1 2 3 5 6 7 8 BEFORE THE **BOARD OF PHARMACY** DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA 10 11 12 In the Matter of the Accusation Against: Case No. 4454 13 CIERRA P. REID 25465 Hyacinth St. 14 Corona, CA 92883 **DEFAULT DECISION AND ORDER** 15 Pharmacy Technician Registration No. TCH [Gov. Code, §11520] 16 111069 17 Respondent. 18 19 **FINDINGS OF FACT** 20 1. On or about August 14, 2013, Complainant Virginia K. Herold, in her official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs, 21 filed Accusation No. 4454 against Cierra P. Reid (Respondent) before the Board of Pharmacy. 22. (Accusation attached as Exhibit A.) 23 On or about July 31, 2011, the Board of Pharmacy (Board) issued Pharmacy 24 2. 25 Technician Registration No. TCH 111069 to Respondent. The Pharmacy Technician Registration 26 was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in Accusation No. 4454 and will expire on January 31, 2013, unless renewed. This lapse in licensure, however, pursuant 27

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to Business and Professions Code section 4300.1 does not deprive the Board of its authority to institute or continue this disciplinary proceeding.

- 3. On or about August 20, 2013, Respondent was served by Certified and First Class Mail copies of the Accusation No. 4454, Statement to Respondent, Notice of Defense, Request for Discovery, and Discovery Statutes (Government Code sections 11507.5, 11507.6, and 11507.7) at Respondent's address of record which, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4100, is required to be reported and maintained with the Board. Respondent's address of record was and is: 25465 Hyacinth St., Corona, CA 92883.
- 4. Service of the Accusation was effective as a matter of law under the provisions of Government Code section 11505, subdivision (c) and/or Business & Professions Code section 124.
- 5. As of September 18, 2013, the aforementioned documents have not been returned by the U.S. Postal Service.
 - 6. Government Code section 11506 states, in pertinent part:
 - (c) The respondent shall be entitled to a hearing on the merits if the respondent files a notice of defense, and the notice shall be deemed a specific denial of all parts of the accusation not expressly admitted. Failure to file a notice of defense shall constitute a waiver of respondent's right to a hearing, but the agency in its discretion may nevertheless grant a hearing.
- 7. Respondent failed to file a Notice of Defense within 15 days after service upon her of the Accusation, and therefore waived her right to a hearing on the merits of Accusation No. 4454.
 - 8. California Government Code section 11520 states, in pertinent part:
 - (a) If the respondent either fails to file a notice of defense or to appear at the hearing, the agency may take action based upon the respondent's express admissions or upon other evidence and affidavits may be used as evidence without any notice to respondent.
- 9. Pursuant to its authority under Government Code section 11520, the Board finds Respondent is in default. The Board will take action without further hearing and, based on the relevant evidence contained in the Default Decision Evidence Packet in this matter, as well as taking official notice of all the investigatory reports, exhibits and statements contained therein on file at the Board's offices regarding the allegations contained in Accusation No. 4454, finds that

the charges and allegations in Accusation No. 4454, are separately and severally, found to be true and correct by clear and convincing evidence.

10. Taking official notice of its own internal records, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3, it is hereby determined that the reasonable costs for Investigation and Enforcement is \$2,367.50 as of September 18, 2013.

DETERMINATION OF ISSUES

- 1. Based on the foregoing findings of fact, Respondent Cierra P. Reid has subjected her Pharmacy Technician Registration No. TCH 111069 to discipline.
 - 2. The agency has jurisdiction to adjudicate this case by default.
- 3. The Board of Pharmacy is authorized to revoke Respondent's Pharmacy Technician Registration based upon the following violations alleged in the Accusation which are supported by the evidence contained in the Default Decision Evidence Packet in this case.:
- a. Respondent subjected her license to discipline under sections 490 and 4301, subdivision (l) of the Code in that on August 28, 2012, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California vs. Cierra Pashawn Reid*, in Orange County Superior Court, Case Number 12HF0900, Respondent was convicted on her plea of guilty to violating Penal Code (PC) section 487, subdivision (a), grand theft by embezzlement, a felony crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensed pharmacy technician.
- b. Respondent has subjected her license to discipline under Code section 4301, subdivision (f), in that she committed acts involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, and corruption when Respondent embezzled from her employer.
- c. Respondent has subjected her license to discipline under Code sections 490 and 4301, subdivision (l), in that on January 18, 2013, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California vs. Cierra Pashawn Reid*, in Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case Number 2MP10622, Respondent was convicted on her plea of *nolo contendere* to violating Vehicle Code (VC) 23152, subdivisions (a), driving under the influence of alcohol (DUI) and (b), driving with a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.08 percent or more, misdemeanor

crimes that are substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensed pharmacy technician.

