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9	BEFORE THI	E	
10	BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS		
11	STATE OF CALIFO	ORNIA	
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 5388	
13	LUIS MANUEL HERNANDEZ	FIRST AMENDED ACCUSATION	
14	27657 Brentstone Way Murietta, CA 92563		
15	Pharmacy Technician Registration No. TCH 78828		
16	Respondent.		
17			
18	Complainant alleges:		
19	PARTIES		
20	Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this First Amended Accusation solely in		
21	her official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of		
22	Consumer Affairs.		
23	2. On October 18, 2007, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacy Technician		
24	Registration Number TCH 78828 to Luis Manuel Hernandez (Respondent). The Pharmacy		
25	Technician Registration was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought		
26	herein and will expire on November 30, 2016, unless renewed.		
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First Amended Accusation CSBP Case Number 5388

JURISDICTION

- 3. This First Amended Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Section 4300, subdivision (a) provides that every license issued by the Board may be suspended or revoked.

5. Section 4300.1 states:

The expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license.

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

6. Section 482 states:

Each board under the provisions of this code shall develop criteria to evaluate the rehabilitation of a person when:

- (a) Considering the denial of a license by the board under Section 480; or
- (b) Considering suspension or revocation of a license under Section 490.

Each board shall take into account all competent evidence of rehabilitation furnished by the applicant or licensee.

7. Section 4301 states:

The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

- (g) Knowingly making or signing any certificate or other document that falsely represents the existence or nonexistence of a state of facts.
- (h) The administering to oneself, of any controlled substance, or the use of any dangerous drug or of alcoholic beverages to the extent or in a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to oneself, to a person holding a license under this chapter, or to any other person or to the public, or to the extent that the use impairs the ability of the person to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by the license.

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(k) The conviction of more than one misdemeanor or any felony involving the use, consumption, or self-administration of any dangerous drug or alcoholic beverage, or any combination of those substances.

(l) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 (commencing with section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under section 1203.4 of the Penal Code allowing the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or indictment.

(p) Actions or conduct that would have warranted denial of a license.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

- 8. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1769, states:
- (b) When considering the suspension or revocation of a facility or a personal license on the ground that the licensee or the registrant has been convicted of a crime, the board, in evaluating the rehabilitation of such person and his present eligibility for a license will consider the following criteria:
 - (1) Nature and severity of the act(s) or offense(s).
 - (2) Total criminal record.
- (3) The time that has elapsed since commission of the act(s) or offense(s).
- (4) Whether the licensee has complied with all terms of parole, probation, restitution or any other sanctions lawfully imposed against the licensee.
 - (5) Evidence, if any, of rehabilitation submitted by the licensee.

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9. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, states:

For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare.

COST RECOVERY

10. Section 125.3 provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case, with failure of the licentiate to comply subjecting the license to not being renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be included in a stipulated settlement.

DRUGS AT ISSUE

- 11. Alprazolam is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d)(1) and is a dangerous drug under section 4022.
- 12. Clonazepam is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code, section 11057, subdivision (d)(7) and is a dangerous drug under section 4022.
- 13. Diazepam is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code, section 11057, subdivision (d)(9) and is a dangerous drug under section 4022.
- 14. Hydrocodone is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11055, subdivision (b)(1)(I) and is a dangerous drug under section 4022.
- 15. Lorazepam is a Scheduled IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d)(16) and is a dangerous drug under section 4022.
- Nordiazepam, is an active metabolite of Diazepam, a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code, section 11057, subdivision (d)(9) and a dangerous drug under section 4022.

- 17. Oxazepam is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d)(23) and is a dangerous drug under section 4022.
- 18. Oxycodone is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code Section 11055(b)(1)(M) and is a dangerous drug under section 4022.
- 19. Temazepam, is a depressant in the benzodiazepine family and is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code, section 11057, subdivision (d)(1) and a dangerous drug under section 4022.
- 20. 7-Aminoclonazepam, is a major metabolite of Clonazepam, a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code, section 11057, subdivision (d)(7) and a dangerous drug under section 4022.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Jan. 12, 2009 Conviction for Driving with a BAC .08 Percent or More on Dec. 13, 2008)

- Respondent has subjected his pharmacy technician registration to discipline under sections 490 and 4301, subdivision (l), in that he was convicted of crimes that are substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a registered pharmacy technician. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On January 12, 2009, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California v. Luis Manuel Hernandez*, in the Orange County Superior Court, Central Justice Center, Criminal Division Case Number 09CM00051, Respondent was convicted on his plea of guilty to violating Vehicle Code (VC) section 23152, subdivisions (a), driving while under the influence of alcohol (DUI), and (b), driving with a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.08 percent or more, both misdemeanors.
- b. As a result of the convictions, on January 12, 2009, Respondent was sentenced to three years informal probation under standard alcohol conditions. Respondent was ordered to pay fines, fees, restitution, and assessments, and attend and satisfactorily complete a three-month first offender alcohol program and a Mothers Against Drunk Driving Victim's Impact Panel session.

