pharmacist 10 License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (d), because FAP engaged in 11 the excessive furnishing of controlled substances in violation of Health and Safety Code section 12 11153, subdivision (a), in that pharmacists and staff at FAP failed to uphold their corresponding 13 responsibility of verifying the patient's legitimate medical purposes for controlled substances. 14 Specifically, the pharmacists and staff at FAP breached their corresponding responsibility by 15 furnishing unusually large quantities of controlled substances to patients from September 17, 16 2011 to September 17, 2014. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 36-49, 17 above. 18 TWENTY-FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE 19 (Unprofessional Conduct-Variation from Prescription) 20 (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (o), & 16 CCR § 1716) Respondent ICE, as the pharmacist-in-charge of FAP, has subjected his 73. 21 Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (o), because FAP 22 violated California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1716, in that FAP deviated from the 23 requirements of a prescription without prior consent of the prescriber on several occasions. 24 During the inspection of FAP on September 17, 2014, Inspector 2 reviewed prescription hard 25 copies which were processed with the wrong prescriber. The circumstances are further explained 26 27 in paragraph 44, above. /// 28

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1	TWENTY-FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
2	(Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Maintain Records of Disposition) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (0), & 4081)
3	74. Respondent ICE, as the pharmacist-in-charge of FAP, has subjected his Pharmacist
4	License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (o), because FAP violated
5	Code section 4081, in that Respondent FAP did not have all records of manufacturer and of sale,
6	acquisition, or disposition of dangerous drugs or dangerous devices at all times during business
7	hours open to inspection by an authorized officer of the law, for at least three years. Specifically,
8	between the dates of September 17, 2011 and September 17, 2014, FAP could not account for
9	140.8 pints of promethazine and codeine syrup. The circumstances are further explained in
10	paragraphs 36 through 44, above.
11	TWENTY-SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
12	(Unprofessional Conduct-Misuse of Education by Pharmacist) (Bus. & Prof. §§ 4301, subd. (0), & 4306.5)
13	75. Respondent ICE, as the pharmacist-in-charge of FAP, has subjected his Pharmacist
14	License to disciplinary action under Code sections 4301, subdivision (o), and 4306 in that
15	between September 17, 2011 and September 17, 2014, Respondent ICE failed to use his
16	education, training, and experience when he filled prescriptions for large quantities of narcotics
17	for patients who used multiple prescribers without confirming the prescriptions and the quantities
18	of narcotics prescribed were for a legitimate medical purpose. The circumstances are further
19	explained in paragraphs 36 through 49, above.
20	OTHER MATTERS
21	76. Pursuant to Code section 4307, if discipline is imposed on Pharmacy Permit Number
22	PHY 50064 issued to Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc., it shall be prohibited from serving as a
23	manager, administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate, or partner of a licensee for
24	five years if Pharmacy Permit Number PHY 50064 is placed on probation or until Pharmacy
25	Permit Number PHY 50064 are reinstated if they are revoked.
26	77. Pursuant to Code section 4307, if discipline is imposed on Pharmacy Permit Number
27	PHY 50064 issued to Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy, Inc., while Respondent Iroegbu Clifford
28	Esomonu had been an officer and owner and had knowledge of or knowingly participated in any
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Second Amended Accusation
conduct for which the licensee was disciplined, Respondent Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu shall be
 prohibited from serving as a manager, administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate,
 or partner of a licensee for five years if Pharmacy Permit Number PHY 50064 are placed on
 probation or until Pharmacy Permit Number PHY 50064 are reinstated if they are revoked.

78. Pursuant to Code section 4307, if discipline is imposed on Pharmacist License No.
RPH 53445 issued to Respondent Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu, Respondent Iroegbu Clifford
Esomonu, shall be prohibited from serving as a manager, administrator, owner, member, officer,
director, associate, or partner of a licensee for five years if Pharmacist License Number RPH
53445 is placed on probation or until Pharmacist License Number RPH 53445 is reinstated if it is
revoked.

DISCIPLINE CONSIDERATIONS

79. To determine the degree of discipline, if any, to be imposed on Respondent ICE,
Complainant alleges that on or about December 28, 2010, in a prior action, the Board of
Pharmacy issued Citation Number CI 2010 45230 and ordered Respondent ICE to pay a \$2,500
fine for violating sections 4301, subdivisions (h) and (l) (arrest for driving under the influence
and conviction on the lesser charge of wet/reckless). That Citation is now final and is
incorporated by reference as if fully set forth.

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<u>PRAYER</u>

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters alleged in this
Second Amended Accusation, and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a
decision:

Revoking or suspending Pharmacy License Number PHY 50064, issued to
 Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc.;

24 2. Revoking or suspending Pharmacist License Number RPH 53516, issued to
25 Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu, Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc.;

Revoking or suspending Pharmacist License Number RPH 53445, issued to
 Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu, Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc.;

4. Prohibiting Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy, Inc. from serving as a manager, administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate, or partner of a licensee for five years if Pharmacy Permit Number PHY 50064 are placed on probation or until Pharmacy Permit Number PHY 50064 are reinstated if Pharmacy Permit Number PHY 50064 issued to Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy, Inc. are revoked;

5. Prohibiting Respondent Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu from serving as a manager,
administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate, or partner of a licensee for five years if
Pharmacy Permit Number PHY 50064 is placed on probation or until Pharmacy Permit Numbers
PHY 50064 are reinstated if Pharmacy Permit Number PHY 50064 issued to Fruitvale Avenue
Pharmacy, Inc. is revoked;

6. Prohibiting Respondent Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu from serving as a manager,
 administrator, owner, member, officer, director, associate, or partner of a licensee for five years if
 Pharmacist License Number RPH 53445 is placed on probation or until Pharmacist License
 Number RPH 53445 is reinstated if Pharmacist License Number RPH 53445 issued to
 Respondent Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu is revoked;

7. Ordering Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc., Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu and
 Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs of the investigation
 and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3;

8. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

DATED:

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VIRGINIA HEROLD Executive Officer Board of Pharmacy Department of Consumer Affairs State of California Complainant

27

Second Amended Accusation

		·
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	DIANN ŚOKOLOFF	· .
ľ	Supervising Deputy Attorney General TIMOTHY J. MCDONOUGH	•
	Deputy Attorney General	
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$\left\ \right\ $	Attorneys for Complainant	· · · · · ·
ļ		RE THE
	BOARD OF DEPADIMENT OF	PHARMACY CONSUMER AFFAIRS
Í		CALIFORNIA
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ļ	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 4579
	FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC.	
l	2693 Fruitvale Avenue Oakland, CA 94601	AMENDED ACCUSATION
		AMENDED ACCOSATION
	Pharmacy License No. PHY 50064,	
	IJEOMA NWAYIOCHA ESOMONU FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC.	
ľ	16 Minaret Road	
	Oakley, CA 94561	
	Pharmacist License No. RPH 53516,	
	and	
	IROEGBU CLIFFORD ESOMONU	
	FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC.	
	-6726-Corte Santa Maria Pleasanton, CA 94566	
	Pharmacist No. RPH 53445	
		*
	Respondents.	· · ·
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Complainant alleges:

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PARTIES

1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.

2. On or about October 21, 2009, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacy License
Number PHY 50064 to Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc. (Respondent FAP). The Pharmacy
License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in this Accusation
and will expire on October 1, 2013, unless renewed.

9 3. On or about April 23, 2002, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacist License
10 Number RPH 53516 to Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu (Respondent INE). The Pharmacist
11 License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in this Accusation
12 and will expire on April 30, 2015, unless renewed.

4. On or about March 28, 2002, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacist Number RPH
 53445 to Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu (Respondent ICE). The Pharmacist License was in full force
 and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in this Accusation and will expire on
 September 30, 2013, unless renewed.

JURISDICTION

18 5. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of
19 Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the
20 Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.

6. Section 4011 of the Code provides that the Board shall administer and enforce both
 the Pharmacy Law [Bus. & Prof. Code, § 4000 et seq.] and the Uniform Controlled Substances
 Act [Health & Safety Code, § 11000 et seq.].

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7. Section 4300 of the Code states:

"(a) Every license issued may be suspended or revoked.

"(b) The board shall discipline the holder of any license issued by the board, whose default
has been entered or whose case has been heard by the board and found guilty, by any of the
following methods:

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"(1) Suspending judgment.

"(2) Placing him or her upon probation.

"(3) Suspending his or her right to practice for a period not exceeding one year.

"(4) Revoking his or her license.

"(5) Taking any other action in relation to disciplining him or her as the board in its discretion may deem proper.

8 "(e) The proceedings under this article shall be conducted in accordance with Chapter 5
9 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of the Government Code, and the board
10 shall have all the powers granted therein. The action shall be final, except that the propriety of
11 the action is subject to review by the superior court pursuant to Section 1094.5 of the Code of
12 Civil Procedure."

8. Section 4300.1 of the Code provides that "[t]he expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license."

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STATUTORY/REGULATORY PROVISIONS

9. Section 4301 of the Code states, in relevant part:

21 "The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional
 22 conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake.
 23 Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

"(a) Gross immortality.

. . .

"(h) The administering to oneself, of any controlled substance, or the use of any dangerous
drug or of alcoholic beverages to the extent or in a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to
oneself, to a person holding a license under this chapter, or to any other person or to the public, or

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to the extent that the use impairs the ability of the person to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by the license.

"(j) The violation of any of the statutes of this state, or any other state, or of the United States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.

