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8		RE THE PHARMACY
9	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case Nos. 4998 and 5106
12	KERR'S PHARMACY, 12142 Santa Monica Blyd.	
13	Los Angeles, CA 90025 HARRY PETERS, Pharmacist-In-Charge	ACCUSATION
14	Original Permit No. PHY 35423,	
15	HARRY PETERS	·
16 17	12142 Santa Monica Blvd Los Angeles, CA 90025	
18	Original Pharmacist License No. RPH 28331,	
19	and	
20	JOHN WILLIAM SHAFER 151 Ventura Way	
21	Chatsworth, CA 91311	
22	Original Pharmacist License No. RPH 36106	
23	Respondents.	
24		
25	Complainant alleges:	
26	PARTIES	
27	1. Virginia Herold ("Complainant") brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity	
28	as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.	
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- 2. On or about February 24, 1989, the Board of Pharmacy issued Original Permit No. PHY 35423 to Kerr's Pharmacy, Harry Peters, Pharmacist-In-Charge ("Respondent Pharmacy"). The Original Permit was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on February 1, 2015, unless renewed.
- 3. On or about July 31, 1973, the Board of Pharmacy issued Original Pharmacist License No. RPH 28331 to Harry Peters ("Respondent Peters"). The Original Pharmacist License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on April 30, 2016, unless renewed.
- 4. On or about December 19, 1980, the Board of Pharmacy issued Original Pharmacist License Number RPH 36106 to John William Shafer ("Respondent Shafer"). The Pharmacist License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on February 28, 2015, unless renewed.

JURISDICTION

- 5. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs ("Board"), under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
- 6. Section 4300 provides, in pertinent part, that every license issued by the Board is subject to discipline, including suspension or revocation.
 - 7. Section 4300.1 states:

"The expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license."

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

8. Section 4022 states:

"Dangerous drug" or "dangerous device" means any drug or device unsafe for self-use in humans or animals, and includes the following:

- "(a) Any drug that bears the legend: "Caution: federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription," "Rx only," or words of similar import.
- "(b) Any device that bears the statement: "Caution: federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a ______," "Rx only," or words of similar import, the blank to be filled in with the designation of the practitioner licensed to use or order use of the device.
- "(c) Any other drug or device that by federal or state law can be lawfully dispensed only on prescription or furnished pursuant to Section 4006."
- 9. Section 4036.5 states: "Pharmacist-in-charge" means a pharmacist proposed by a pharmacy and approved by the board as the supervisor or manager responsible for ensuring the pharmacy's compliance with all state and federal laws and regulations pertaining to the practice of pharmacy."
 - 10. Section 4059, subdivision (a), states:

"A person may not furnish any dangerous drug, except upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7. A person may not furnish any dangerous device, except upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7."

11. Section 4060 states, in pertinent part:

"A person shall not possess any controlled substance, except that furnished to a person upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7, or furnished pursuant to a drug order issued by a certified nurse-midwife pursuant to Section 2746.51, a nurse practitioner pursuant to Section 2836.1, a physician assistant pursuant to Section 3502.1, a naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.5, or a pharmacist pursuant to Section 4052.1, 4052.2, or 4052.6. This section does not apply to the possession of any controlled substance by a manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacy, pharmacist, physician, podiatrist, dentist, optometrist, veterinarian, naturopathic doctor, certified nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant, if in stock in containers correctly labeled with the name and address of the supplier or producer."

	12.	Section 4113, subdivision (c), states: "The pharmacist-in-charge shall be responsible
for a	pharn	nacy's compliance with all state and federal laws and regulations pertaining to the
pract	ice of	pharmacy."

13. Section 4301 states: "The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

. . . .

- "(b) Incompetence.
- "(c) Gross negligence.

....

"(f) The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or corruption, whether the act is committed in the course of relations as a licensee or otherwise, and whether the act is a felony or misdemeanor or not.

...

- "(i) Except as otherwise authorized by law, knowingly selling, furnishing, giving away, or administering, or offering to sell, furnish, give away, or administer, any controlled substance to an addict.
- "(j) The violation of any of the statutes of this state, of any other state, or of the United States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.

...

- "(o) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter or of the applicable federal and state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, including regulations established by the board or by any other state or federal regulatory agency."
 - 14. Section 4342, subdivision (a), states:

"The board may institute any action or actions as may be provided by law and that, in its discretion, are necessary, to prevent the sale of pharmaceutical preparations and drugs that do not

conform to the standard and tests as to quality and strength, provided in the latest edition of the United States Pharmacopoeia or the National Formulary, or that violate any provision of the Sherman Food, Drug and Cosmetic Law (Part 5 (commencing with Section 109875 of Division 104 of the Health and Safety Code)."