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c. The facts that led to the conviction are that on December 13, 2008, Respondent erratically changed lanes while driving over the legal speed limit on state route SR-55, south of Dyer Road in Santa Ana, California. A California Highway Patrol (CHP) officer driving behind Respondent initiated an enforcement stop. Upon contact with Respondent, the officer immediately smelled alcohol coming from inside Respondent's car. Respondent admitted to drinking two beers earlier. Respondent was told to exit and stand by the patrol vehicle. While answering the officer's questions, the smell of alcohol emitted from Respondent's breath and person, his speech was slurred, his gait unsteady, and his eyes watery. Respondent failed to perform a series of field sobriety tests as explained and demonstrated. Respondent provided breath samples for the preliminary alcohol screen (PAS), which indicated a BAC of .115 percent and .117 percent after three minutes. Respondent was subsequently arrested and transported to the Orange County Jail, where he provided a blood sample, which tested a BAC of .12 percent.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION

(March 3, 2014 Conviction for Corporal Injury on Spouse on November 24, 2013)

- 22. Respondent has subjected his pharmacy technician registration to discipline under sections 490 and 4301, subdivision (l), in that he was convicted of a crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a registered pharmacy technician. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On March 3, 2014, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California vs. Luis Manuel Hernandez*, in Riverside County Superior Court, Southwest Justice Center, Criminal Division Case Number SWM1401008, Respondent was convicted on his plea of guilty to violating Penal Code section 273.5, subdivision (a), corporal injury on spouse, a misdemeanor.
- b. As a result of the conviction, on March 3, 2014, Respondent was sentenced to be committed to the custody of the Riverside County Sheriff for 20 days, to be served in the work release program. Respondent was granted 36 months summary probation subject to protective order conditions. Respondent was ordered to perform 20 hours of community service through alternative sentencing program and attend and complete a 52-week

domestic violence batterers' treatment program. Respondent was also ordered to pay fines and fees.

c. The facts that led to the conviction are that on November 24, 2013, Respondent inflicted corporal injury resulting in a traumatic condition upon his spouse.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(May 14, 2014 Conviction for Driving Under the Influence of Drugs on January 14, 2014)

- 23. Respondent has subjected his pharmacy technician registration to discipline under sections 490 and 4301, subdivision (I), in that he was convicted of a crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a registered pharmacy technician. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On May 14, 2014, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California v. Luis Manuel Hernandez*, in Riverside County Superior Court, Southwest Justice Center, Criminal Division Case Number SWM1401481, Respondent was convicted on his plea of guilty to violating VC section 23152, subdivision (e), driving while under the influence of drugs, a misdemeanor. Respondent admitted and the court found true the allegation that under VC sections 23626 and 23540, within ten years of violating VC section 23152, subdivision (e), mentioned above, on December 13, 2008, Respondent committed a separate violation of VC section 23152, subdivisions (a), DUI, and (b), driving with a BAC of 0.08 percent or more, both misdemeanors resulting in a conviction on January 12, 2009, in case number 09CM00051, detailed in paragraph 21, above.
- b. As a result of the conviction, on May 14, 2014, Respondent was sentenced to be committed to the custody of the Riverside County Sheriff for 30 days, with credit for one day served and 29 days to be served under the work release program. Respondent was granted 48 months summary probation under standard alcohol conditions. Respondent was ordered to pay a fine and penalty assessment. Respondent was also ordered to attend and satisfactorily complete an 18-month multiple offender DUI program.
- c. The facts that led to the conviction are that on January 14, 2014, Respondent was driving erratically and failing to maintain his lane on interstate freeway I-15 in Temecula,