"(I) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and 7 duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 8 (commencing with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled 9 substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or 10 dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the 11 record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. 12 The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order 13 to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances 14 or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the 15 qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or 16 a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning 17 18 of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made 19 suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under Section 1203.4 of 20the Penal Code allowing the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not 21 guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or 22 23 indictment.

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25 "(o) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the 26 violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter or of the applicable 27 federal and state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, including regulations established by 28 the board or by any other state or federal regulatory agency."

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10. Section 4113, subdivision (c), of the Code provides that "[t]he pharmacist-in-charge shall be responsible for a pharmacy's compliance with all state and federal laws and regulations pertaining to the practice of pharmacy."

11. Section 490 of the Code provides, in relevant part, that the Board may suspend or
revoke a license when it finds that the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related
to the qualifications, functions or duties of the license.

12. Section 493 of the Code states:

"Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a proceeding conducted by a board within 8 the department pursuant to law to deny an application for a license or to suspend or revoke a 9 license or otherwise take disciplinary action against a person who holds a license, upon the 10 ground that the applicant or the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the 11 qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question, the record of conviction of the 12 crime shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the conviction occurred, but only of that fact, 13 and the board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime in 14 order to fix the degree of discipline or to determine if the conviction is substantially related to the 15 qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question. 16

17 "As used in this section, 'license' includes 'certificate,' 'permit,' 'authority,' and
18 'registration.'"

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13. Health and Safety Code section 11165, subdivision (d), states:

20 "For each prescription for a Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV controlled substance, as
21 defined in the controlled substances schedules in federal law and regulations, specifically
22 Sections 1308.12, 1308.13, and 1308.14, respectively, of Title 21 of the Code of Federal
23 Regulations, the dispensing pharmacy or clinic shall provide the following information to the

24 Department of Justice on a weekly basis and in a format specified by the Department of Justice:

"(1) Full name, address, and the telephone number of the ultimate user or research subject,
or contact information as determined by the Secretary of the United States Department of Health
and Human Services, and the gender, and date of birth of the ultimate user.

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1	"(2) The prescriber's category of licensure and license number; federal controlled		
2	substance registration number; and the state medical license number of any prescriber using the		
3	federal controlled substance registration number of a government-exempt facility.		
4	"(3) Pharmacy prescription number, license number, and federal controlled substance		
5	registration number.		
6	"(4) NDC (National Drug Code) number of the controlled substance dispensed.		
7	"(5) Quantity of the controlled substance dispensed.		
8	"(6) ICD-9 (diagnosis code), if available.		
9	"(7) Number of refills ordered.		
10	"(8) Whether the drug was dispensed as a refill of a prescription or as a first-time request.		
11	"(9) Date of origin of the prescription.		
12	"(10) Date of dispensing of the prescription."		
13	14. Health and Safety Code section 11164 states, in relevant part:		
14	"Except as provided in Section 11167, no person shall prescribe a controlled substance, nor shall		
15	any person fill, compound, or dispense a prescription for a controlled substance, unless it		
16	complies with the requirements of this section."		
17	"(a) Each prescription for a controlled substance classified in Schedule II, III, IV, or V,		
18	except as authorized by subdivision (b), shall be made on a controlled substance prescription form		
19	as specified in Section 11162.1,"		
20	15. Health and Safety Code section 11162.1 states, in relevant part:		
21	"(a) The prescription forms for controlled substances shall be printed with the following features:		
22			
23	"(7)(A) Six quantity check off boxes shall be printed on the form so that the prescriber		
24	may indicate the quantity by checking the applicable box where the following quantities shall		
25	appear:		
26	■ 1-24 ■ 25-49		
27	• 50-74 • 75-100		
28	 101-150 151 and over. 		
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	Amended Accusation		

"(8) Prescription blanks shall contain a statement printed on the bottom of the prescription blank that the 'Prescription is void if the number of drugs prescribed is not noted."

"(b) Each batch of controlled substance prescription forms shall have the lot number printed on the form and each form within that batch shall be numbered sequentially beginning with the numeral one."

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16. Health and Safety Code section 11153, subdivision (a), states:

"A prescription for a controlled substance shall only be issued for a legitimate medical 9 purpose by an individual practitioner acting in the usual course of his or her professional 10 practice. The responsibility for the proper prescribing and dispensing of controlled substances is 11 upon the prescribing practitioner, but a corresponding responsibility rests with the pharmacist 12 who fills the prescription. Except as authorized by this division, the following are not legal 13 prescriptions: (1) an order purporting to be a prescription which is issued not in the usual course 14 of professional treatment or in legitimate and authorized research; or (2) an order for an addict or 15 habitual user of controlled substances, which is issued not in the course of professional treatment 16 or as part of an authorized narcotic treatment program, for the purpose of providing the user with 17 controlled substances, sufficient to keep him or her comfortable by maintaining customary use." 18

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17. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1761, states:

"(a) No pharmacist shall compound or dispense any prescription which contains any
significant error, omission, irregularity, uncertainty, ambiguity or alteration. Upon receipt of any
such prescription, the pharmacist shall contact the prescriber to obtain the information needed to
validate the prescription.

24 "(b) Even after conferring with the prescriber, a pharmacist shall not compound or dispense
25 a controlled substance prescription where the pharmacist knows or has objective reason to know
26 that said prescription was not issued for a legitimate medical purpose."

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18. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, states:

"For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license

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pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a 1 crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a 2 licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a 3 licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner 4 consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare," 5

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CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

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Section 4021 of the Code states:

"Controlled substance' means any substance listed in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code."

20. Oxycodone is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety 10 Code section 11055, subdivision (b)(1)(M). 11

12 21. Hydrocodone with acetaminophen is a Schedule III controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11056, subdivision (e)(4). 13

22. Alprazolam is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety 14 Code section 11057, subdivision (d)(1). 15

23, Promethazine with codeine is a Schedule V controlled substance as designated by 16 Health and Safety Code section 11058. 17

COST RECOVERY

19 24. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in relevant part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of 20 the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and 21

enforcement of the case, with failure of the licentiate to comply subjecting the license to not being 22 renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be 23 included in a stipulated settlement. 24

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

25. From about October 21, 2009, to the present, Respondent Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy 26 (FAP) has been operating as a pharmacy in Oakland, California. From on or about October 21, 27 2009, until May 19 2011, Respondent Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu (INE), the owner of FAP, 28

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was also the pharmacist-in-charge (PIC) at FAP. From on or about October 21, 2009, until May
19, 2011, Respondent Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu (ICE) worked as a pharmacist at FAP. From
May 19, 2011, to the present, Respondent ICE took over as the PIC at FAP.

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26. On May 17, 2011, a Board inspector (inspector) conducted an inspection at FAP because the Board had identified FAP as a pharmacy that failed to report any Controlled Substances Utilization Review and Evaluation System (CURES) data to the Department of Justice (DOJ). During the inspection at FAP, the inspector observed several pharmacy law violations. Specifically, the inspector noted that FAP had never transmitted any CURES data to the DOJ.

27. While at FAP, the inspector looked into prescription documents from Bay Internal 10 Medicine (BIM). The prescriptions appeared legitimate but, upon further investigation, the 11 inspector found that none of prescribers' contact information on the prescriptions contained a 12 valid working phone number. The inspector asked Respondent ICE to verify the BIM prescribers 13 on the Medical Board of California's website. The web search revealed that none of the BIM 14 prescribers' listed addresses on the Medical Board's website matched the addresses on the 15 prescriptions. Significantly, Respondent ICE admitted to the inspector that he had never before 16 verified a prescriber using the Medical Board's website. In addition, the inspector observed 17 numerous other violations of pharmacy laws. At the conclusion of the inspection, the inspector 18 prepared an inspection report documenting various pharmacy law violations. The inspector gave 19 a copy of the report to Respondent ICE, and then had Respondent ICE review and sign off on it. 20 21 During his inspection, the inspector obtained certain documents including prescription

documents, dispensing detail reports, and Cardinal Health Narcotic Sales Reports. The inspector
also requested FAP to provide additional documents and explanations regarding pharmacy law
violations indicated in the report.

28. On or about May 30, 2011, the inspector received and reviewed faxed responses from
FAP. Subsequently, the inspector contacted 15 different prescribers listed as the supposed
prescriber on the prescription documents. The inspector sent each prescriber a list of
prescriptions from FAP to verify the legitimacy of the prescriptions. Each of the prescribers

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responded with a written statement that they did not authorize the prescriptions from FAP. In
fact, one prescriber from Kaiser stated he did not authorize any of the prescriptions and that they
were written on prescriptions that were stolen from his locker at the hospital. Additionally, one
prescriber from BIM stated their practice had been closed since June 2009. All the BIM
prescription documents that the inspector sent to the BIM prescribers to review were dated and
filled by FAP in 2011.