- d. Respondent subjected her pharmacy technician registration to discipline under Code section 4301, subdivision (h) in that on September 3, 2012, she used alcohol to the extent and in a manner that was dangerous and injurious to herself and to the public.
- e. Respondent subjected her license to discipline under sections 490 and 4301, subdivision (I) of the Code in that on February 5, 2013, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California vs. Cierra Pashawn Reid*, in Riverside County Superior Court, Case Number RIM1212889, Respondent was convicted on her plea of guilty to violating PC section 647, subdivision (b), disorderly conduct (prostitution), a misdemeanor crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensed pharmacy technician.
- f. Respondent has subjected her license to discipline under Code section 4301, subdivision (f), in that she committed acts involving moral turpitude and corruption when she solicited for prostitution.

1 ORDER IT IS SO ORDERED that Pharmacy Technician Registration No. TCH 111069, 2 heretofore issued to Respondent Cierra P. Reid, is revoked. 3 Pursuant to Government Code section 11520, subdivision (c), Respondent may serve a 4 written motion requesting that the Decision be vacated and stating the grounds relied on within 5 seven (7) days after service of the Decision on Respondent. The agency in its discretion may 6 vacate the Decision and grant a hearing on a showing of good cause, as defined in the statute. 7 8 This Decision shall become effective on December 6, 2013. 9 It is so ORDERED ON November 6, 2013. 10 **BOARD OF PHARMACY** 11 DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA 12 13 14 By 15 **Board President** 16 17 70756282.DOC DOJ Matter ID:SD2012704288 18 Attachment: 19 Exhibit A: Accusation 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

Exhibit A

Accusation

KAMALA D. HARRIS Attorney General of California ALFREDO TERRAZAS Senior Assistant Attorney General LINDA K. SCHNEIDER Supervising Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 101336 110 West "A" Street, Suite 1100 San Diego, CA 92101 P.O. Box 85266 San Diego, CA 92186-5266 Telephone: (619) 645-3037 Facsimile: (619) 645-2061 Attorneys for Complainant
BEFORE THE
BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS
STATE OF CALIFORNIA
In the Matter of the Accusation Against: Case No. 4454
CIERRA P. REID A C C U S A T I O N
25465 Hyacinth Street Corona, CA 92883
Pharmacy Technician Registration No. TCH 111069
Respondent.
respondent.
Complainant alleges:
PARTIES
1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official
capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.
2. On July 13, 2011, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacy Technician
Registration Number TCH 111069 to Cierra P. Reid (Respondent). Respondent has also been
known as Cierra Pashawn Reid. The Pharmacy Technician Registration was in full force and
effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and expired on January 31, 2013, and
has not been renewed.
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JURISDICTION

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code (Code) unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Section 4300, subdivision (a), of the Code provides that every license issued by the Board may be suspended or revoked.
 - 5. Section 4300.1 of the Code states:

The expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license.

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

6. Section 482 of the Code states:

Each board under the provisions of this code shall develop criteria to evaluate the rehabilitation of a person when:

- (a) Considering the denial of a license by the board under Section 480; or
- (b) Considering suspension or revocation of a license under Section 490.

Each board shall take into account all competent evidence of rehabilitation furnished by the applicant or licensee.

- 7. Section 490 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that a board may suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the license was issued.
 - 8. Section 493 of the Code states:

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, successful completion of any diversion program under the Penal Code, or successful completion of an alcohol and drug problem assessment program under Article 5 (commencing with Section 23249.50) of Chapter 12 of Division 11 of the Vehicle Code, shall not prohibit any agency established under Division 2 (commencing with Section 500) of this code, or any initiative act referred to in that division, from taking disciplinary action against a licensee or from denying a license for professional misconduct, notwithstanding that evidence of that misconduct may be recorded in a record

pertaining to an arrest. This section shall not be construed to apply to any drug diversion program operated by any agency established under Division 2 (commencing with Section 500) of this code, or any initiative act referred to in that division.

