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9	BEFORE THE BOARD OF PHARMACY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS	
10	STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
11		Case No. 3764
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 3704
13	TYMOUR FARAH SABA 24601 Seth Circle	ACCUSATION
14	Dana Point, CA 92629	ACCUSATION
15	Pharmacy Technician Registration No. TCH 72030	
16	Respondent.	
17	respondent.	
18		
19	Complainant alleges:	
20	<u>PARTIES</u>	
21	1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity	
22	as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.	
23	2. On or about October 3, 2006, the Board of Pharmacy issued Pharmacy Technician	
24	Registration Number TCH 72030 to Tymour Farah Saba (Respondent). The Pharmacy	
25	Technician Registration was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought	
26	herein and will expire on July 31, 2012, unless renewed.	
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12.

JURISDICTION

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Section 118, subdivision (b), of the Code provides that the suspension, expiration, surrender, cancellation of a license shall not deprive the Board of jurisdiction to proceed with a disciplinary action during the period within which the license may be renewed, restored, reissued or reinstated.
- 5. Section 4300, subdivision (a) of the Code states in pertinent part, "every license issued may be suspended or revoked."

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

6. Section 482 of the Code states:

Each board under the provisions of this code shall develop criteria to evaluate the rehabilitation of a person when:

- (a) Considering the denial of a license by the board under Section 480; or
- (b) Considering suspension or revocation of a license under Section 490.

Each board shall take into account all competent evidence of rehabilitation furnished by the applicant or licensee.

- 7. Section 490 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that a board may suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the license was issued.
 - 8. Section 492 of the Code states:

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, successful completion of any diversion program under the Penal Code, or successful completion of an alcohol and drug problem assessment program under Article 5 (commencing with Section 23249.50) of Chapter 12 of Division 11 of the Vehicle Code, shall not prohibit any agency established under Division 2 (commencing with Section 500) of this code, or any initiative act referred to in that division, from taking disciplinary action against a licensee or from denying a license for professional misconduct,

notwithstanding that evidence of that misconduct may be recorded in a record pertaining to an arrest.

This section shall not be construed to apply to any drug diversion program operated by any agency established under Division 2 (commencing with Section 500) of this code, or any initiative act referred to in that division.

9. Section 493 of the Code states:

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a proceeding conducted by a board within the department pursuant to law to deny an application for a license or to suspend or revoke a license or otherwise take disciplinary action against a person who holds a license, upon the ground that the applicant or the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question, the record of conviction of the crime shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the conviction occurred, but only of that fact, and the board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime in order to fix the degree of discipline or to determine if the conviction is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question.

As used in this section, "license" includes "certificate," "permit," "authority," and "registration."

10. Section 4059 of the Code provides in part that a person may not furnish any dangerous drug, except upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7. A person may not furnish any dangerous device, except upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7.

11. Section 4060 of the Code states:

No person shall possess any controlled substance, except that furnished to a person upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7, or furnished pursuant to a drug order issued by a certified nurse-midwife pursuant to Section 2746.51, a nurse practitioner pursuant to Section 2836.1, or a physician assistant pursuant to Section 3502.1, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.5, or a pharmacist pursuant to either subparagraph (D) of paragraph (4) of, or clause (iv) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (5) of, subdivision (a) of Section 4052. This section shall not apply to the possession of any controlled substance by a manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacy, pharmacist, physician, podiatrist, dentist, optometrist, veterinarian, naturopathic doctor, certified nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant, when in stock in containers correctly labeled with the name and address of the supplier or producer.

Nothing in this section authorizes a certified nurse-midwife, a nurse practitioner, a physician assistant, or a naturopathic doctor, to order his or her own stock of dangerous drugs and devices.

12. Section 4301 of the Code states:

The board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of unprofessional conduct or whose license has been procured by fraud or misrepresentation or issued by mistake. Unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

(f) The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or corruption, whether the act is committed in the course of relations as a licensee or otherwise, and whether the act is a felony or misdemeanor or not.

. . . .

(h) The administering to oneself, of any controlled substance, or the use of any dangerous drug or of alcoholic beverages to the extent or in a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to oneself, to a person holding a license under this chapter, or to any other person or to the public, or to the extent that the use impairs the ability of the person to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by the license.

. . . .

(j) The violation of any of the statutes of this state, or any other state, or of the United States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.

. . .

(1) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 (commencing with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a

COST RECOVERY

16. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

DRUGS

- 17. Hydrocodone is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11055(b)(1)(J), and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. Hydrocodone is a narcotic pain reliever.
- 18. Hydrocodone bitartate/acetaminophen, also known by the brand names Vicodin, Norco, Zydone, Maxidone, Lortab, Lorcet, Hydrocet, Co-Gesic, and Anexsia, is a narcotic Schedule III controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11056(e)(4), and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. Hydrocodone is used as a narcotic analgesic in the relief of pain.
- 19. Xanax, a brand name for alprazolam, is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11057(d)(1), and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. Alprazolam is indicated for the management of anxiety disorder or the short-term relief of symptoms of anxiety.
- 20. Suboxone, a brand name for buprenorphine/naloxone, is a Schedule V controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11058(d), and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. Suboxone is used for the treatment of drug and alcohol addiction.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(June 17, 2008 Conviction for Theft on May 5, 2008)

21. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under sections 490 and 4301(l) in that he was convicted of a crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, duties, and functions of a pharmacy technician. The circumstances are as follows:

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- a. On or about June 17, 2008, in a criminal proceeding entitled *People of the State of California vs. Tymour Farah Saba*, in Orange County Superior Court case number 08SF0468, Respondent was convicted on his plea of guilty of for violation of Penal Code section 484(a)-488, petty theft.
- The facts that led to the conviction are that Respondent was employed parttime as a pharmacy technician at CVS Pharmacies from September 26, 2004 through May 5, 2008. Respondent worked as a floater technician at three CVS Pharmacies: Store number 6710 in Ladera Ranch; Store number 8863 in Laguna Niguel; and Store number 9591 in Laguna Beach. In or around April 2008, the Loss Prevention Manager of the Ladera Ranch CVS Pharmacy began noticing inventory losses in the pharmacy department. With the assistance of a Drug Enforcement Agency Agent, the Loss Prevention Manager successfully set up surveillance cameras in the pharmacy and, upon review of the video, discovered that Respondent placed bottles of medication in his pocket on April 28, 2008. On May 5, 2008, the Loss Prevention Manager and DEA Agent watched live video feed from the pharmacy department and observed Respondent remove two (2) bottles of Hydrocodone tablets from the pharmacy shelf and place them into his two (2) front pants pockets. Respondent then exited the pharmacy area and left the store. Respondent was detained outside the store and brought into the manager's office inside the store. Respondent removed the two (2) bottles of Hydrocodone 10mg from his pockets. Both bottles were sealed and each contained one-hundred (100) tablets. Respondent admitted to the DEA Agent and Loss Prevention Manager that he had stolen the two (2) bottles of Hydrocodone and had stolen as many as seventy (70) bottles of prescription medication over the previous six (6) months from the Ladera Ranch CVS Pharmacy and Laguna Niguel CVS Pharmacy. Respondent also admitted to stealing Suboxone, alprazolam and Lortab. Respondent completed a written statement, wherein he admitted that he had stole Norco, Lortab, Xanax and Suboxone from CVS Pharmacy Store Numbers 6710, 8863, 9591. The Loss Prevention Manager then called the Orange County Sheriff's Department to report the incident.
- c. An officer from the Orange County Sheriff's Department interviewed Respondent. Respondent admitted that he did not have a prescription for Hydrocodone but he

believed that he was addicted to it. Respondent admitted that he had stolen Hydrocodone from both the CVS Pharmacy in Laguna Niguel and Ladera Ranch. Respondent admitted that he had stolen approximately seventy (70) bottles of the medications over the course of six to eight months between both stores. Respondent stated that he usually stole one (1) or two (2) bottles at a time, that he used between five (5) to twenty (20) tablets of Hydrocodone a day and that he was planning on stealing the two (2) bottles of Hydrocodone that day. Respondent was arrested and transported to the Orange County Jail. Respondent was interviewed again at the jail. Respondent admitted to the officer that the Hydrocodone tablets were for his own use but that he "might have sold a little here and there."

- d. During an interview with the Board's investigator on or about January 26, 2009, Respondent admitted that he stole the controlled substances from the CVS Pharmacies, that he did not have a prescription for the drugs, that the drugs were for his personal use, and that he did not intend on working in a pharmacy ever again because he was addicted to Norco.
- e. On May 28, 2008, Respondent was charged in a felony complaint for violation of Health and Safety Code section 11350(a), possession of a controlled substance, and violation of Penal Code section 484(a)-488, petty theft. On June 17, 2008, Respondent entered a plea of guilty to violation of Health and Safety Code section 11350(a), possession of a controlled substance, and violation of Penal Code section 484(a)-488, petty theft. On his guilty plea form, Respondent admitted that he "willfully and unlawfully possessed a useable quantity of a controlled substance, hydrocodone and stole property from another with the specific intent to permanently deprive the owner." As a result of his conviction for petty theft, Respondent was sentenced to serve twenty (20) days in Orange County Jail, required pay all fines, fees and restitution, ordered to stay away from the CVS Pharmacy in Ladera Ranch, and sentenced to three (3) years informal probation. As to the violation of Health and Safety Code section 11350(a), Respondent was granted deferred entry of judgment pursuant to Penal Code section 1000, pending the completion of a drug treatment program. On January 15, 2010, upon proof of completion of the program, the count was dismissed.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct – Dishonesty and Deceit)

22. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 4301(f) of the Code in that Respondent's theft constitutes dishonesty and deceit, as is detailed in paragraph 21, incorporated herein by reference.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct – Self-Administration of a Controlled Substance)

23. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 4301(h) of the Code in that he illegally administered a controlled substance to himself, as is set forth in paragraph 21, incorporated herein by reference.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct – Violating Laws Regulating Controlled Substances)

24. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 4301(j) of the Code in that he violated California Health and Safety Code sections 11173(a), 11170, and 11350(a), as is set forth in paragraph 21, incorporated herein by reference.

FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct – Violation of Chapter)

25. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 4301(o) of the Code in that he violated the Pharmacy Act by furnishing a dangerous drug to himself in violation of Code section 4059 and illegally possessing a controlled substance in violation of Code section 4060, as evidenced by his admissions as is set forth in paragraph 21 above, incorporated herein by reference.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision:

1. Revoking or suspending Pharmacy Technician Registration Number TCH 72030, issued to Tymour Farah Saba;

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1	2. Ordering Tymour Farah Saba to pay the Board of Pharmacy the reasonable costs of	
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3	the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3;	
4	3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.	
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7	DATED: 8910 Vienna Ved	
8	VIRGINIA HEROLD Executive Officer	
10	Board of Pharmacy Department of Consumer Affairs	
11	State of California Complainant	
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