Physician Assistant G. P.¹ (G. P.) was one of the 15 prescribers that the inspector 29, 7 contacted to verify the legitimacy of the prescription documents he got from FAP. On or about 8 9 June 7, 2011, the inspector received a response from G. P., indicating that he did not authorize the prescriptions and the documents were forgeries. In addition, G. P. noted that several of the 10 prescription documents were not written on proper controlled substances prescription forms. 11 Significantly, during the May 17, 2011 visit to FAP, the inspector had made the same observation 12 that FAP had improperly dispensed controlled substances on five invalid prescription documents, 13 These five prescription documents were invalid because they lacked several required security 14 features such as quantity check off boxes, the required statement of "Prescription is void if the 15 number of drugs prescribed is not noted," and the prescriptions were not sequentially numbered. 16 17 30. The inspector's investigation revealed that, from October 2009, to about April 2011, FAP failed to transmit CURES data to the DOJ. The investigation further showed that, from 18 about July 2010, to May 2011, Respondent INE, and Respondent ICE had filled over 350 19 fraudulent prescriptions. Many of these prescription documents contained significant 20 irregularities that should have prompted Respondent INE and Respondent ICE to verify the 21 22 legitimacy of the prescription before dispensing the controlled substances. In addition, a review of FAP's dispensing printouts obtained during the investigation showed Respondent Ice's initials 23 on most, if not all, of the printouts' "filled by" section. Furthermore, in a written statement, 24 Respondent ICE admitted that he was the pharmacist on duty everyday since the opening of FAP. 25 26 III27

¹ G. P. is used in this document rather than the actual name of the Physician Assistant.

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1	CAUSES OF DISCIPLINE AGAINST RESPONDENT FAP	
2 3	FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Transmit Dispensing Data to CURES) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11165, subd. (d))	
4	31. Respondent Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy's (FAP) Pharmacy License is subject to	
5	disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), because FAP violated Health and	
6	Safety Code section 11165, subdivision (d), in that from on or about October 21, 2009, until	
7	approximately April 2011, FAP failed to transmit dispensing data for Schedule II, Schedule III,	
8	and Schedule IV controlled substances to the Department of Justice for the Controlled Substances	
9	Utilization Review and Evaluation System (CURES) on a weekly basis. The circumstances are	
10	further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above.	
11	SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE	
12	(Unprofessional Conduct-Filled Prescriptions with Significant Irregularity) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (0) and 16 CCR § 1761, subd. (a))	
13	32. Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code	
14	section 4301, subdivision (0), because FAP violated California Code of Regulations, title 16,	
15	section 1761, subdivision (a), in that pharmacists and staff at FAP filled over 350 irregular	
16	prescriptions. Many of these prescription documents order an unusually large amount of	
17	controlled substances for "as-needed" purposes. The circumstances are further explained in	
18	paragraphs 25-30, above.	
19	THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE	
20	(Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Verify Legitimacy of Prescriptions for Controlled Substances) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11153, subd. (a))	
21	33. Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code	
22	section 4301, subdivision (j), because FAP violated Health and Safety Code section 11153,	
23	subdivision (a), in that pharmacists and staff at FAP failed to uphold their corresponding	
24	responsibility of verifying the patient's legitimate medical purposes for controlled substances.	
25	The pharmacists and staff at FAP breached their corresponding responsibility by furnishing	
26	unusually large quantities of controlled substances to patients without confirming with the	
27	supposed prescribers the legitimacy of the prescriptions. In fact, the pharmacists and staff at FAP	
28	filled approximately 350 fraudulent prescriptions, many of which were for unusually large	
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quantities of controlled substances. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, 1 above. 2 FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE 3 (Unprofessional Conduct-Dispensed Controlled Substances on Invalid Prescriptions) 4 (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11164) Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code 34. 5 section 4301, subdivision (j), because FAP violated Health and Safety Code section 11164, in that 6 the pharmacists and staff at FAP furnished controlled substances to patients based on invalid 7 controlled substances prescription forms. Specifically, during May 2011, FAP filled five 8 prescription documents that lacked several required security measures. The circumstances are 9 further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above. 10 CAUSES OF DISCIPLINE AGAINST RESPONDENT INE 11 FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE 12 (Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Transmit Dispensing Data to CURES) 13 (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (i) and Health and Safety Code § 11165, subd. (d)) 35. Respondent Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu (INE), as Pharmacist-in-Charge of FAP, 14 has subjected her Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision 15 (i), by violating Health and Safety Code sections 11165, subdivision (d), in that from on or about 16 October 21, 2009, until approximately April 2011, INE failed to insure that FAP transmit to the 17 Department of Justice for the Controlled Substances Utilization Review and Evaluation System 18 (CURES) dispensing data for Schedule II, Schedule III, and Schedule IV controlled substances on 19 a weekly basis. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above. 20 SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE 21 (Unprofessional Conduct-Filled Prescriptions with Significant Irregularity) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (o) and 16 CCR § 1761, subd. (a)) 22 36. Respondent INE, as Pharmacist-in-Charge of FAP, has subjected her Pharmacist 23 License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (o), because she violated 24 California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1761, subdivision (a), in that pharmacists and 25 staff at FAP filled over 350 irregular prescriptions. Many of these prescription documents order 26 an unusually large amount of controlled substances for "as-needed" purposes. The circumstances 27 are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above. 28

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SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Verify Legitimacy of Prescriptions for Controlled Substances)

(Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11153, subd. (a)) 2 3 37. Respondent INE, as Pharmacist-in-Charge of FAP, has subjected her Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (i), because she violated 4 Health and Safety Code section 11153, subdivision (a), in that pharmacists and staff at FAP failed 5 to uphold their corresponding responsibility of verifying the patient's legitimate medical purposes 6 for controlled substances. The pharmacists and staff at FAP breached their corresponding $\overline{7}$ responsibility by furnishing unusually large quantities of controlled substances to patients without 8 confirming with the supposed prescribers the legitimacy of the prescriptions. In fact, the 9 pharmacists and staff at FAP filled approximately 350 fraudulent prescriptions, many of which 10 were for unusually large quantities of controlled substances. The circumstances are further 11 explained in paragraphs 25-30, above. 12

EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct-Dispensed Controlled Substances on Invalid Prescriptions) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11164)

38. Respondent INE, as Pharmacist-in-Charge of FAP, has subjected her Pharmacist 15 License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), because she violated 16 Health and Safety Code section 11164, in that the pharmacists and staff at FAP furnished 17 controlled substances to patients based on invalid controlled substances prescription forms, 18 Specifically, during May 2011, FAP filled five prescription documents that lacked several 19 required security measures. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above. 20

CAUSES OF DISCIPLINE AGAINST RESPONDENT ICE

NINTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Unprofessional Conduct-Filled Prescriptions with Significant Irregularity) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (o) and 16 CCR § 1761, subd. (a))

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39. Respondent Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu (ICE), as a pharmacist of FAP, has subjected his Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (o), because

he violated California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1761, subdivision (a), in that 26

Respondent ICE filled prescriptions with significant irregularity. Many of the prescriptions order 27 unusually large quantities of controlled substances including oxycodone, hydrocodone with

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acetaminophen, alprazolam and promethazine with codeine. The circumstances are further 1 explained in paragraphs 25-30, above. 2 3 TENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Verify Legitimacy of Prescriptions for Controlled Substances) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11153, subd. (a)) 4 Respondent ICE, as a pharmacist of FAP, has subjected his Pharmacist License to 5 40. disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), because he violated Health and 6 Safety Code section 11153, subdivision (a), in that, on numerous occasions, Respondent ICE 7 failed to verify the legitimate medical purpose for prescribing an unusually large quantity of 8 controlled substances. In fact, FAP's drug dispensing printouts show that Respondent ICE filled 9 approximately 350 fraudulent prescriptions, many which were for unusually large quantities of 10 controlled substances. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above. 11 <u>ELEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE</u> (Unprofessional Conduct-Dispensed Controlled Substances on Invalid Prescriptions) 12 13 (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11164) 41. 14 Respondent ICE, as a pharmacist of FAP, has subjected his Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), in that Respondent ICE dispensed 15 controlled substances based on invalid prescription documents. Specifically, Respondent ICE's 16 initials were on the pharmacy dispensing printouts for those five invalid prescription documents. 17 The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30 above. 18 19 TWELFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Unprofessional Conduct-Use of Alcohol in a Dangerous Manner) 20 (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (h)) 42. Respondent ICE has subjected his Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under 21 Code section 4301, subdivision (h), in that on or about April 23, 2012, Respondent ICE was 22 arrested by a San Leandro police officer for driving under the influence of alcohol. The 23 circumstances are as follows: 24 43. 25 On or about 12:25 a.m. on April 23, 2012, a San Leandro police officer stopped Respondent's vehicle for a violation of Vehicle Code section 21650 (a vehicle on the highway 26 must be driven on the right side of the road). The officer approached Respondent's vehicle and 27 observed symptoms of intoxication including red watery eyes, alcoholic odor emitting from 28 14

Respondent's breath and slurred speech. Respondent failed a series of field sobriety tests. Two breath tests from Respondent at approximately 1:19 a.m. and 1:22 a.m. revealed a blood alcohol 2 concentration (BAC) of .13. 3

THIRTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Unprofessional Conduct-Conviction) (Bus. & Prof. §§ 490 & 4301, subd. (1))

Respondent ICE has subjected his Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under 44. 6 Code section 4301, subdivision (!), and section 490, in that Respondent ICE was convicted of a 7 crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions and duties of a pharmacist. The 8 circumstances are as follows: 9

45. On or about December 13, 2012, in a criminal matter entitled People of the State of 10 California v. Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu, in the Alameda County Superior Court, Respondent ICE 11 was convicted upon plea of no contest to the violation of Vehicle Code section 23152, 12

subdivision (b) (driving with a blood alcohol level of .08 or more), a misdemeanor. Respondent 13 ICE was ordered to serve 15 days in county jail. Respondent was placed on probation for 3 years 14 with various conditions including completing a Drinking Driver Program and paying various fees 15 and fines. 16

DISCIPLINE CONSIDERATIONS

46. To determine the degree of discipline, if any, to be imposed on Respondent ICE, 18 Complainant alleges that on or about December 28, 2010, in a prior action, the Board of 19 Pharmacy issued Citation Number CI 2010 45230 and ordered Respondent ICE to pay a \$2,500 20 fine for violating sections 4301, subdivisions (h) and (l) [arrest for driving under the influence and conviction on the lesser charge of wet/reckless]. That Citation is now final and is 22

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters alleged in this 25 Accusation, and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision: 26

Revoking or suspending Pharmacy License Number PHY 50064, issued to 1.

Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc.; 28

incorporated by reference as if fully set forth.

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2. Revoking or suspending Pharmacist License Number RPH 53516, issued to Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu, Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc.;

3. Revoking or suspending Pharmacist License Number RPH 53445, issued to Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu, Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc.;

Ordering Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc., Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu and
 Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs of the investigation
 and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3;

5. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

10 11 17/13 DATED; 12 13

VIRGINI ROLD

Executive Officer Board of Pharmacy Department of Consumer Affairs State of California Complainant

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Attorneys for Complainant	
BEFO	RE THE
BOARD OF	PHARMACY
DEPARTMENT OF (CONSUMER AFFAIRS CALIFORNIA
	CADIT ON MA
In the Matter of the According Aminet	Case No. 4570
·]]	Case No. 4579
FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC. 2693 Fruitvale Avenue	
Oakland, CA 94601	ACCUSATION
Pharmany License No. DUN 20074	
	2
IJEOMA NWAYIOCHA ESOMONU FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC.	
16 Minaret Road	
Oakley, CA 94561	
Pharmacist License No. RPH 53516,	
and	ж
IROEGBU CLIFFORD ESOMONU	
FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC. 6726 Corte Santa Maria	
Pleasanton, CA 94566	
Pharmacist No. RPH 53445	
Respondents.	
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Complainant alleges:

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PARTIES

1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.

On or about October 21, 2009, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacy License 2. Number PHY 50064 to Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc. (Respondent FAP). The Pharmacy License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in this Accusation and will expire on October 1, 2013, unless renewed.

3. On or about April 23, 2002, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacist License Number RPH 53516 to Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu (Respondent INE). The Pharmacist License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in this Accusation and will expire on April 30, 2015, unless renewed. 12

4. On or about March 28, 2002, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacist Number RPH 13 53445 to Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu (Respondent ICE). The Pharmacist License was in full force 14 and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in this Accusation and will expire on 15 September 30, 2013, unless renewed. 16

JURISDICTION

5. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of 18 Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the 19 20 Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.

б, Section 4011 of the Code provides that the Board shall administer and enforce both 21the Pharmacy Law [Bus, & Prof. Code, § 4000 et seq.] and the Uniform Controlled Substances 22 Act [Health & Safety Code, § 11000 et seq.]. 23

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7. Section 4300 of the Code states:

"(a) Every license issued may be suspended or revoked.

"(b) The board shall discipline the holder of any license issued by the board, whose default 26 27 has been entered or whose case has been heard by the board and found guilty, by any of the following methods: 28

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"(1) Suspending judgment.

"(2) Placing him or her upon probation.

"(3) Suspending his or her right to practice for a period not exceeding one year.

"(4) Revoking his or her license.

"(5) Taking any other action in relation to disciplining him or her as the board in its discretion may deem proper.

"(e) The proceedings under this article shall be conducted in accordance with Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of the Government Code, and the board shall have all the powers granted therein. The action shall be final, except that the propriety of the action is subject to review by the superior court pursuant to Section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure." 12

8. Section 4300.1 of the Code provides that "It]he expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or 13 suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a 14 court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license 15 by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any 16 investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision 17 suspending or revoking the license." 18

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STATUTORY/REGULATORY PROVISIONS

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9, Section 4301 of the Code states, in relevant part:

"The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

"(a) Gross immortality.

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"(h) The administering to oneself, of any controlled substance, or the use of any dangerous drug or of alcoholic beverages to the extent or in a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to oneself, to a person holding a license under this chapter, or to any other person or to the public, or

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to the extent that the use impairs the ability of the person to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by the license.

"(i) The violation of any of the statutes of this state, or any other state, or of the United States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.

"(1) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 8 (commencing with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled 9 substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or 10 dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the 11record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. 12 The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order 13 to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances 14 or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the 15 qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or 16 a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning 17 of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the 18 judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made 19 suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under Section 1203.4 of 20 the Penal Code allowing the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not 21 guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or 22 indictment. 23

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"(o) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter or of the applicable federal and state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, including regulations established by the board or by any other state or federal regulatory agency."

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10. Section 4113, subdivision (c), of the Code provides that "[t]he pharmacist-in-charge shall be responsible for a pharmacy's compliance with all state and federal laws and regulations pertaining to the practice of pharmacy."

11. Section 490 of the Code provides, in relevant part, that the Board may suspend or revoke a license when it finds that the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of the license.

12. Section 493 of the Code states:

"Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a proceeding conducted by a board within 8 the department pursuant to law to deny an application for a license or to suspend or revoke a 9 license or otherwise take disciplinary action against a person who holds a license, upon the 10 ground that the applicant or the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the 11 qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question, the record of conviction of the 12 crime shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the conviction occurred, but only of that fact, 13 and the board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime in 14 order to fix the degree of discipline or to determine if the conviction is substantially related to the 15 qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question. 16

"As used in this section, 'license' includes 'certificate,' 'permit,' 'authority,' and
'registration.'"

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13. Health and Safety Code section 11165, subdivision (d), states:

"For each prescription for a Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV controlled substance, as 20 defined in the controlled substances schedules in federal law and regulations, specifically 21 Sections 1308.12, 1308.13, and 1308.14, respectively, of Title 21 of the Code of Federal 22 Regulations, the dispensing pharmacy or clinic shall provide the following information to the 23 Department of Justice on a weekly basis and in a format specified by the Department of Justice: 24 "(1) Full name, address, and the telephone number of the ultimate user or research subject, 25 or contact information as determined by the Secretary of the United States Department of Health 26 and Human Services, and the gender, and date of birth of the ultimate user. 27

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1	"(2) The prescriber's category of licensure and license number; federal controlled	
2	substance registration number; and the state medical license number of any prescriber using the	
3	federal controlled substance registration number of a government-exempt facility.	
4	"(3) Pharmacy prescription number, license number, and federal controlled substance	
5	registration number.	
6	"(4) NDC (National Drug Code) number of the controlled substance dispensed.	
. 7	"(5) Quantity of the controlled substance dispensed.	
8	"(6) ICD-9 (diagnosis code), if available.	
9	"(7) Number of refills ordered.	
10	"(8) Whether the drug was dispensed as a refill of a prescription or as a first-time request.	
11	"(9) Date of origin of the prescription.	
12	"(10) Date of dispensing of the prescription."	
13	14. Health and Safety Code section 11164 states, in relevant part:	
14	"Except as provided in Section 11167, no person shall prescribe a controlled substance, nor shall	
any person fill, compound, or dispense a prescription for a controlled substance,		
16	complies with the requirements of this section."	
17	"(a) Each prescription for a controlled substance classified in Schedule II, III, IV, or V,	
18	except as authorized by subdivision (b), shall be made on a controlled substance prescription form	
19	as specified in Section 11162.1"	
20	15. Health and Safety Code section 11162.1 states, in relevant part:	
21	"(a) The prescription forms for controlled substances shall be printed with the following features	
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23	"(7)(A) Six quantity check off boxes shall be printed on the form so that the prescribe	
24	may indicate the quantity by checking the applicable box where the following quantities shall	
25	appear: 1-24	
26	■ 25-49 ■ 50-74	
27	• 75-100 • 101-150	
28	 151 and over. 	
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"(8) Prescription blanks shall contain a statement printed on the bottom of the prescription blank that the 'Prescription is void if the number of drugs prescribed is not noted."

"(b) Each batch of controlled substance prescription forms shall have the lot number printed on the form and each form within that batch shall be numbered sequentially beginning with the numeral one."

16. Health and Safety Code section 11153, subdivision (a), states:

"A prescription for a controlled substance shall only be issued for a legitimate medical purpose by an individual practitioner acting in the usual course of his or her professional practice. The responsibility for the proper prescribing and dispensing of controlled substances is upon the prescribing practitioner, but a corresponding responsibility rests with the pharmacist who fills the prescription. Except as authorized by this division, the following are not legal prescriptions: (1) an order purporting to be a prescription which is issued not in the usual course 14 of professional treatment or in legitimate and authorized research; or (2) an order for an addict or 15 habitual user of controlled substances, which is issued not in the course of professional treatment 16 or as part of an authorized narcotic treatment program, for the purpose of providing the user with 17 controlled substances, sufficient to keep him or her comfortable by maintaining customary use." 18

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17. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1761, states:

"(a) No pharmacist shall compound or dispense any prescription which contains any 20 significant error, omission, irregularity, uncertainty, ambiguity or alteration. Upon receipt of any 21 such prescription, the pharmacist shall contact the prescriber to obtain the information needed to 22 validate the prescription. 23

"(b) Even after conferring with the prescriber, a pharmacist shall not compound or dispense 24 a controlled substance prescription where the pharmacist knows or has objective reason to know 25 that said prescription was not issued for a legitimate medical purpose." 26

27 28 18. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, states:

"For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license

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pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare."

