1	KAMALA D. HARRIS	
2	Attorney General of California LINDA K, SCHNEIDER	
3	Senior Assistant Attorney General GREGORY J. SALUTE	
4	Supervising Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 164015	
5	110 West "A" Street, Suite 1100 San Diego, CA 92101	
6	P.O. Box 85266 San Diego, CA 92186-5266	
7	Telephone: (619) 645-2617 Facsimile: (619) 645-2106	
8	Attorneys for Complainant	
9	BEFORE THE	
10	BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS	
11	STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 5381
13	JANE I, OYAMA	ACCUSATION
14	1467 Stonehaven Court Riverside, CA 92507	
15	Pharmacist License No. RPH 49169	
16	Respondent.	
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18	Complainant alleges:	
19	PARTIES	
20	1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity	
21	as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.	
22	2. On or about January 17, 1997, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacist License	
23	Number RPH 49169 to Jane I. Oyama, who is also known as Jane Inkyun Oyama, Jane Linkyung	
24	Park, Jane Linkyung Chun, Jane Lin Kyung Chun, and Jane I. Chun (Respondent). The	
25	Pharmacist License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein	
26	and will expire on February 28, 2017, unless renewed.	
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JURISDICTION

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code (Code) unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Section 4300(a) of the Code states "Every license issued may be suspended or revoked."
 - 5. Section 4300.1 of the Code states:

The expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license.

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

6. Section 482 of the Code states:

Each board under the provisions of this code shall develop criteria to evaluate the rehabilitation of a person when:

- (a) Considering the denial of a license by the board under Section 480; or
- (b) Considering suspension or revocation of a license under Section 490.

Each board shall take into account all competent evidence of rehabilitation furnished by the applicant or licensee.

- 7. Section 490 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that a board may suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the license was issued.
 - 8. Section 493 of the Code states:

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a proceeding conducted by a board within the department pursuant to law to deny an application for a license or to suspend or revoke a license or otherwise take disciplinary action against a person who holds a license, upon the ground that the applicant or the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question, the record of conviction of the crime shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the conviction occurred, but only of that fact, and the board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime in order to fix the degree of

discipline or to determine if the conviction is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question.

As used in this section, "license" includes "certificate," "permit," "authority," and "registration."

9. Section 4301 of the Code states:

The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

(f) The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or corruption, whether the act is committed in the course of relations as a licensee or otherwise, and whether the act is a felony or misdemeanor or not.

(h) The administering to oneself, of any controlled substance, or the use of any dangerous drug or of alcoholic beverages to the extent or in a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to oneself, to a person holding a license under this chapter, or to any other person or to the public, or to the extent that the use impairs the ability of the person to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by the license.

(k) The conviction of more than one misdemeanor or any felony involving the use, consumption, or self-administration of any dangerous drug or alcoholic beverage, or any combination of those substances.

(1) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 (commencing with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the qualifications. functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code allowing the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or indictment.

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enforcement of the case, with failure of the licentiate to comply subjecting the license to not being renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be included in a stipulated settlement.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(February 1, 2013 Criminal Conviction for Disorderly Conduct—Public Intoxication on April 25, 2010)

- 14. Respondent has subjected her license to discipline under sections 490 and 4301(l) of the Code in that she was convicted of a crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, duties, and functions of a pharmacist. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On May 10, 2010, in a criminal proceeding entitled *People of the State of California v. Jane Inkyung Oyama*, in San Bernardino County Superior Court, case number G-136341JO, a complaint was filed against Respondent alleging a violation of Penal Code section 647(f) disorderly conduct (public intoxication). Respondent failed to appear at her arraignment on the charges on July 15, 2010, and a bench warrant was issued for her arrest.
- b. On February 1, 2013, Respondent was convicted on her plea of guilty to violating Penal Code section 647(f), a misdemeanor. An additional count of violating Penal Code section 853.7, failure to appear, was dismissed. Respondent was ordered to pay fees and fines.
- April 25, 2010, a patrol officer with the Redlands Police Department responded to two reports of a disoriented female walking along the Interstate 10 freeway. As the officer approached a freeway overpass, he saw Respondent, dressed all in black and barefoot, walking along the right shoulder of the freeway. After nearly impacting Respondent, the officer activated his emergency lights to alert oncoming traffic, and came to a sudden stop. The officer noted that Respondent became irate, yelling and flailing her arms. As the officer approached Respondent, he observed that she was swaying, her eyes were extremely red and watery, her face was flushed, and she had a moderate odor of an alcoholic beverage on her breath. Respondent told the officer that she had been drinking at a party in Redlands, and did not understand why she could not walk home to Yucaipa using the freeway. Respondent provided a breath sample which was analyzed by the

preliminary alcohol screening device with a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of .127 percent. The officer determined that Respondent was too intoxicated to safely care for herself, and she was arrested.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(July 30, 2014 Criminal Conviction for Alcohol-Related Reckless Driving on December 30, 2013)