9. Section 4301 of the Code states:

The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

(f) The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or corruption, whether the act is committed in the course of relations as a licensee or otherwise, and whether the act is a felony or misdemeanor or not.

(h) The administering to oneself, of any controlled substance, or the use of any dangerous drug or of alcoholic beverages to the extent or in a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to oneself, to a person holding a license under this chapter, or to any other person or to the public, or to the extent that the use impairs the ability of the person to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by the license.

(1) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications. functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 (commencing with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code allowing the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or indictment.

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REGULATORY PROVISIONS

- 10. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1769, states:
- (b) When considering the suspension or revocation of a facility or a personal license on the ground that the licensee or the registrant has been convicted of a crime, the board, in evaluating the rehabilitation of such person and his present eligibility for a license will consider the following criteria:
 - (1) Nature and severity of the act(s) or offense(s).
 - (2) Total criminal record.
- (3) The time that has elapsed since commission of the act(s) or offense(s).
- (4) Whether the licensee has complied with all terms of parole, probation, restitution or any other sanctions lawfully imposed against the licensee.
 - (5) Evidence, if any, of rehabilitation submitted by the licensee.
- 11. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, states:

For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare.

COST RECOVERY

Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request 12. the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case, with failure of the licentiate to comply subjecting the license to not being renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be included in a stipulated settlement.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(August 28, 2012 Conviction for Grand Theft on July 1, 2011)

Respondent subjected her license to discipline under sections 490 and 4301, 13. subdivision (1) of the Code in that Respondent was convicted of a crime that is substantially

related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensed pharmacy technician. The circumstances are as follows:

- a. On August 28, 2012, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California vs. Cierra Pashawn Reid*, in Orange County Superior Court, Case Number 12HF0900, Respondent was convicted on her plea of guilty to violating Penal Code (PC) section 487, subdivision (a), grand theft by embezzlement, a felony.
- b. As a result of the conviction, on August 28, 2012, Respondent was sentenced to three years formal probation, and ordered to serve 180 days in the Orange County Jail with credit for one day actually served, and pay fines, fees, restitution, and ten percent interest on the restitution from date of loss until paid in full.
- c. The facts that led to the conviction are that on June 9, 2011, Respondent was hired as a sales associate and assigned to the fine jewelry section of Macy's South Coast Plaza in Costa Mesa, California. About a month after her date of hire, Respondent started taking merchandise from the jewelry counter, on an average of one item every other work shift. Respondent either concealed the item on her person, in her purse, or simply carried it out in her hand.
- d. On September 21, 2011, Respondent made fictitious purchases of two items at sale prices before a scheduled sale and indicated that the items were to be picked-up on September 28, 2011. On September 27, 2011, Respondent cleaned out a jewelry case by removing the merchandise and replacing it back into the case when clean. Respondent marked the fine jewelry status log indicating that she took two diamond rings out of the case and placed them in the hold area. On September 28, 2011, Respondent attempted to return one of the fictitiously sold items with no success. Respondent voided all the transactions related to the first item. On the same date, Respondent attempted to return the second item without success through three different registers. At a fourth register, Respondent successfully returned the second item in the amount of \$3,585.37 and obtained four different gift cards, three of which were for \$1,000.00 each and the fourth one for \$585.37. On September 29, 2011, Respondent used one of the gift

cards to purchase a watch from the store. On the same date, the fine jewelry section manager reported two missing diamond rings that were supposed to be in the hold area.

e. On September 30, 2011, during a routine review of overages and shortages for the registers, Respondent's September 28, 2011 return transactions were detected as suspicious. An investigation focused on Respondent's transactions and the 24-hour surveillance video was reviewed, which revealed her activities in the store. On October 1, 2011, Respondent admitted to creating fraudulent purchases to meet her daily sales expectations, to stealing \$62,492.05 worth of merchandise, and to attempting to sell the stolen goods through the internet. Twenty-one pieces of merchandise with a total value of \$63,824.00 were recovered from Respondent's home. The store asked for court-ordered restitution of \$31,500.00, the total amount of the twenty-three price tickets also found in Respondent's home corresponding to merchandise items that she had stolen and could no longer be located.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct - Commission of Any Act Involving Moral Turpitude, Dishonesty, Fraud, Deceit, or Corruption)