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

19. Section 4021 of the Code states:

"Controlled substance' means any substance listed in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code."

10 20. Oxycodone is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11055, subdivision (b)(1)(M).

21. Hydrocodone with acetaminophen is a Schedule III controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11056, subdivision (e)(4).

14 22. Alprazolam is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety 15 Code section 11057, subdivision (d)(1).

Promethazine with codeine is a Schedule V controlled substance as designated by 23. Health and Safety Code section 11058.

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COST RECOVERY

24, Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in relevant part, that the Board may request the 19 20 administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and 21 enforcement of the case, with failure of the licentiate to comply subjecting the license to not being 22 renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be 23 included in a stipulated settlement. 24

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FACTUAL BACKGROUND

From about October 21, 2009, to the present, Respondent Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy 25. 27 (FAP) has been operating as a pharmacy in Oakland, California. From on or about October 21, 2009, until May 19 2011, Respondent ljeoma Nwanylocha Esomonu (INE), the owner of FAP, 28

was also the pharmacist-in-charge (PIC) at FAP. From on or about October 21, 2009, until May 19, 2011, Respondent Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu (ICE) worked as a pharmacist at FAP. From May 19, 2011, to the present, Respondent ICE took over as the PIC at FAP.

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26. On May 17, 2011, Board Inspector **Conducted an inspection at FAP** because the Board had identified FAP as a pharmacy that failed to report any Controlled Substances Utilization Review and Evaluation System (CURES) data to the Department of Justice (DOJ). During the inspection at FAP, Inspector **Conducted** several pharmacy law violations. Specifically, Inspector **Conducted** that FAP had never transmitted any CURES data to the DOJ.

10 27. While at FAP, Inspector **Walled** looked into prescription documents from Bay Internal Medicine (BIM). The prescriptions appeared legitimate but, upon further investigation, 11 Inspector found that none of prescribers' contact information on the prescriptions 12 contained a valid working phone number. Inspector **sector** asked Respondent ICE to verify the 13 BIM prescribers on the Medical Board of California's website. The web search revealed that 14 none of the BIM prescribers' listed addresses on the Medical Board's website matched the 15 addresses on the prescriptions. Significantly, Respondent ICE admitted to Inspector that 16 he had never before verified a prescriber using the Medical Board's website. In addition, 17 Inspector 18 observed numerous other violations of pharmacy laws. At the conclusion of the inspection, Inspector prepared an inspection report documenting various pharmacy 19 law violations. Inspector gave a copy of the report to Respondent ICE, and then had 20 21 Respondent ICE review and sign off on it. During his inspection, Inspector obtained certain documents including prescription documents, dispensing detail reports, and Cardinal 22 Health Narcotic Sales Reports. Inspector also requested FAP to provide additional 23 documents and explanations regarding pharmacy law violations indicated in the report. 24 28. On or about May 30, 2011, Inspector received and reviewed faxed responses 25 from FAP. Subsequently, Inspector contacted 15 different prescribers listed as the 26 supposed prescriber on the prescription documents. Inspector **section** sent each prescriber a list 27 of prescriptions from FAP to verify the legitimacy of the prescriptions. Each of the prescribers 28

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responded with a written statement that they did not authorize the prescriptions from FAP. In fact, one prescriber from Kaiser stated he did not authorize any of the prescriptions and that they were written on prescriptions that were stolen from his locker at the hospital. Additionally, one prescriber from BIM stated their practice had been closed since June 2009. All the BIM prescription documents that Inspector sent to the BIM prescribers to review were dated and filled by FAP in 2011. 6

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29. Physician Assistant George Pearson was one of the 15 prescribers that Inspector 7 8 contacted to verify the legitimacy of the prescription documents he got from FAP. On or about June 7, 2011, Inspector **Example** received a response from Mr. Pearson, indicating that he 9 did not authorize the prescriptions and the documents were forgeries. In addition, Mr. Pearson 10 noted that several of the prescription documents were not written on proper controlled substances 11prescription forms. Significantly, during the May 17, 2011 visit to FAP, Inspector had 12 made the same observation that FAP had improperly dispensed controlled substances on five 13 invalid prescription documents. These five prescription documents were invalid because they 14 lacked several required security features such as quantity check off boxes, the required statement 15 of "Prescription is void if the number of drugs prescribed is not noted," and the prescriptions were 16 not sequentially numbered. 17

30. Inspector **sector**'s investigation revealed that, from October 2009, to about April 18 2011, FAP failed to transmit CURES data to the DOJ. The investigation further showed that, 19 from about July 2010, to May 2011, Respondent INE, and Respondent ICE had filled over 350 20 fraudulent prescriptions. Many of these prescription documents contained significant 21 irregularities that should have prompted Respondent INE and Respondent ICE to verify the 22 legitimacy of the prescription before dispensing the controlled substances. In addition, a review 23 of FAP's dispensing printouts obtained during the investigation showed Respondent Ice's initials 24 on most, if not all, of the printouts' "filled by" section. Furthermore, in a written statement, 25 Respondent ICE admitted that he was the pharmacist on duty everyday since the opening of FAP. 26 H27 111 28

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1	CAUSES OF DISCIPLINE AGAINST RESPONDENT FAP	
2	FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE	
3	(Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Transmit Dispensing Data to CURES) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11165, subd. (d))	
4	31. Respondent Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy's (FAP) Pharmacy License is subject to	
5	disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), because FAP violated Health and	
6	Safety Code section 11165, subdivision (d), in that from on or about October 21, 2009, until	
7	approximately April 2011, FAP failed to transmit dispensing data for Schedule II, Schedule III,	
8	and Schedule IV controlled substances to the Department of Justice for the Controlled Substances	
9	Utilization Review and Evaluation System (CURES) on a weekly basis. The circumstances are	
10	further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above.	
11	SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Unprofessional Conduct-Filled Prescriptions with Significant Irregularity)	
12	(Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (o) and 16 CCR § 1761, subd. (a)) 32. Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code	
13		
14	section 4301, subdivision (o), because FAP violated California Code of Regulations, title 16,	
15	section 1761, subdivision (a), in that pharmacists and staff at FAP filled over 350 irregular	
16	prescriptions. Many of these prescription documents order an unusually large amount of	
17	controlled substances for "as-needed" purposes. The circumstances are further explained in	
18	paragraphs 25-30, above.	
19 20	<u>THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE</u> (Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Verify Legitimacy of Prescriptions for Controlled Substances) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11153, subd. (a))	
21	33. Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code	
22	section 4301, subdivision (j), because FAP violated Health and Safety Code section 11153,	
23	subdivision (a), in that pharmacists and staff at FAP failed to uphold their corresponding	
24	responsibility of verifying the patient's legitimate medical purposes for controlled substances.	
25	The pharmacists and staff at FAP breached their corresponding responsibility by furnishing	
26	unusually large quantities of controlled substances to patients without confirming with the	
27	supposed prescribers the legitimacy of the prescriptions. In fact, the pharmacists and staff at FAI	
28	filled approximately 350 fraudulent prescriptions, many of which were for unusually large	
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quantities of controlled substances. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct-Dispensed Controlled Substances on Invalid Prescriptions) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11164)

Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code 34. section 4301, subdivision (j), because FAP violated Health and Safety Code section 11164, in that the pharmacists and staff at FAP furnished controlled substances to patients based on invalid controlled substances prescription forms. Specifically, during May 2011, FAP filled five prescription documents that lacked several required security measures. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above.

CAUSES OF DISCIPLINE AGAINST RESPONDENT INE

FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Transmit Dispensing Data to CURES) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11165, subd. (d))

14 35. Respondent Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu (INE), as Pharmacist-in-Charge of FAP, has subjected her Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision 15 16 (j), by violating Health and Safety Code sections 11165, subdivision (d), in that from on or about October 21, 2009, until approximately April 2011, INE failed to insure that FAP transmit to the 17 Department of Justice for the Controlled Substances Utilization Review and Evaluation System 18 (CURES) dispensing data for Schedule II, Schedule III, and Schedule IV controlled substances on 19 a weekly basis. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above. 20

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<u>SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE</u> (Unprofessional Conduct-Filled Prescriptions with Significant Irregularity) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (o) and 16 CCR § 1761, subd. (a))

23 36. Respondent INE, as Pharmacist-in-Charge of FAP, has subjected her Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (o), because she violated 24 California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1761, subdivision (a), in that pharmacists and 25 staff at FAP filled over 350 irregular prescriptions. Many of these prescription documents order 26 an unusually large amount of controlled substances for "as-needed" purposes. The circumstances 27 28are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above.

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SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Verify Legitimacy of Prescriptions for Controlled Substances)

(Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11153, subd. (a)) 37. Respondent INE, as Pharmacist-in-Charge of FAP, has subjected her Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), because she violated Health and Safety Code section 11153, subdivision (a), in that pharmacists and staff at FAP failed to uphold their corresponding responsibility of verifying the patient's legitimate medical purposes for controlled substances. The pharmacists and staff at FAP breached their corresponding responsibility by furnishing unusually large quantities of controlled substances to patients without confirming with the supposed prescribers the legitimacy of the prescriptions. In fact, the pharmacists and staff at FAP filled approximately 350 fraudulent prescriptions, many of which were for unusually large quantities of controlled substances. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above,

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EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct-Dispensed Controlled Substances on Invalid Prescriptions) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11164)

38. Respondent INE, as Pharmacist-in-Charge of FAP, has subjected her Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), because she violated 16 17 Health and Safety Code section 11164, in that the pharmacists and staff at FAP furnished controlled substances to patients based on invalid controlled substances prescription forms. 18 Specifically, during May 2011, FAP filled five prescription documents that lacked several 19 20 required security measures. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above.