- 15. Respondent has subjected her license to discipline under sections 490 and 4301(l) of the Code in that she was convicted of a crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, duties, and functions of a pharmacist. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On July 30, 2014, in a criminal proceeding entitled *People of the State of California v. Jane Inkyung Oyama, aka Jane Linkyung Park, aka Jane Lin Kyung Park, aka Jane Linkyung Chun, aka Jane Kyung Chan,* in San Bernardino County Superior Court, case number TSB1400475, Respondent was convicted on her plea of guilty to violating Vehicle Code section 23103(a), alcohol-related ("wet") reckless driving, a misdemeanor count substituted in place of the original charges of violating Vehicle Code section 23152(a), driving under the influence of alcohol/drugs, and Vehicle Code section 23152(b), driving with a BAC of .08 percent or more, pursuant to Vehicle Code section 23013.5.
- b. As a result of the conviction, Respondent was granted conditional probation for 36 months, and ordered to complete a wet and reckless program, pay fees and fines, and comply with probation terms.
- c. The facts that led to the conviction are that shortly before one in the morning on December 30, 2013, a California Highway Patrol (CHP) officer was dispatched to a vehicle collision involving a possible impaired driver. Upon arrival, the officer found Respondent sitting in the driver's seat of her vehicle. She stated was not sure what happened, but her vehicle would not drive any more, and she admitted to consuming alcohol prior to the collision. A witness reported that while stopped at an intersection, he observed Respondent, who was visibly impaired, being helped to her vehicle by a friend. Despite his warning to Respondent and her friend, Respondent got into her vehicle and drove away. As the witness followed, he observed Respondent accelerate to a high rate of speed and enter northbound Interstate 215. Respondent

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spun out of control and stopped on the freeway facing southbound. Respondent attempted to drive southbound in the northbound lanes. When confronted by the witness's vehicle, she drove in reverse, spun out of control again, and collided with the freeway sound wall. The witness was able to take the keys from the ignition of Respondent's vehicle, and stayed with her until the arrival of the CHP officer. The officer observed that Respondent's eyes were red and watery, she was very unsteady on her feet, and her reactions were slow. Respondent was unable to perform the field sobriety tests as explained and demonstrated by the officer. Respondent was arrested for driving under the influence. During booking, Respondent provided two breath samples which were analyzed with a BAC of .187 and .168, respectively.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Dangerous Use of Alcohol)

16. Respondent has subjected her license to discipline under section 4301(h) of the Code for unprofessional conduct in that on or about April 25, 2010, and December 30, 2013, Respondent was impaired by alcohol in a manner that was dangerous or injurious to herself, to any other person, or to the public, as described in paragraphs 14 and 15, above.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Alcohol-Related Criminal Convictions on February 1, 2013 and July 30, 2014)

17. Respondent has subjected her license to discipline under section 4301(k) of the Code for unprofessional conduct in that she was convicted of more than one misdemeanor alcohol-related criminal offense, as described in paragraphs 14 and 15, above.

FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Procuring a Pharmacy License by Dishonesty, Fraud or Misrepresentation)

- 18. Respondent has subjected her license to discipline under section 4301(f) of the Code in that she was renewed her pharmacist license using dishonesty, fraud or misrepresentation. The circumstances are as follows:
- 19. On or about March 20, 2013, the Board received Respondent's Request for Renewal of California Pharmacist License form. The form asked Respondent if she had been convicted of any crime in any state, the USA and its territories, military court or a foreign country.

20. In response to the question, Respondent marked the box "NO," certifying with her signature, under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of California, that the information on the form was true and correct. Respondent failed to declare her February 1, 2013, conviction for violating Penal Code section 647(f), disorderly conduct – public intoxication, a misdemeanor, as described in paragraph 14, above.

SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Violating Regulations Governing Pharmacy)

21. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 4301(o) of the Code for unprofessional conduct in that her failure to declare the February 1, 2013 criminal conviction on her license renewal is a violation of California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1702(b), which requires a pharmacist applicant to disclose on the renewal form whether she had been convicted of any violation of the law, omitting traffic infractions under \$500 not involving alcohol, dangerous drugs, or controlled substances.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision:

- 1. Revoking or suspending Pharmacist License Number RPH 49169, issued to Jane I. Oyama, who is also known as Jane Inkyun Oyama, Jane Linkyung Park, Jane Linkyung Chun, Jane Lin Kyung Chun, and Jane I. Chun;
- 2. Ordering Jane I. Oyama to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3;
 - 3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

DATED: 43/15

VIRGINIA HIROLD

Executive Officer
Board of Pharmacy

Department of Consumer Affairs

State of California Complainant

SD2015700243