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8	BEFORE THE		
9	BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS		
10		F CALIFORNIA	
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 4336	
12	CESAR MENDOZA	ACCUSATION	
13	5234 Strohm Avenue North Hollywood, CA 91601		
14	Pharmacy Technician License	·	
15	No. TCH 62162		
16	Respondent.		
17	Complainant alleges:		
18	<u>PARTIES</u>		
19	1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity		
20	as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.		
21	2. On or about July 8, 2005, the Board of Pharmacy (Board) issued Pharmacy		
22	Technician License No. TCH 62162 to Cesar Mendoza (Respondent). The Pharmacy Technician		
Ż3	License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will		
24	expire on November 30, 2012, unless renewed.		
25	JURI	ISDICTION	
26	3. This Accusation is brought before the Board under the authority of the following		
27	laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated		
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STATUTORY PROVISIONS

- 4. Section 118, subdivision (b) provides, in pertinent part that the expiration of a license shall not deprive the Board jurisdiction to proceed with a disciplinary action during the period within which the license may be renewed, restored, reissued or reinstated.
 - 5. Section 490 states, in pertinent part:
- "(a) In addition to any other action that a board is permitted to take against a licensee, a board may suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime, if the crime is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the license was issued.
- "(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a board may exercise any authority to discipline a licensee for conviction of a crime that is independent of the authority granted under subdivision (a) only if the crime is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the licensee's license was issued.
- "(c) A conviction within the meaning of this section means a plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere. Any action that a board is permitted to take following the establishment of a conviction may be taken when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal, or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under the provisions of Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code."
- 6. Section 4300 provides, in pertinent part, that every license issued by the Board is subject to disciple, including suspension or revocation.
- 7. Section 4300.1 provides, in pertinent part, that the expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a board-issued license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license.

8. Section 4301 states, in pertinent part:

"The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake.

Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

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"(f) The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or corruption, whether the act is committed in the course of relations as a licensee or otherwise, and whether the act is a felony or misdemeanor or not.

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"(1) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 (commencing with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code allowing the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or indictment."

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REGULATORY PROVISIONS

9. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770 states, in pertinent part:

"For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare."

COST RECOVERY

10. Section 125.3 provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Conviction of a Substantially Related Crime)

11. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under sections 4301, subdivision (I) and 490, in conjunction with California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, in that Respondent has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a pharmacy technician. On or about June 7, 2011, after pleading nolo contendere, Respondent was convicted of one misdemeanor count of violating Penal Code section 594, subdivision (a)(2) [vandalism] in the criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California v. Cesar Mendoza* (Super. Ct. Los Angeles County, 2011, No. 1BR01233). The Court placed Respondent on 36 months probation, with terms and conditions. Respondent was ordered to attend 30 Alcoholic Anonymous (AA) at the rate of one meeting per week and make restitution to the victim for the damages. The circumstances surrounding the conviction are that on or about April 30, 2011, Respondent smashed the rear window of a vehicle, belonging to E.I.¹, with a large

In order to protect the privacy of the victim, his first and last name initials are used for the purpose of identification.

(continued...)

metal "club" steering wheel lock. When questioned by Burbank Police Officers, Respondent appeared to be intoxicated as he staggered towards the officer. Burbank Police Officer observed Respondent to have blood on his hands and jeans. When questioned about the blood Respondent explained that his dog bit him. Respondent denied smashing the rear window of the vehicle belonging to E.I. Subsequently, the officers recovered the bloody "club" steering wheel lock.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DENIAL OF APPLICATION

(Acts Involving Moral Turpitude, Dishonesty, Fraud, or Deceit)

12. Respondent's application is subject to denial under section 4301, subdivision (f), in that Respondent committed acts involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, or deceit with the intent to substantially benefit himself, or substantially injure another. Complainant refers to, and by this reference incorporates, the allegations set forth above in paragraph 11, as though set forth fully.