CAUSES OF DISCIPLINE AGAINST RESPONDENT ICE

NINTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct-Filled Prescriptions with Significant Irregularity) (Bus. & Prof. §.4301, subd. (o) and 16 CCR § 1761, subd. (a))

39. Respondent Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu (ICE), as a pharmacist of FAP, has subjected his Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (o), because

- he violated California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1761, subdivision (a), in that 26
- Respondent ICE filled prescriptions with significant irregularity. Many of the prescriptions order 27
- 28 unusually large quantities of controlled substances including oxycodone, hydrocodone with
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acetaminophen, alprazolam and promethazine with codeine. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above.

TENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Verify Legitimacy of Prescriptions for Controlled Substances) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11153, subd. (a))

40. Respondent ICE, as a pharmacist of FAP, has subjected his Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), because he violated Health and Safety Code section 11153, subdivision (a), in that, on numerous occasions, Respondent ICE failed to verify the legitimate medical purpose for prescribing an unusually large quantity of controlled substances. In fact, FAP's drug dispensing printouts show that Respondent ICE filled approximately 350 fraudulent prescriptions, many which were for unusually large quantities of controlled substances. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above....

ELEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct-Dispensed Controlled Substances on Invalid Prescriptions) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11164)

41. Respondent ICE, as a pharmacist of FAP, has subjected his Pharmacist License to
disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), in that Respondent ICE dispensed
controlled substances based on invalid prescription documents. Specifically, Respondent ICE's
initials were on the pharmacy dispensing printouts for those five invalid prescription documents.
The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30 above.

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<u>TWELFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE</u> (Unprofessional Conduct-Use of Alcohol in a Dangerous Manner) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (h))

42. Respondent ICE has subjected his Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under
Code section 4301, subdivision (h), in that on or about April 23, 2012, Respondent ICE was
arrested by a San Leandro police officer for driving under the influence of alcohol. The
circumstances are as follows:

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43. On or about 12:25 a.m. on April 23, 2012, a San Leandro police officer stopped Respondent's vehicle for a violation of Vehicle Code section 21650 (a vehicle on the highway must be driven on the right side of the road). The officer approached Respondent's vehicle and observed symptoms of intoxication including red watery eyes, alcoholic odor emitting from

Respondent's breath and slurred speech. Respondent failed a series of field sobriety tests. Two breath tests from Respondent at approximately 1:19 a.m. and 1:22 a.m. revealed a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of ,13.

THIRTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Unprofessional Conduct-Conviction) (Bus. & Prof. §§ 490 & 4301, subd. (I))

Respondent ICE has subjected his Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under 44. Code section 4301, subdivision (1), and section 490, in that Respondent ICE was convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions and duties of a pharmacist. The circumstances are as follows:

45. On or about December 13, 2012, in a criminal matter entitled People of the State of 10 11 California v. Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu, in the Alameda County Superior Court, Respondent ICE was convicted upon plea of no contest to the violation of Vehicle Code section 23152, 12 subdivision (b) (driving with a blood alcohol level of .08 or more), a misdemeanor. Respondent 13 ICE was ordered to serve 15 days in county jail. Respondent was placed on probation for 3 years 14 15 with various conditions including completing a Drinking Driver Program and paying various fees and fines.

DISCIPLINE CONSIDERATIONS

46. To determine the degree of discipline, if any, to be imposed on Respondent ICE, 18 19 Complainant alleges that on or about December 28, 2010, in a prior action, the Board of Pharmacy issued Citation Number CI 2010 45230 and ordered Respondent ICE to pay a \$2,500 20 21 fine for violating sections 4301, subdivisions (h) and (l) [arrest for driving under the influence and conviction on the lesser charge of wet/reckless]. That Citation is now final and is 22 incorporated by reference as if fully set forth, 23

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PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters alleged in this Accusation, and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision: 26

Revoking or suspending Pharmacy License Number PHY 50064, issued to 1.

Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc.;

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1	2. Revoking or suspending Pharmacist License Number RPH 53516, issued to
2	Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu, Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc.;
3	3. Revoking or suspending Pharmacist License Number RPH 53445, issued to
4	Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu, Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc.;
5	4. Ordering Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc., Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu and
5	Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs of the investigation
7	and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3;
8	5. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.
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2	DATED: 4613 Uplace find
3	Executive Officer Board of Pharmacy
4	Department of Consumer Affairs State of California
5	Complainant
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1	KAMALA D. HARRIS Attorney General of California	
2	DIANN SOKOLOFF Supervising Deputy Attorney General	
3	TIMOTHY J. McDONOUGH Deputy Attorney General	
4	State Bar No. 235850	· · ·
5	1515 Clay Street, 20th Floor P.O. Box 70550	
6	Oakland, CA 94612-0550 Telephone: (510) 622-2134	
7	Facsimile: (510) 622-2270 E-mail: Tim.McDonough@doj.ca.gov	
8	Attorneys for Complainant	
9	BEFOI BOADD OF	RE THE PHARMACY
10	DEPARTMENT OF C	ONSUMER AFFAIRS
11	STATE OF C	CALIFORNIA
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No, 4579
13	FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC. 2693 Fruitvale Avenue	
14	Oakland, CA 94601	ACCUSATION
15	Pharmacy License No. PHY 50064,	
16	IJEOMA NWAYIOCHA ESOMONU FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC.	
17	16 Minaret Road Oakley, CA 94561	
18	Pharmacist License No. RPH 53516,	
19	and	s.
20	IROEGBU CLIFFORD ESOMONU	
21	FRUITVALE AVENUE PHARMACY INC. 6726 Corte Santa Maria	
22	Pleasanton, CA 94566	
23	Pharmacist No. RPH 53445	
24	Respondents.	
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ĺ		Accusation

Complainant alleges:

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<u>PARTIES</u>

1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.

On or about October 21, 2009, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacy License
 Number PHY 50064 to Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc. (Respondent FAP). The Pharmacy
 License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in this Accusation
 and will expire on October 1, 2013, unless renewed.

9 3. On or about April 23, 2002, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacist License
10 Number RPH 53516 to Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu (Respondent INE). The Pharmacist
1-1- License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in this Accusation
12 and will expire on April 30, 2015, unless renewed.

4. On or about March 28, 2002, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacist Number RPH
 53445 to Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu (Respondent ICE). The Pharmacist License was in full force
 and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in this Accusation and will expire on
 September 30, 2013, unless renewed.

JURISDICTION

18 5. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of
19 Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the
20 Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.

6. Section 4011 of the Code provides that the Board shall administer and enforce both
the Pharmacy Law [Bus. & Prof. Code, § 4000 et seq.] and the Uniform Controlled Substances
Act [Health & Safety Code, § 11000 et seq.].

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7. Section 4300 of the Code states:

"(a) Every license issued may be suspended or revoked.

"(b) The board shall discipline the holder of any license issued by the board, whose default
has been entered or whose case has been heard by the board and found guilty, by any of the
following methods:
"(1) Suspending judgment.

"(2) Placing him or her upon probation.

"(3) Suspending his or her right to practice for a period not exceeding one year.

"(4) Revoking his or her license.

"(5) Taking any other action in relation to disciplining him or her as the board in its discretion may deem proper.

"(e) The proceedings under this article shall be conducted in accordance with Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of the Government Code, and the board shall have all the powers granted therein. The action shall be final, except that the propriety of the action is subject to review by the superior court pursuant to Section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure." 12

8. Section 4300.1 of the Code provides that "[t]he expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or 13 suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a 14 court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license 15 by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any 16 investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision 17 suspending or revoking the license." 18

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STATUTORY/REGULATORY PROVISIONS

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9. Section 4301 of the Code states, in relevant part:

"The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. 22 Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following: 23

"(a) Gross immortality.

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"(h) The administering to oneself, of any controlled substance, or the use of any dangerous 26 27 drug or of alcoholic beverages to the extent or in a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to oneself, to a person holding a license under this chapter, or to any other person or to the public, or 28

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to the extent that the use impairs the ability of the person to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by the license.

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"(j) The violation of any of the statutes of this state, or any other state, or of the United States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.

7 "(1) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 8 9 (commencing with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or 10 dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the 11record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. 12 The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order 13 to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances 14 or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the 15 qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or 16 a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning 17 18 of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made 19 suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under Section 1203.4 of 20 21 the Penal Code allowing the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or 22 indictment. 23

25 "(o) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the 26 violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter or of the applicable 27 federal and state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, including regulations established by 28 the board or by any other state or federal regulatory agency."

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10. Section 4113, subdivision (c), of the Code provides that "[t]he pharmacist-in-charge shall be responsible for a pharmacy's compliance with all state and federal laws and regulations pertaining to the practice of pharmacy."

11. Section 490 of the Code provides, in relevant part, that the Board may suspend or revoke a license when it finds that the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of the license.

12. Section 493 of the Code states:

(;;)

"Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a proceeding conducted by a board within 8 the department pursuant to law to deny an application for a license or to suspend or revoke a 9 license or otherwise take disciplinary action against a person who holds a license, upon the 10 ground that the applicant or the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the 11 qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question, the record of conviction of the 12 crime shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the conviction occurred, but only of that fact, 13 and the board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime in 14 order to fix the degree of discipline or to determine if the conviction is substantially related to the 15 qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question. 16

17 "As used in this section, 'license' includes 'certificate,' 'permit,' 'authority,' and
18 'registration.'"

