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| 8 | BEFORE THE | |
| 9 | BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA | |
| 10 | STATE OF C | CALIFORNIA |
| 11 | In the Matter of the Accusation Against: | Case No. 4467 |
| 12 | ANTONIO PULIDO | |
| 13 | 1848 E. 263rd Street Lomita, CA 90717 | ACCUSATION |
| 14 | Pharmacist License No. RPH 61643 | |
| 15 | Respondent. | |
| 16 | Complainant alleges: | |
| 17 | <u>PARTIES</u> | |
| 18 | Virginia Herold (Complainant) bring | s this Accusation solely in her official capacity |
| 19 | as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs (Board). | |
| 20 | 2. On or about October 8, 2008, the Board issued Pharmacist License No. RPH 61643 to | |
| 21 | Antonio Pulido (Respondent). The Pharmacist License was in full force and effect at all times | |
| 22 | relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on May 31, 2014, unless renewed. | |
| 23 | <u>JURISDICTION</u> | |
| 24 | 3. This Accusation is brought before th | e Board under the authority of the following |
| 25 | laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated. | |
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Accusation

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE STATUTES

- 4. Section 490 in pertinent part authorizes boards to discipline licensees for criminal convictions:

 "(a) In addition to any other action that a board is permitted to take against a licensee, a board may suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime, if the crime is substantially related to the
 - (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a board may exercise any authority to discipline a licensee for conviction of a crime that is independent of the authority granted under subdivision (a) only if the crime is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the licensee's license was issued.

qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the license

- (c) A conviction within the meaning of this section means a plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere. Any action that a board is permitted to take following the establishment of a conviction may be taken when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal, or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under the provisions of Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code."
- 5. Section 4022 defines dangerous drugs:

was issued.

- "'Dangerous drug' or 'dangerous device; means any drug or device unsafe for self-use in humans or animals, and includes the following:
- (a) Any drug that bears the legend: 'Caution: federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription,' 'Rx only,' or words of similar import.
- (b) Any device that bears the statement: 'Caution: federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a _____,' 'Rx only,' or words of similar import, the blank to be filled in with the designation of the practitioner licensed to use or order use of the device.
- (c) Any other drug or device that by federal or state law can be lawfully dispensed only on prescription or furnished pursuant to Section 4006."
- 6. Section 4059 subdivision (a) prohibits the furnishing of dangerous drugs without a prescription:
 - "(a) A person may not furnish any dangerous drug, except upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7. A person may not furnish any dangerous device, except upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7."
 - 7. Section 4060 prohibits the possession of controlled substances without a prescription:

"No person shall possess any controlled substance, except that furnished

to a person upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7, or furnished pursuant to a drug order issued by a certified nurse-midwife pursuant to Section 2746.51, a nurse practitioner pursuant to Section 2836.1, or a physician assistant pursuant to Section 3502.1, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.5, or a pharmacist pursuant to either subparagraph (D) of paragraph (4) of, or clause (iv) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (5) of, subdivision (a) of Section 4052. This section shall not apply to the possession of any controlled substance by a manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacy, pharmacist, physician, podiatrist, dentist, optometrist, veterinarian, naturopathic doctor, certified nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant, when in stock in containers correctly labeled with the name and address of the supplier or producer.

Nothing in this section authorizes a certified nurse-midwife, a nurse practitioner, a physician assistant, or a naturopathic doctor, to order his or her own stock of dangerous drugs and devices."

- 8. Section 4067 in pertinent part prohibits the dispensing or furnishing of dangerous drugs on the internet in certain circumstances:
 - "(a) No person or entity shall dispense or furnish, or cause to be dispensed or furnished, dangerous drugs or dangerous devices, as defined in Section 4022, on the Internet for delivery to any person in this state without a prescription issued pursuant to a good faith prior examination of a human or animal for whom the prescription is meant if the person or entity either knew or reasonably should have known that the prescription was not issued pursuant to a good faith prior examination of a human or animal, or if the person or entity did not act in accordance with Section 1761 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations.
 - (f) For the purposes of this section, 'good faith prior examination' includes the requirements for a physician and surgeon in Section 2242 and the requirements for a veterinarian in Section 2032.1 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations."
 - 9. Section 4110 subdivision (a) prohibits conducting a pharmacy without a license:
 - "(a) No person shall conduct a pharmacy in the State of California unless he or she has obtained a license from the board. A license shall be required for each pharmacy owned or operated by a specific person. A separate license shall be required for each of the premises of any person operating a pharmacy in more than one location. The license shall be renewed annually. The board may, by regulation, determine the circumstances under which a license may be transferred."
- 10. Section 4127.1 in pertinent part prohibits compounding injectable sterile drug products without a license:
 - "(a) A pharmacy shall not compound injectable sterile drug products in this state unless the pharmacy has obtained a license from the board pursuant to this section. The license shall be renewed annually and is not transferable.
 - "(e) The reconstitution of a sterile powder shall not require a license pursuant to this section if both of the following are met:

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17. Health and Safety Code section 11379 subdivision (a) in part prohibits the import, selling, or furnishing of certain controlled substances:

"Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (b) and in Article 7 (commencing with Section 4211) of Chapter 9 of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code, every person who transports, imports into this state, sells, furnishes, administers, or gives away, or offers to transport, import into this state, sell, furnish, administer, or give away, or attempts to import into this state or transport any controlled substance which is (1) classified in Schedule III, IV, or V and which is not a narcotic drug, except subdivision (g) of Section 11056, (2) specified in subdivision (d) of Section 11054, except paragraphs (13), (14), (15), (20), (21), (22), and (23) of subdivision (d), (3) specified in paragraph (11) of subdivision (c) of Section 11056, (4) specified in paragraph (2) or (3) of subdivision (f) of Section 11054, or (5) specified in subdivision (d) or (e), except paragraph (3) of subdivision (e), or specified in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (f), of Section 11055, unless upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, or veterinarian, licensed to practice in this state, shall be punished by imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170 of the Penal Code for a period of two, three, or four years."

18. Health and Safety Code section 11379.6 subdivision (a), prohibits the unauthorized compounding or preparation of controlled substances:

"Except as otherwise provided by law, every person who manufactures, compounds, converts, produces, derives, processes, or prepares, either directly or indirectly by chemical extraction or independently by means of chemical synthesis, any controlled substance specified in Section 11054, 11055, 11056, 11057, or 11058 shall be punished by imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170 of the Penal Code for three, five, or seven years and by a fine not exceeding fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000)."

BOARD OF PHARMACY REGULATIONS

19. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770 provides criteria for when a conviction is substantially related to the practice of pharmacy:

"For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare."

COST RECOVERY

20. Section 125.3 provides that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

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FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Conviction of a Substantially Related Crime)

- 21. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under sections 490 (substantially-related conviction) and 4301 subdivision (l) (substantially-related conviction) in conjunction with California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770 (criteria for substantially related conviction) on the grounds of unprofessional conduct, because on or about December 20, 2011, Respondent was convicted on one misdemeanor count possession of controlled substances, a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a pharmacist. The circumstances are as follows:
- On or about December 20, 2011, in the criminal proceeding entitled *People v*. Antonio Pulido (Super. Ct. Los Angeles County, 2011, No. YA082080), Respondent pled nolo contendere and was convicted of one misdemeanor count of violating Health and Safety Code section Health and Safety Code section 11377 subdivision (a) (possession of a controlled substance). The Court sentenced him to one year's probation.
- The circumstances underlying the conviction are that on or about May 17, 2011, a b. joint task force of Los Angeles County Sheriff's narcotics officers, United States Postal Service inspectors, and a United States Immigration, Customs, and Enforcement special agent executed a search warrant at Respondent's residence located at 1848 W. 263rd Street, in the City of Lomita, California. The basis for the search warrant was the discovery of a package of human growth hormone shipped by mail from China to the Respondent. Immediately after Respondent accepted delivery of the package of human growth hormone, the task force presented him with the search warrant and searched his house. They found in his bedroom a scale, pill counters, and a hoard of controlled substances: 50 milliliters of methenolone, 10 milliliters of testosterone, 125 vials of hygetropin (human growth hormone), 24.9 grams of testosterone, and 525 capsules of methandrostenolone.

After being read and waiving his Miranda rights, Respondent was asked if he knew why the police were there, to which he responded: "I will be totally honest with you, I have been purchasing, making and selling several types of anabolic steroids over the internet." Respondent

then gave a written statement in which he admitted that from 2010 to 2011, he repeatedly ordered powders and vials of human growth hormone from China, compounded the powders into injectable liquids and oral capsules, marketed them over the internet to customers in other states, sold them to customers who did not have a prescription for those drugs, arranged for payments to be made to a bank in Thailand, and shipped the compounded drugs over the mail. He later admitted that the compounding was done in his bedroom; admitted to knowing that his ordering, compounding and selling injectable anabolic steroids was illegal; admitted that he had sold his compounded drugs to 10 customers on approximately 40 occasions from November 2010 to May 2011; and admitted to administering injectable testosterone for which he did not have a prescription to himself about 30 different times.