DISCIPLINARY CONSIDERATION

- 13. In order to determine the degree of discipline, if any to be imposed on Respondent, Complainant alleges, as follows:
- a. On or about November 29, 2007, after pleading nolo contendere, Respondent was convicted of one misdemeanor count of violating Vehicle Code section 23152, subdivision (b) [driving while having 0.08% or more, by weight, of alcohol in his blood] with enhancement of prior DUI conviction in the criminal proceeding entitled The People of the State of California v. Cesar Mendoza (Super. Ct. Los Angeles, County, 2007, No. 7VY04391) The Court sentenced Respondent to served 180 days in Los Angeles County Jail and placed him on 60 months probation, with terms and conditions. The circumstances surrounding the conviction are that on or about September 30, 2007, California Highway Patrol (CHP) officer conducted a routine traffic stop on a vehicle that was traveling at high rate of speed. The CHP officer smelled the odor of an alcoholic beverage emitting from the Respondent's vehicle. Respondent denied consuming any alcoholic beverages in the preceding 24 hours. The officer further observed that Respondent was

unsteady on his feet, his speech was slurry and that his eyes were bloodshot and watery. The CHP officer administered a series of Standardized Field Sobriety Tests which Respondent failed to perform as explained and demonstrated. Respondent was arrested and transported to the LAPD Van Nuys Office where a breath alcohol test was administered. Respondent told the officer "I don't want to go to jail, this is going to be my third DUI." During the booking procedure, Respondent submitted to a breath test that resulted in breath-alcohol level of .14%, approximately twice the legal limit. Respondent drove a vehicle while having 0.08% or more, by weight, of alcohol in his blood.

- b. On or about May 16, 2005, after pleading, nolo contendere, Respondent was convicted of one misdemeanor count of violating Vehicle Code section 23152, subdivision (a) [driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs] and one count of Vehicle Code section 14601.2 [driving while driving privileges are suspended or revoked with knowledge] in the criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California v. Cesar Mendoza* (Super. Ct. Los Angeles County, 2005, No. 5VN00188). The Court sentenced Respondent to serve one day in Los Angeles County Jail and placed him on 48 months probation, with terms and conditions. The circumstances surrounding the conviction are that on or about January 1, 2005, during a traffic stop by the Los Angeles Police Department, Respondent was contacted. While speaking to Respondent the officer detected a strong odor of an alcoholic beverage emitting from his breath. He was observed to have bloodshot eyes and slurred speech. During the booking procedure, Respondent submitted to a breath test that resulted in a breath-alcohol content level of 0.14% on the first and second reading.
- c. On or about March 7, 2005, Respondent was convicted of one misdemeanor count of violating Vehicle Code Section 20002, subdivision (a) [hit and run: property damage] and one count of Vehicle Code section 14601.2, subdivision (a) [driving while driver's license is suspended or revoked] in the criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California v. Cesar Mendoza* (Super. Ct. Los Angeles County, 2005, No. 5VN00108). The Court sentenced Respondent to 30 days in Los Angeles County Jail and placed him on 36 months probation, with terms and conditions. The circumstances surrounding the convictions are that on or about

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October 17, 2004, Respondent was arrested for hit and run: property damage, and driving while driver's license is suspended or revoked.

- d. On or about October 14, 2004, after pleading nolo contendere, Respondent was convicted of one misdemeanor count of violating Vehicle Code section 23152, subdivision (b) [driving while having 0.08% or more, by weight, of alcohol in his blood] in the criminal proceeding entitled *The People of the State of California v. Cesar Mendoza* (Super. Ct. Los Angeles County, 2004, No. 4WL04261). The Court placed Respondent on 36 months probation, with terms and conditions. The circumstances surrounding the conviction are that on or about September 18, 2004, during a traffic stop by the Los Angeles Police Department, Respondent was contacted. While speaking to Respondent, the officer detected an odor of an alcoholic beverage on his breath. Respondent was given a Standardized Field Sobriety Test, which he failed to perform. During the booking procedure, Respondent submitted to a breath test that resulted in breath-alcohol level of 0.11% on the first reading and 0.12% on the second.
- e. On or about February 4, 2010 the Board issued a Letter of Admonishment to Respondent for his prior convictions of 2004, 2005 and 2007. Complainant incorporates by reference as though set forth fully the allegations of Paragraphs 12(a) through 12(d), above.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board issue a decision:

- Revoking or suspending Pharmacy Technician License No. TCH 62162, issued to
 Cesar Mendoza;
- 2. Ordering Cesar Mendoza to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to section 125.3; and

1	3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.	
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3	DATED: 9/19/13 () ingina Deid	
4 5	VIRGINIA HEROLD Executive Officer	
6	Board of Pharmacy Department of Consumer Affairs State of California	
7	Complainant	
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Accusation