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13. Health and Safety Code section 11165, subdivision (d), states:

20 "For each prescription for a Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV controlled substance, as
21 defined in the controlled substances schedules in federal law and regulations, specifically
22 Sections 1308.12, 1308.13, and 1308.14, respectively, of Title 21 of the Code of Federal
23 Regulations, the dispensing pharmacy or clinic shall provide the following information to the
24 Department of Justice on a weekly basis and in a format specified by the Department of Justice:
25 "(1) Full name, address, and the telephone number of the ultimate user or research subject,

or contact information as determined by the Secretary of the United States Department of Health
and Human Services, and the gender, and date of birth of the ultimate user.

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1	"(2) The prescriber's category of licensure and license number; federal controlled
2	substance registration number; and the state medical license number of any prescriber using the
3	federal controlled substance registration number of a government-exempt facility.
4	"(3) Pharmacy prescription number, license number, and federal controlled substance
5	registration number.
5	"(4) NDC (National Drug Code) number of the controlled substance dispensed.
7	"(5) Quantity of the controlled substance dispensed.
8	"(6) ICD-9 (diagnosis code), if available.
9	"(7) Number of refills ordered.
o	"(8) Whether the drug was dispensed as a refill of a prescription or as a first-time request.
1	"(9) Date of origin of the prescription.
2	"(10) Date of dispensing of the prescription."
3	14. Health and Safety Code section 11164 states, in relevant part:
4	"Except as provided in Section 11167, no person shall prescribe a controlled substance, nor shall
5	any person fill, compound, or dispense a prescription for a controlled substance, unless it
6	complies with the requirements of this section."
7	"(a) Each prescription for a controlled substance classified in Schedule II, III, IV, or V,
.8	except as authorized by subdivision (b), shall be made on a controlled substance prescription form
9	as specified in Section 11162.1"
20	15. Health and Safety Code section 11162.1 states, in relevant part:
21	"(a) The prescription forms for controlled substances shall be printed with the following features:
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23	"(7)(A) Six quantity check off boxes shall be printed on the form so that the prescriber
24	may indicate the quantity by checking the applicable box where the following quantities shall
25	appear: 1-24
26	25-49 50-74
27	75-100 101-150
28	• 151 and over.
	6 Accusation

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"(8) Prescription blanks shall contain a statement printed on the bottom of the prescription blank that the 'Prescription is void if the number of drugs prescribed is not noted."

"(b) Each batch of controlled substance prescription forms shall have the lot number printed on the form and each form within that batch shall be numbered sequentially beginning with the numeral one."

Health and Safety Code section 11153, subdivision (a), states: 16.

"A prescription for a controlled substance shall only be issued for a legitimate medical 9 10 purpose by an individual practitioner acting in the usual course of his or her professional practice. The responsibility for the proper prescribing and dispensing of controlled substances is 11 upon the prescribing practitioner, but a corresponding responsibility rests with the pharmacist 12 who fills the prescription. Except as authorized by this division, the following are not legal 13 prescriptions: (1) an order purporting to be a prescription which is issued not in the usual course 14 15 of professional treatment or in legitimate and authorized research; or (2) an order for an addict or habitual user of controlled substances, which is issued not in the course of professional treatment 16 or as part of an authorized narcotic treatment program, for the purpose of providing the user with 17 controlled substances, sufficient to keep him or her comfortable by maintaining customary use." 18

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California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1761, states: 17.

"(a) No pharmacist shall compound or dispense any prescription which contains any significant error, omission, irregularity, uncertainty, ambiguity or alteration. Upon receipt of any such prescription, the pharmacist shall contact the prescriber to obtain the information needed to validate the prescription. 23

"(b) Even after conferring with the prescriber, a pharmacist shall not compound or dispense 24 a controlled substance prescription where the pharmacist knows or has objective reason to know 25 that said prescription was not issued for a legitimate medical purpose." 26

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California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, states: 18.

"For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license

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pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a 1 crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a 2 licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a 3 licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner 4 consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare." 5 CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES 6 19, Section 4021 of the Code states: 7 "Controlled substance' means any substance listed in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 8 11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code," 9 20. Oxycodone is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety 10 Code section 11055, subdivision (b)(1)(M), 11 21. Hydrocodone with acetaminophen is a Schedule III controlled substance as 12 designated by Health and Safety Code section 11056, subdivision (e)(4). 13 14 Alprazolam is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety 22. Code section 11057, subdivision (d)(1). 15 16 23. Promethazine with codeine is a Schedule V controlled substance as designated by 17 Health and Safety Code section 11058, ... 18 COST RECOVERY 24. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in relevant part, that the Board may request the 19 administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of 20 the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and 21 enforcement of the case, with failure of the licentiate to comply subjecting the license to not being 22 23 renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be 24 included in a stipulated settlement. 25 FACTUAL BACKGROUND 26 25. From about October 21, 2009, to the present, Respondent Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy (FAP) has been operating as a pharmacy in Oakland, California. From on or about October 21, 27 28 2009, until May 19 2011, Respondent ljeoma Nwanyjocha Esomonu (INE), the owner of FAP, Accusation was also the pharmacist-in-charge (PIC) at FAP. From on or about October 21, 2009, until May 19, 2011, Respondent Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu (ICE) worked as a pharmacist at FAP. From May 19, 2011, to the present, Respondent ICE took over as the PIC at FAP.

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26. On May 17, 2011, Board Inspector **Conducted an inspection at FAP** because the Board had identified FAP as a pharmacy that failed to report any Controlled Substances Utilization Review and Evaluation System (CURES) data to the Department of Justice (DOJ). During the inspection at FAP, Inspector **CORES** observed several pharmacy law violations. Specifically, Inspector **Conducted** and Evaluation of the DOJ.

27. While at FAP, Inspector **Winner** looked into prescription documents from Bay 10 Internal Medicine (BIM). The prescriptions appeared legitimate but, upon further investigation, 1-1 Inspector found that none of prescribers' contact information on the prescriptions 12 contained a valid working phone number. Inspector asked Respondent ICE to verify the 13 BIM prescribers on the Medical Board of California's website. The web search revealed that 14 none of the BIM prescribers' listed addresses on the Medical Board's website matched the 15 addresses on the prescriptions. Significantly, Respondent ICE admitted to Inspector 16 that he had never before verified a prescriber using the Medical Board's website. In addition, 17 Inspector observed numerous other violations of pharmacy laws. At the conclusion of 18 the inspection, Inspector prepared an inspection report documenting various pharmacy 19 law violations. Inspector gave a copy of the report to Respondent ICE, and then had 20 Respondent ICE review and sign off on it. During his inspection, Inspector obtained 21 22 certain documents including prescription documents, dispensing detail reports, and Cardinal 23 Health Narcotic Sales Reports. Inspector and also requested FAP to provide additional 24 documents and explanations regarding pharmacy law violations indicated in the report. 25 28. On or about May 30, 2011, Inspector received and reviewed faxed responses from FAP. Subsequently, Inspector contacted 15 different prescribers listed as the 26 supposed prescriber on the prescription documents. Inspector **set and set and** 27 28 of prescriptions from FAP to verify the legitimacy of the prescriptions. Each of the prescribers

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responded with a written statement that they did not authorize the prescriptions from FAP. In fact, one prescriber from Kaiser stated he did not authorize any of the prescriptions and that they 2 were written on prescriptions that were stolen from his locker at the hospital. Additionally, one 3 prescriber from BIM stated their practice had been closed since June 2009. All the BIM 4 prescription documents that Inspector sent to the BIM prescribers to review were dated 5 and filled by FAP in 2011. 6

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7 29. Physician Assistant George Pearson was one of the 15 prescribers that Inspector contacted to verify the legitimacy of the prescription documents he got from FAP. On or 8 about June 7, 2011, Inspector **Example** received a response from Mr. Pearson, indicating that he 9 did not authorize the prescriptions and the documents were forgeries. In addition, Mr. Pearson 10 noted that several of the prescription documents were not written on proper controlled substances łł prescription forms. Significantly, during the May 17, 2011 visit to FAP, Inspector 12 had 13 made the same observation that FAP had improperly dispensed controlled substances on five invalid prescription documents. These five prescription documents were invalid because they 14 lacked several required security features such as quantity check off boxes, the required statement 15 of "Prescription is void if the number of drugs prescribed is not noted," and the prescriptions were 16 not sequentially numbered. 17

18 30. Inspector 's investigation revealed that, from October 2009, to about April 2011, FAP failed to transmit CURES data to the DOJ. The investigation further showed that, 19 from about July 2010, to May 2011, Respondent INE, and Respondent ICE had filled over 350 2021 fraudulent prescriptions. Many of these prescription documents contained significant irregularities that should have prompted Respondent INE and Respondent ICE to verify the 22 legitimacy of the prescription before dispensing the controlled substances. In addition, a review 23of FAP's dispensing printouts obtained during the investigation showed Respondent Ice's initials 24 on most, if not all, of the printouts' "filled by" section. Furthermore, in a written statement, 25 Respondent ICE admitted that he was the pharmacist on duty everyday since the opening of FAP. 26 III27 111 28