22. Respondent's deliberate violation of controlled substances laws, his compounding of injectible drugs in his bedroom, and his sale and distribution of these homemade drugs to consumers evidences to a substantial degree his present or potential unfitness to perform the functions authorized by his pharmacist license in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Furnishing Dangerous Drugs without Prescriptions)

- 23. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 4301 subdivision (o) (unprofessional conduct by violating state or federal laws or regulations governing pharmacy) for violating section 4059 subdivision (a) (furnishing of dangerous drugs without a prescription) by selling homemade dangerous drugs -- including anabolic steroids, methandrostenolone, methenolone, testosterone -- without prescriptions on approximately 40 occasions to 10 different consumers from November 2010 to May 2011.
- 24. Paragraph 21 and its subparagraphs are realleged and incorporated in full into this cause for discipline.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Transportation, Importing and Selling Controlled Substances without Prescriptions)

25. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section

4301 subdivision (j) (violating state or federal laws or regulations governing controlled substances) for violating Health and Safety Code section 11379 subdivision (a) (prohibiting import, sale, furnishing of Schedule III controlled substances) by importing dangerous drugs from China, compounding and manufacturing them into injectable compounds in his home, marketing them over the internet, and selling them to consumer without valid prescriptions.

26. Paragraph 21 and its subparagraphs are realleged and incorporated in full into this cause for discipline.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unlicensed Practice of Pharmacy)

- 27. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 4301 subdivision (o) (violating state or federal laws or regulations governing pharmacy) for violating section 4110 subdivision (a) (pharmacies must be licensed) by practicing pharmacy at his house, a location not licensed by the Board. By his own admission, from November 2010 to May 2011, Respondent made and compounded dangerous drugs from compounds he obtained illegally from China.
- 28. Paragraph 21 and its subparagraphs are realleged and incorporated in full into this cause for discipline.

FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unlicensed Sterile Compounding)

- 29. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under sections 4300 and 4301 subdivision (o) (violating state or federal laws or regulations governing pharmacy) by violating section 4127.1 subdivision (a) (compounding without a state license) and Health and Safety Code section 11379.6 subdivision (a) (unauthorized compounding or preparation of controlled substances) by compounding and preparing sterile injectable drugs including anabolic steroids, and testosterone, Schedule III controlled substances out of his home, a location not licensed by the Board.
- 30. Paragraph 21 and its subparagraphs are realleged and incorporated in full into this cause for discipline.

SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Dispensing Via the Internet)

- 31. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 4301 subdivision (o) (violating state pharmacy law) for violating section 4067 subdivision (a) (dispensing or furnishing of dangerous drugs on the internet without a valid prescription) in that from November 2010 to May 2011, Respondent sold anabolic steroids through orders obtained through the internet to consumers who he knew lacked valid prescriptions.
- 32. Paragraph 21 and its subparagraphs are realleged and incorporated in full into this cause for discipline.

SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Possession of Controlled Substances without Prescriptions)

- 33. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 4301 subdivisions (j) (violating state controlled substances law) and (o) (violating state pharmacy law) for violating sections 4060 (prohibiting possessing controlled substances without a prescription) and Health and Safety Code section 11377 subdivision (a) (same) for possessing anabolic steroids, methandrostenolone, methenolone, and testosterone, Schedule III controlled substances without a valid prescription.
- 34. Paragraph 21 and its subparagraphs are realleged and incorporated in full into this cause for discipline.

EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Misuse of Education and Failure to Exercise Professional Judgment)

- 35. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under sections 4301 and 4306.5 because from November 2010 to May 2011 Respondent used the education he received in pharmacy school to compound and dispense, furnish, and sell illegal anabolic steroids. In doing so, he failed to exercise or implement his best professional judgment or corresponding responsibility with regard to the dispensing or furnishing of these controlled substances.
- 36. Paragraph 21 and its subparagraphs are realleged and incorporated in full into this cause for discipline.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board issue a decision:

- 1. Revoking or suspending Pharmacist License No. RPH 61643, issued to Antonio Pulido;
- 2. Ordering Antonio Pulido to pay the Board the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to section 125.3; and
 - 3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

DATED: 6/7/14 Duginia Che

Executive Officer
Board of Pharmacy
Department of Consumer Affairs

State of California

State of California

Complainant

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