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California. A United States Marshall deputy driving behind Respondent's vehicle noticed Respondent's unsafe driving maneuvers and initiated an enforcement stop. A CHP officer responded to Respondent's location. Upon contact with Respondent, the CHP officer noticed Respondent's slurred speech and bloodshot eyes. Respondent denied having any alcoholic drinks and the CHP officer did not smell alcohol either from Respondent or his car. When told to exit his vehicle, Respondent unsteadily walked toward the rear of the vehicle. While talking with the CHP officer, Respondent appeared drowsy and was swaying. Respondent admitted to taking medication the night before but not that morning. Respondent failed to perform the series of field sobriety tests as explained and demonstrated. Respondent consented to a PAS test, which indicated no measurable alcohol in his system. However, Respondent's pulse was approximately 100 beats per minute. Respondent was subsequently arrested and transported to CHP's area office in Temecula, where he provided a blood sample, which upon testing indicated positive for Alprazolam, Clonazepam, Diazepam, Hydrocodone, Lorazepam, Nordiazepam, Oxazepam, Oxazepam, Oxycodone, Temazepam, and 7-Aminoclonazepam.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct - Dangerous Use of Drugs and Alcohol)

24. Respondent has subjected his pharmacy technician registration to discipline under section 4301, subdivision (h) in that on December 13, 2008, he used alcohol, as described in paragraph 21, above, and on January 14, 2014, he used drugs, as described in paragraph 23, above, which are incorporated by reference, to the extent and in a manner that was dangerous and injurious to himself and to the public.

FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct - Conviction of Alcohol Related Misdemeanors)

25. Respondent has subjected his pharmacy technician registration to discipline under Code section 4301, subdivision (k) in that on January 12, 2009, he was convicted of more than one misdemeanor involving the use or consumption of alcohol.

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SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Conduct That Would Have Warranted Denial of a License)

26. Respondent has subjected his pharmacy technician registration to discipline under Code section 4301, subdivision (p), in that Respondent was convicted of four misdemeanors, conduct that would have warranted the denial of a pharmacy technician registration under Code section 480, subdivision (a)(1), as detailed in paragraphs 21 to 23, above.

SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Misrepresentation on License Renewal Application)

27. Respondent has subjected his pharmacy technician registration to discipline under Code section 4301, subdivision (g), in that Respondent falsely stated on his October 21, 2014, Pharmacy Technician Registration Renewal Application that he had not been convicted of any crime in any state since he last renewed his license, when, in fact, Respondent had been convicted on March 3, 2014, for corporal injury on spouse and on May 14, 2014, for driving under the influence of drugs, as detailed in paragraphs 22 to 23, above.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision:

- 1. Revoking or suspending Pharmacy Technician Registration Number TCH 78828, issued to Luis Manuel Hernandez;
- 2. Ordering Luis Manuel Hernandez to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3; and
 - 3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary, and proper.

DATED: 2/17/16

VIRGINIA HEROLD Executive Officer Board of Pharmacy

Department of Consumer Affairs

State of California

Complainant

SD2015700280

	•		
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2	LINDA K. SCHNEIDER Senior Assistant Attorney General JAMES M. LEDAKIS Supervising Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 132645 110 West "A" Street, Suite 1100		
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8	Attorneys for Complainant		
9	BEFORE THE		
10	BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
11		Jana I	
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 5388	
13	LUIS MANUEL HERNANDEZ 27657 Brentstone Way	ACCUSATION	
14	Murietta, CA 92563		
15	Pharmacy Technician Registration No. TCH 78828		
16	Respondent.		
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18	Complainant alleges:		
19	PARTIES		
20	1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official		
21	capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.		
22	2. On October 18, 2007, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacy Technician		
23	Registration Number TCH 78828 to Luis Manuel Hernandez (Respondent). The Pharmacy		
24	Technician Registration was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought		
25	herein and will expire on November 30, 2016, unless renewed.		
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Accusation CSBP Case Number 5388

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3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.

4. Section 4300, subdivision (a) provides that every license issued by the Board may be suspended or revoked.

5. Section 4300.1 states:

The expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license.

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

6. Section 482 states:

Each board under the provisions of this code shall develop criteria to evaluate the rehabilitation of a person when:

- (a) Considering the denial of a license by the board under Section 480; or
- (b) Considering suspension or revocation of a license under Section 490.

Each board shall take into account all competent evidence of rehabilitation furnished by the applicant or licensee.

7. Section 4301 states:

The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

(h) The administering to oneself, of any controlled substance, or the use of any dangerous drug or of alcoholic beverages to the extent or in a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to oneself, to a person holding a license under this chapter, or to any other person or to the public, or to the extent that the use impairs the ability of the person to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by the license.

. . . .

(k) The conviction of more than one misdemeanor or any felony involving
the use, consumption, or self-administration of any dangerous drug or alcoholic
beverage, or any combination of those substances.