- 15. Health and Safety Code section 11170 states: "No person shall prescribe, administer, or furnish a controlled substance for himself."
 - 16. Health and Safety Code section 11217 states, in pertinent part:

"Except as provided in Section 11223, no person shall treat an addict for addiction to a narcotic drug except in one of the following:

- "(a) An institution approved by the State Department of Health Care Services, and where the patient is at all times kept under restraint and control.
 - "(b) A city or county jail.
 - "(c) A state prison.
- "(d) A facility designated by a county and approved by the State Department of Health Care Services pursuant to Division 5 (commencing with Section 5000) of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
 - "(e) A state hospital.
 - "(f) A county hospital.
- "(g) A facility licensed by the State Department of Health Care Services pursuant to Division 10.5 (commencing with Section 11750).
 - "(h) A facility as defined in subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 1250 and Section 1250.3."
 - 17. Health and Safety Code section 11350, subdivision (a), states:

"Except as otherwise provided in this division, every person who possesses (1) any controlled substance specified in subdivision (b) or (c), or paragraph (1) of subdivision (f) of Section 11054, specified in paragraph (14), (15), or (20) of subdivision (d) of Section 11054, or specified in subdivision (b) or (c) of Section 11055, or specified in subdivision (h) of Section 11056, or (2) any controlled substance classified in Schedule III, IV, or V which is a narcotic drug, unless upon the written prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, or veterinarian licensed to

practice in this state, shall be punished by imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170 of the Penal Code."

18. Health and Safety Code section 11550, subdivision (a), states, in pertinent part:

"No person shall use, or be under the influence of any controlled substance which is (1) specified in subdivision (b), (c), or (e), or paragraph (1) of subdivision (f) of Section 11054, specified in paragraph (14), (15), (21), (22), or (23) of subdivision (d) of Section 11054, specified in subdivision (b) or (c) of Section 11055, or specified in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (d) or in paragraph (3) of subdivision (e) of Section 11055, or (2) a narcotic drug classified in Schedule III, IV, or V, except when administered by or under the direction of a person licensed by the state to dispense, prescribe, or administer controlled substances. It shall be the burden of the defense to show that it comes within the exception."

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

- 19. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1709.1, subdivision (a), states: "The pharmacist-in-charge of a pharmacy shall be employed at that location and shall have responsibility for the daily operation of the pharmacy."
 - 20. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1714 states, in pertinent part:
- "(b) Each pharmacy licensed by the board shall maintain its facilities, space, fixtures, and equipment so that drugs are safely and properly prepared, maintained, secured and distributed. The pharmacy shall be of sufficient size and unobstructed area to accommodate the safe practice of pharmacy.
- "(c) The pharmacy and fixtures and equipment shall be maintained in a clean and orderly condition. The pharmacy shall be dry, well-ventilated, free from rodents and insects, and properly lighted. The pharmacy shall be equipped with a sink with hot and cold running water for pharmaceutical purposes.
- "(d) Each pharmacist while on duty shall be responsible for the security of the prescription department, including provisions for effective control against theft or diversion of dangerous drugs and devices, and records for such drugs and devices. Possession of a key to the pharmacy where dangerous drugs and controlled substances are stored shall be restricted to a pharmacist."

21. Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, section 1304.11 states, in pertinent part:

"(a) General requirements. Each inventory shall contain a complete and accurate record of all controlled substances on hand on the date the inventory is taken, and shall be maintained in written, typewritten, or printed form at the registered location. An inventory taken by use of an oral recording device must be promptly transcribed. Controlled substances shall be deemed to be "on hand" if they are in the possession of or under the control of the registrant, including substances returned by a customer, ordered by a customer but not yet invoiced, stored in a warehouse on behalf of the registrant, and substances in the possession of employees of the registrant and intended for distribution as complimentary samples. A separate inventory shall be made for each registered location and each independent activity registered, except as provided in paragraph (e)(4) of this section. In the event controlled substances in the possession or under the control of the registrant are stored at a location for which he/she is not registered, the substances shall be included in the inventory of the registered location to which they are subject to control or to which the person possessing the substance is responsible. The inventory may be taken either as of opening of business or as of the close of business on the inventory date and it shall be indicated on the inventory.

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"(c) Biennial inventory date. After the initial inventory is taken, the registrant shall take a new inventory of all stocks of controlled substances on hand at least every two years. The biennial inventory may be taken on any date which is within two years of the previous biennial inventory date."