14. Respondent has subjected her license to discipline under Code section 4301, subdivision (f), in that she committed acts involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, and corruption when she stole several pieces of merchandise from her employer and sold some of it on the internet, as described in paragraph 13, above.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Jan. 18, 2013 Conviction for Driving With a BAC of .08% or More on Sep. 3, 2012)

- 15. Respondent has subjected her license to discipline under Code sections 490 and 4301, subdivision (l), in that she was convicted of a crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensed pharmacy technician. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On January 18, 2013, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California vs. Cierra Pashawn Reid*, in Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case Number 2MP10622, Respondent was convicted on her plea of *nolo contendere* to violating

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Vehicle Code (VC) 23152, subdivisions (a), driving under the influence of alcohol (DUI) and (b), driving with a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.08 percent or more, misdemeanors.

- b. As a result of the conviction, on January 31, 2013, Respondent was granted 36 months summary probation and sentenced to serve 13 days in the Los Angeles County Jail with credit for two days actually served, or pay a fine of \$390.00 in lieu of jail service, which was suspended. Respondent was also ordered to pay an additional fine or render 11 days of community service in lieu of the additional fine; pay restitution, costs, assessments, and fees; and attend and satisfactorily complete a first offender alcohol and other drug education and counseling program.
- c. The facts that led to the conviction are that on September 3, 2012, Respondent was driving over the speed limit along interstate 405 in Culver City, California and passed the patrol vehicle of two California Highway Patrol officers. The officers positioned their patrol vehicle behind Respondent's while moving at about 80 miles per hour. The distance between their patrol vehicle and Respondent's car increased. The officers then activated their forward red lights to initiate an enforcement stop. Respondent yielded and during the initial contact the officers observed Respondent's eyes to be red and watery. While Respondent was looking for her driver's license, the officers detected the odor of alcohol emitting from Respondent's car. Respondent admitted to one drink during the previous 24 hours, but also emitted alcohol from her breath and person. Respondent almost fell upon exiting her vehicle and failed the series of field sobriety tests. Respondent provided two breath samples, which both tested 0.10 percent BAC.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct - Dangerous Use of Alcohol)

16. Respondent subjected her pharmacy technician registration to discipline under Code section 4301, subdivision (h) in that on September 3, 2012, she used alcohol to the extent and in a manner that was dangerous and injurious to herself and to the public, as detailed in paragraph 15, above.

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FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(February 5, 2013 Conviction for Prostitution on July 25, 2012)

- 17. Respondent subjected her license to discipline under sections 490 and 4301, subdivision (I) of the Code in that Respondent was convicted of a crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensed pharmacy technician. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On February 5, 2013, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California vs. Cierra Pashawn Reid*, in Riverside County Superior Court, Case Number RIM1212889, Respondent was convicted on her plea of guilty to violating PC section 647, subdivision (b), disorderly conduct (prostitution), a misdemeanor.
- b. As a result of the conviction, on February 5, 2013, Respondent was granted 36 months summary probation, and sentenced to eight days in the custody of the Riverside County Sheriff to be served in the work release program, and ordered to pay fines and a penalty assessment. Respondent was also ordered to enroll in and complete an Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) education program and not to have any direct or indirect contact with www.backpage.com.
- c. The facts that led to the conviction are that on July 25, 2012, Respondent placed in the adult services section of a website an advertisement for a female escort in the Inland Empire area. Using the pseudonym, Brook, Respondent offered incalls within Riverside, California. An undercover officer of the Riverside Police Department corresponded with Respondent through mobile short message service. Respondent agreed to provide sex for pay and arranged for a rendezvous at a motel along Magnolia Avenue. The undercover officer knocked at Respondent's motel room and as soon as she identified herself as, Brook, other officers detained her for soliciting prostitution. Respondent admitted to being the person corresponding with the undercover officer through mobile short message service.