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8	BEFORE THE BOARD OF PHARMACY
9	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA
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11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against: Case No. 4124
12	DIVINA GRACIA RENA DINULOS 3 Captain Lane
13	Redwood Shores, CA 94065 A C C U S A T I O N
14	Pharmacist License No. RPH 59466
15	Respondent.
16	Complainant alleges:
17	<u>PARTIES</u>
18	1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity
19	as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.
20	2. On or about April 10, 2007, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacist License
21	Number RPH 59466 to Divina Gracia Rena Dinulos (Respondent). The Pharmacist License was
22	in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on
23	September 30, 2012, unless renewed.
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25	JURISDICTION
26	3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of
27	Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the
28	Business and Professions Code (Code) unless otherwise indicated.

- 4. Section 4011 of the Code provides that the Board shall administer and enforce both the Pharmacy Law [Bus. & Prof. Code, § 4000 et seq.] and the Uniform Controlled Substances Act [Health & Safety Code, § 11000 et seq.].
- 5. Section 4300(a) of the Code provides that every license issued by the Board may be suspended or revoked.
- 6. Section 118(b) of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the suspension, expiration, surrender, or cancellation of a license shall not deprive the Board of jurisdiction to proceed with a disciplinary action during the period within which the license may be renewed, restored, reissued or reinstated. Section 4402(a) of the Code provides that any pharmacist license that is not renewed within three years following its expiration may not be renewed, restored, or reinstated and shall be canceled by operation of law at the end of the three-year period.

STATUTORY AND REGULATORY PROVISIONS

- 7. Section 4301 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of "unprofessional conduct," defined to include, but not be limited to, any of the following:
- (f) The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or corruption, whether the act is committed in the course of relations as a licensee or otherwise, and whether the act is a felony or misdemeanor or not.
- (g) Knowingly making or signing any certificate or other document that falsely represents the existence or nonexistence of a state of facts.
- (j) The violation of any of the statutes of this state, of any other state, or of the United States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.
- (o) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter or of the applicable federal and state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, including regulations established by the board or by any other state or federal regulatory agency.

8. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, states:

"For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by her license or registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare."

- 9. Section 4059 of the Code, in pertinent part, prohibits furnishing of any dangerous drug or dangerous device except upon the prescription of an authorized prescriber.
- 10. Section 4324 of the Code, in pertinent part, makes it unlawful for any person to sign the name of another, or to falsely make, alter, forge, utter, publish, pass, or attempt to pass, as genuine, any prescription for any drug, or to possess any drugs secured by any such forgery.
- 11. Health and Safety Code section 11150 provides, in pertinent part, that no person other than an authorized prescriber shall write or issue a prescription.
- 12. Health and Safety Code section 11157 provides that no person shall issue a prescription that is false or fictitious in any respect.
- 13. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed its reasonable costs of investigation and enforcement.

DANGEROUS DRUGS

- 14. Section 4022 of the Code states, in pertinent part:
- "Dangerous drug' or 'dangerous device' means any drug or device unsafe for self use, except veterinary drugs that are labeled as such, and includes the following:
- "(a) Any drug that bears the legend: 'Caution: federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription,' 'Rx only,' or words of similar import.

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- "(c) Any other drug or device that by federal or state law can be lawfully dispensed only on prescription or furnished pursuant to Section 4006."
- 15. **Omeprazole**, sold under brand names including **Prilosec**, is a dangerous drug as designated by Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is used for treating symptoms of gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD), as well as other stomach conditions.
- 16. **Atenolol**, sold under brand names including **Tenormin**, is a dangerous drug as designated by Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is used to treat hypertension.
- 17. **Glimepiride**, sold under brand names including **Amaryl**, is a dangerous drug as designated by Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is used to treat type 2 diabetes.
- 18. **Metformin**, sold under brand names including **Fortamet**, is a dangerous drug as designated by Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is used to treat type 2 diabetes.
- 19. **Simvastatin**, sold under brand names including **Zocor**, is a dangerous drug as designated by Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is used to treat high cholesterol.
- 20. **Oseltamivir**, sold under brand names including **Tamiflu**, is a dangerous drug as designated by Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is used to prevent/treat influenza.
- 21. **Carvedilol**, sold under brand names including **Coreg**, is a dangerous drug as designated by Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is used to treat hypertension.
- 22. **Amlodipine**, sold under brand names including **Norvasc**, is a dangerous drug as designated by Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is used to treat hypertension.
- 23. Clopidogrel, sold under brand names including Plavix, is a dangerous drug as designated by Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is used to prevent blood clots.
- 24. **Losartan**, sold under brand names including **Cozaar**, is a dangerous drug as designated by Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is used to treat hypertension.
- 25. **Pioglitazone**, sold under brand names including **Actos**, is a dangerous drug as designated by Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is used to treat type 2 diabetes.
- 26. Azithromycin, sold under brand names including Zithromax, is a dangerous drug as designated by Business and Professions Code section 4022. It is a macrolide antibiotic drug.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 27. From an unknown date on or prior to October 24, 2008 until on or about November 19, 2010, Respondent was employed as a pharmacist at a CVS (previously Longs) Pharmacy in San Mateo, CA (# 9554; PHY 49313), where she had access to both controlled substances and dangerous drugs. For at least part of that time, Respondent served as pharmacist-in-charge (PIC).
- 28. Between in or about April 2009 and in or about September 2010, Respondent used her access to divert, steal or fraudulently procure from her pharmacy employer, and/or fabricate prescriptions for, dangerous drugs including omeprazole, atenolol, glimepiride, metformin, simvastatin, cavedilol, amlodipine, Tamiflu, Plavix, Cozaar, Actos, and/or azithromycin.
- 29. The exact number of instances of diversion, theft, fraudulent procurement and/or false prescriptions by Respondent, and the full quantity of dangerous drugs taken, are not known, but investigation(s) conducted by CVS Pharmacy and by Board Inspector(s) revealed:
- a. In or about November 2010, CVS Loss Prevention investigators followed up on a return transaction wherein Respondent processed her own return of a diaper product without the physical product being returned. The investigators reviewed Respondent's purchase history and noted several purchases/receipt by Respondent of prescription drugs in other persons' names.
- b. When confronted, Respondent subsequently admitted to CVS investigators and/or to Board Inspectors that since approximately April 2009 she had created false CVS patient profiles and repeatedly created and filled fraudulent (unauthorized) prescriptions in the names of family members, including her brother, uncle, daughter, and husband, and in her own name.
- c. Respondent did so by creating false patient profiles (with some information true and some fictitious), and by fabricating purported "call in" prescriptions from randomly-selected prescribers, which she entered into the CVS system and filled or caused to be filled.
- d. Further investigation confirmed that Respondent had done at least the following between in or about April 2009 and in or about September 2010:
 - created a fraudulent prescription for **omeprazole** for patient I.R. (Respondent's brother) and fraudulently furnished 90 dosage units of this drug to patient I.R.;

