BEFORE THE BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Accusation Against:

Case No. 4494

OAH No. 2014070700

STEPHEN DAVIS BOURQUE

2241 Regent Way Castro Valley, CA 94546 Pharmacist License No. RPH 63701

Respondent.

DECISION AND ORDER

The attached Proposed Decision of the Administrative Law Judge is hereby adopted by the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs, as its Decision in this matter.

This decision shall become effective on December 19, 2014.

It is so ORDERED on November 19, 2014.

BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

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By

STAN C. WEISSER Board President

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Pharmacist License No. RPH 63701

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Respondent.

PROPOSED DECISION

Administrative Law Judge Ruth S. Astle, State of California, Office of Administrative Hearings, heard this matter in Oakland, California, on October 6, 2014.

Gregory Tuss, Deputy Attorney General, represented complainant.

Respondent was present and represented by Joseph Morehead, Attorney at Law.

The matter was submitted on October 6, 2014.

Preliminary Matter

This matter was consolidated for hearing with OAH Case No. 2014070702. A separate proposed decision will be submitted to the Board of Veterinary Medicine.

FACTUAL FINDINGS

1. Virginia Herold made the accusation in her official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs (Board).

2. On February 11, 2010, the Board issued Pharmacist License Number RPH 63701 to Stephen Davis Bourque (respondent). The license was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges in the accusation and will expire on March 31, 2015, unless renewed.

Criminal Arrests and Conviction

3. On April 12, 2012, a San Francisco police officer found an illegally parked rental vehicle with the keys on the passenger seat. Two packages of ketamine¹ were inside: one unopened and one opened with two vials missing. Respondent's name was on the rental agreement in the vehicle. The police found respondent's unoccupied room in a nearby motel. Inside was a vial of ketamine with a syringe nearby. Respondent came to the room shortly thereafter. He said he had been drinking at a bar. He was renting a vehicle but did not know where it was. He stated that he was a veterinarian and had received the ketamine that was in the vehicle earlier that day but did not have time to secure it properly. He admitted to personally having used ketamine both in the past and on that day. He said he needed help and that what he was doing was wrong. At the hearing the respondent refused to answer questions about his ketamine possession and use pursuant to his rights against self-incrimination. However, it can be inferred that he was unlawfully in possession and using ketamine, a dangerous drug.

4. Respondent's conduct set forth in Finding 3, above, constitutes unprofessional conduct by using a dangerous drug to the extent as to be dangerous and injurious to a person and that the use impairs his ability to safely conduct the practice of pharmacy. Ketamine was found in his motel room and he admitted to personally using ketamine and to needing help with his drug abuse. He also illegally possessed ketamine, a controlled substance and dangerous drug.

5. On October 13, 2012, the San Mateo County Sheriff received two requests for a welfare check of a man who believed he was being followed. Deputies found respondent at 2:41 a.m. pulling a suitcase and carrying a gym bag down the street in Redwood City, California. When asked if he was being followed, respondent looked around nervously and said, "Sometimes." Respondent displayed symptoms of being under the influence of a stimulant. He appeared nervous; spoke rapidly and disjointedly; and would not stand still. He looked around like he was searching for someone. Respondent denied taking drugs but his pulse was elevated. Respondent's response to the deputies was odd and inappropriate. Respondent was nervous and attempted to flee. The deputy caught respondent after he had run about 150 yards and had fallen down. Methamphetamine and two 2000 mg. vials of testosterone cypionate were found in respondent's bags. He did not have a prescription for the testosterone which was labeled for prescription only. Respondent denied any knowledge of the controlled substances found in his bags.

6. On May 15, 2013, in San Mateo County Superior Court, respondent pled no contest to Penal Code section 148, subdivision (a)(1) (resisting, delaying, or obstructing an officer), a misdemeanor, which by its facts and circumstances is substantially related to the

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¹Ketamine is a Schedule III controlled substance under Health and Safety Code section 11056, subdivision (g), and a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.

duties, qualifications, and functions of a registered pharmacist. Imposition of sentence was suspended and respondent was placed on 18 months' supervised probation. As a condition of probation respondent was placed under the supervision of drug court.

