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8	BEFORE THE	
9	BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
10	STATE OF CA	ALIFORNIA
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 5689
12	JEREMY RAY HALL 16818 Downey Ave., #52	ACCUSATION
13	Paramount, CA 90723	
14	Pharmacy Technician Registration No. TCH 141767	
15	Respondent.	
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17	Complainant alleges:	
18	PARTIES	
19	1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official	
20	capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of Consumer	
21	Affairs.	
22	2. On August 15, 2014, the Board issued Pharmacy Technician Registration Number	
23	TCH 141767 to Jeremy Ray Hall (Respondent). The Pharmacy Technician Registration expired	
24	on February 29, 2016, and has not been renewed.	
25	JURISDICTION	
26	3. This Accusation is brought before the Board under the authority of the following	
27	laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code (Code) unless otherwise	
28	indicated.	
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4. Code section 4300, subdivision (a) provides that every license issued by the Board may be suspended or revoked.

# 5. Code section 4300.1 states:

The expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license.

## STATUTORY PROVISIONS

#### 6. Code section 482 states:

Each board under the provisions of this code shall develop criteria to evaluate the rehabilitation of a person when:

- (a) Considering the denial of a license by the board under Section 480; or
- (b) Considering suspension or revocation of a license under Section 490.

Each board shall take into account all competent evidence of rehabilitation furnished by the applicant or licensee.

7. Code section 490 provides, in pertinent part, that a board may suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the license was issued.

#### 8. Code section 493 states:

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, successful completion of any diversion program under the Penal Code, or successful completion of an alcohol and drug problem assessment program under Article 5 (commencing with Section 23249.50) of Chapter 12 of Division 11 of the Vehicle Code, shall not prohibit any agency established under Division 2 (commencing with Section 500) of this code, or any initiative act referred to in that division, from taking disciplinary action against a licensee or from denying a license for professional misconduct, notwithstanding that evidence of that misconduct may be recorded in a record pertaining to an arrest. This section shall not be construed to apply to any drug diversion program operated by any agency established under Division 2 (commencing with Section 500) of this code, or any initiative act referred to in that division.

## 9. Section 4301 of the Code states:

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The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

- (f) The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or corruption, whether the act is committed in the course of relations as a licensee or otherwise, and whether the act is a felony or misdemeanor or not.
- (g) Knowingly making or signing any certificate or other document that falsely represents the existence or nonexistence of a state of facts.

(1) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 (commencing with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code allowing the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or indictment.

## REGULATORY PROVISIONS

- 10. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1769, states, in pertinent part:
- (b) When considering the suspension or revocation of a facility or a personal license on the ground that the licensee or the registrant has been convicted of a crime, the board, in evaluating the rehabilitation of such person and his present eligibility for a license will consider the following criteria:

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- (1) Nature and severity of the act(s) or offense(s).
- (2) Total criminal record.
- (3) The time that has elapsed since commission of the act(s) or offense(s).
- (4) Whether the licensee has complied with all terms of parole, probation, restitution or any other sanctions lawfully imposed against the licensee.
  - (5) Evidence, if any, of rehabilitation submitted by the licensee.
- 11. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, states:

For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare.

#### COST RECOVERY

12. Code section 125.3 provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case, with failure of the licentiate to comply subjecting the license to not being renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be included in a stipulated settlement.

## FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

# (July 21, 2015 Conviction for Grand Theft from March 1, 2012 to August 31, 2012)

- 13. Respondent is subject to discipline under Code sections 490 and 4301, subdivision (l) in that Respondent was convicted of a crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a registered pharmacy technician. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On July 21, 2015, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California vs. Jeremy Ray Hall*, in Orange County Superior Court, North Justice Center, Criminal Division Case Number 15NF1675, Respondent was convicted on his plea of guilty of violating Penal Code (PC) section 487, subdivision (a), grand theft, a felony. Respondent

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admitted and the court found true the allegation that in the commission of grand theft, Respondent intentionally took, damaged, and destroyed property of a value exceeding \$65,000,00, a sentencing enhancement under PC section 12022.6, subdivision (a)(1),

- As a result of the conviction, on August 10, 2015, Respondent was b. sentenced to 210 days in the Orange County Jail, with credit for 49 days actually served and 49 days for good behavior, and granted five years formal probation under certain terms and conditions. Respondent was ordered to pay fines, assessments, fees, and restitution, with credit for the equivalent amount of one day actually served. Respondent was also ordered to provide a biological sample under PC sections 296 and 296.1.
- c. The facts that led to the conviction are that on and between January 1, 2012 and August 31, 2012, while employed by Prime Healthcare Services, Inc. (PHSI) and assigned as a cashier with West Anaheim Medical Center (WAMC), Huntington Beach Hospital (HBH), and La Palma Intercommunity Hospital (LPIH), all in Orange County, California, \$72,776.32 was discovered missing from Respondent's cash receipts from the cafeterias of HBH and LPIH. The circumstances are that on August 20, 2012, the regional controller of PHSI noted that receipts from the cafeterias of both HBH and LPIH were significantly diminished compared to prior years, starting March 2012 to August 2012. The regional controller examined the journal entries prepared by Respondent and compared them to the carbon copies retained by the accounting offices of HBH and LPIH. The regional controller discovered that some of the journal entries reviewed and entered into the summary cash reconciliation by Respondent had been altered with correction fluid. The alterations were made to deposit entries, reducing the original amount. The alterations consistently showed up in the journal pages that were processed by Respondent, month after month, from March to August 2012. Only Respondent had a key to the cash deposit bags that also contained the original deposit tickets indicating the cash amount. Only Respondent prepared the summary cash reconciliation reports for the deposit bags which was corroborated by computer records. It was against company standards and practice to alter journals with correction fluid, and Respondent was obligated to report any such alterations to the regional controller. Respondent never made any such report. It was determined that during the

	2 Orderina I		
1	2. Ordering Jeremy Ray Hall to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs of		
2	the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code		
3	section 125.3; and		
4	3. Taking such other and fur	3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.	
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7	4/4/16	() $()$	
8	DATED: 7/7/16	VIGINIA HEROLD	
9		VIRGINIA HEROLD Executive Officer	
10		Board of Pharmacy Department of Consumer Affairs State of California	
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