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8 **BEFORE THE**
BOARD OF PHARMACY
9 **DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS**
10 **STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

11 In the Matter of the Accusation Against:

Case No. 6017

12 **AMERICAN CUSTOM COMPOUNDING**
PHARMACY, LLC, DBA AMERICAN
13 **CUSTOM COMPOUNDING PHARMACY**
2607 Walnut Hill Lane Ste 220
14 **Dallas, TX 75229**

A C C U S A T I O N

15 **Non-Resident Pharmacy Permit No. NRP**
1262
16 **Non-Resident Sterile Compounding Permit**
No. NSC 99778

17 Respondents.
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20 Complainant alleges:

21 **PARTIES**

22 1. Virginia K. Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official
23 capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.

24 2. On or about November 5, 2012, the Board of Pharmacy issued Non-Resident
25 Pharmacy Permit Number NRP 1262 to American Custom Compounding Pharmacy, LLC, doing
26 business as American Custom Compounding Pharmacy. The Non-Resident Pharmacy Permit
27 expired on November 1, 2016, and was cancelled on January 19, 2017.
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13. Title 16, California Code of Regulations, sections 1735.2(h) and (j) states:

(h) Every compounded drug product shall be given an expiration date representing the date beyond which, in the professional judgment of the pharmacist performing or supervising the compounding, it should not be used. This "beyond use date" of the compounded drug product shall not exceed 180 days from preparation or the shortest expiration date of any component in the compounded drug product, unless a longer date is supported by stability studies of finished drugs or compounded drug products using the same components and packaging. Shorter dating than set forth in this subsection may be used if it is deemed appropriate in the professional judgment of the responsible pharmacist.

...

(j) Prior to allowing any drug product to be compounded in a pharmacy, the pharmacist-in-charge shall complete a self-assessment for compounding pharmacies developed by the board. (Incorporated by reference is "Community Pharmacy & Hospital Outpatient Pharmacy Compounding Self-Assessment" Form 17M-39 Rev. (02/12.) That form contains a first section applicable to all compounding, and a second section applicable to sterile injectable compounding. The first section must be completed by the pharmacist-in-charge before any compounding is performed in the pharmacy. The second section must be completed by the pharmacist-in-charge before any sterile injectable compounding is performed in the pharmacy. The applicable sections of the self-assessment shall subsequently be completed before July 1 of each odd-numbered year, within 30 days of the start of a new pharmacist-in-charge, and within 30 days of the issuance of a new pharmacy license. The primary purpose of the self-assessment is to promote compliance through self-examination and education.

14. Title 16, California Code of Regulations, section 1751.7 (b) and (c) states:

(b) Each individual involved in the preparation of sterile injectable products must first successfully complete a validation process on technique before being allowed to prepare sterile injectable products. The validation process shall be carried out in the same manner as normal production, except that an appropriate microbiological growth medium is used in place of the actual product used during sterile preparation. The validation process shall be representative of all types of manipulation, products and batch sizes the individual is expected to prepare. The same personnel, procedures, equipment, and materials must be involved. Completed medium samples must be incubated. If microbial growth is detected, then the sterile preparation process must be evaluation, corrective action taken, and the validation process repeated. Personnel competency must be revalidated at least every twelve months, whenever the quality assurance program yields an unacceptable result, when the compounding process changes, equipment used in the compounding of sterile injectable drug products is repaired or replaced, the facility is modified in a manner that affects airflow or traffic patterns, or whenever improper aseptic techniques are observed. Revalidation must be documented.

....

1 (c) Batch-produced sterile injectable drug products compounded from one or
2 more non-sterile ingredients shall be subject to documented end product testing for
sterility and pyrogens and shall be quarantined until the end product testing confirms
sterility and acceptable levels of pyrogens.

3 15. Texas Administrative Code, title 22, Part 15, Chapter 291, Subchapter B,
4 sections 291.36(9) and 291.32(c)(1)(E) provides that all pharmacists on duty at a
5 pharmacy engaged in the compounding of sterile preparations must comply with all state
6 and federal laws or rules governing the practice of pharmacy.

7 16. Texas Occupations Code, title 3, Chapter 565, Subchapter J, section
8 565.001(a)(12) provides that the Texas Pharmacy Board may discipline a pharmacy
9 license if the Board finds that the pharmacy has violated any pharmacy or drug statute or
10 rule of Texas, another state or the United States.