7. Respondent's conduct as set forth in Finding 5, above, constitutes unprofessional conduct in that he violated laws regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs. Respondent illegally possessed methamphetamine, a controlled substance, and testosterone, a dangerous drug.

8. Respondent became addicted to controlled substances in 2012. He had experienced some personal tragedies and became homeless. He was working on his recovery, when he relapsed in August of 2014. He was admitted to a drug treatment program, which consisted of five months in a residential program and three months as an outpatient. He was tested at least 10 times with negative results. He is not presently in any program.

9. Respondent last practiced as a pharmacist in 2011.

10. Respondent states that he is serious about his recovery, but he is still in the early stages. The Board is concerned about respondent's access to drugs. It would not be in the public interest to allow respondent to continue to be licensed as a registered pharmacist at this time.

11. Costs in the amount of \$4,952.50 have been requested by the Board. While this amount is reasonable, respondent is not able to pay the full amount at this time.

LEGAL CONCLUSIONS

Cause for Discipline

1. In an action seeking to impose discipline against the holder of a professional license, the burden of proof is on complainant to establish the charging allegations by clear and convincing evidence. (*Ettinger* v. *Board of Medical Quality Assurance* (1982) 135 Cal.App.3d 853, 857.)

2. Complainant alleged that respondent's license is subject to discipline pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 4301, subdivisions (h) (unprofessional conduct – use of controlled substance or dangerous drug), (j) (violation of laws regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs), (l) (conviction), and 490, subdivision (a) (conviction of crime substantially related to qualifications, functions, or duties of profession).

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Respondent's use of controlled substances and dangerous drugs and his violation of laws regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs establish cause for discipline pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4301, subdivisions (h) and (j).

Respondent's violation of the Penal Code is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a registered pharmacist; his license is therefore subject to discipline pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 490, and 4301, subdivision (l).

Penalty Determination

3. In determining the appropriate penalty, public safety is the board's paramount concern. Respondent's conduct demonstrates very poor judgment and he cannot be trusted at this time to work around controlled substances and dangerous drugs.

Costs

4. Complainant has requested that respondent be ordered to reimburse the Board for the costs of investigating and enforcing the accusation. Business and Professions Code section 125.3 provides that respondent may be ordered to pay the board "a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case." The board reasonably incurred costs of investigation and enforcement in the amount of \$4,952.50. (Factual Finding 11.)

In Zuckerman v. State Board of Chiropractic Examiners (2002) 29 Cal.4th 32, the California Supreme Court set forth the guidelines for determining whether the costs should be assessed in the particular circumstances of each case. The respondent established a basis to reduce the costs. He does not have the ability to pay full costs at this time. The amount is reduced to \$500 and the Board may work out a payment schedule with respondent to commence when and if his license is reinstated.

ORDER

1. Pharmacist License Number RPH 63701 issued to Stephen Davis Bourque is hereby revoked.

2. When and if respondent is reinstated he shall pay to the Board costs associated with its investigation and enforcement pursuant to Business and Professions Code Section 125.3 in the amount of \$500. Respondent shall be permitted to pay these costs in a payment plan approved by the Board, with payments to be completed no later than three months prior to the end of any probationary period.