- (1) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 (commencing with section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under section 1203.4 of the Penal Code allowing the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or indictment.
 - (p) Actions or conduct that would have warranted denial of a license.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

- 8. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1769, states:
- (b) When considering the suspension or revocation of a facility or a personal license on the ground that the licensee or the registrant has been convicted of a crime, the board, in evaluating the rehabilitation of such person and his present eligibility for a license will consider the following criteria:
 - (1) Nature and severity of the act(s) or offense(s).
 - (2) Total criminal record.
- (3) The time that has elapsed since commission of the act(s) or offense(s).
- (4) Whether the licensee has complied with all terms of parole, probation, restitution or any other sanctions lawfully imposed against the licensee.
 - (5) Evidence, if any, of rehabilitation submitted by the licensee.

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9. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, states:

For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare.

COST RECOVERY

10. Section 125.3 provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case, with failure of the licentiate to comply subjecting the license to not being renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be included in a stipulated settlement.

DRUGS AT ISSUE

- 11. Alprazolam is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d)(1) and is a dangerous drug under section 4022.
- 12. Clonazepam is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code, section 11057, subdivision (d)(7) and is a dangerous drug under section 4022.
- 13. Diazepam is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code, section 11057, subdivision (d)(9) and is a dangerous drug under section 4022.
- 14. Hydrocodone is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11055, subdivision (b)(1)(I) and is a dangerous drug under section 4022.
- 15. Lorazepam is a Scheduled IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d)(16) and is a dangerous drug under section 4022.
- 16. Nordiazepam, is an active metabolite of Diazepam, a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code, section 11057, subdivision (d)(9) and a dangerous drug under section 4022.

- 17. Oxazepam is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d)(23) and is a dangerous drug under section 4022.
- 18. Oxycodone is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code Section 11055(b)(1)(M) and is a dangerous drug under section 4022.
- 19. Temazepam, is a depressant in the benzodiazepine family and is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code, section 11057, subdivision (d)(1) and a dangerous drug under section 4022.
- 20. 7-Aminoclonazepam, is a major metabolite of Clonazepam, a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code, section 11057, subdivision (d)(7) and a dangerous drug under section 4022.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Jan. 12, 2009 Conviction for Driving with a BAC .08 Percent or More on Dec. 13, 2008)

- 21. Respondent has subjected his pharmacy technician registration to discipline under sections 490 and 4301, subdivision (I), in that he was convicted of crimes that are substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a registered pharmacy technician. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On January 12, 2009, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California v. Luis Manuel Hernandez*, in the Orange County Superior Court, Central Justice Center, Criminal Division Case Number 09CM00051, Respondent was convicted on his plea of guilty to violating Vehicle Code (VC) section 23152, subdivisions (a), driving while under the influence of alcohol (DUI), and (b), driving with a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.08 percent or more, both misdemeanors.
- b. As a result of the convictions, on January 12, 2009, Respondent was sentenced to three years informal probation under standard alcohol conditions. Respondent was ordered to pay fines, fees, restitution, and assessments, and attend and satisfactorily complete a three-month first offender alcohol program and a Mothers Against Drunk Driving Victim's Impact Panel session.

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c. The facts that led to the conviction are that on December 13, 2008, Respondent erratically changed lanes while driving over the legal speed limit on state route SR-55, south of Dyer Road in Santa Ana, California. A California Highway Patrol (CHP) officer driving behind Respondent initiated an enforcement stop. Upon contact with Respondent, the officer immediately smelled alcohol coming from inside Respondent's car. Respondent admitted to drinking two beers earlier. Respondent was told to exit and stand by the patrol vehicle. While answering the officer's questions, the smell of alcohol emitted from Respondent's breath and person, his speech was slurred, his gait unsteady, and his eyes watery. Respondent failed to perform a series of field sobriety tests as explained and demonstrated. Respondent provided breath samples for the preliminary alcohol screen (PAS), which indicated a BAC of .115 percent and .117 percent after three minutes. Respondent was subsequently arrested and transported to the Orange County Jail, where he provided a blood sample, which tested a BAC of .12 percent.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION

(March 3, 2014 Conviction for Corporal Injury on Spouse on November 24, 2013)

- 22. Respondent has subjected his pharmacy technician registration to discipline under sections 490 and 4301, subdivision (l), in that he was convicted of a crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a registered pharmacy technician. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On March 3, 2014, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California vs. Luis Manuel Hernandez*, in Riverside County Superior Court, Southwest Justice Center, Criminal Division Case Number SWM1401008, Respondent was convicted on his plea of guilty to violating Penal Code section 273.5, subdivision (a), corporal injury on spouse, a misdemeanor.
- b. As a result of the conviction, on March 3, 2014, Respondent was sentenced to be committed to the custody of the Riverside County Sheriff for 20 days, to be served in the work release program. Respondent was granted 36 months summary probation subject to protective order conditions. Respondent was ordered to perform 20 hours of community service through alternative sentencing program and attend and complete a 52-week

domestic violence batterers' treatment program. Respondent was also ordered to pay fines and fees.