11 COST RECOVERY

12 17. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the
13 administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of
14 the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and
15 enforcement of the case.

16 DRUGS

17 18. Bacteriostatic sterile water is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions
18 Code section 4022.

19 19. Human Chorionic Gonadotropin is a Schedule III controlled substance pursuant to
20 Health and Safety Code section 11056(f)(32) and a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and
21 Professions Code section 4022.

22 20. Testosterone Cypionate is a Schedule III controlled substance pursuant to Health and
23 Safety Code section 11056(f)(30) and a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions
24 Code section 4022.

25 21. Sermorelin is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section
26 4022.

1 **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

2 22. From approximately March 2016 through August 2016, Respondent compounded
3 sterile injectable drug products at its compounding facility in Texas and furnished certain of those
4 drug products to patients in California.

5 23. Respondent did not test and quarantine, as required prior to dispensing, the following
6 batch-produced sterile products compounded from one or more non-sterile components: Lot
7 #0512016@7 (testosterone cypionate 200mg/ml, Lot #03072016@1 (sermorelin/GHRP-2
8 9mg/15mg), Lot #03282016@1 (bacteriostatic sterile water), Lot #06082016@2 (HSC
9 800IU/5ml), Lot #06302016@3 (testosterone cypionate 100 mg/ml) and Lot #06302016@2
10 (testosterone cypionate 100 mg/ml).

11 24. From June 29, 2016 through July 26, 2016, Respondent's pharmacist-in-charge did
12 not complete a validation process on aseptic technique prior to compounding thirteen batches of
13 compounded sterile drug products. The pharmacist-in-charge also did not complete a
14 compounding self-assessment when he became the pharmacist-in-charge on June 29, 2016.

15 25. On March 28, 2016, Respondent compounded bacteriostatic sterile water (lot
16 #03282016@1) and assigned an expiration date equaling 270 days, without conducting or having
17 any stability studies to support the assigned expiration date.

18 **FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

19 **(Failure to Complete Validation Process on Technique)**

20 26. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 4301(o), for violating
21 California Code of Regulations, title 21, section 1751.7(b), in that pharmacy staff compounding
22 sterile injectable drugs were not properly trained, as set forth in paragraphs 22 through 25, which
23 are incorporated herein by reference.

24 **SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

25 **(Failure to Properly Conduct End Product Testing for Sterile Injectable Drug Products)**

26 27. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 4301(o), for violating
27 title 16, California Code of Regulations, section 1751.7(c), in that it failed to properly test and
28

1 quarantine sterile injectable drug products, as set forth in paragraphs 22 through 25, which are
2 incorporated herein by reference.

3 **THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

4 **(Failure to Assign Proper Beyond Use Date)**

5 28. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 4301(o), for violating
6 California Code of Regulations, section 1735.2(h), in that it did not assign a proper beyond use
7 date for the drugs that were compounded with components set to expire in advance of the beyond
8 use date assigned by Respondent, as set forth in paragraphs 22 through 25, which are
9 incorporated herein by reference.

10 **FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

11 **(Failure to Complete Compounding Self-Assessment Form)**

12 29. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 4301, subdivision (o) for
13 violating California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1735.2(j), in that Respondent did not
14 complete a self-assessment form prior to compounding drug products, as set forth in paragraphs
15 22 through 25, which are incorporated herein by reference.

16 **FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

17 **(Unprofessional Conduct)**

18 30. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 4301 for
19 unprofessional conduct in that it engaged in the activities described in paragraphs 22 through 25
20 above, which are incorporated herein by reference.

21 **PRAYER**

22 WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged,
23 and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision:

- 24 1. Revoking or suspending Non-Resident Pharmacy Permit Number NRP 1262, issued
25 to American Custom Compounding Pharmacy, LLC, doing business as American Custom
26 Compounding Pharmacy;

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2. Revoking or suspending Non-Resident Sterile Compounding Permit Number NSC 99778, issued to American Custom Compounding Pharmacy, LLC, doing business as American Custom Compounding Pharmacy;

3. Ordering American Custom Compounding Pharmacy, LLC, doing business as American Custom Compounding Pharmacy to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3; and,

4. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

DATED: 4/24/17

Virginia K. Herold

VIRGINIA K. HEROLD
Executive Officer
Board of Pharmacy
Department of Consumer Affairs
State of California
Complainant

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