DATED: 10/28/14

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RUTH S. ASTLE Administrative Law Judge Office of Administrative Hearings

1	Kamala D. Harris				
2	Attorney General of California DIANN SOKOLOFF				
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General GREGORY TUSS				
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar Number 200659				
5	1515 Clay Street, 20th Floor Post Office Box 70550				
6	Oakland, California 94612-0550 Telephone: (510) 622-2143				
7	Telephone: (510) 622-2143 Facsimile: (510) 622-2270 Attorneys for Complainant				
8		RE THE			
9	BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS				
10		CALIFORNIA			
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case Number 4494			
12	STEPHEN DAVIS BOURQUE	ACCUSATION			
13	609 Ashbury Street, #7 San Francisco, California 94117				
14	Pharmacist License Number RPH 63701,				
15	Respondent.				
16					
17	Complainant Virginia Herold alleges:				
18	PAR	TIES			
19	1. Complainant brings this accusation s	olely in her official capacity as the Executive			
20	Officer of the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Depa	rtment of Consumer Affairs,			
21	2. On or about February 11, 2010, the I	Board issued Pharmacist License Number RPH			
22	63701 to respondent Stephen Davis Bourque. The	he pharmacist license was in full force and effect			
23	at all times relevant to the charges brought in thi	s accusation and will expire on March 31, 2015,			
24	unless renewed. ¹				
25		June Madical Daniel inward Vatarinaw License			
26 27 28	¹ On or about February 6, 2008, the Veterinary Medical Board issued Veterinary License Number 17076 to respondent Stephen Bourque. The veterinary license was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in this accusation and will expire on March 31, 2015, unless renewed. The Veterinary Medical Board also has filed an accusation against respondent's veterinary license.				
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		Accusation			

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1	3. On or about April 15, 2013, the San Mateo County Superior Court, under the	
2	authority of Penal Code section 23 and Business and Professions Code section 320, ordered that	
3	respondent is prohibited from using his pharmacist license or working in any capacity as a	
4	pharmacist during the pendency of defendant's criminal case in that court.	
5	JURISDICTION	
6	4. This accusation is brought before the Board under the authority of the following laws.	
7	All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.	
8	5. Section 4300 states in part:	
9	"(a) Every license issued may be suspended or revoked.	
10	"(b) The board shall discipline the holder of any license issued by the board, whose default	
11	has been entered or whose case has been heard by the board and found guilty, by any of the	
12	following methods:	
13	"(1) Suspending judgment.	
14	"(2) Placing him or her upon probation.	
15	"(3) Suspending his or her right to practice for a period not exceeding one year.	
16	"(4) Revoking his or her license.	
17	(5) Taking any other action in relation to disciplining him or her as the board in its	
18	discretion may deem proper."	
19	6. Section 4300,1 states:	
20	"The expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued license by	
21	operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the placement of a license	
22	on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board	
23	of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary	
24	proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license."	
25	STATUTORY AND REGULATORY AUTHORITY	
26	7. Section 490, subdivision (a), states:	
27	"In addition to any other action that a board is permitted to take against a licensee, a board	
28	may suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime, if	
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	Accusation	

the crime is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or
 profession for which the license was issued."

8. Section 4301 states in part:

"The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake.
Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

8 "(h) The administering to oneself, of any controlled substance, or the use of any dangerous
9 drug or of alcoholic beverages to the extent or in a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to
10 oneself, to a person holding a license under this chapter, or to any other person or to the public, or
11 to the extent that the use impairs the ability of the person to conduct with safety to the public the
12 practice authorized by the license.

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"(j) The violation of any of the statutes of this state, of any other state, or of the United
States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.

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17 "(1) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 18 (commencing with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled 19 substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or 20dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the 21 record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. 22 The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order 23 to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances 24 or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the 25 qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or 26 a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning 27 of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the 28

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judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made
suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under Section 1203.4 of
the Penal Code allowing the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not
guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or
indictment."

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9.

California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, states:

"For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license
pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a
crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a
licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a
licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner
consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare."

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COST RECOVERY

10. Section 125.3, subdivision (a), states:

"Except as otherwise provided by law, in any order issued in resolution of a disciplinary
proceeding before any board within the department or before the Osteopathic Medical Board,
upon request of the entity bringing the proceedings, the administrative law judge may direct a
licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not
to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case."