c. The facts that led to the conviction are that on November 24, 2013, Respondent inflicted corporal injury resulting in a traumatic condition upon his spouse.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(May 14, 2014 Conviction for Driving Under the Influence of Drugs on January 14, 2014)

- 23. Respondent has subjected his pharmacy technician registration to discipline under sections 490 and 4301, subdivision (I), in that he was convicted of a crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a registered pharmacy technician. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On May 14, 2014, in a criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California v. Luis Manuel Hernandez*, in Riverside County Superior Court, Southwest Justice Center, Criminal Division Case Number SWM1401481, Respondent was convicted on his plea of guilty to violating VC section 23152, subdivision (e), driving while under the influence of drugs, a misdemeanor. Respondent admitted and the court found true the allegation that under VC sections 23626 and 23540, within ten years of violating VC section 23152, subdivision (e), mentioned above, on December 13, 2008, Respondent committed a separate violation of VC section 23152, subdivisions (a), DUI, and (b), driving with a BAC of 0.08 percent or more, both misdemeanors resulting in a conviction on January 12, 2009, in case number 09CM00051, detailed in paragraph 21, above.
- b. As a result of the conviction, on May 14, 2014, Respondent was sentenced to be committed to the custody of the Riverside County Sheriff for 30 days, with credit for one day served and 29 days to be served under the work release program. Respondent was granted 48 months summary probation under standard alcohol conditions. Respondent was ordered to pay a fine and penalty assessment. Respondent was also ordered to attend and satisfactorily complete an 18-month multiple offender DUI program.
- c. The facts that led to the conviction are that on January 14, 2014, Respondent was driving erratically and failing to maintain his lane on interstate freeway I-15 in Temecula,

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California. A United States Marshall deputy driving behind Respondent's vehicle noticed Respondent's unsafe driving maneuvers and initiated an enforcement stop. A CHP officer responded to Respondent's location. Upon contact with Respondent, the CHP officer noticed Respondent's slurred speech and bloodshot eyes. Respondent denied having any alcoholic drinks and the CHP officer did not smell alcohol either from Respondent or his car. When told to exit his vehicle, Respondent unsteadily walked toward the rear of the vehicle. While talking with the CHP officer, Respondent appeared drowsy and was swaying. Respondent admitted to taking medication the night before but not that morning. Respondent failed to perform the series of field sobriety tests as explained and demonstrated. Respondent consented to a PAS test, which indicated no measurable alcohol in his system. However, Respondent's pulse was approximately 100 beats per minute. Respondent was subsequently arrested and transported to CHP's area office in Temecula, where he provided a blood sample, which upon testing indicated positive for Alprazolam, Clonazepam, Diazepam, Hydrocodone, Lorazepam, Nordiazepam, Oxazepam, Oxycodone, Temazepam, and 7-Aminoclonazepam.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct - Dangerous Use of Drugs and Alcohol)

24. Respondent has subjected his pharmacy technician registration to discipline under section 4301, subdivision (h) in that on December 13, 2008, he used alcohol, as described in paragraph 21, above, and on January 14, 2014, he used drugs, as described in paragraph 23, above, which are incorporated by reference, to the extent and in a manner that was dangerous and injurious to himself and to the public.

FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct - Conviction of Alcohol Related Misdemeanors)

25, Respondent has subjected his pharmacy technician registration to discipline under Code section 4301, subdivision (k) in that on January 12, 2009, he was convicted of more than one misdemeanor involving the use or consumption of alcohol.

SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Conduct That Would Have Warranted Denial of a License)

26. Respondent has subjected his pharmacy technician registration to discipline under Code section 4301, subdivision (p), in that Respondent was convicted of four misdemeanors, conduct that would have warranted the denial of a pharmacy technician registration under Code section 480, subdivision (a)(1), as detailed in paragraphs 21 to 23, above.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision:

- 1. Revoking or suspending Pharmacy Technician Registration Number TCH 78828, issued to Luis Manuel Hernandez;
- 2. Ordering Luis Manuel Hernandez to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3; and
 - 3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

DATED:	9/12/15	Vuginia Xked
	,	VIRGINIA HEROLD

VIRGINIA HEROLD Executive Officer Board of Pharmacy

Department of Consumer Affairs

State of California Complainant

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