COST RECOVERY

22. Section 125.3 states, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

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FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct)

- 23. Respondent Shafer is subject to disciplinary action under section 4301, subdivision (f), for unprofessional conduct, in that Respondent Shafer admittedly took controlled substances from Respondent Pharmacy without a prescription. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On or about April 30, 2013, officers from the Ventura County Sheriff's Department searched the home of Respondent Shafer. Officers found a large supply of prescription medication during their search and some of the controlled substances featured labels from Respondent Pharmacy. Examples of controlled substances found at Respondent Shafer's home include: Fentanyl Patches, Meprobamate, Hydrocodone/APAP, Desoxyn, Preludin, Qualude, Tylenol with Codeine, Diethylprodin, Phenobarbital, Temazepam, Zolpidem, Flurazepam, Propoxyphene/APAP, Alprazolam, Chloral Hydrate, Lorazepam, Tranxene and Marijuana. Examples of non controlled dangerous drugs found were: Lisinopril, Cimetidine, Naltrexone and Levoxyl.
- b. During an interview with Ventura County Sheriff's Department officers, Respondent Shafer stated that, while he was working at Respondent Pharmacy, he became friendly with A.S., the care taker of a terminal cancer patient. Respondent Shafer stated that he suspected that A.S. was using illegal drugs and after discussing A.S.' use of controlled substances, Respondent Shafer offered to let her stay at his home and help her detox from heroin. While A.S. was staying at his home, Respondent Shafer provided her with controlled substances he had stored in his home to allegedly assist her detoxification.
- c. During the interview with Ventura County Sheriff's Department officers, Respondent Shafer admitted that he took hydrocodone pills from Respondent Pharmacy to keep at his home for his own consumption. Respondent Shafer stated that he took the hydrocodone recreationally and analogized it to drinking beer.
- d. On or about May 13, 2013, during an interview with a Board inspector, Respondent Shafer admitted that he had taken some expired zolpidem 10mg tablets and a dozen ibuprofen 600 mg tablets from Respondent Pharmacy.

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SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unlawful Possession of Controlled Substances)

24. Respondent Shafer is subject to disciplinary action under section 4060, and section 4301, subdivision (j), in conjunction with Health and Safety Code section 11170, and Health and Safety Code section 11350, subdivision (a), in that Respondent Shafer took controlled substances and other dangerous drugs from Respondent Pharmacy without a prescription and was found to be in possession of large quantities of controlled substances in his home. The conduct is described in additional detail in paragraph 23, subparagraphs (a) through (d) inclusive, which is hereby incorporated by reference as though set forth fully.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unlawful Use of Controlled Substances)

25. Respondent Shafer is subject to disciplinary action under section 4301, subdivision (j), in conjunction with Health and Safety Code section 11550, subdivision (a), in that Respondent Shafer admittedly used marijuana, admitted to testing positive for marijuana after a police field urinalysis and admitted to using hydrocodone recreationally. The conduct is described in additional detail in paragraph 23, subparagraph (c), which is hereby incorporated by reference as though set forth fully.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Furnishing Dangerous Drugs to an Addict without a Prescription)

26. Respondent Shafer is subject to disciplinary action under section 4301, subdivision (i) for furnishing controlled substances to an addict and section 4059, subdivision (a), for furnishing those controlled substances without a prescription. The conduct is described in additional detail in paragraph 23, subparagraphs (a) and (b), which is hereby incorporated by reference as though set forth fully.

FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Treating an Addict Outside of an Authorized Treatment Facility)

27. Respondent Shafer is subject to disciplinary action under Health and Safety Code section 11217, subdivision (a), for admittedly treating an addict in his home, which is not an

authorized treatment facility. The conduct is described in additional detail in paragraph 23, subparagraphs (a) and (b), which is hereby incorporated by reference as though set forth fully.

SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Diversion of Controlled Substances from Respondent Pharmacy by Employee)

- 28. Respondent Pharmacy and Respondent Peters are subject to disciplinary action under section 4113, subdivision (c), and California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1709.1, subdivision (a), for the possession and diversion of controlled substances from Respondent Pharmacy by employee Respondent Shafer in violation of section 4301, subdivisions (j) and (o), in conjunction with section 4060 and Health and Safety Code section 11350, subdivision (a). The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On or about May 13, 2013, an inspector for the Board interviewed Respondent Peters. Respondent Peters stated that Respondent Shafer has worked for him since the 1980's, that he knew Respondent Shafer used marijuana and that Respondent Shafer also used other prescription drugs. Respondent Peters further admitted that he knew Respondent Shafer kept large quantities of controlled substances at his home and described Respondent Shafer as a "hoarder."
- b. The conduct is described in additional detail in paragraph 23, subparagraphs (a) through (d) inclusive, which is hereby incorporated by reference as though set forth fully.

SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Failure to Inventory Controlled Substances)

- 29. Respondent Pharmacy and Respondent Peters are subject to disciplinary action under section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent Pharmacy and Respondent Peters violated Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, section 1304.11, by failing to inventory all controlled substances in stock at least every two years as required by the Drug Enforcement Administration ("DEA") Controlled Substances Inventory. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On or about May 13, 2013, during an inspection of Respondent Pharmacy, an inspector for the Board asked Respondent Peters for the pharmacy's bi-annual inventory.

 Respondent Peters gave the Board inspector an inventory dated May 1, 2013, but admitted that the inventory was incomplete.

b. During the Board's inspection on or about May 13, 2013, the Board inspector also asked to review Respondent Pharmacy's prior bi-annual inventory. Respondent Peters provided an inventory dated March 31, 2011. However, the March 31, 2011, inventory only listed schedule II narcotics and did not contain any inventory for schedule III through schedule V narcotics. Respondent Peters admitted that the pharmacy did not complete an inventory for schedule III through schedule V drugs in 2011.

EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Drugs Lacking Quality or Strength)

- 30. Respondent Pharmacy and Respondent Peters are subject to disciplinary action under section 4342 for the willful sale of drugs lacking quality or strength. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On or about May 13, 2013, during an inspection of Respondent Pharmacy, an inspector for the Board found numerous expired medications kept for sale throughout the pharmacy's shelves.

NINTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Failure to Maintain Dangerous Drugs in a Safe and Secure Manner)

- 31. Respondent Pharmacy is subject to disciplinary action under section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent Pharmacy violated California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1714, subdivision (b), for failing to maintain its dangerous drugs in a safe and secure manner. During the Board's inspection on or about May 13, 2013, the Board requested records of drug purchases and disposition. A review of Respondent Pharmacy's DEA inventory, purchase orders, disposition records, and drugs on the pharmacy's shelves identified the following variances:
 - a. Over one hundred unaccounted for tablets of Acetaminophen/Codeine 300/30 mg.
 - b. Over five hundred unaccounted for tablets of Alprazolam 0.5 mg.
 - c. Over fifty unaccounted for tablets of Diazepam 2mg.
 - d. Over five hundred unaccounted for tablets of Oxycodone/APAP 5/325.

¹ Only Schedule II controlled substances had been inventoried as detailed in paragraph 19.

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ELEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Incompetence and/or Gross Negligence)

33. Respondent Pharmacy and Respondent Peters are subject to disciplinary action under section 4301, subdivisions (b) and/or (c), in that Respondent Pharmacy and Respondent Peters' failure to identify and record the number of dangerous drugs stored at Respondent Pharmacy, as well as Respondent Pharmacy and Respondent Peters' failure to properly maintain and secure those drugs, amounts to incompetence and/or gross negligence. The conduct and specific dangerous drug variances, numbering in the thousands, are described in paragraph 31, subparagraphs (a) through (u) inclusive, and paragraph 32, which are hereby incorporated by reference as though set forth fully.

TWELFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Failure to Keep the Pharmacy in a Clean and Orderly Condition)

- 34. Respondent Pharmacy and Respondent Peters are subject to disciplinary action under section 4301, subdivision (o), in that Respondent Pharmacy and Respondent Peters violated California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1714, subdivision (c), by failing to keep the pharmacy in a clean and orderly condition. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On or about May 13, 2013, during an inspection of Respondent Pharmacy, an inspector for the Board found that the pharmacy's drug shelves, drawers and cabinets were extremely dirty, with a thick layer of dust and grim throughout the pharmacy storage areas. In addition, the sink in the bathroom did not have running water.

DISCIPLINARY CONSIDERATIONS

- 35. To determine the degree of discipline, if any, to be imposed on Respondent Pharmacy and Respondent Peters, Complainant alleges the following:
- a. On or about November 25, 1991, the California State Board of Pharmacy brought a disciplinary action against Respondent Peters and Respondent Pharmacy entitled *In the Matter of the Accusation Against Harry Peters, Kerr's Pharmacy*, Board Case No. AC 1988 1581. On or about June 10, 1994, a stipulation became effective whereby Respondent Peters' Original License Certificate No. PGO28331 was placed on probation for three years and Respondent Pharmacy's

1	5. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.
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4	DATED: 2/2/15 Ungine Heeld
5	VIRGINIA HEROLD Executive Officer
6	Board of Pharmacy Department of Consumer Affairs State of California
7	State of California Complainant
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