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DRUGS

11. "Ketamine" is a Schedule III controlled substance under Health and Safety Code
section 11056, subdivision (g), and a dangerous drug within the meaning of Business and
Professions Code section 4022. It is used in human and veterinary medicine primarily as a
general anesthetic. It is also used as a recreational drug.

25 12. "Methamphetamine" is a Schedule II controlled substance under Health and Safety
26 Code section 11055, subdivision (d)(2). It is a recreational drug,

27 13. "Testosterone cypionate" is a Schedule III controlled substance under Health and
28 Safety Code section 11056, subdivision (f)(30), and a dangerous drug within the meaning of

Accusation

1 Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is an anabolic steroid used for male replacem 2 therapy for conditions associated with symptoms of deficiency or absence of endogenous 3 testosterone. It also frequently is misused for its muscle-enhancing effects. It is taken by 4 injection into muscle tissue. 5 FACTUAL BACKGROUNDS AND CAUSES FOR DISCIPLINE 6 APRIL 12, 2012, ARREST 7 14. On April 12, 2012, a San Francisco police officer found an illegally parked real 8 vehicle with the keys on the passenger seat. Two packages of ketamine were inside: one 9 unopened and one opened with two vials missing. Respondent's name was on the rental	
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8 vehicle with the keys on the passenger seat. Two packages of ketamine were inside: one	al
9 unopened and one opened with two vials missing. Respondent's name was on the rental	
10 agreement in the vehicle.	1
11 15. The police found respondent's unoccupied room in a nearby motel. Inside wa	a
12 vial of ketamine with syringe nearby. Respondent came to the room shortly thereafter. He sa	d
that he had been drinking at a bar. He said that he was renting a vehicle but did not know where	
14 it was. He said that he is a veterinarian and had received the ketamine that was in the vehicle	
15 earlier that day but did not have time to secure it properly. He admitted to personally having	sed
16 ketamine both in the past and on that day – he said that he needed help and that what he was	
17 doing was wrong.	
18 FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE Unprofessional Conduct – Use of Controlled Substance or Dangerous Drug	
19 Business and Professions Code section 4301, subdivision (h)	
20 16. The allegations of paragraphs 14-15 are realleged and incorporated by reference a	if
21 fully set forth.	
22 17. Respondent has subjected his pharmacist license to discipline for the unprofessio	al
conduct of using a dangerous drug to the extent as to be dangerous or injurious to a person, o	that
the use impairs his ability to safely conduct the practice of pharmacy (Bus. & Prof. Code, § 4	01,
25 subd. (h)). As set forth in paragraphs 14-15 above, ketamine, a dangerous drug, was found in	
26 respondent's hotel room. Respondent admitted to personally using ketamine and to needing	əlp
27 with his abuse of it.	
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SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE Unprofessional Conduct – Violation of Laws Regulating Controlled Substances and Dangerous Drugs Business and Professions Code section 4301, subdivision (j)

18. The allegations of paragraphs 14-15 are realleged and incorporated by reference as if fully set forth.

Respondent has subjected his pharmacist license to discipline for the unprofessional
conduct of violating laws regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs (Bus. & Prof.
Code, § 4883, subd. (g)(3)). As set forth in paragraphs 14-15 above, respondent illegally
possessed ketamine, a controlled substance and dangerous drug (Health & Saf. Code, § 11377,
subd. (a)). He also admitted to personally using ketamine.

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OCTOBER 13, 2012, ARREST

20. On October 13, 2012, the San Mateo County Sheriff received two requests for a
welfare check of a man who believed he was being followed. Deputies found respondent at about
2:41 a.m. pulling a suitcase and carrying a gym bag down the street in Redwood City. When
asked if he was being followed, respondent looked around nervously and said, "Sometimes,"

16 21. Respondent displayed symptoms of being under the influence of a stimulant: he
appeared nervous, spoke rapidly and disjointedly, and would not stand still. He also looked
around like he was searching for someone. Respondent denied taking drugs but his pulse was
over 120 beats per minute. Although respondent's pupil's were dilated, the deputy could not
measure their size or reaction because respondent kept fluttering his eyelids and looking around.
When the deputy described the sobriety test that he wanted to conduct on respondent, respondent
smiled and said, "That sounds like a fun one."