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CAUSES OF DISCIPLINE AGAINST RESPONDENT FAP 1 FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE 2 (Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Transmit Dispensing Data to CURES) 3 (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11165, subd. (d)) 31. Respondent Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy's (FAP) Pharmacy License is subject to 4 disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), because FAP violated Health and 5 Safety Code section 11165, subdivision (d), in that from on or about October 21, 2009, until 6 approximately April 2011, FAP failed to transmit dispensing data for Schedule II, Schedule III, 7 and Schedule IV controlled substances to the Department of Justice for the Controlled Substances 8 Utilization Review and Evaluation System (CURES) on a weekly basis. The circumstances are 9 further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above. 10 SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE 11 (Unprofessional Conduct-Filled Prescriptions with Significant Irregularity) 12 (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (o) and 16 CCR § 1761, subd. (a)) 32. Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code 13 section 4301, subdivision (o), because FAP violated California Code of Regulations, title 16, 14 15 section 1761, subdivision (a), in that pharmacists and staff at FAP filled over 350 irregular prescriptions. Many of these prescription documents order an unusually large amount of 16 controlled substances for "as-needed" purposes. The circumstances are further explained in 17 paragraphs 25-30, above. 18 19 THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Verify Legitimacy of Prescriptions for Controlled Substances) 20 (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11153, subd. (a)) 33. Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code 21 22 section 4301, subdivision (j), because FAP violated Health and Safety Code section 11153, subdivision (a), in that pharmacists and staff at FAP failed to uphold their corresponding 23 responsibility of verifying the patient's legitimate medical purposes for controlled substances. 24 The pharmacists and staff at FAP breached their corresponding responsibility by furnishing 25 unusually large quantities of controlled substances to patients without confirming with the 26 supposed prescribers the legitimacy of the prescriptions. In fact, the pharmacists and staff at FAP 27filled approximately 350 fraudulent prescriptions, many of which were for unusually large 28 11

Accusation

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quantities of controlled substances. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, 1 2 above. FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE 3 (Unprofessional Conduct-Dispensed Controlled Substances on Invalid Prescriptions) 4 (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11164) Respondent FAP's Pharmacy License is subject to disciplinary action under Code 34. 5 section 4301, subdivision (j), because FAP violated Health and Safety Code section 11164, in that 6 the pharmacists and staff at FAP furnished controlled substances to patients based on invalid 7 controlled substances prescription forms. Specifically, during May 2011, FAP filled five 8 prescription documents that lacked several required security measures. The circumstances are 9 further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above. 10 **CAUSES OF DISCIPLINE AGAINST RESPONDENT INE** 11 FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE 12 (Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Transmit Dispensing Data to CURES) 13 (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11165, subd. (d)) 35. Respondent Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu (INE), as Pharmacist-in-Charge of FAP, 14 has subjected her Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision 15 (j), by violating Health and Safety Code sections 11165, subdivision (d), in that from on or about 16 October 21, 2009, until approximately April 2011, INE failed to insure that FAP transmit to the 17 Department of Justice for the Controlled Substances Utilization Review and Evaluation System 18 19 (CURES) dispensing data for Schedule II, Schedule III, and Schedule IV controlled substances on a weekly basis. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above. 20 21 SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Unprofessional Conduct-Filled Prescriptions with Significant Irregularity) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (o) and 16 CCR § 1761, subd. (a)) 22 36. Respondent INE, as Pharmacist-in-Charge of FAP, has subjected her Pharmacist 23 License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (o), because she violated 24 California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1761, subdivision (a), in that pharmacists and 25 staff at FAP filled over 350 irregular prescriptions. Many of these prescription documents order 26 an unusually large amount of controlled substances for "as-needed" purposes. The circumstances 27 are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above. 28: 12 Accusation

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<u>SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE</u> (Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Verify Legitimacy of Prescriptions for Controlled Substances)

(Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11153, subd. (a)) 37. Respondent INE, as Pharmacist-in-Charge of FAP, has subjected her Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), because she violated Health and Safety Code section 11153, subdivision (a), in that pharmacists and staff at FAP failed to uphold their corresponding responsibility of verifying the patient's legitimate medical purposes for controlled substances. The pharmacists and staff at FAP breached their corresponding responsibility by furnishing unusually large quantities of controlled substances to patients without confirming with the supposed prescribers the legitimacy of the prescriptions. In fact, the pharmacists and staff at FAP filled approximately 350 fraudulent prescriptions, many of which were for unusually large quantities of controlled-substances. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above.

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(Unprofessional Conduct-Dispensed Controlled Substances on Invalid Prescriptions)

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(Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11164) 38. Respondent INE, as Pharmacist-in-Charge of FAP, has subjected her Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), because she violated Health and Safety Code section 11164, in that the pharmacists and staff at FAP furnished controlled substances to patients based on invalid controlled substances prescription forms. Specifically, during May 2011, FAP filled five prescription documents that lacked several required security measures. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above.

EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

CAUSES OF DISCIPLINE AGAINST RESPONDENT ICE

NINTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct-Filled Prescriptions with Significant Irregularity) (Bus. & Prof. §.4301, subd. (0) and 16 CCR § 1761, subd. (a))

39. Respondent Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu (ICE), as a pharmacist of FAP, has subjected his Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (0), because

- 26 || he violated California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1761, subdivision (a), in that
- 27 Respondent ICE filled prescriptions with significant irregularity. Many of the prescriptions order
- 28 unusually large quantities of controlled substances including oxycodone, hydrocodone with
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acetaminophen, alprazolam and promethazine with codeine. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above,

TENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct-Failure to Verify Legitimacy of Prescriptions for Controlled Substances) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11153, subd. (a))

40. Respondent ICE, as a pharmacist of FAP, has subjected his Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (j), because he violated Health and Safety Code section 11153, subdivision (a), in that, on numerous occasions, Respondent ICE failed to verify the legitimate medical purpose for prescribing an unusually large quantity of controlled substances. In fact, FAP's drug dispensing printouts show that Respondent ICE filled approximately 350 fraudulent prescriptions, many which were for unusually large quantities of controlled substances. The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30, above.....

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ELEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct-Dispensed Controlled Substances on Invalid Prescriptions) (Bus. & Prof. § 4301, subd. (j) and Health and Safety Code § 11164)

41. Respondent ICE, as a pharmacist of FAP, has subjected his Pharmacist License to
disciplinary action under Code section 430 I, subdivision (j), in that Respondent ICE dispensed
controlled substances based on invalid prescription documents. Specifically, Respondent ICE's
initials were on the pharmacy dispensing printouts for those five invalid prescription documents.
The circumstances are further explained in paragraphs 25-30 above.

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<u>TWELFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE</u> (Unprofessional Conduct-Use of Alcohol in a Dangerous Manner) (Bus, & Prof. § 4301, subd. (h))

42. Respondent ICE has subjected his Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under
Code section 4301, subdivision (h), in that on or about April 23, 2012, Respondent ICE was
arrested by a San Leandro police officer for driving under the influence of alcohol. The
circumstances are as follows:

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43. On or about 12:25 a.m. on April 23, 2012, a San Leandro police officer stopped Respondent's vehicle for a violation of Vehicle Code section 21650 (a vehicle on the highway must be driven on the right side of the road). The officer approached Respondent's vehicle and observed symptoms of intoxication including red watery eyes, alcoholic odor emitting from

Respondent's breath and slurred speech. Respondent failed a series of field sobriety tests. Two breath tests from Respondent at approximately 1:19 a.m. and 1:22 a.m. revealed a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of .13.

THIRTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Unprofessional Conduct-Conviction) (Bus. & Prof. §§ 490 & 4301, subd. (1))

44. Respondent ICE has subjected his Pharmacist License to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subdivision (1), and section 490, in that Respondent ICE was convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions and duties of a pharmacist. The circumstances are as follows:

45. On or about December 13, 2012, in a criminal matter entitled *People of the State of California v. Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu*, in the Alameda County-Superior Court, Respondent ICE
was convicted upon plea of no contest to the violation of Vehicle Code section 23152,
subdivision (b) (driving with a blood alcohol level of .08 or more), a misdemeanor. Respondent
ICE was ordered to serve 15 days in county jail. Respondent was placed on probation for 3 years
with various conditions including completing a Drinking Driver Program and paying various fees
and fines.

DISCIPLINE CONSIDERATIONS

46. To determine the degree of discipline, if any, to be imposed on Respondent ICE,
Complainant alleges that on or about December 28, 2010, in a prior action, the Board of
Pharmacy issued Citation Number CI 2010 45230 and ordered Respondent ICE to pay a \$2,500
fine for violating sections 4301, subdivisions (h) and (l) [arrest for driving under the influence
and conviction on the lesser charge of wet/reckless]. That Citation is now final and is
incorporated by reference as if fully set forth.

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PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters alleged in this
Accusation, and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision:

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1. Revoking or suspending Pharmacy License Number PHY 50064, issued to

28 || Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc.;

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	2. Revoking of suspending Pharmaniet Lipping Director Director
,	to suspending Thatmacist License Number RPH 53516, issued to
'	Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu, Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc.;
	3. Revoking or suspending Pharmacist License Number RPH 53445, issued to
	Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu, Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc.;
	4. Ordering Fruitvale Avenue Pharmacy Inc., Ijeoma Nwanyiocha Esomonu and
1	Iroegbu Clifford Esomonu to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs of the investigation
ł	and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3;
	5. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.
	DATED: _ 9(6)3
	VIRGINIA HEROLD Executive Officer
	Board of Pharmacy Department of Consumer Affairs
	State of California Complainant
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