- created seven (7) fraudulent prescriptions for patient B.N. (Respondent's uncle) and pursuant to those prescriptions fraudulently furnished 540 dosage units of atenolol, 180 dosage units of glimeripide, 360 dosage units of metformin, 180 dosage units of simvastatin, 90 dosage units of carvedilol, and 90 dosage units of amlodipine;
- created a further three (3) fraudulent prescriptions for patient B.N. for **Plavix**, **Cozaar**, and **Actos**, which prescriptions were never filled;
- created a fraudulent prescription for **Tamiflu** for patient D.D. (Respondent's daughter) and fraudulently furnished 25 mls of this drug to patient D.D.;
- created a fraudulent prescription for **Tamiflu** for patient H.D. (Respondent's husband) and fraudulently furnished 20 dosage units of this drug to patient H.D.; and
- created a fraudulent prescription for azithromycin for herself and fraudulently furnished 6 dosage units of this drug to herself.
 - e. At least some of these prescriptions were billed to insurance.
- f. At least some of the drugs furnished were mailed or otherwise transported by Respondent to Respondent's relative(s) in the Philippines.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Act(s) Involving Moral Turpitude, Dishonesty, Fraud, Deceit or Corruption)

30. Respondent is subject to discipline under section 4301(f) of the Code in that Respondent, as described in paragraphs 27 to 29 above, committed one or more acts involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or corruption.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Making or Signing False Documents(s))

31. Respondent is subject to discipline under section 4301(g) of the Code in that Respondent, as described in paragraphs 27 to 29 above, made or signed document(s) falsely representing the existence or nonexistence of a state of facts.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Furnishing Without Prescription(s))

32. Respondent is subject to discipline under section 4301(j) and/or (o) and/or section 4059 of the Code, in that Respondent, as described in paragraphs 27 to 29 above, furnished to herself or another without a valid prescription, and/or conspired to furnish, and/or assisted or abetted furnishing without a valid prescription for, one or more dangerous drugs.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Making, Uttering and/or Using False or Forged Prescriptions)

33. Respondent is subject to discipline under section 4301(j) and/or (o) and/or section 4324 of the Code, in that Respondent, as described in paragraphs 27 to 29 above, falsely made, altered, forged, uttered, published, passed, or attempted to pass, a false, forged, fictitious or altered prescription, had in her possession a drug secured by a false, forged, fictitious or altered prescription, or attempted, conspired and/or assisted in or abetted any of these acts.

FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Issuance of Prescription(s) Without Authority; False Prescription(s))

34. Respondent is subject to discipline under section 4301(j) and/or (o) of the Code, and/or Health and Safety Code section(s) 11150 and/or 11157, in that Respondent, as described in paragraphs 27 to 29 above, issued prescriptions without authority to do so, issued a false or fictitious prescription, or attempted, conspired and/or assisted in or abetted any of these acts.

SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct)

35. Respondent is subject to discipline under section 4301 of the Code in that Respondent, as described in paragraphs 27 to 34 above, engaged in unprofessional conduct.

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DISCIPLINE CONSIDERATIONS

36. To determine the appropriate level of discipline, if any, to be imposed on Respondent, Complainant further alleges that on or about September 25, 2008, Citation No. CI 2008 37874 was issued to Respondent and modified on or about April 16, 2009. As modified, Citation No. CI 2008 37874 included a fine of \$3,250.00, and cited violations of California Code of Regulations, title 16, sections 1716 and 1707.2 based on a prescription dispensed with Cortisporin ear drops instead of Cortisporin eye drops as had been prescribed (deviation from prescription), and on Respondent's failure to conduct a patient consultation for the new prescription. That citation is now final and is incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision:

- Revoking or suspending Pharmacist License Number RPH 59466, issued to Divina Gracia Rena Dinulos (Respondent);
- 2. Ordering Respondent to pay the Board the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3;
 - 3. Taking such other and further action as is deemed necessary and proper.

DATED: 11/16/11

VIRGINIA HEROLD

Executive Officer Board of Pharmacy

Department of Consumer Affairs

State of California Complainant

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