23 22. Respondent then quickly became very nervous. He asked the deputy why he was
24 not wearing a badge although a badge was clearly on the deputy's uniform. Respondent then
25 backed away from the deputy and began sprinting down the road. The deputy caught respondent
26 after he had run about 150 yards and had fallen down.

27 23. Methamphetamine and two 2000 mg vials of testosterone cypionate were in
28 respondent's bags. Respondent did not have a prescription for the testosterone which was labeled

1	for prescription only. Respondent denied knowledge of any of the controlled substances found in
2	his bags,
3	24. On May 15, 2013, in San Mateo County Superior Court, Case Number SF384548
4	entitled People v. Stephen Bourque, respondent pled no contest to resisting, delaying, or
5	obstructing an officer (Pen. Code, § 148, subd. (a)(1)), a misdemeanor. Imposition of sentence
6	was suspended and respondent was placed on 18 months' supervised probation. Terms and
7	conditions of probation included the first year of probation under supervision of drug court,
8	THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
9	Conviction Business and Professions Code section 490, subdivision (a)
10	25. The allegations of paragraphs 20-24 are realleged and incorporated by reference as if
11	fully set forth.
12	26. Respondent has subjected his pharmacist license to discipline for being convicted of a
13	crime (Bus. & Prof. Code, § 490, subd. (a)). As set forth in paragraphs 23-27 above, respondent
14	pled no contest to resisting, delaying, or obstructing an officer (Pen. Code, § 148, subd. (a)(1)), a
15	misdemeanor.
16	FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE Unprofessional Conduct – Conviction
17	Business and Professions Code section 4301, subdivision (I)
18	27. The allegations of paragraphs 20-24 are realleged and incorporated by reference as if
19	fully set forth.
20	28. Respondent has subjected his pharmacist license to discipline for the unprofessional
21	conduct of being convicted of a crime (Bus. & Prof. Code, § 4301, subd. (1)). As set forth in
22	paragraphs 20-24 above, respondent pled no contest to resisting, delaying, or obstructing an
23	officer (Pen, Code, § 148, subd. (a)(1)), a misdemeanor.
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	7 Accusation

1 2 3	FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE Unprofessional Conduct – Violation of Laws Regulating Controlled Substances and Dangerous Drugs Business and Professions Code section 4301, subdivision (j)	
4	29. The allegations of paragraphs 20-24 are realleged and incorporated by reference as if	
5	fully set forth.	
6	30. Respondent has subjected his pharmacist license to discipline for the unprofessional	
7	conduct of violating laws regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs (Bus. & Prof.	
8	Code, § 4301, subd. (j)). As set forth in paragraphs 20-24 above, respondent illegally possessed	
9	methamphetamine, a controlled substance, and testosterone, a controlled substance and dangerous	
10	drug (Health & Saf. Code, § 11377, subd. (a)).	
11	PRAYER	
12	WHEREFORE, complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters alleged in this	
13	accusation, and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision:	
14	1. Revoking or suspending Pharmacist License Number RPH 63701 issued to Stephen	
15	Davis Bourque;	
16	2. Ordering Stephen Davis Bourque to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs	
17	of the investigation and enforcement of this case under Business and Professions Code section	
18	125.3; and	
19	3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.	
20	DATED: 5/3/14 Juania Sende	
21	VIRGINA HEROLD Executive Officer	
22	Board of Pharmacy	
23	Department of Consumer Affairs State of California Complainant	
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25	SF2012403179 90390608.dua	
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