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8	BEFORE THE	
9	BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS	
10	STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case Number 4494
12	STEPHEN DAVIS BOURQUE	ACCUSATION
13	609 Ashbury Street, #7	ACCUSATION
14	San Francisco, California 94117	
	Pharmacist License Number RPH 63701,	
15	Respondent.	
16 17	Complainant Virginia Herold alleges:	
18	<u>PARTIES</u>	
19	1. Complainant brings this accusation solely in her official capacity as the Executive	
20	Officer of the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs.	
21	2. On or about February 11, 2010, the Board issued Pharmacist License Number RPH	
22	63701 to respondent Stephen Davis Bourque. The pharmacist license was in full force and effect	
23	at all times relevant to the charges brought in this accusation and will expire on March 31, 2015,	
24	unless renewed. ¹	
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26	On or about February 6, 2008, the Veterinary Medical Board issued Veterinary License Number 17076 to respondent Stephen Bourque. The veterinary license was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in this accusation and will expire on March 31, 2015, unless renewed. The Veterinary Medical Board also has filed an accusation against	
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28	respondent's veterinary license.	-

3. On or about April 15, 2013, the San Mateo County Superior Court, under the authority of Penal Code section 23 and Business and Professions Code section 320, ordered that respondent is prohibited from using his pharmacist license or working in any capacity as a pharmacist during the pendency of defendant's criminal case in that court.

JURISDICTION

- 4. This accusation is brought before the Board under the authority of the following laws.

 All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
 - 5. Section 4300 states in part:
 - "(a) Every license issued may be suspended or revoked.
- "(b) The board shall discipline the holder of any license issued by the board, whose default has been entered or whose case has been heard by the board and found guilty, by any of the following methods:
 - "(1) Suspending judgment.
 - "(2) Placing him or her upon probation.
 - "(3) Suspending his or her right to practice for a period not exceeding one year.
 - "(4) Revoking his or her license.
- "(5) Taking any other action in relation to disciplining him or her as the board in its discretion may deem proper."
 - 6. Section 4300.1 states:

"The expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license."

STATUTORY AND REGULATORY AUTHORITY

7. Section 490, subdivision (a), states:

"In addition to any other action that a board is permitted to take against a licensee, a board may suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime, if

the crime is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the license was issued."

8. Section 4301 states in part:

"The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake.

Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

. . .

"(h) The administering to oneself, of any controlled substance, or the use of any dangerous drug or of alcoholic beverages to the extent or in a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to oneself, to a person holding a license under this chapter, or to any other person or to the public, or to the extent that the use impairs the ability of the person to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by the license.

. . .

"(j) The violation of any of the statutes of this state, of any other state, or of the United States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.

. . .

"(1) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 (commencing with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the

judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code allowing the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or indictment."

9. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, states:

"For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare."

COST RECOVERY

10. Section 125.3, subdivision (a), states:

"Except as otherwise provided by law, in any order issued in resolution of a disciplinary proceeding before any board within the department or before the Osteopathic Medical Board, upon request of the entity bringing the proceedings, the administrative law judge may direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case."

DRUGS

- 11. "Ketamine" is a Schedule III controlled substance under Health and Safety Code section 11056, subdivision (g), and a dangerous drug within the meaning of Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is used in human and veterinary medicine primarily as a general anesthetic. It is also used as a recreational drug.
- 12. "Methamphetamine" is a Schedule II controlled substance under Health and Safety Code section 11055, subdivision (d)(2). It is a recreational drug.
- 13. "Testosterone cypionate" is a Schedule III controlled substance under Health and Safety Code section 11056, subdivision (f)(30), and a dangerous drug within the meaning of

Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is an anabolic steroid used for male replacement therapy for conditions associated with symptoms of deficiency or absence of endogenous testosterone. It also frequently is misused for its muscle-enhancing effects. It is taken by injection into muscle tissue.

FACTUAL BACKGROUNDS AND CAUSES FOR DISCIPLINE APRIL 12, 2012, ARREST

- 14. On April 12, 2012, a San Francisco police officer found an illegally parked rental vehicle with the keys on the passenger seat. Two packages of ketamine were inside: one unopened and one opened with two vials missing. Respondent's name was on the rental agreement in the vehicle.
- 15. The police found respondent's unoccupied room in a nearby motel. Inside was a vial of ketamine with syringe nearby. Respondent came to the room shortly thereafter. He said that he had been drinking at a bar. He said that he was renting a vehicle but did not know where it was. He said that he is a veterinarian and had received the ketamine that was in the vehicle earlier that day but did not have time to secure it properly. He admitted to personally having used ketamine both in the past and on that day he said that he needed help and that what he was doing was wrong.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE Unprofessional Conduct – Use of Controlled Substance or Dangerous Drug Business and Professions Code section 4301, subdivision (h)

- 16. The allegations of paragraphs 14-15 are realleged and incorporated by reference as if fully set forth.
- 17. Respondent has subjected his pharmacist license to discipline for the unprofessional conduct of using a dangerous drug to the extent as to be dangerous or injurious to a person, or that the use impairs his ability to safely conduct the practice of pharmacy (Bus. & Prof. Code, § 4301, subd. (h)). As set forth in paragraphs 14-15 above, ketamine, a dangerous drug, was found in respondent's hotel room. Respondent admitted to personally using ketamine and to needing help with his abuse of it.

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SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

Unprofessional Conduct – Violation of Laws Regulating Controlled Substances and Dangerous Drugs

Business and Professions Code section 4301, subdivision (j)

- 18. The allegations of paragraphs 14-15 are realleged and incorporated by reference as if fully set forth.
- 19. Respondent has subjected his pharmacist license to discipline for the unprofessional conduct of violating laws regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs (Bus. & Prof. Code, § 4883, subd. (g)(3)). As set forth in paragraphs 14-15 above, respondent illegally possessed ketamine, a controlled substance and dangerous drug (Health & Saf. Code, § 11377, subd. (a)). He also admitted to personally using ketamine.

OCTOBER 13, 2012, ARREST

- 20. On October 13, 2012, the San Mateo County Sheriff received two requests for a welfare check of a man who believed he was being followed. Deputies found respondent at about 2:41 a.m. pulling a suitcase and carrying a gym bag down the street in Redwood City. When asked if he was being followed, respondent looked around nervously and said, "Sometimes."
- 21. Respondent displayed symptoms of being under the influence of a stimulant: he appeared nervous, spoke rapidly and disjointedly, and would not stand still. He also looked around like he was searching for someone. Respondent denied taking drugs but his pulse was over 120 beats per minute. Although respondent's pupil's were dilated, the deputy could not measure their size or reaction because respondent kept fluttering his eyelids and looking around. When the deputy described the sobriety test that he wanted to conduct on respondent, respondent smiled and said, "That sounds like a fun one."
- 22. Respondent then quickly became very nervous. He asked the deputy why he was not wearing a badge although a badge was clearly on the deputy's uniform. Respondent then backed away from the deputy and began sprinting down the road. The deputy caught respondent after he had run about 150 yards and had fallen down.
- 23. Methamphetamine and two 2000 mg vials of testosterone cypionate were in respondent's bags. Respondent did not have a prescription for the testosterone which was labeled

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for prescription only. Respondent denied knowledge of any of the controlled substances found in his bags.

24. On May 15, 2013, in San Mateo County Superior Court, Case Number SF384548 entitled *People v. Stephen Bourque*, respondent pled no contest to resisting, delaying, or obstructing an officer (Pen. Code, § 148, subd. (a)(1)), a misdemeanor. Imposition of sentence was suspended and respondent was placed on 18 months' supervised probation. Terms and conditions of probation included the first year of probation under supervision of drug court.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE Conviction Business and Professions Code section 490, subdivision (a)

- 25. The allegations of paragraphs 20-24 are realleged and incorporated by reference as if fully set forth.
- 26. Respondent has subjected his pharmacist license to discipline for being convicted of a crime (Bus. & Prof. Code, § 490, subd. (a)). As set forth in paragraphs 23-27 above, respondent pled no contest to resisting, delaying, or obstructing an officer (Pen. Code, § 148, subd. (a)(1)), a misdemeanor.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE Unprofessional Conduct – Conviction Business and Professions Code section 4301, subdivision (I)

- 27. The allegations of paragraphs 20-24 are realleged and incorporated by reference as if fully set forth.
- 28. Respondent has subjected his pharmacist license to discipline for the unprofessional conduct of being convicted of a crime (Bus. & Prof. Code, § 4301, subd. (l)). As set forth in paragraphs 20-24 above, respondent pled no contest to resisting, delaying, or obstructing an officer (Pen. Code, § 148, subd. (a)(1)), a misdemeanor.